

Rankings and Principals

Clara Calero

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University Rankings

New rankings are being created

Extensive press coverage and attention

Increasingly influential

Universities respond to them





Why this attention to university rankings?

 Knowledge as foundation for economic, social and political power has influenced development of economies

Most important knowledge producers: universities

 Changing perception of universities: from social expenditure to valuable asset of society

 Demographic developments force the Western world into a global race for brainpower

Ellen Hazelkorn, Rankings and the reshaping of Higher Education, 2011





Rankings

- Prolific global rankings:
 - ARWU University Ranking (Shang Hai Jao Tong University)
 - Times Higher Education Supplement (THE University Ranking)
 - QS University Ranking (Quacquarelli Symonds)
 - U-MultiRank
 - CWTS Leiden University Ranking
 - Scimago Institutions Ranking
 - Webometrics Ranking of World Universities

- Rankings based on various elements
 - Metrics and survey information
 - Research and education information
 - Global or field-specific information





Practical Exercise

1. Choice of country

 We choose the Netherlands, which has 13 universities that are covered both in the THE ranking and in the Leiden Ranking

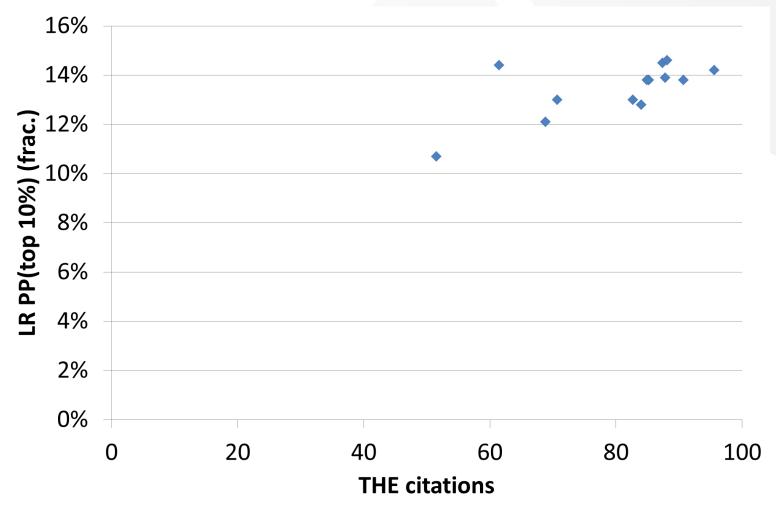


2. Collection of citation statistics

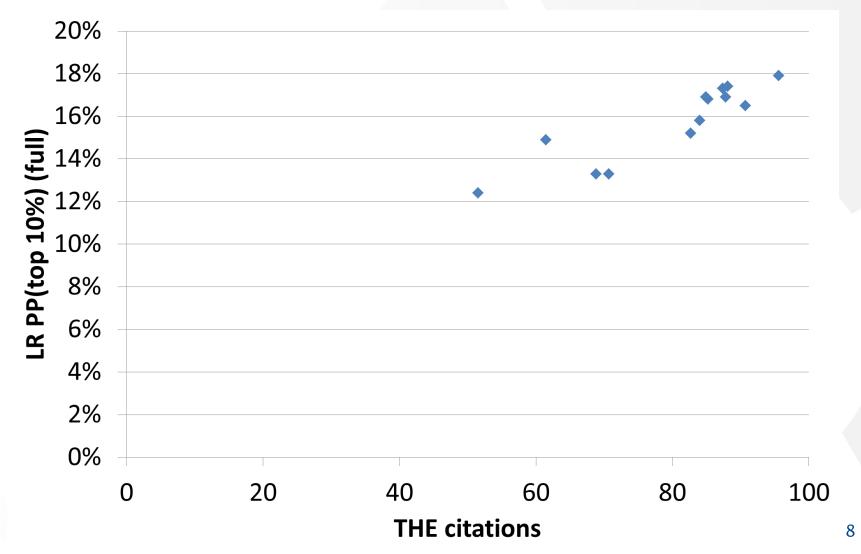
- THE ranking:
 - Citations
- Leiden Ranking:
 - PP(top 10%) (fractional counting)
 - PP(top 10%) (full counting)



3. Comparison: THE vs. PP(top 10%) (fractional counting)



3. Comparison: THE vs. PP(top 10%) (full counting)



4. Methodological differences

THE ranking

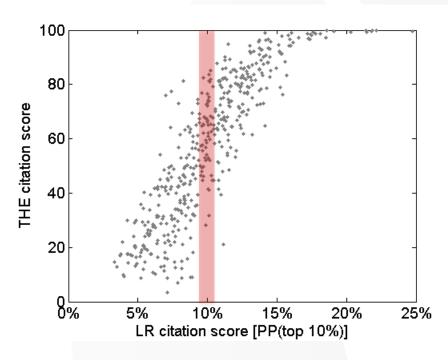
- Scopus
- All publications
- 2011–2015
- Elsevier data cleaning
- MNCS
- Document type normalization
- Country normalization
- Full counting

Leiden Ranking

- Web of Science
- Core publications only
- 2012–2015
- CWTS data cleaning
- PP(top 10%)
- No document type normalization
- No country normalization
- Fractional counting



Overall comparison of THE ranking and Leiden Ranking (all countries)



- Weak correlation between THE and Leiden Ranking citation statistics
- PP(top 10%) of 10% corresponds with THE citation statistics between 30 and 85



What do these University Rankings capture?

- Academic reputation
- University resources/size
- Learning environment
- Career perspectives (completion & graduation)
- Research output and impact
- Fashion? Marketing?

Main criticisms on university rankings

Monodimensionality

Differences may be not statistically robust

Dependence on university size and subject mix

Lack of consideration of the input-output relation

Local differences and characteristics



Thanks for your attention!

