

A CASE OF TUBERCULOSIS OF THE STOMACH AND ITS SURROUNDINGS.

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THE fact that we so seldom meet with radiograms of stomach tuberculose in periodicals induced me to publish the following case.

Both the accompanying radiograms have been taken from a thirty-five years old patient, suffering from several nervous complaints, who a short time ago had suffered from pleurisy, but whose lungs on percussion and auscultation did not show any signs of tuberculose.

Fig. 1 has been taken about ten minutes after a subcutaneous injection of 1 mgm. atropine. The two halves, in which this stomach is divided, are united by a long, narrow tube running in vertical direction and both are filled with bismuth-meal up to about the same level. They both show an air bubble and an intermedial layer; the upper bubble seems to extend into the œsophagus, the figure of the upper projecture of the air bubble is crossed by the line of the diaphragm. The distinctly visible duodenum shows also a bismuth-accumulation with liquid level.

Fig. 2 has been taken one hour later, and gives a somewhat different image of the communication between the upper and the lower half of the stomach.

Six hours later the stomach was empty. During the operation it appeared that a hard string of tuberculous tissue was compressing the stomach in several places, whilst in the fore-wall of the stomach were to be found tuberculous hearths. Four years afterwards the patient died of general tuberculose.

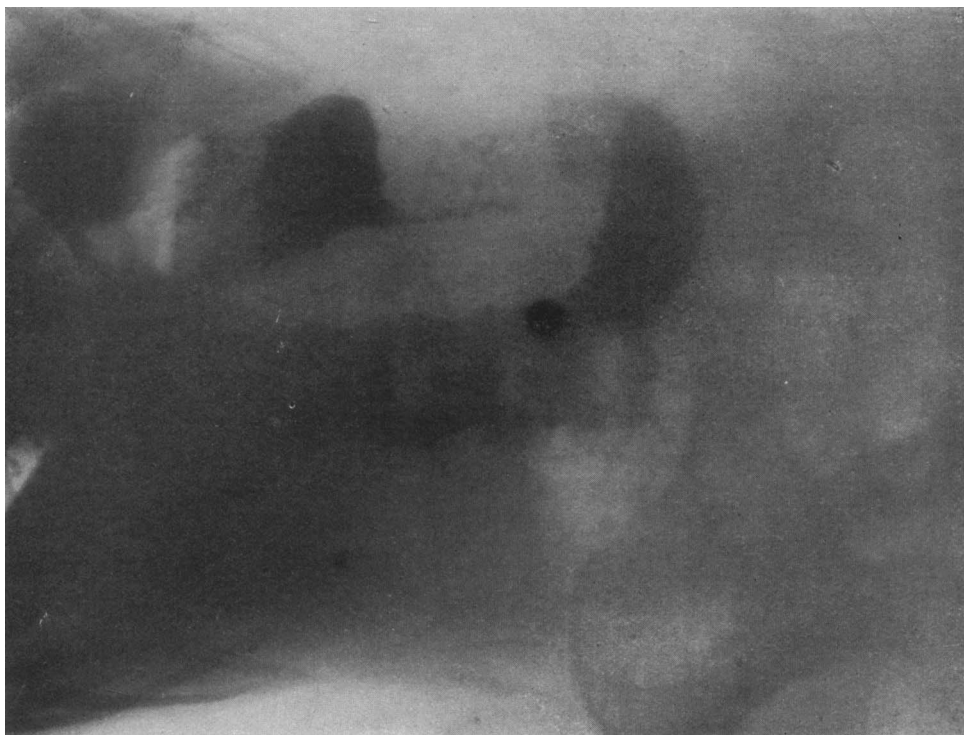


FIG. 2.

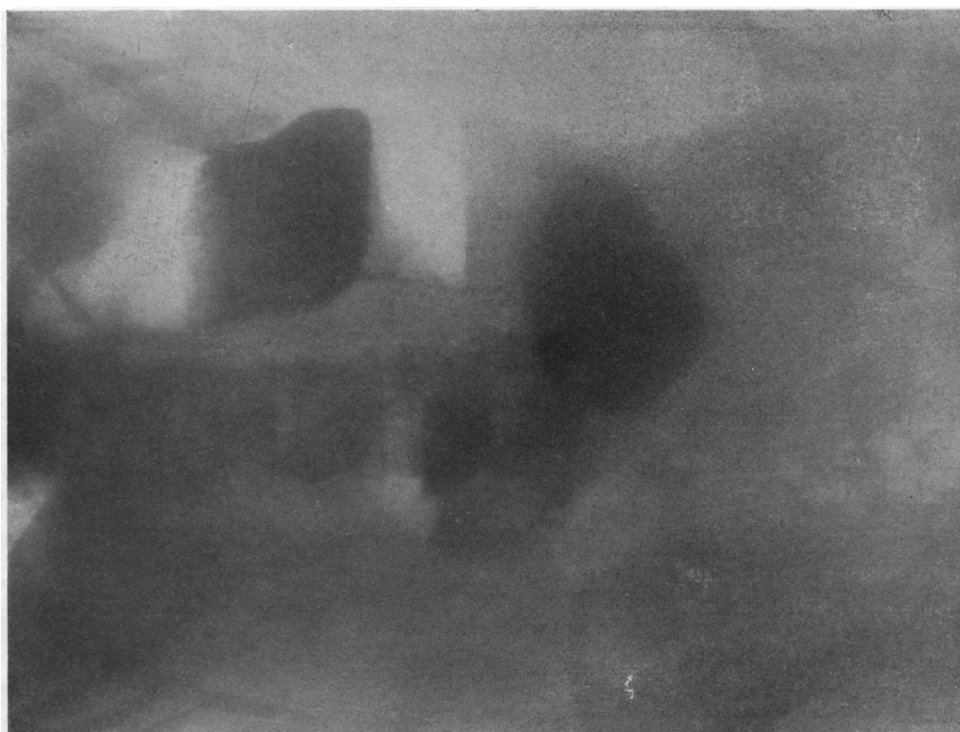


FIG. 1.