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Enumeration of T. A. Sprague's South American Plants: Gamopetalae

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7. *A. dominicana*, sp. nov.WEST INDIES: Dominica. On leaves of *Citrus Medica*.

Distinguished by the small triquetrous propagula devoid of hairs.

8. *A. chilensis*, comb. nov. *Heterobotrys paradoxa*, subsp. *chilensis*, Sacc. et Syd. in Ann. myc. ii. p. 172. *Antennaria scoriadea* Berk., Neger in Bakt. Centr., ii. p. 613 (*p.p., non alibi*).

CHILE: Villarica. On leaves of various plants.

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X.—ENUMERATION OF T. A. SPRAGUE'S SOUTH AMERICAN PLANTS: GAMOPETALAE.

H. F. WERNHAM.

The plants enumerated in the present paper were collected during the course of an expedition through Venezuela and

Colombia in 1898-99 (*see* Trans. Bot. Soc. Edin. xxii. pp. 425-434).

The Polypetalae were worked out by the collector, but only diagnoses of the new species were published, as it was intended that the list of plants collected should appear as a whole. It has now been decided to publish the enumeration in parts, and the present instalment, comprising the *Rubiaceae*, will be followed by others, including the Polypetalae and the remainder of the Gamopetalae.

RUBIACEAE.

Joosia umbellifera, *Karst.* Flor. Columb. i. 9, t. 5 (1858).

COLOMBIA. San Martin District: Villavicencio, fl. Jan. *Sprague* 134. Small tree with white flowers.

Distrib. Colombia and Peru.

Manettia coccinea, *Griseb.* Fl. Br. W. Ind. 329. A form with 4 calyx-lobes instead of 8.

COLOMBIA. San Martin District: Villavicencio, fr. Jan. *Sprague*.

Distrib. Central America, West Indies, Guiana, and Western tropical South America.

Manettia coccocypseloides, *Wernham*; affinis *M. racemosae*, Ruiz et Pav., a qua floribus paucioribus minoribus, forma calycis corollaeque distinguitur.

Herba debilis scandens, caule sparse et obscure puberulo subnitente; *foliis* lanceolatis vel ovato-lanceolatis, circiter 4.5 cm. × 1.7 cm., acuminatis acutissimis, utrinque sparsiuscule griseo-puberulis, petiolo brevi ad 8 mm. longo; *stipulis* parvis late ovatis; *floribus* albis circiter 1 cm. longis in cymis corymbosis paucifloris, pedunculo vix 1.5 cm. longo qua ramuli et pedicelli graciles ad 5 mm. sparsiuscule puberulo; *bracteis* ovalibus mucronatis ad circiter 5 mm. × 2.5 mm. ut folia indutis; *calycis* lobis 4 lineari-oblongis, 3-4 mm. longis; *corolla* extra puberula inter minimas tubo gracili insuper leniter nec multo ampliato demum glabrescente; *capsula* subglobosa sparse puberula tardius glabrescente.

COLOMBIA. Tolima: Pitalito, fl. and fr. March, *Sprague* 244.

A delicate little herb, allied to the Venezuelan *M. racemosa*, but readily distinguished by the much smaller flowers fewer together, and the differently shaped calyx and corolla.

Sipanea acinifolia, *Spruce ex Sprague* in Trans. & Proc. Bot. Soc. Edin. xxii. 433 (1904).

VENEZUELA. Caicara, Orinoco, in savanna near a clump of *Moriche* palms, fl. Nov. *Sprague* 7.

Distrib. Lower Orinoco and Lower Amazons. The only other known specimen was collected at Santarem by Spruce. Sprague's specimen seems to have abnormally large flowers, and may possibly be a variety.

Limnosipanea palustris, *Hook. f.* Ic. Pl. t. 1050. *Sipanea palustris*, Seem. Bot. Herald, 136 (1852).

COLOMBIA. Cabuyaro, Rio Meta, fr. Jan. *Sprague* 57.

Distrib. Panama and Colombia.

Oldenlandia herbacea, DC. Prodr. iv. 425 (1830).

COLOMBIA. Cabuyaro, Rio Meta, edge of wood, fr. Jan. *Sprague* 28.

Distrib. Fairly general throughout the tropics.

Isertia Spraguei, Wernham; affinis *I. Purdiei*, Sprague, a qua corollae forma ac indumento differt.

Arbor ramulis sulcatis sparsiuscule minute asperulo-pubescentibus; *foliis* 26–38 cm. × 12–16 cm. ellipticis vel elliptico-oblongis, brevissime leniterque acuminatis obtusis, supra glabris subnitentibus, subtus inter venas minute griseo-tomentosis, in costa media prominente venisque secundariis utrinque ad 25 tenuibus siccitate nigricantibus necnon in reticulo interveniente conspicuo tamen tenui obscure minutissime pubescentibus; *petiolo* subterete similiter induto ad 5.5 cm. nonnunquam longiore; *stipulis* fere ad basin in partibus triangulari-lanceolatis acuminatis acutis rigidiusculis 1–1.5 cm. longis saepe distantibus divisis; *inflorescentia* subpyramidalis thyrsoidae ramulis sparse in axillis densius pubescentibus tandem deflexis; *calycis* glabri limbo integerrimo brevissimo; *corollae* tubo extra sparse minute pubescente 4–4.5 cm. longo, insuper leniter usque ad in ore 1.2 cm. lato ampliato, lobis ovalibus apice rotundatis 1.1 cm. × 6 mm.; *stylo* pubescente, *stigmatibus* 2 glabris suborbicularibus; *baccis* glabris bilocularibus.

COLOMBIA. Eastern Cordilleras between Pitalito (Tolima) and ratis suborbicularibus; *baccis* glabris bilocularibus.

Isertia alba, *Sprague* in Trans. & Proc. Bot. Soc. Edin. xxii. 434 (1905). By a clerical error the wrong specimen and locality were quoted for this species. The correct data are now given.

PERUVIAN AMAZONS. Yurimaguas, Huallaga River, in secondary forest, fl. May, *Spruce* 3878.

Gonzalea tomentosa, *Humb. et Bonpl.* Pl. Aeq. i. 225, t. 64 (1808).

COLOMBIA. Tolima: San Augustin, fl. March, *Sprague* 297.

Distrib. Western Tropical South America.

Sabicea camporum, *Sprague* in Trans. & Proc. Bot. Soc. Edin. xxii. 434 (1904).

COLOMBIA. Cabuyaro, Rio Meta, fl. Jan. *Sprague* 43.

Hamelia lutea, *Rohr. ex Smith* in Rees, Cycl. v. 17, n. 4 (1811).

COLOMBIA. Caquetá District: San José, Rio Putumayo, fl. and fr. Aug. *Sprague* 611. Flowers yellow.

Distrib. Generally in tropical America.

Hamelia patens, *Jacq.* Stirp. Amer. 72, t. 50 (1763).

COLOMBIA. San Martin District: Villavicencio, fl. Jan. *Sprague* 110.

A glabrescent form (see Wernham, Journ. Bot. 1911, xlix. 214), with minutely scabrid leaves.

Distrib. Tropical America, Mexico, and Paraguay.

Bertiera guianensis, *Aubl.* Pl. Guian. i. 180, t. 69 (1775).

COLOMBIA. San Martin District: Villavicencio, fl. and fr. Jan. *Sprague* 91.

Distrib. Generally in tropical America.

Alibertia pedicellata, Wernham; floribus in racemulo abbreviato valde bracteato dispositis distincta.

Arbor glabra ramulis rectis cortice striato; *foliis* pergamentaceis oblanceolatis ad obovatis vel ellipticis 16–20 cm. \times 5.5–8.5 cm., utrinque angustatis, venis secundariis utrinque circiter 10 subtus qua centralis supra impressa prominentibus, reticulo tertiarario valde conspicuo, petiolo 1–1.5 cm. glabro; *stipulis* late oblongo-triangularibus cuspidatis ad 5 mm. \times 7–8 mm.; *floribus* in racemulo abbreviato 1–1.5 cm. longo dispositis; *bracteis* et bracteolis triangularibus subacutis ad 5 mm. \times 3 mm. concavis; *pedicellis* minutissime pubescentibus griseo-furfuraceis fructu ad 6–7 mm. accrescentibus; *bacca* ellipsoidea glabra 2.5 cm. longa 1.8 cm. lata a calycis limbo dentibus 5 brevibus latis subacutis coronata.

COLOMBIA. Caquetá District: Mocoa, fr. May, *Sprague* 362; *Triana* 1833.

Remarkable for the characters of the inflorescence—especially the pedicels.

Duroia Spraguei, Wernham; affinis *D. hirsutae*, K. Schum., a qua floribus solitariis multo hispidioribus recedit.

Arbor; foliis validiuscule pergamentaceis late oblanceolatis ad circiter 23 cm. \times 10 cm., basin versus angustatis petiolo hispido circiter 1.5 cm. longo, apice cuspidatis acutis acumine vix 1.5 cm. excedente, supra sparsiuscule in venis hispido-hirtis, subtus in venis conspicuis centrali valde prominente dense secundariis sparsius utrinque circiter 15 hispidis, margine ciliato, aliter hirtellis ad glabratis; *floribus* subsolitariis; *calycis* dense sericeo-hispidi lobis subulato-setaceis alabastro ad 8–9 mm., tubo circiter 5 mm.; *corolla* extra sericea; *ovario* ellipsoideo densissime longe sericeo-hispidissimo, alabastro 1.3 cm. \times 8 mm.

COLOMBIA. Caquetá District: Mocoa, *Sprague* 369; *Triana*.

Approaches *D. hirsuta*, K. Schum., but differs in the relatively broader leaves with longer stalks and shorter, more cuspidate acumen; and in the solitary, much more hispid, and larger flowers. Native name: "Taruquillo."

Posoqueria Spraguei, Wernham; affinis *P. decorae*, DC., a qua corollae tubo multo longiore et calycis dentium forma recedit.

Frutex glaberrimus ramulis tetragonis; *foliis* ovalibus ad circiter 25 cm. \times 12 cm. brevissime acuminatis apice acutissimo; *petiolo* brevissimo 1 cm. vix attingente; *stipulis* primo triangularibus demum ovatis basin versus constrictis vix connatis nec vaginantibus apice obtuso circiter 2.2 cm. \times 1.3 cm.; *inflorescentia* pauciflora, *pedicellis* ad 1 cm. longis; *calycis* dentibus triangularibus obtusis circiter 1.5 mm. \times 1.5 mm.; *corollae* tubo angustissimo longissimo 23 cm. excedente latitudinem 3 mm. nec attingente in super vix ampliato, lobis oblongis obtusis ad 3.5 cm. \times 5 mm.; *antheris* dorso puberulis oblongis circiter 7 mm. longis, filamentis ad 1 cm. exsertis.

COLOMBIA. Caquetá District: San José, in a creek of the River Putumayo, fl. Aug. *Sprague*.

A very distinct species, its nearest ally being *P. decora*, DC., from which it differs especially in the much longer corolla-tube and differently-shaped calyx-teeth.

Geophila reniformis, *D. Don*, Prodr. Fl. Nep. 136.

COLOMBIA. Caquetá District: Mocoa, *Sprague* 404.

Distrib. Generally throughout the tropics.

Cephaelis sp.

COLOMBIA. Caquetá District: Mocoa, fr. May, *Sprague* 378. Tree 5 m. high, 12.5 cm. in diameter. Probably a *Cephaelis*; cannot be described in the absence of flowers.

Psychotria acuminata, *Benth.* Bot. Sulph. 107 (1844).

COLOMBIA. Caquetá District: Mocoa, *Sprague* 405.

Distrib. Colombia. A broad-leaved variety has been found in Nicaragua.

Psychotria Spraguei, *Wernham*; similis *P. trichocephalae*, Poepp. et Endl., a qua calycis segmentis elongatis et indumento foliorum differt; ab affini *P. horridula*, Muell. Arg., inflorescentia multiflora distinguitur.

Frutex; foliis lanceolatis vel anguste oblongis circiter 12–15 cm. × 3.5–4.5 cm. utrinque angustatis subacutis acuminatis utrinque praesertim subtus in venis densiuscule hispidis olivaceo-viridibus, petiolo circiter 1.5 cm. hispidissimo; stipulis ovatis insuper bifidis subulato-caudatis rigidis ad 2.5 cm. longis; inflorescentia subcapitata multiflora; bracteis bracteolisque extra pilis articulatis hispidissimis indutis lanceolatis ad linearibus apicibus setaceis exterioribus nonnunquam ovatis subtrilobatis; calycis limbo fere ad basin in lacinias 5 lineares diviso flore 2–3 mm. fructu ad 4.5 mm. accrescentibus; corollae tubo gracili 5 mm. extra subglabro, lobis triangularibus subacutis 1–1.5 mm. extra dense barbatis; bacca ellipsoidea hispida calycis limbo persistente coronata.

COLOMBIA. Tolima: San Augustin, fl. and fr. March, *Sprague* 304. Also collected by *Triana* 1708; *Ocaña*, *Purdie*; *Kalbreyer* 1055.

This species bears a superficial resemblance to *P. trichocephala*, Poepp. et Endl., but there is a fundamental difference in the elongated calyx-segments of the present species, and the leaf-indumentum is quite distinct. The nearest affinity seems to be with the Brazilian *P. horridula*, Muell. Arg., which has a 2-3-flowered inflorescence, and differently-shaped leaves and stipules.

Psychotria bertieroides, *Wernham*; affinis *P. flexuosae*, K. Schum., a qua corolla distinguitur.

Frutex glaber ramulis quadrangularibus; foliis ellipticis 16 cm. × 6 cm. ad 22 cm. × 9 cm. utrinque angustatis apice acutis, petiolo 2–2.5 cm. longo venis secundariis utrinque 10; stipulis binis infra in vagina ad circiter 2.5 mm. alta connatis supra in aristis duabus rigidescentibus 3 mm. longis 3.5 mm. distantibus productis; inflorescentia thyrsioidea laxa circiter 11 cm. × 6 cm., pedunculo 6–7 cm. longo, cymulis dichotomis subunilateralibus, floribus 4–meris subsecundis distantibus sessilibus 4–5 mm. longis; bracteis obsoletis; calyce minimo puberulo minute dentato; corolla extra minutissime sparsim pubescente vel glabrescente insuper infundibulari lobis oblongis patentibus obtusis vix 1 mm. longis; bacca pisiformi costata glabra.

COLOMBIA. Caquetá District: Mocoa, fl. and fr. May, *Sprague* 386.

Recalls *Bertiera parviflora* in the inflorescence and leaf-shape. The nearest species is, perhaps, *P. flexuosa*, K. Schum, but the two are readily distinguished by the characters of the corolla.

Psychotria tolimensis, *Wernham*; affinis *P. anomothyrsae*, K. Schum., a qua inflorescentia differt.

Frutex glaber ramulis subfistulosis; *foliis* oblongo-lanceolatis vel oblanceolatis ad circiter 23 cm. × 6–6.5 cm. apicem subacutum versus leniter acuminatis basi in petiolum subalatum 2–3 cm. longum angustatis; *stipulis* parvis triangularibus caducissimis; *inflorescentia* thyrsioidea laxa circiter 3 cm. × 2.5 cm., pedunculo 3–3.5 cm. axillari ramulis complanatis bracteis inconspicuis; *calycis* minimi limbo subintegro; *corolla* glabra alba angusta superne vix ampliata 5–6 mm. longa.

COLOMBIA. Tolima: Pitalito, fl. March, *Sprague* 237. Also collected by *Triana* 1707.

Near *P. anomothyrsa*, K. Schum, from which it differs in the extent of the inflorescence.

Psychotria cabuyarensis, *Wernham*; *foliis* magnis obovatis, *stipulis* rotundatis conspicue acuminatis, *inflorescentia* magna diffusa facile distinguitur.

Arbor 3 m. alta, glabra; *foliis* obovatis 26–31 cm. × 9–12 cm. apicem subacutum versus parum acuminatis desuper in basin leniter angustatis petiolo brevissimo vel obsolete venis secundariis utrinque circiter 15 conspicuis; *stipulis* integris late ovatis 1.7 cm. × 1.7 cm. caudato-acuminatis acutissimis; *inflorescentia* maxima thyrsioidea laxa ramis divaricatis in fructu ad 13 cm. × 20 cm. accrescente pedunculo valido 19–20 cm. longo; *bracteis* minutiusculis caducis; *floribus* albo-viridibus; *bacca* glabra ovoidea 8–9 mm. × 3–4 mm.

COLOMBIA. Cabuyaro, Rio Meta, in forest south of river, fr. Jan. *Sprague* 154. Collected also by *Barclay* 739, on loam soil in moist woods of St. Francis Esmeraldas.

A very distinct species, readily identified by the large obovate leaves, the broad, rounded stipules with sharply-marked acumen, and the very extensive and diffuse inflorescence.

Psychotria alibertioides, *Wernham*; affinis *P. granadensi*, Benth., a qua calyce multo majore distinguitur.

Frutex glaber ramulis subtertibus validis; *foliis* pergamentaceis obovatis ad 14–15 cm. × 6.5–7 cm. breviter acuminatis obtusis basi acutis petiolo valido 5–8 mm. longo supra demum argenteo-griseis venis secundariis utrinque 9–12 subtus prominentibus; *stipulis* oblongis apice rotundatis circiter 1 cm. × 3.5 mm., parte inferiore paullum persistente mox tamen deciduis; *inflorescentia* umbellata 2–3-chotoma 7–10-flora pedunculo brevi tota vix 3 cm. × 2.5 cm.; *calycis* limbo circiter 2.5 mm. longo 6 mm. lato obscuriuscule dentato; *corollae* albae glabrae tubo late cylindraceo 1.3 cm. × 4.5 mm. (ore) lobis 5 oblongis obtusis 4.5 mm. × 1.8 mm.

COLOMBIA. Caquetá District: San José, R. Putumayo, fl. Aug. *Sprague* 602.

Near *P. granadensis*, Benth., but the calyx in our species is much larger.

Palicourea crocea, *Roem. et Schult.* Syst. v. 193.

COLOMBIA. Tolima: San Augustin, fl. and fr. March, *Sprague* 282. Flowers orange.

Distrib. Tropical America and Paraguay.

Palicourea augustifolia, *H. B. et K.* Nov. Gen. et Sp., iii. 367.

COLOMBIA. Between Villavicencio and Bogotá, *Sprague*.

Distrib. Colombia and Venezuela (banks of Orinoco and Rio Negro).

Palicourea caerulea, *Roem. et Schult.* Syst. v. 194.

COLOMBIA. San Martin District: Villavicencio, fl. and fr. Jan. *Sprague* 90.

Distrib. Western Tropical South America.

Palicourea dorantha, *Wernham*; affinis *P. calycinae*, Benth., a qua stipulis et inflorescentiae magnitudine differt.

Arbor 6 m. alta, caule 6–7.5 cm. diametro; *foliis* ellipticis utrinque breviter acuminatis subacutis circiter 20 cm. × 8.5 cm. utrinque nisi subtus in venis sparsissimè pilosis glabris venis secundariis utrinque circiter 12–15 subtus prominentibus petiolo glabro ad 3 cm. longo; *stipulis* in vagina 1 cm. alta connatis, partibus liberis 1.5 cm. vel longioribus; *inflorescentia* laxa thyrsoides circiter 18 cm. × 12 cm., pedunculo valido glabro 7–8 cm. longo; *bracteis* parvis ad 8 mm. × 3 mm. oblongo-lanceolatis; *calycis* segmentis latis rotundatis circiter 2 mm. × 2.5 mm. imbricatis; *corolla* inter maximas infundibulari-cylindracea fere 2 cm. longa, ore 7 mm. lata extra dense velutine tomentosa, lobis brevibus latis rotundis.

COLOMBIA. Eastern Cordilleras, between Pitalito (Tolima) and Mocoa (Caquetá District), fl. April, *Sprague* 345.

The nearest ally seems to be *Palicourea calycina*, Benth., but the present species is distinct in the character of the stipules and size of the inflorescence.

Mapouria alba, *Muell. Arg.* in *Flora*, 1876, 458.

COLOMBIA. Tolima: San Augustin, fl. and fr. March, *Sprague* 307. A small tree, 4.5–6 m., with whitish flowers and red fruits.

Distrib. Western Tropical South America, Brazil, and Paraguay.

Mapouria micrantha, *Wernham*, comb. nov. *Psychotria micrantha*, *H. B. et K.* Nov. Gen. Sp. Pl. iii. 363, t. 284 (1818).

COLOMBIA. Caquetá District: Mocoa, fl. and fr. May, *Sprague* 400.

Distrib. Western Tropical South America.

Emmeorrhiza umbellata, *K. Schum.* in *Fl. Bras.* VI. vi. 408. *Endlicheria umbellata*, *K. Schum.*, l.c. 38; necnon synonyma alia.

COLOMBIA. Tolima: San Augustin, fl. and fr. March, *Sprague* 321.

Distrib. Widely distributed over the tropics of South America and extending into Paraguay.