

beauty is simply a name for the complexus of stimuli which most adequately arouses love."

Following the introduction the subject of sexual selection is considered with relation to the four special senses mentioned. Throughout the work the author maintains a broad biological standpoint. The part the different senses play is appreciated and discussed on the basis of their origin from the primitive sense of touch, and the several points taken up are illustrated by a wealth of examples culled from the writings of scientists, travelers and physicians of all ages.

The chapters on vision are the longest and most comprehensive, naturally, as this sense plays such an important part in sexual selection in man, and being so widely removed from its prototype, touch, the problems connected with it are much more obscure. The author observes a catholicity of spirit in dealing with these obscure phases of sexual psychology, and his conclusions are reached tentatively and with a full appreciation of the often inadequate evidence upon which they are founded.

The volume, as a whole, may be said to be a careful, painstaking and learned exposition of the problems of sex of which it treats, and can be confidently recommended to the intelligent seeker after light in this most obscure domain of psychology as being quite the best modern work in English.

WHITE.

LECTURES ON CLINICAL PSYCHIATRY. By DR. EMIL KRAEPELIN, Professor of Psychiatry in the University of Munich. Revised and Edited by Thomas Johnstone, M.D., Edin., M.R.C.P., London. William Wood and Company.

The readers of this JOURNAL do not need reminding that the study of psychiatry has been taken up with tremendous energy during the past twenty years. It has remained for most a difficult subject, and does so still because of the necessary faults in the psychological substructure. For as long as phenomena of the mind are to be sorted, classified and arranged by the organ yielding the very phenomena it would bring into orderly groupings, then considerable variation in matters of interpretation is inevitable.

And so one finds it to-day in the writings of alienists who make any pretense to a modern knowledge of brain physiology from the psychological side.

Kraepelin has been one of the leaders in modern psychiatry, and as one reads the lectures here printed in most acceptable English dress the reason for his leadership is made very apparent, for founded on the best psychological data of Wundt and his followers, Kraepelin has added a superstructure of clear clinical pictures that rival those of the foremost masters in neurological medicine.

The work is preëminently a clinical one. Picture after picture is revealed, each yielding up valuable material for alienist and general practitioner alike. For the psychiatrist no extended review is needed; it can be truly said, however, that this work is a very desirable one, and makes an excellent explanatory volume to Kraepelin's larger studies.

JELLIFFE.

News and Notes

THE OPENING OF GLENWOOD.—On May 15 this new home for epileptics will be opened. Special rates will be offered to early applicants. From the standpoints of location, training of those in charge and accommodations offered Glenwood promises to be an ideal institution for the treatment and care of epileptics.

A NEW NEUROLOGICAL SOCIETY.—A number of physicians met in St. Louis on April 20, 1905, and voted to inaugurate a neurological society in that city, to be designated The St. Louis Neurological Society. Those present were Drs. M. A. Bliss, Given Campbell, Chas. G. Chaddock, Frank R. Fry, W. W. Graves, H. W. Hermann, M. W. Hoge and Sidney I. Schwab. Dr. Fry was chosen president and Dr. Given Campbell secretary.

PROGRAM OF THE THIRTY-FIRST ANNUAL MEETING OF
THE AMERICAN NEUROLOGICAL ASSOCIATION,
JUNE 1, 2 AND 3, 1905.

Presidential Address: The Importance in Clinical Diagnosis of Paralysis of Associated Movements of the Eyeballs, Especially of Upward and Downward Associated Movements, by Dr. William G. Spiller; the Relation of Certain Persistent Emotional States to Insanity, by Dr. Theodore H. Kellogg; A Fatal Case of Neurasthenia, by Dr. Theodore Diller; Insanity in the Aged, by Dr. Charles W. Burr; Psychasthenia, Its Clinical Entity, Illustrated by a Case, by Dr. Sidney I. Schwab; A Study of Pathological Gait, by Dr. Joseph Sailer; Multiple Sclerosis: Four Cases, with Autopsy; Consideration of Differential Diagnosis, by Dr. Edward Wyllis Taylor; The Relation of the Cerebral and Olfactory Regions of the Brain, by Dr. Burt G. Wilder; Two Cases of Cervical Rib, with Operation, by Dr. Hugh T. Patrick; A Contribution to the Acute Polioencephalitis Superior (Wernicke), by Dr. J. Ramsay Hunt; Disease of the Cerebral Venous System, by Dr. D. J. McCarthy; A Study of Two Brain Tumors of Endothelial Origin; One a Multiple Cylindroma, One a Perithelioma, by Dr. Herman C. Gordinier and Dr. H. H. Carey; The Results of Operations for the Removal of Cerebral Tumors, by Dr. Philip Coombs Knapp; The Operability of Intracranial Growths, by Dr. George L. Walton and Dr. W. E. Paul; Post-operative Asthenia, by Dr. S. Weir Mitchell; The Motor Area of the Human Cerebrum as Determined by Cortical Localization, with a Discussion of the Surgery of the Motor Region, by Dr. Charles K. Mills and Dr. C. H. Frazier; Cerebellar Tumors with Reference to Diagnosis and Surgical Treatment, by Dr. B. Sachs; Sarcoma of the Cerebellum with Unusual Symptomatology, by Dr. F. X. Dercum; Concerning Operative Intervention for the Intracranial Hemorrhages of the New-born, by Dr. Harvey Cushing; The Progressive Spinal Atrophies; A Study of the Etiology and Grouping of Fifty Cases, with Report of a Case with Autopsy, by Dr. Charles L. Dana; Ascending Transverse Myelitis with Osseous Ankylosis and Growth of the Vertebrae, and Extreme Anterior Curvature, by Dr. Graeme M. Hammond; Carcinoma of the Nervous System, by Dr. William G. Spiller and Dr. Theodore H. Weisenburg; Observations of the Temperature in Cerebral Hemorrhage and Cerebral Embolism, by Dr. William N. Bullard; Palates of the Feeble-Minded, by Dr. Walter Channing and Dr. Clark Wissler; Paraplegia from Fracture of the First, Second and Third Dorsal Vertebrae, by Dr. Guy Hinsdale; A Case of Brown-Sequard Paralysis Due to a Fall upon the Head, Operation, Autopsy, by Dr. Wm. C. Krauss; A Case of Epilepsy Associated with Graves' Disease and Total Alopecia, by Dr. Frank K. Hallock; Hypesthesia or Hypalgesia and their Significance in Functional Nervous Disturbances, by Dr. Edward B. Angell; Sarcoma of the Spinal Cord with Dissociated Sensory Loss, by Dr. F. X. Dercum; Hysterical Stigmata Caused by Organic Brain Lesions, by Dr. Herman H. Hoppe; The Mental Symptoms of Cerebral Tumor, by Dr. Philip Coombs Knapp; A Case of Double Consciousness, by Dr. Richard Dewey; Exhaustion Paralysis of Cortical Origin Due to Arteriosclerosis, by Dr. D. J. McCarthy; A Case of Internal Hydrocephalus with Autopsy, by Dr. Theodore Diller; The Chronic Progressive Softening of the Brain, by Dr. J. Ramsey Hunt; Autopsy in a Case of Adiposis Dolorosa, by Dr. F. X. Dercum.