

Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences and Research

www.jpsr.pharmainfo.in

# Autism pathogenesis: Piecing it all together, from end to beginning ...

# Vinu Arumugham (1) and Maxim V. Trushin(2)

- 1 Independent Researcher, San Jose, USA
- 2 Kazan Federal University, Kazan, Russia

#### **Abstract**

Increased extra-axial cerebrospinal fluid (EA-CSF) have been observed in imaging studies of infant brains, who go on to develop autism. Folate deficiency can cause defects in neural development that can affect CSF production and drainage. Folate receptor alpha antibodies (FRAA) are observed in 75% of autism patients. Maternal FRAA have also been observed in the case

Folate deficiency can cause aluminum accumulation in the brain. Autistic brains have been shown to accumulate aluminum. FRAA in the child or mother can therefore explain all the observations.

Further, autism patients have a higher genetic risk for cancer but have lower cancer rates. Many cancer cells express folate receptor alpha to transport folate required for rapid growth. Once again FRAA in autism can thus explain lower rates of cancer occurrence as FRAA block FRA expressed on cancer cells, affecting folate transport.

A majority of FRAA are of the IgG4 subclass and bind with higher affinity to the bovine folate receptor than the human folate receptor. The human and bovine FR have 90% protein sequence homology.

From allergies and parasite infections we know that IgG4 is the second stage of the immune response. The first stage is IgE against FRA. The US Institute of Medicine concluded that antigens in vaccines do cause IgE mediated sensitization. Many vaccines contain cow's milk proteins, one of which is the bovine folate receptor protein. Bovine casein and casamino acids used as growth media for vaccine manufacture are derived from cow's milk.

The solution for vaccine-induced IgE against FRA, is to immediately remove all non-target proteins from all vaccines by using processes such as affinity chromatography.

Keywords Autism, children, folate receptor alpha, bovine milk, IgG4, IgE, vaccines, aluminum, allergy, helminth infection

# INTRODUCTION

Autism spectrum disorder (ASD) is a neurological and developmental disorder. It affects communication, behavior and is usually diagnosed in the first few years of life. In the US, the prevalence is 1 in 59 children.(1) Like for many other diseases, Lower cancer rate in autism there is too much emphasis on finding a genetic basis. The rapid increase in prevalence of diseases such as ASD simply cannot be explained by genes.(2) Genetic susceptibility is always a factor in any disease. People who suffer measles complications, for example, likely have a genetic susceptibility. The focus in that case is not in analyzing the genes, but on preventing measles infection. We know that IgE and IgG4 antibodies are involved in allergy and helminth infections. A genetic susceptibility to allergy means the individual has a strong helminth defense capability. Until very recently, even in developed countries, such a capability would have been an asset for survival, not a liability. The focus higher affinity to the bovine folate receptor than the human folate needs to shift and be directed at environmental factors in ASD.

## DISCUSSION

# Increased Extra-axial Cerebrospinal Fluid (EA-CSF)

Shen et al.(3) report increased EA-CSF in infants who later develop autism. Maternal folate receptor alpha antibodies (FRAA) have been associated with neural tube defects.(4) The CSF protects the brain, supplies nutrients and removes waste. Any defect in the plumbing during development can affect the production and drainage of CSF. Folate imbalance in CSF was reported as a cause of "unequal production and drainage of cerebrospinal fluid (CSF)".(5) Folate deficiency induced defects can also result in hydrocephalus.(5)

# Aluminum accumulation in the brain

Mold et al.(6) report that aluminum accumulates in autistic brains. A reason aluminum accumulates in the brain could be folate deficiency. (7-9)

# Folate receptor alpha antibodies

So all observations above can be explained by folate receptor alpha antibody (FRAA) mediated folate deficiency in the brain.(10,11) A child could be synthesizing FRAA or maternal FRAA can impact the fetus.(12) FRAA bind/block folate receptors in the choroid plexus and block folate transport. Folinic acid can be used to supply folate via an alternate pathway to improve the deficiency.(13)

Autism patients are known to have higher genetic susceptibility to cancer. However, cancer rates are lower in autism patients.(14) Cancer cells need folate for rapid growth. So they express more folate receptor alpha (FRA) proteins on their surface that helps transport folate. Thus treatments that target these FRA proteins with antibodies are an experimental cure for cancer.(15)Since many autism patients are already making FRAA, it is easy to see why cancer rates will be lower.

# The bovine connection

A majority of FRAA are of the IgG4 subclass and bind with receptor. The human and bovine FR have 90% protein sequence homology.(10)

# The worm and allergy connection

We know that IgE and IgG4 are involved naturally in helminth defense and now in allergies.IgE dominates in mild helminth infections. IgE mediated histamine release, itching and mucus generation are strategies to physically remove helminths/parasites and prevent major infections. If infection intensifies, an IgE mediated reaction can be dangerous leading to anaphylaxis. So naturally the body downregulates IgE and switches to an IgG4 dominated defense state. A chronic low intensity battle ensues with the helminth to avoid immunopathology of an IgE dominated aggressive defense.(16)

This process is used in food allergy immunotherapy. A slow increase in the allergen exposure, modifies an allergen specific IgE dominated food allergy to an allergen specific IgG4 mediated "tolerant" state, reducing the risk of anaphylaxis.(17,18)

Thus autism patients making bovine folate receptor alpha specific IgG4 (FRAA) are in this "tolerant" state. When they consume bovine milk which contains the bovine folate receptor protein, they make more IgG4 FRAA, aggravating autism symptoms. A milk-free diet reduces FRAA levels and improves symptoms.(10)

Working back from food allergy immunotherapy and helminth infections, autism patients started with an IgE mediated allergy to bovine folate receptor protein. Josephs et al. show that IgE FRAA are involved in cancer defense.(19) Such IgE are likely responsible for the lower cancer rate in autism patients as described above. How did autism patients, or their mothers develop IgE mediated allergy to bovine folate receptor proteins?

#### **Bovine milk protein containing vaccines**

Bovine milk protein containing aluminum adjuvanted vaccines that bias for a Th2 (allergy) dominated response. Bovine casein and casamino acids are growth media used in many vaccines and are derived from cow's milk.(20) Children allergic to milk make for excellent bovine milk protein detectors. They react to 13. these vaccines.(21)

The US Institute of Medicine (IOM) reviewed the entire literature from 1950 to 2011 and concluded that antigens in vaccines do induce IgE mediated sensitization.(22)

Injecting egg proteins causes IgE mediated sensitization to egg egg allergy.(23,24)

Injecting gelatin causes IgE mediated sensitization to gelatin - gelatin allergy.(25,26)

Injecting hepatitis B surface antigen the same.(27)

Injecting influenza virus proteins(28–31), toxoids(32), dengue virus(33), bee venom(34), the same result.

Therefore, bovine milk protein containing vaccines inducing IgE directed against bovine folate receptor alpha proteins, is where it all begins. This could happen in the child or in the mother, before or during pregnancy. The mechanisms leading to abrogation of peripheral tolerance due to immunization with animal proteins was previously described.(35,36)

## CONCLUSION

The reason epidemiological studies failed to link vaccines and autism was previously described.(37)

While FRAA are the primary mechanism causing autism, NMDA receptor autoimmunity is another contributor.(38)

The solution is to immediately remove all non-target proteins from all vaccines by using processes such as affinity chromatography.(39)

#### REFERENCES

- Baio J, Wiggins L, Christensen DL, Maenner MJ, Daniels J, Warren Z, et al. Prevalence of Autism Spectrum Disorder Among Children Aged 8 Years Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring Network, 11 Sites, United States, 2014. MMWR Surveill Summ. United States; 2018 Apr;67(6):1–23.
- Modabbernia A, Velthorst E, Reichenberg A. Environmental risk factors for autism: an evidence-based review of systematic reviews and meta-analyses. Mol Autism. BioMed Central; 2017 Mar 17;8:13.
- Shen MD, Kim SH, McKinstry RC, Gu H, Hazlett HC, Nordahl CW, et al. Increased Extra-axial Cerebrospinal Fluid in High-Risk Infants Who Later Develop Autism. Biol Psychiatry. United States; 2017 Aug;82(3):186–93.
- Rothenberg SP, da Costa MP, Sequeira JM, Cracco J, Roberts JL, Weedon J, et al. Autoantibodies against folate receptors in women with a pregnancy complicated by a neural-tube defect. N Engl J Med. United States; 2004 Jan;350(2):134–42.
- Cains S, Shepherd A, Nabiuni M, Owen-Lynch PJ, Miyan J. Addressing a folate imbalance in fetal cerebrospinal fluid can decrease the incidence of congenital hydrocephalus. J Neuropathol Exp Neurol. England; 2009 Apr;68(4):404–16.
- Mold M, Umar D, King A, Exley C. Aluminium in brain tissue in autism. J Trace Elem Med Biol. 2018 Mar;46:76–82.
- Baydar T, Nagymajtenyi L, Isimer A, Sahin G. Effect of folic acid supplementation on aluminum accumulation in rats. Nutrition. United States; 2005 Mar;21(3):406–10.

- Yassa HA, George SM, Mohamed HK. Folic acid improve developmental toxicity induced by aluminum sulphates. Environ Toxicol Pharmacol. 2017;50(Supplement C):32–6.
- Zhu M, Li B, Ma X, Huang C, Wu R, Zhu W, et al. Folic Acid Protected Neural Cells Against Aluminum-Maltolate-Induced Apoptosis by Preventing miR-19 Downregulation. Neurochem Res. 2016;41(8):2110-8.
- Ramaekers VT, Sequeira JM, Blau N, Quadros E V. A milk-free diet downregulates folate receptor autoimmunity in cerebral folate deficiency syndrome. Dev Med Child Neurol. 2008;50(5):346–52.
- Frye RE, Sequeira JM, Quadros E V, James SJ, Rossignol D a. Cerebral folate receptor autoantibodies in autism spectrum disorder. Mol Psychiatry. 2012;18(3):369–81.
- Frye RE, Sequeira JM, Quadros E, Rossignol DA. Folate Receptor Alpha Autoantibodies Modulate Thyroid Function in Autism Spectrum Disorer. North Am J Med Sci. 2014;7(1):1–7.
- 13. Frye RE, Slattery J, Delhey L, Furgerson B, Strickland T, Tippett M, et al. Folinic acid improves verbal communication in children with autism and language impairment: a randomized double-blind placebo-controlled trial. Mol Psychiatry. The Author(s); 2016.
- Darbro BW, Singh R, Zimmerman MB, Mahajan VB, Bassuk AG. Autism Linked to Increased Oncogene Mutations but Decreased Cancer Rate. PLoS One. United States; 2016;11(3):e0149041.
- Cheung A, Bax HJ, Josephs DH, Ilieva KM, Pellizzari G, Opzoomer J, et al. Targeting folate receptor alpha for cancer treatment. Oncotarget. Impact Journals LLC; 2016 Aug 9;7(32):52553–74.
- Turner JD, Faulkner H, Kamgno J, Kennedy MW, Behnke J, Boussinesq M, et al. Allergen-specific IgE and IgG4 are markers of resistance and susceptibility in a human intestinal nematode infection. Microbes Infect. 2005;7(7-8):990-6.
- Hoyt AEW, Schuyler AJ, Heymann PW, Platts-Mills TAE, Commins SP. Alum-Containing Vaccines Increase Total and Food Allergen-Specific IgE, and Cow's Milk Oral Desensitization Increases Bosd4 IgG4 While Peanut Avoidance Increases Arah2 IgE: The Complexity of Today's Child with Food Allergy. J Allergy Clin Immunol. Elsevier; 2017 Jul 7;137(2):AB151.
- Vickery BP, Lin J, Kulis M, Fu Z, Steele PH, Jones SM, et al. Peanut oral immunotherapy modifies IgE and IgG4 responses to major peanut allergens. J Allergy Clin Immunol. 2013;131(1).
- Josephs DH, Bax HJ, Dodev T, Georgouli M, Nakamura M, Pellizzari G, et al. Anti-Folate Receptor-alpha IgE but not IgG Recruits Macrophages to Attack Tumors via TNFalpha/MCP-1 Signaling. Cancer Res. United States; 2017 Mar;77(5):1127–41.
- Vaccine Excipient & Media Summary [Internet]. 2015 [cited 2016
   Jan 16]. Available from:
   http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/pinkbook/downloads/appendices/
   B/excipient-table-2.pdf
- Kattan JD, Cox AL, Nowak-Wegrzyn A, Gimenez G, Bardina L, Sampson HA, et al. Allergic reactions to diphtheria, tetanus, and acellular pertussis vaccines among children with milk allergy. J Allergy Clin Immunol. 2011;Conference(var.pagings):AB238.
- Clayton EW, Rusch E, Ford A, Stratton K. Adverse Effects of Vaccines:: Evidence and Causality. National Academies Press; 2012.
- Yamane H. N. U. Serological examination of IgE- and IgG-specific antibodies to egg protein during influenza virus immunization. Epidemiol Infect. 1988;100(2):291–9.
- Ratner B, Untracht S, Hertzmark F. Allergy to Viral and Rickettsial Vaccines. N Engl J Med. Massachusetts Medical Society; 1952 Apr 3;246(14):533–6.
- Nakayama T, Aizawa C, Kuno Sakai H. A clinical analysis of gelatin allergy and determination of its causal relationship to the previous administration of gelatin-containing acellular pertussis vaccine combined with diphtheria and tetanus toxoids [see comments]. J Allergy Clin Immunol. Elsevier; 1999 Jan 9;103(2 Pt 1):321–5.
- Kuno-Sakai H, Kimura M. Removal of gelatin from live vaccines and DTaP—an ultimate solution for vaccine-related gelatin allergy. Biologicals. 2003;31(4):245–9.
- Smith-Norowitz TA, Tam E, Norowitz KB, Chotikanatis K, Weaver D, Durkin HG, et al. IgE anti Hepatitis B virus surface antigen antibodies detected in serum from inner city asthmatic and non asthmatic children. Hum Immunol. United States; 2014 Apr;75(4):378–82.
- Davidsson A, Eriksson JC, Rudblad S, Brokstad KA. Influenza specific serum IgE is present in non-allergic subjects. Scand J Immunol. 2005 Dec;62(6):560–1.

- Nakayama T, Kumagai T, Nishimura N, Ozaki T, Okafuji T, Suzuki E, et al. Seasonal split influenza vaccine induced IgE sensitization against influenza vaccine. Vaccine. 2015;
- Smith-Norowitz T a, Wong D, Kusonruksa M, Norowitz KB, Joks R, Durkin HG, et al. Long term persistence of IgE anti-influenza virus antibodies in pediatric and adult serum post vaccination with influenza virus vaccine. Int J Med Sci. 2011;8(3):239–44.
- Nagao M, Fujisawa T, Ihara T, Kino Y. Highly increased levels of 37.
   IgE antibodies to vaccine components in children with influenza vaccine-associated anaphylaxis. J Allergy Clin Immunol. United States; 2016 Mar;137(3):861–7.
- Markt A, Björkstén B, Granström M. Immunoglobulin E responses to diphtheria and tetanus toxoids after booster with aluminiumadsorbed and fluid DT-vaccines. Vaccine. 1995;13(7):669–73.
- 33. Koraka P, Murgue B, Deparis X, Setiati TE, Suharti C, Van Gorp ECM, et al. Elevated levels of total and dengue virus-specific immunoglobulin E in patients with varying disease severity. J Med Virol. 2003;70(1):91–8.
- 34. Eich-Wanger C, Muller UR. Bee sting allergy in beekeepers. Clin Exp Allergy. 1998;28(10):1292–8.
- 35. Arumugham V, Trushin M V. Cancer immunology, bioinformatics and chemokine evidence link vaccines contaminated with animal

- proteins to autoimmune disease: a detailed look at Crohn's disease and Vitiligo. J Pharm Sci Res. 2018;10(8):2106.
- Arumugham V. Bioinformatics analysis links type 1 diabetes to vaccines contaminated with animal proteins and autoreactive T cells express skin homing receptors consistent with injected vaccines as causal agent [Internet]. 2017. Available from: https://www.zenodo.org/record/1034775
- Arumugham V. Epidemiological studies that ignore mechanism of disease causation are flawed and mechanistic evidence demonstrates that vaccines cause autism [Internet]. 2017. Available from: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1041905
- Arumugham V. Role of NMDA receptor autoimmunity induced by food protein containing vaccines, in the etiology of autism, type 1 diabetes, neuropsychiatric and neurodegenerative disorders [Internet]. 2018. Available from: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1463600
- Zhao M, Vandersluis M, Stout J, Haupts U, Sanders M, Jacquemart R. Affinity chromatography for vaccines manufacturing: Finally ready for prime time? Vaccine. Netherlands; 2018 Apr;