

INSTITUTIONS FOR THE TUBERCULOUS.

THE EDWARD SANATORIUM, NAPERVILLE, ILLINOIS.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF INCIPIENT PULMONARY
TUBERCULOSIS.

A DEPARTMENT OF THE CHICAGO TUBERCULOSIS INSTITUTE,
CHICAGO, U.S.A.

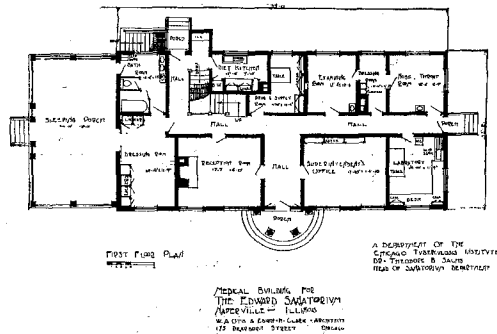
THE Edward Sanatorium, Naperville, Illinois, is the first institution of its kind under Chicago auspices. It came into existence through the munificence of Mrs. Keith Spalding, of Chicago. The sanatorium was opened for the admission of patients on January 15, 1907, with a capacity of fifteen beds. The management was independent during



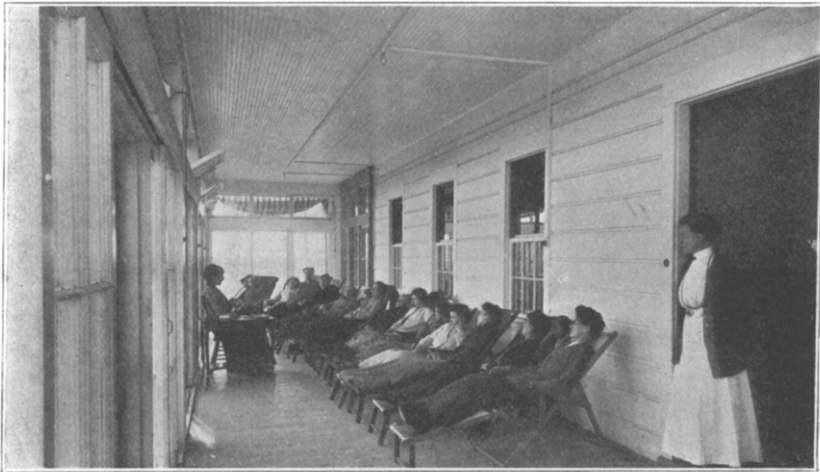
EDWARD SANATORIUM: MEDICAL BUILDING.

the first six months. In June, 1907, Mrs. Spalding transferred the institution to the Chicago Tuberculosis Institute. From the day of its opening until the present time the management and the development of the Edward Sanatorium has been directed by Dr. Theodore B. Sachs, Head of the Sanatorium Department of the Chicago Tuberculosis Institute.

The sanatorium is situated on a farm of 40 acres, just outside of the city limits of Naperville, thirty miles from Chicago. The present equipment consists of : (1) The old administration building, with its dining and assembly halls, kitchen, laundry, etc. ; (2) the new medical building, with infirmary, which contains all the necessary



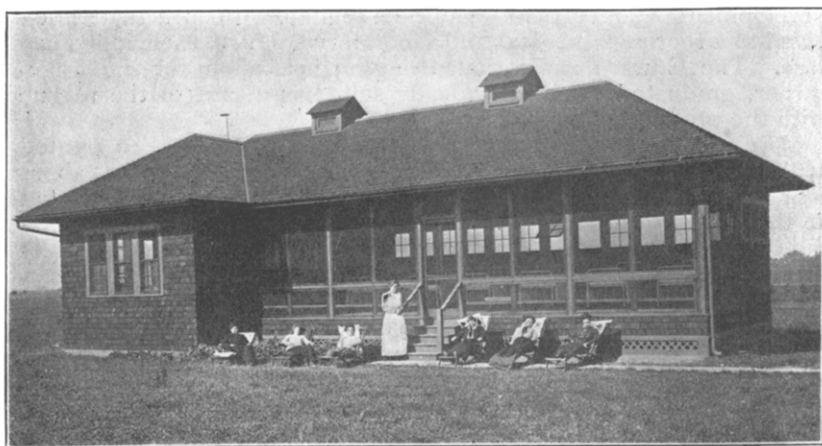
EDWARD SANATORIUM : MEDICAL BUILDING—PLAN OF FIRST FLOOR.



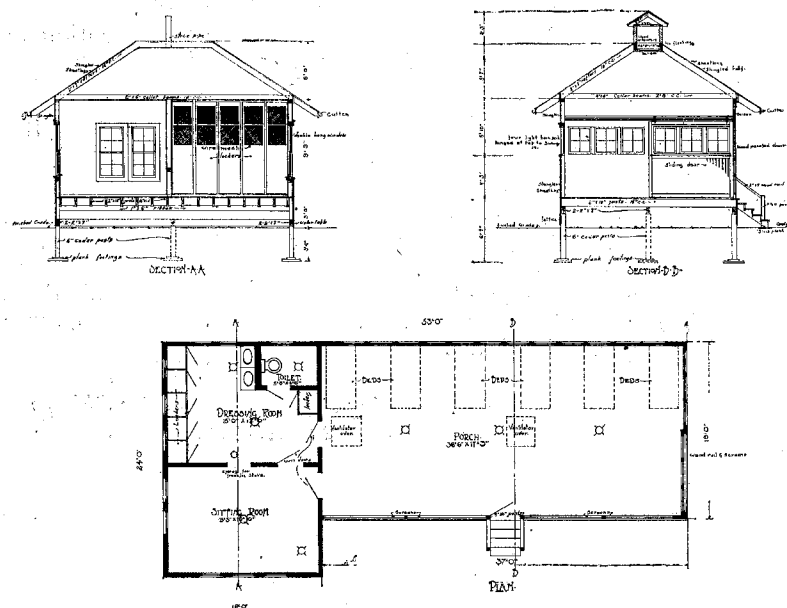
EDWARD SANATORIUM : PATIENTS' READING CIRCLE.

medical and laboratory facilities ; (3) five sleeping shacks and six Tucker tents ; (4) two recreation shacks ; (5) farmhouse and accessory buildings.

The present capacity is sixty beds, this number to be increased to seventy-five, with the erection of two additional sleeping shacks. The object of the Edward Sanatorium is to afford care to the tuberculous patient in moderate circumstances or without means. The



EDWARD SANATORIUM: SIX-PATIENT COTTAGE SLEEPING SHACK.



SCALE - 1/4" = 1'-0"
WALLS & FLOOR IN BLACK, ROOFS
IN BROWN, COTTAGE SHACK

COTTAGE-SHACK
EDWARD SANATORIUM - AMERVILLE, ILL.
CHICAGO - TUBERCULOSIS INSTITUTE
DR. THEODORE D. SANDS
NEW SANATORIUM - DEPT. 7

EDWARD SANATORIUM: PLAN OF COTTAGE SHACK.

majority of patients come from offices and manufacturing and commercial establishments of Chicago.

The policy of the institution is directed toward the gradual

development of an efficient sanatorium régime, with special attention given to a thorough medical and laboratory study of each individual case. The Edward Sanatorium being an institution for the wage-earner, graduated work, individually suited, is a part of the régime with the progress of convalescence.

Up to January 1, 1911, over 400 patients have been treated at the Edward Sanatorium. The average duration of stay was about four months. Two hundred and seventy-seven cases formerly treated at this institution have been analyzed in a report just issued by the Chicago Tuberculosis Institute. These cases were under observation for periods ranging from six months to three and a half years since their discharge from the institution.

Of 176 patients in the incipient stages of the disease, 161 are at present in possession of full working capacity; of ninety-one moderately advanced cases, 35.1 per cent. have full working power. The management of the Edward Sanatorium fully appreciates the fact that with the progress of time the ranks of the working ex-patients become reduced by the unavoidable or avoidable relapse of the disease. The significant fact stands out, however, very prominently, that arrest of the tuberculous process and restoration of working capacity go hand in hand in the treatment of incipient cases of tuberculosis.

The work of the Edward Sanatorium has drawn the attention of the Chicago community to the efficiency of sanatorium methods of dealing with tuberculosis. The results obtained at this institution led to the establishment of other private sanatoria, such as the Chicago-Winfield Sanatorium at Winfield, Illinois, under the auspices of the Associated Jewish Charities of Chicago and the Chicago Fresh Air Hospital. In a recent campaign for the Chicago Municipal Sanatorium, with its comprehensive provision for the tuberculous sufferer, the successful work of the Edward Sanatorium served as the main basis of appeal to the community.

An illustrated pamphlet and report of the institution can be obtained by writing to the Medical Director, Dr. Theodore B. Sachs, 100, State Street, Chicago, Illinois, U.S.A.

FRANK E. WING,
*Acting Superintendent of the Chicago
Tuberculosis Institute.*