

9. **MONOPTYGMA TENELLA**, A. Adams. *M. testâ ovato-turritâ, albâ, subpellucidâ, anfractibus quatuor, convexiusculis, transversim tenuiter striatâ; aperturâ ovali, labio subreflexo, plicâ obsoletâ instructo; labro dilatato, margine flexuoso incrassato et subreflexo.*

*Hab.* Philippine Islands. Mus. Cuming.

A small *Rissoa*-like shell, with only a faint indication of a plait on the columellar lip; the aperture dilated, and the outer lip expanded and slightly thickened anteriorly.

10. **MONOPTYGMA STYLINA**, A. Adams. *M. testâ subulatâ, in medio incrassato, albâ, subpellucidâ, anfractibus 9-12, planiusculis, transversim tenuiter sulcatâ, longitudinaliter substriatâ; aperturâ oblongâ, labio superne plicâ obliquâ instructo; labro, in medio, subrecto.*

*Hab.* Catuanan; Philippines. Mus. Cuming.

A remarkable white subulate shell, with the middle whorls, especially those near the apex, enlarged.

11. **MONOPTYGMA SUTURALIS**, A. Adams. *M. testâ subulato-turritâ, subumbilicatâ, albâ, nitidâ, subdiaphand, anfractibus septem planis, suturâ canaliculatâ, transversim sulcatâ, anfractu ultimo subsoluto, fasciis angustis, albo articulatis, ornatâ; aperturâ oblongo-ovalî, labio plicâ evanidâ instructo.*

*Hab.* Philippine Islands. Mus. Cuming.

A small white species, with the last whorl nearly free, and having the suture deeply channeled.

## 6. DESCRIPTIONS OF NEW SHELLS, FROM THE CUMINGIAN COLLECTION; WITH A NOTE ON THE GENUS NEMATURA.

By ARTHUR ADAMS, R.N., F.L.S. ETC.

- PYRAMIDELLA METULA**, A. Adams. *P. testâ subulatâ, turritâ, apice obtusiusculo, albidâ anfractibus decem planulatis, longitudinaliter costatâ, costis confertis æquantibus, interstitiis lineis transversis elevatis ornatâ; aperturâ ovali, labio incrassato, in medio plicâ unicâ instructo; labro margine subincrassato.*

*Hab.* Mizamis, Cagayan. Mus. Cuming.

A small elongated species, somewhat ressembling a *Rissoina*, with the intervals between the ribs finely cancellated, and the whorls very numerous.

- PYRAMIDELLA ACLIS**, A. Adams. *P. testâ subulatâ albâ nitidâ, anfractibus octo planiusculis longitudinaliter plicatâ, plicis æqualibus subconfertis, interstitiis lævibus; aperturâ semiovatâ, labio subincrassato plicâ unicâ munito; labro subdilatato.*

*Hab.* Philippines. Mus. Cuming.

This is a slender subulate species, likewise ressembling in appearance a *Rissoina*.

LACUNA CARINIFERA, A. Adams. *L. testá ovatá, spirá acuminatá, anfractibus quatuor, latè umbilicatá, fulvá, anfractu ultimo angulato, cariná transversá elevatá, rufo-fusco articulatá, ornato; aperturá semiovatá; labro acuto, angulato, labio recto, fissurá umbilicali elongatá.*

*Hab.* Borneo. Mus. Cuming.

The single prominent keel round the periphery of the last whorl is the principal feature of this species.

VELUTINA SITKENSIS, A. Adams. *V. testá nigro-fuscá, epidermide liris elevatis transversis confertis oblectá, longitudinaliter valdè sulcatá, sulcis subdistantibus; aperturá ovali, intus sulcatá; labro margine reflexo, nigro, incrassato; postice non-producto supra anfractum ultimum.*

*Hab.* Sitka. Mus. Cuming.

The dark brown colour and oval form distinguish this species from *V. lævigata*, which also has the outer lip arched and expanded posteriorly.

OTINA FUSCA, A. Adams. *O. testá magná, solidá, semiopacá, fuscá, sine epidermide, dorso convexá, longitudinaliter subplicatá, transversim tenuiter striatá, labio lato, plano, et excavato; labro recto, non reflexo aut expanso.*

*Hab.* Benguela. Mus. Cuming.

The large size of this species, and its convex form, distinguish it from *O. otis*, and its absence of bands, and the outer lip not being expanded, from *O. zonata*, Gould, the only two species at present known to me.

## 7. NOTE ON NEMATURA, BY A. ADAMS.

The genus *Nematura*, established by Mr. Benson, appears to have the closest affinity with *Bithynia* of Leach, but the horny operculum, with grooved margins, and the contraction of the aperture, will distinguish them. There appear to have been found at present but six species, three of them known, and three here indicated for the first time; in the rivers and streams of the East are doubtless many more; they are usually found adhering to the under surface of dead floating leaves.

1. NEMATURA DELTÆ, Benson. *N. testá magná, pallidè fulvá, globosá, lævi; aperturá orbiculari, peritremate simplici.*

Mus. Cuming.

2. NEMATURA MINIMA, Benson. *N. testá parvâ, corned, semi-pellucidâ, ovali, spirâ subproductâ; politâ, fasciis rufis sub-obsoletis ornatâ; aperturá orbiculari, peritremate simplici.*

Mus. Cuming.