East African Social Sciences and Humanities Publishing: A Handmade Bibliometrics Approach

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Overview Project Background Aim Facts on East Africa **Derivates** Bibliometrical Sub-project Aim Prerequisites & Method Preliminary Findings

Kenyatta University Library, Kenya
Photo: Book Aid International

Research Questions

Working title of PhD project: How International is Academic Knowledge Production? SSH in East Africa from a European Perspective

- ▶ How are semantics of "international" academia constituted?
- What role does this discourse play for scholarly communication?
- How is this discourse observed by "peripheral" researchers?
- → First, I need to know more about "peripheral" research!

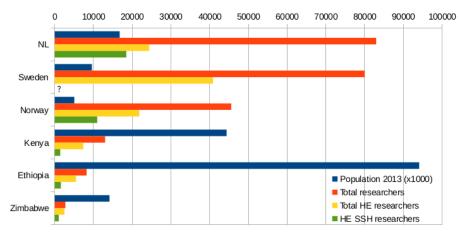
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Orientation: Eastern Africa (EA) and its SSH

- ▶ 19 countries (by UN def.)
- Mostly English official lang.
- ► ~25 research universities with SSH departments
- None is ranked by CWTS, ARWU, QS, or THE
- ▶ Population in 2013: 373M
- Compared to Northern + Western Europe: 292M



Few researchers?



Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics, http://data.uis.unesco.org, 11 May 2016.

Can we ignore this research?

No! Science studies ought to observe ...

- ... SSH emerging as (questioned) postcolonial phenomena
- ... consequences of destructive 1973-1999 World Bank policies
- ... implications of overseas funding (70-90%)
- ... the construction of researchers' identities-made difficult
- ... values and obstacles of local publishing infrastructure

Aim of Bibliometrical Sub-project

Description of:

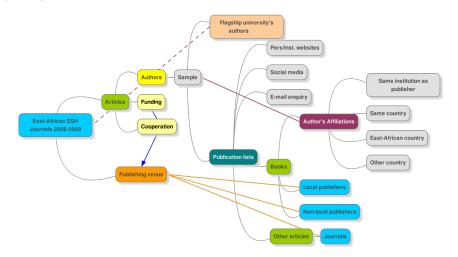
- Local "publishing landscape" for SSH basic research
- Distribution of respective authors
- Indexing situation
- Non-local publishing venues for EA authors
- Citation networks
- Publication strategies

Prerequisites

- Key medium: print journal (Smart and Murray 2014)
- Quarterly Index to African Periodical Literature (QIAPL)
- → Main data source; discontinued in 2011
 - African Citation Index (Nwagwu 2010) did not materialise
 - ▶ Badly indexed work *can* have citation impact (Tijssen 2007)

Prerequisites & Method

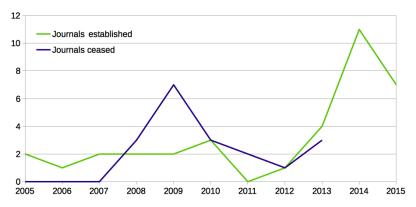
Workflow



Journal Selection

- Criteria: started after 2005; active 2008-2009; basic research
- QIAPL is the only source for article metadata
- ... but lists only $\frac{1}{5}$ of Ulrichsweb's filtered "Scholarly" journals
- 14 additional relevant journals found in QIAPL
- ightarrow Final selection of 26 journals (from 13 countries) of which ...
 - ▶ 5 are in Ulrichsweb, but not labelled "Scholarly"
 - ▶ 12 are labelled "Refereed/Peer-reviewed"
 - ▶ Only a third is actually active as described in Ulrichsweb
 - Access: 19 print-only, 4 AJOL, 2 OA, 1 MUSE

Journal dying during financial crisis – recent journal growth



Ceased journals from final selection of 26 (Ulrichsweb and QIAPL), compared to newly established journals according to Ulrichsweb, 95 journals filtered by discipline.

Indexing

- None listed in Web of Science or Scopus
- Google Scholar: Out of 376 articles, 49 cited
- ▶ 10 journals at some point indexed in ProQuest & EBSCO DB
- Often stopped because the journal paused
- Discontinuity can often be explained by political events

Concluding Remark

Bad coverage of the few East African SSH journals by main bibliographic databases

- → Manifestation of a hegemonic bias
- ightarrow Corresponding bias of research

Thank you for your attention!

Questions and comments welcome ...

References

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