

COVID-19 spike protein pathogenicity research library

Compiled by Dr. Martin Wucher, MSC Dent Sc (eq DDS), Erik Sass, et al.

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Last updated December 26, 2024. Corresponding author: eriksass@gmail.com

Originally part of the outer coat of the SARS-CoV2 virus, where it functions as a “key” to “unlock” (infect) cells, spike proteins are also produced in large amounts by the mRNA “vaccines,” triggering a short-lived immune response in the form of antibodies. However, a growing body of evidence has shown that the spike protein is harmful by itself, independent of the rest of the virus.

The following (I. Alphabetical List) collects over 300 (**n=320**) peer-reviewed scientific studies confirming that the spike protein is highly pathogenic on its own; most *in vitro* studies cited here used recombinant spike proteins or spike proteins in pseudoviral vectors, and produced pathological effects not reliant on the SARS-CoV2 viral machinery.

The second section (II. Categories) organizes the research into broad categories including affected tissues and organ systems, mechanisms, and evidence from clinical pathology. Because these areas overlap, many articles appear more than once in the second section.

This compilation originated with Dr. Wucher's contribution to [TOXIC SHOT: Facing the Dangers of the COVID "Vaccines,"](#) (Chapter 4: The Spike Protein Is Harmful By Itself).

*Please note a separate research collection of over 100 peer-reviewed papers (**n=130**) addresses mRNA “vaccine” biodistribution, persistence, and adjuvant toxicity here:*
<https://zenodo.org/records/14559625>

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II. CATEGORIES

- A. General/Overview (32)**
- B. ACE2 (19)**
- C. Amyloid, prion-like properties (12)**
- D. Autoimmune (7)**
- E. Blood pressure/hypertension (2)**
- F. CD147 (13)**
- G. Cell membrane permeability, barrier dysfunction (13)**
- H. Cerebral, cerebrovascular, neurologic, blood-brain barrier, cognitive (24)**
- I. Clinical pathology (22)**
- J. Clotting, platelets, hemoglobin (30)**
- K. Cytokines, chemokines, interferon, interleukins (27)**
- L. Endothelial (25)**
- M. Gastrointestinal (8)**
- N. Immune dysfunction (5)**
- O. Macrophages, monocytes, neutrophils (28)**
- P. MAPK/NF- κ B (10)**
- Q. Mast cells (3)**
- R. Microglia (6)**
- S. Microvascular (8)**
- T. MIS-C, pediatric (7)**
- U. Mitochondria/metabolism (9)**
- V. Myocarditis, cardiac, cardiomyopathy (22)**
- W. NLRP3 (15)**
- X. Ocular, ophthalmic, conjunctival (3)**
- Y. Other cell signaling (16)**
- Z. PASC, post COVID, long COVID (20)**
- AA. Pregnancy, fetal, placenta (7)**
- BB. Pulmonary, respiratory (28)**
- CC. Renin-Angiotensin-Aldosterone System (3)**
- DD. Senescence/aging (3)**
- EE. Stem cells (3)**
- FF. Syncytia/cell fusion (10)**
- GG. Therapeutics (37)**
- HH. Toll-like receptors (TLRs) (15)**

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C. Amyloid, prion-like properties

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D. Autoimmune

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