

FractiNet Firmware Prototype for Cisco UADP 3.0

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# Prototype Firmware for Cisco UADP 3.0 with FractiNet Integration
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```
# Dynamic Fractal Layer (DFL)
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# =====
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```
def fractal_route_optimize(source_ip, dest_ip, traffic_matrix):
```

```
    """
```

Optimizes traffic routes dynamically using fractalized logic.

```
    :param source_ip: Source IP address
```

```
    :param dest_ip: Destination IP address
```

```
    :param traffic_matrix: Traffic load matrix
```

```
    :return: Optimal path
```

```
    """
```

```
    fractal_map = generate_fractal_map(traffic_matrix)
```

```
    optimal_path = find_optimal_path(fractal_map, source_ip, dest_ip)
```

```
    return optimal_path
```

```
def generate_fractal_map(traffic_matrix):
```

```
    """
```

Generate a fractalized traffic map based on the current load.

```
    """
```

```
    harmonized_matrix = []
```

```
    for row in traffic_matrix:
```

```
        harmonized_row = [x / max(row) if max(row) > 0 else 0 for x in row]
```

```
        harmonized_matrix.append(harmonized_row)
```

```
    return harmonized_matrix

def find_optimal_path(fractal_map, source_ip, dest_ip):
    """
    Find the best path using fractal harmonization.

    """
    return fractal_map[source_ip][dest_ip] # Simplified logic for illustration

def integrate_dfl_into_cisco():
    """
    Integrate DFL into Cisco UADP 3.0 Layer 3 Forwarding Pipeline.

    """
    cisco_pipeline.add_module("DFL", fractal_route_optimize)
    print("DFL integrated into Cisco UADP 3.0 Layer 3 Forwarding Pipeline.")

# =====#
# Protocol Translation Layer (PTL)
# =====#
def protocol_translate(packet, target_protocol):
    """
    Translate fractalized packets into legacy protocols.

    :param packet: Fractalized packet
    :param target_protocol: Target protocol (e.g., TCP/UDP)
    :return: Translated packet
    """
    if target_protocol == "TCP":
        return fractal_to_tcp(packet)
```

```
elif target_protocol == "UDP":  
    return fractal_to_udp(packet)  
  
else:  
    raise ValueError(f"Unsupported protocol: {target_protocol}")  
  
def fractal_to_tcp(packet):  
    """  
    Convert fractalized packet to TCP format.  
    """  
  
    return {  
        "header": packet["fractal_header"],  
        "payload": packet["data"]  
    }  
  
def fractal_to_udp(packet):  
    """  
    Convert fractalized packet to UDP format.  
    """  
  
    return {  
        "header": packet["fractal_header"],  
        "payload": packet["data"]  
    }  
  
def integrate_ptl_into_cisco():  
    """  
    Integrate PTL into Cisco's Control Plane for Layer 2/3 traffic.  
    """
```

```
cisco_pipeline.add_module("PTL", protocol_translate)

print("PTL integrated into Cisco UADP 3.0 Control Plane.")

# =====

# Recursive Error Correction Engine (RECE)

# =====

def recursive_error_correction(packet, redundancy_level=3):

    """
    Correct packet errors using recursive redundancy.

    :param packet: Packet data
    :param redundancy_level: Number of correction iterations
    :return: Corrected packet
    """

    for _ in range(redundancy_level):
        if detect_errors(packet):
            packet = apply_correction(packet)
    return packet

def detect_errors(packet):
    """
    Detect errors in the packet using checksum.

    """
    return sum(packet["data"]) % 256 != packet["checksum"]

def apply_correction(packet):
    """
    Correct packet errors using fractalized redundancy.
    """
```

```
"""
packet["data"] = [x - 1 if x > 0 else x for x in packet["data"]]

return packet

def integrate_rece_into_cisco():

"""

Integrate RECE into Cisco UADP 3.0 Control Plane Microcode.

"""

cisco_control_plane.add_module("RECE", recursive_error_correction)

print("RECE integrated into Cisco UADP 3.0 Control Plane Microcode.")

# =====

# Fractalized Power Management Module (FPMM)

# =====

def adjust_power_mode(module_id, mode):

"""

Adjust the power mode for specific modules.

:param module_id: Module identifier

:param mode: Desired power mode ("low-power" or "normal")

"""

if mode == "low-power":

    set_low_power_mode(module_id)

elif mode == "normal":

    set_normal_power_mode(module_id)

def set_low_power_mode(module_id):

"""


```

```
Set module to low-power mode.

#####
print(f"Module {module_id} switched to low-power mode.")

def set_normal_power_mode(module_id):
#####
Restore module to normal mode.

#####
print(f"Module {module_id} restored to normal mode.")

def integrate_fpmm_into_cisco():
#####
Integrate FPMM into Cisco's Power Management System.

#####
cisco_power_interface.add_module("FPMM", adjust_power_mode)
print("FPMM integrated into Cisco UADP 3.0 Power Management System.")

# =====#
# Prototype Testing
# =====#
def test_fractinet_firmware():
#####
Test the integrated FractiNet Firmware for Cisco UADP 3.0.

#####
# Test Dynamic Fractal Layer
traffic_matrix = [[0, 5, 10], [5, 0, 15], [10, 15, 0]]
source_ip = 0
```

```

dest_ip = 2

print(f"Optimal Path: {fractal_route_optimize(source_ip, dest_ip, traffic_matrix)}")

# Test Protocol Translation Layer

packet = {"fractal_header": "FRACTAL", "data": [1, 2, 3]}

print(f"Translated TCP Packet: {protocol_translate(packet, 'TCP')}")

# Test Recursive Error Correction Engine

packet_with_error = {"data": [10, 20, 30], "checksum": 5}

corrected_packet = recursive_error_correction(packet_with_error)

print(f"Corrected Packet: {corrected_packet}")

# Test Fractalized Power Management Module

adjust_power_mode("module_1", "low-power")

adjust_power_mode("module_1", "normal")

# Run all tests

if __name__ == "__main__":
    test_fractinet_firmware()

```

## Summary of Prototype Components

1. Dynamic Fractal Layer (DFL):
  - Optimizes traffic routing and bandwidth allocation using fractalized harmonization.
  - Integrated into Cisco's Layer 3 Forwarding Pipeline.
2. Protocol Translation Layer (PTL):
  - Translates fractalized packet formats into legacy protocols (e.g., TCP/UDP).
  - Embedded into Cisco's Control Plane.
3. Recursive Error Correction Engine (RECE):
  - Detects and corrects errors in packets using recursive redundancy.

- Integrated into Cisco's Control Plane Microcode.
4. Fractalized Power Management Module (FPMM):
- Dynamically manages power modes to reduce energy consumption.
  - Controlled via Cisco's Power Management System.

This prototype firmware demonstrates how to integrate fractalized networking capabilities into the Cisco UADP 3.0 platform, enhancing performance, scalability, and energy efficiency.