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## ANALYSIS OF THE DEVELOPMENT STATE AND FACTORS OF THE SERVICE INDUSTRY IN THE REPUBLIC OF KARAKALPAKISTAN

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**Abstract:** At the current stage of the economic development of our country, high demands are placed on the quantity and quality of services. The implementation of the experience of leading foreign countries ensures the growth of demand for services. To increase economic efficiency in service enterprises, to create certain organizational and economic conditions to increase the quality and competitiveness of services by modernizing and diversifying modern branches of the industry, to increase the level of population employment, to form consumer demand for services and fully satisfy their needs, based on modern, digital technologies development of service networks is one of the important issues. Therefore, the article discusses the analysis and factors of the development of the service industry.

**Key words:** service, service provision, gross domestic product, resource base.

### **Introduction**

Development of the service sector of the Republic of Karakalpakstan is an important direction of achieving socio-economic stability. Because the need to develop enterprises and organizations in the service sector is directly related to the level of intensive development and is an important factor in solving the issues of the standard of living, quality and employment of the population.

According to the main indicators of the regional development of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, the volume of the gross regional product has stable growth dynamics and its growth rate in 2018 was 105.8%, and the growth rate in 2022 was 104.0%. According to the growth dynamics of the volume of total services in the region compared to last year, in 2018 it increased by 106.3%, and in 2022 this indicator increased by 106.0%. In this case, the volume of gross product in the

service sector had a tendency to grow regularly. The share of total services in the GNP in 2018 was 32.8%, and in 2022 it was 35.5%. In the Republic of Uzbekistan, this indicator was 41% in 2022.

### **Analysis of literature on the topic**

As a result of ensuring consumer welfare, the demand for various modern services is constantly growing. From this point of view, some service enterprises direct their activities to meet the needs of population groups in this category [1]; continuous supply of resources and optimal use of equipment; fifth, it allows resources to be concentrated in the most important areas [2]; it is necessary to make it possible to determine current directions in each region and economic sector of the country [3]; it is necessary to make it possible to determine current trends in each region and economic sector of the country [4]; Investment activity and the implemented investment policy cannot develop effectively separately from the macroeconomic system of the entire economy. Therefore, management decisions made at the level of state power must be coordinated with management structures at all levels and meet the requirements of individual sectors and areas of activity. Under such conditions, it is possible to achieve high indicators of socio-economic development not only on the scale of individual sectors and regional structures, but also on the scale of the entire country.

### **Research methodology**

Research, approaches, concepts were used as a theoretical and methodological basis conducted by modern foreign and our country's economists in the research work, and were studied aspects that were not sufficiently paid attention to by the scientists of our republic. In the research, methods were used such as systematic analysis, grouping, induction and deduction, statistical and comparative analysis, abstract-logical comparison.

### **Analysis and results**

The role and importance of the service sector in the economy is explained due to the flexibility of the sector to changes in external factors, the increase in domestic demand for many types of national products, low capital requirements, quick payback of the costs incurred in the sector, the impact on the stable development of the consumer market, and the relatively low cost of creating new jobs.

If we pay attention to the analysis of changes in the structure of employment in the economic sectors and sectors of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, this indicator has increased by 11.3% in 2017-2022. By 2022, the total number of jobs in the region will be 720.3 people. The number of jobs in agriculture, forestry and fisheries decreased by 4.4% during the analyzed periods. Transportation and storage of services (- 2.7%), information and communication services (- 23.1%), finance and insurance activities (-9.1%), real estate operations services (-46.2%). We can also observe a decrease in the share of jobs in the field of professional, scientific and technical activity (-7.4%). The industries with the fastest growing employment rate in the service sector are management activities and support services (145.7%), arts, entertainment and recreation (124.2%), public administration and defense, mandatory social security (121.6%), education (110.0%) can be cited (Table 1)

**Table 1**

**The number of people employed in economic sectors and fields in the Republic of Karakalpakstan (at the beginning of the year, thousand people)**

<i>Indicators</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2019</i>	<i>2021</i>	<i>2022</i>	<i>2017-2022 increase, %</i>
<b>Clauses - total:</b>	<b>647,2</b>	<b>705,2</b>	<b>711,3</b>	<b>702,7</b>	<b>720,3</b>	<b>111,3</b>
including:						
agriculture, forestry and fisheries	191,5	192,5	195,0	190,0	183,0	95,6
Industry	61,3	60,7	64,1	63,3	64,8	105,7
Construction	60,3	59,5	67,2	68,6	73,1	121,2
Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	70,7	71,5	72,8	75,2	79,2	112,0
Transport and storage	33,7	33,9	32,9	33,4	32,8	97,3
Accommodation and dining services	12,7	12,8	12,7	12,9	13,5	106,3
Information and communication	2,6	2,7	2,5	2,1	2,0	76,9
Finance and insurance activities	3,3	3,5	3,4	3,2	3,0	90,9
Real estate transactions	2,6	1,7	1,5	1,4	1,4	53,8
Professional, scientific and technical activity	5,4	5,5	5,8	4,8	5,0	92,6
Management activities and provision of support services	3,5	3,4	3,8	5,1	5,1	145,7
State administration and defense, compulsory social security	30,1	33,7	34,1	35,4	36,6	121,6
Education	76,1	76,2	76,5	79,9	83,7	110,0
Provision of health and social services	31,2	31,3	31,3	31,9	33,0	105,8
Arts, entertainment and recreation	3,3	3,3	3,5	3,9	4,1	124,2
Provision of other types of services	58,9	113,1	104,2	91,4	100,1	169,9

The resource base is a necessary condition for the efficiency and continuous operation of service industry enterprises, because the timely and completeness of the activity, the growth of labor productivity and the possibility of applying innovative methods of economic management increase, and this process is directly related to the provision of resources and their effective use. The resource base is embodied, firstly, as a source of optimal strategy formation, secondly, as a factor influencing the external environment of the enterprise, and thirdly, as a factor determining the direction of the enterprise's actions. Pooling resources: first, to improve the professional composition of employees; secondly, improving management

technologies tested in a separate business unit; third, covering a large share of the market; fourth, continuous supply of resources and optimal use of equipment; fifth, it allows to concentrate resources in the most important areas.

Currently, in the process of solving existing financial problems, the volumes of production and product realization, the limits of commodity flows are determined independently. In the future, it is reasonable to develop targeted state programs to reduce the negative trends of development in this direction. At the same time, in our opinion, a coordinating organizational structure should be established and it should allow the formation of a single legal, information-analytical, organizational, investment environment in our country and determine the current trends in each region and economic sector of the country.

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## XIZMAT KO'RSATISH KORXONALARIDA SERVIS FAOLIYATI SAMARADORLIGINI IFODALOVCHI KO'RSATKICHLAR TAHLILI

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**Annotatsiya:** Hozirgi vaqtda innovatsion iqtisodiyotning muhim omili sifatni ta'minlash orqali xizmatlar raqobatbardoshligini ta'minlash hamda ishlab chiqarish kuchlarini mutanosib rivojlantirish, inson kapitaliga e'tiborni qaratish hisoblanadi. Xizmat ko'rsatish korxonalarida resurslardan samarali foydalanish, yaratilgan mahsulotlar va xizmatlar eksportini oshirish orqali iqtisodiy samaradorlikni ta'minlash ko'rsatkichlari va omillarini tahlil etish xizmat ko'rsatish natijalariga baho berish va xulosalar chiqarish imkonini beradi.

**Kalit so'zlar:** xizmat ko'rsatish, samaradorlik, rentabellik, fondlar qaytimi

**Kirish.** Zamonaviy axborot va innovatsion texnologiyalar keng miqyosda ommalashayotgan hozirgi davrda jahon hamjamiyatining rivojlanishi shunday