

## RECORDING CHUK111015A

8) It cannot be said bej lamba? wabale. NEVER!

WA NEVER WITH PAST. Khispi will say WABA, WABALE. DUYU WABA. Duh. ONG. WOJ WADEQ is said, e.g. if u see a small child walk for the first time u can see he/she is walking. it is new information that you see. for the first time.

Can wa be used in a past reference e.g. I went yesterday go? dejju waba. Or only with future? What about present woj wade?/ga wade?? It seems only in future reference.

But ?oŋ can also be used in future reference. In a future reference, then, what is the difference between wa and ?oŋ?

If a monkey comes from the forest to eat maize, I chase it away, it returns to the forest, how is it in three hypothetical situations, yesterday, now, tomorrow: inj mungai zala unmala, dzingi k<sup>h</sup>onji, jumpi boranga dinmala. dejju munnangloq shadong hin lonnyi, goq turda, dapda munnangkho yahajba ONGNYI.

oma mungai zala unla, dzingi k<sup>h</sup>onji, jumpi boranga dinla.

hoko munnangloq shadong hin phetnyi, goq turdeq, dapda munnangkho ongdeq. \*wadeq.

ŋamtɕ<sup>h</sup>a mungai zala unjila, dzingi k<sup>h</sup>onji, jumpi boranga didu.

ongtheq. \*watheq.

war adang wabaqya/ongbaqya? war monkha watheq/ongtheq.

ONG = GO past present future

WA = WALK, MOVE. garikhoq wabaq. chutshe wadeq = clock (wijzer) walks. present and future.

WA PAST ALSO: ochikho jangshiki hin walong, waq leyta beq. if going to forest, and see the footprint, conclude that an animal had walked. WA is more for WALK.

\*WANYI. → ONGNYI.

Mostly with walk.

Does the difference have anything to do with the home of the speaker?

I.e. someone A lives in Tsangpa. On the way from Khamkhar to home, at Jagarbasti, he meets someone B from Jagarbasti. What does B ask and what does A answer. nang hako/hata ongda ya? nan oga dinyi ya? (K a ongda?) where did you go? ga khamkharkho ongda \*wada (K same). I came to Khamkhar. ho hako wabaq? (K soko awaba?) where are you going now. ga tsangpakho wabaq (K same). I am going to tsangpa. nang haloq londa? (K alo unda) where did you come from. ga khamkharkloq londa (K ge (look there) ngangmaloq unda).

On the way from Tsangpa to Khamkhar A meets the same person B, now what does he ask and answer? nang hako wabaq (where u go). ga khamkharkho wabaq.

What does B ask if he meets an unknown person A and he doesn't know where that person lives? And does what A answer depends on where he lives? nang haloq londa (where did you come from). ga samtukho wabaq (samtupa be tsen). even if he is from Khispi then ga samtukho waba.

How do you ask 'where did you go yesterday' if you know i.e. not know where that person lives? How is this picture for Khispi? nang deyyu hako ongda ya?