https://bit.ly/AI_BCN2024

Al Snippets for Language Learning: Practical Ideas for Language Educators

Boris Vazquez-Calvo

University of Málaga, Spain

Email: <u>bvazquezcalvo@uma.es</u>

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes

Supported by Project TED2021-129984A-100 funded by:

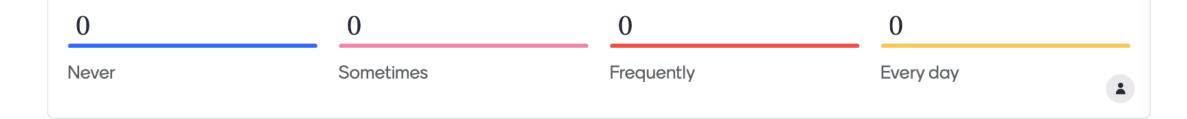








How often have you used an AI tool like ChatGPT or Grammarly in teaching or learning?



At the end of this session, you'll be able to

01

O1: Understand how Al tools enhance oral and written language skills.

02

O2: Develop abilities to integrate Al into interactive and communicative tasks.

03

O3: Explore AI tools for designing teaching materials and supporting research. 04

O4: Reflect on ethical concerns related to AI, including data privacy and algorithmic bias.

05

O5: Equip participants with AI tools to support self-regulated learning in language education.

How AI fosters selfregulated learning

AI tools enable self-regulated learning by offering immediate feedback, personalized practice, and a structured approach to planning and reviewing, allowing students like Carlos to independently manage their learning journey.



Start: Carlos identifies a writing issue (e.g., academic tone)

End: Carlos sets a new, higher-level goal (e.g., "Improve cohesion between paragraphs"). Step 1: Carlos sets a specific goal (e.g., "Improve my thesis statements")

Step 4: Carlos reflects on the feedback and makes revisions **Step 2:** Carlos uses ChatGPT to practice writing

Step 3: Al provides immediate feedback

Join at menti.com | use code 8872 3152

Think of a moment when you or your students had to rely on self-regulation in language learning. What strategies did you use? Share your experiences



0

🔰 Menti

Account

 \mathcal{O}

Content

Ĥ

Design

 \odot

Settings

From teacher-centered to student-centered learning with teacher and AI assistance

Real-time feedback on pronunciation through AI tools



AI for interactive listening and transcription

1. Open this YouTube video and wait to play: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fbQ3LGoFa Lc

2. Open Otter.ai and click on Record, stop recording

3. Play the YouTube video for a couple of minutes

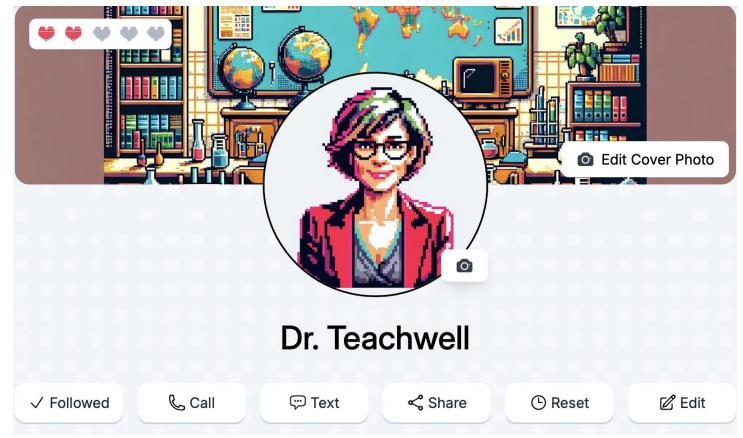
4. Besides the full transcript, mostly accurate, you'll be able to:

Summarize key points Ask questions about the content Etc.



https://otter.ai/

If you don't care about feedback, and you want only to practice your oral interaction skills, why not call...?



https://ai.town/characters/d7089f7f-2887-4ec8-a810-886759747ff8



Moving onto the written language

Do you agree?

Is literature dead?

Do we need to reconsider what authorship is?

Al as your assistant for writing refinement (language and content)

🕍 Mentimeter

How do you think Al can help with your writing? Use verbs or Be [adjective]

b focus bold Creative fast transpiration

AI can help with



Prewriting

1. Idea generation: Al suggests topics, themes, and outlines.

2. Research assistance: Provides background info and key references.

3. Structuring: Organizes thoughts and creates detailed outlines.

Drafting

4. Content creation: Generates initial drafts or expands on prompts.

5. Rephrasing: Simplifies complex sentences and adjusts tone. "

Revising

6. Grammar & style: Identifies errors and offers stylistic changes.

7. Summarization: Condenses lengthy sections for clarity.

8. Feedback: Provides critique on flow, coherence, and argument strength.



Editing

9. Citations & references: Formats citations and ensures accuracy.

10. Translation: Translates drafts and ensures multilingual consistency.



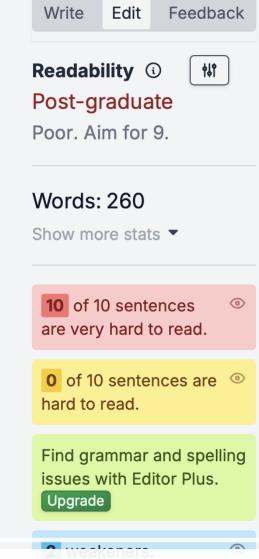
Publishing

11. Transcription: Converts voice recordings to text for written formats.

12. Final review: Ensures readability and consistency for publishing. In recent years, the rapid advancement of artificial intelligence (AI) technologies has spurred a plethora of discussions surrounding its potential impact on various sectors, ranging from healthcare to education and even entertainment. Proponents of AI argue that these technologies possess the capacity to revolutionize industries by enhancing efficiency, reducing human error, and fostering innovation. For instance, in the field of medicine, AI algorithms can analyze complex datasets to predict patient outcomes with remarkable accuracy, thereby assisting clinicians in making more informed decisions. Similarly, in education, AI-driven platforms can offer personalized learning experiences, adapting to individual student needs and providing tailored feedback in real time.

However, despite the myriad of potential benefits, there are significant concerns that warrant careful consideration. Critics often highlight issues related to privacy, data security, and the ethical implications of deploying AI in sensitive domains. The use of AI in surveillance, for example, has raised alarms about the erosion of civil liberties, while the possibility of algorithmic biases perpetuating existing social inequalities is a topic of ongoing debate. Moreover, there is a growing apprehension that an overreliance on AI could lead to job displacement, as automation encroaches on roles traditionally performed by humans.

Therefore, as society grapples with the challenges and opportunities presented by these



Check readability with https://hemingwayapp.com

of AI in a manner that benefits all stakeholders without compromising fundamental human

values.

3 words with simpler **alternatives**.

The implementation of co-teaching

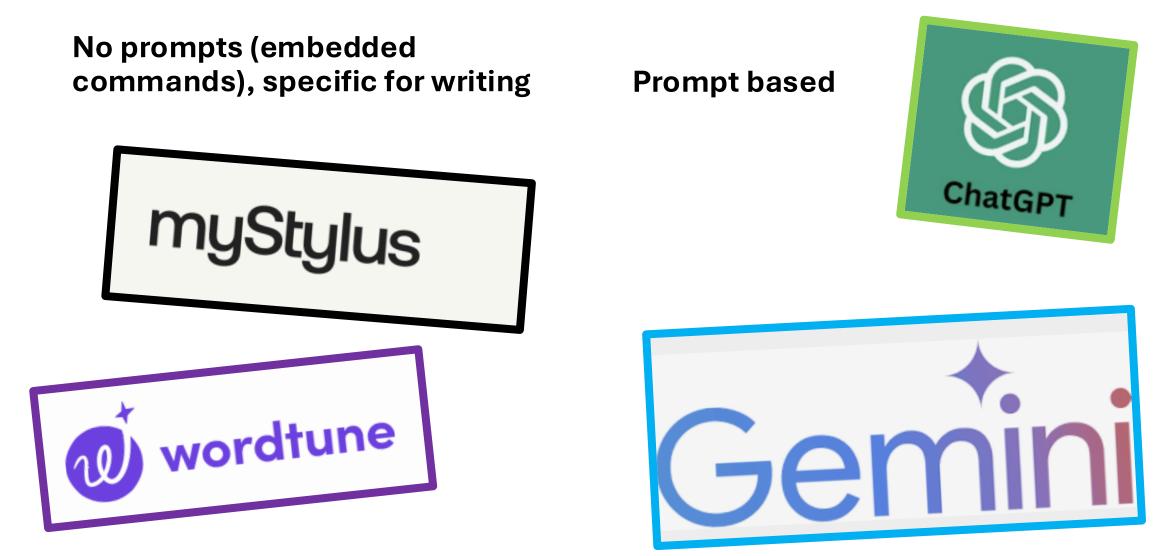
The implementation of co-teaching models in educational settings requires a nuanced understanding of the interplay between pedagogical strategies, interpersonal dynamics, and institutional frameworks. Successful co-teaching depends on the ability of educators to integrate their expertise, communicate effectively, and negotiate shared responsibilities. However, challenges such as conflicting teaching philosophies, varying levels of content knowledge, and differences in classroom management styles can create friction and hinder collaboration. Additionally, systemic constraints—such as inadequate administrative support, lack of planning time, and rigid curriculum structures—further complicate the adoption of co-teaching practices. While proponents argue that co-teaching fosters a more inclusive learning environment by leveraging diverse instructional approaches and catering to a broader range of student needs, critics highlight the potential for co-teaching to become superficial if not properly implemented. For instance, if roles are not clearly defined, one teacher may take on a passive role, resulting in an imbalance that diminishes the value of the co-teaching partnership. Consequently, it is crucial to establish a framework that facilitates continuous professional development, encourages reflective practice, and promotes a culture of mutual respect and shared leadership. Only through such intentional efforts can co-teaching fulfill its promise of enhancing student outcomes and enriching the professional growth of educators.

Mentimeter

Do you think the paragraph needs work with...

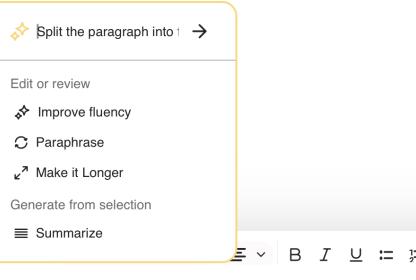


Let's work on the language for now



Prompt: Split the paragraph into four comprehensible academic paragraphs

The implementation of co-teaching models in educational settings requires a nuanced understanding of the interplay between pedagogical strategies, interpersonal dynamics, and institutional frameworks. Successful co-teaching depends on the ability of educators to integrate their expertise, communicate effectively, and negotiate shared responsibilities. However, challenges such as conflicting teaching philosophies, varying levels of content knowledge, and differences in classroom management styles can create friction and hinder collaboration. Additionally, systemic constraints—such as inadequate administrative support, lack of planning time, and rigid curriculum structures—further complicate the adoption of co-teaching practices. While proponents argue that co-teaching fosters a more inclusive learning environment by leveraging diverse instructional approaches and catering to a broader range of student needs, critics highlight the potential for co-teaching to become superficial if not properly implemented. For instance, if roles are not clearly defined, one teacher may take on a passive role, resulting in an imbalance that diminishes the value of the co-teaching partnership. Consequently, it is crucial to establish a framework that facilitates continuous professional development, encourages reflective practice, and promotes a culture of mutual respect and shared leadership. Only through such intentional efforts can co-teaching fulfill its promise of enhancing student outcomes and enriching the professional growth of educators.



myStylus

The implementation of co-teaching models in educational settings requires a nuanced understanding of the interplay between pedagogical strategies, interpersonal dynamics, and institutional frameworks. Successful co-teaching depends on the ability of educators to integrate their expertise, communicate effectively, and negotiate shared responsibilities. However, challenges such as conflicting teaching philosophies, varying levels of content knowledge, and differences in classroom management styles can create friction and hinder collaboration.

Additionally, systemic constraints—such as inadequate administrative support, lack of planning time, and rigid curriculum structures—further complicate the adoption of co-teaching practices. While proponents argue that co-teaching fosters a more inclusive learning environment by leveraging diverse instructional approaches and catering to a broader range of student needs, critics highlight the potential for co-teaching to become superficial if not properly mplemented.

For instance, if roles are not clearly defined, one teacher may take on a passive role, resulting in an imbalance that diminishes the value of the co-teaching partnership. Consequently, it is crucial to establish a framework that facilitates continuous professional development, encourages reflective practice, and promotes a culture of mutual respect and shared leadership.

Only through such intentional efforts can co-teaching fulfill its promise of enhancing student outcomes and enriching the professional growth of educators.

myStylus Result

ChatGPT: Contextual prompt

Prompt: act as if you are a very experienced professor in academic writing, and wait for my instruction

highlight problematic instances in the original text in bold



ChatGPT:

Action

prompt

Here is the original text with the problematic instances highlighted in **bold**:

The implementation of co-teaching models in educational settings requires a nuanced understanding of the interplay between pedagogical strategies, interpersonal dynamics, and institutional frameworks. Successful co-teaching depends on the ability of educators to integrate their expertise, communicate effectively, and negotiate shared responsibilities. However, challenges such as conflicting teaching philosophies, varying levels of content knowledge, and differences in classroom management styles can create friction and hinder collaboration. Additionally, systemic constraints—such as inadequate administrative support, lack of planning time, and rigid curriculum structures—further complicate the adoption of co-teaching practices. While proponents argue that co-teaching **fosters a more inclusive learning environment by** leveraging diverse instructional approaches and catering to a broader range of student needs, critics highlight the potential for co-teaching to become superficial if not properly implemented. For instance, if roles are not clearly defined, one teacher may take on a passive role, resulting in an imbalance that diminishes the value of the co-teaching partnership. Consequently, it is crucial to establish a framework that facilitates continuous professional development, encourages reflective practice, and promotes a culture (\downarrow) utual respect and shared leadership. Only through such intentional efforts can co-teaching fulfill its promise of enhancing student outcomes and

Highlighted Problematic Instances:

- 1. **"nuanced understanding of the interplay between"**: This phrase is somewhat verbose. It could be streamlined to improve readability.
- "conflicting teaching philosophies, varying levels of content knowledge, and differences in classroom management styles": These terms could benefit from further elaboration or examples to clarify what specific conflicts or differences are being referred to.
- "inadequate administrative support, lack of planning time, and rigid curriculum structures": Similarly, these challenges should be supported with examples or contextual details.
- "fosters a more inclusive learning environment by leveraging diverse instructional approaches and catering to a broader range of student needs": This phrase is wordy and can be simplified to convey the message more directly.
- 5. **"superficial if not properly implemented"**: The term "superficial" requires additional explanation to clarify its meaning in the context of co-teaching.
- "if roles are not clearly defined, one teacher may take on a passive role, resulting in an imbalance that diminishes the value of the co-teaching partnership": This sentence is long and contains multiple ideas. It could be restructured or divided for clarity.
- 7. **"intentional efforts can co-teaching fulfill its promise"**: The phrase "fulfill its promise" is somewhat vague. Consider specifying what the promise is more concretely.

By addressing these highlighted areas, the \checkmark all clarity, precision, and effectiveness of the text will be enhanced.

(G) Here's the revised version of the text, addressing all the highlighted issues:

The implementation of co-teaching models in educational settings requires a comprehensive understanding of the relationships between pedagogical strategies, interpersonal dynamics, and institutional frameworks. Successful co-teaching relies on educators effectively integrating their expertise, communicating clearly, and negotiating shared responsibilities. However, challenges such as differing teaching philosophies, uneven content knowledge, and varying classroom management styles can create friction and hinder collaboration. Additionally, systemic barriers—including limited administrative support, insufficient planning time, and inflexible curriculum structures—complicate the adoption of co-teaching practices.

Proponents argue that co-teaching creates a more inclusive learning environment by drawing on diverse instructional approaches and meeting a broader range of student needs. However, critics caution that co-teaching can become fragmented or unbalanced if not properly implemented. For example, when roles are not clearly defined, one teacher may adopt a passive role, which can undermine the effectiveness of the co-teaching partnership. Therefore, it is essential to establish a framework that facilitates ongoing professional development, encourages reflective practice, and fosters a culture of mutual respect and shared leadership. Only through such intentional planning and collaboration can co-teaching enhance student outcomes and contribute meaningfully to the professional growth of educators.

Al for materials creation and customization

e

Step 1. Use ChatGPT (or Gemini) to compose simple lyrics for an English learning song. Watch out for the prompt!



Step 2. Copy the lyrics and use Suno.ai to generate a melody and audio file for the song. Watch out for the melody, style, tempo, etc.!



Step 3. Play the song and demonstrate how the audio can be used in class for listening and singing activities.

A song sample w/ChatGPT

Title: "Count to Ten!"

Verse 1:

One, two, three, four, five, Counting numbers, come alive! Six, seven, eight, nine, ten, Let's count them all again!

Chorus:

One and two, three and four, Let's count numbers, more and more! Five and six, seven, eight, Nine and ten — isn't this great?

Verse 2:

One, two, three, four, five, Count with me, it's no jive! Six, seven, eight, nine, ten, Great job! You did it, friend!

Chorus:

One and two, three and four, Let's count numbers, more and more! Five and six, seven, eight, Nine and ten — isn't this great?

PROMPT: I'm teaching 6-year-old Spanish-speaking children to count from 1 to 10 in English. I need a simple and catchy song that rhymes and uses repetition to help them learn. The lyrics should be fun and easy to sing, with a basic structure of verses and a chorus. Move onto Suno.ai, Custom mode

🔵 Custom 🏾 🗘 Upload Audio 🛛 v3.5 🗸		Verse 1: v3.5 Create a cheerful and catchy melody for a children's song											
	1:39	Extend		ic O		4	1¢						
yrics ? Instrumental		Verse 1:											
Verse 1:				d catchy me	lody for	a child	ren's se						
One, two, three, four, five, Counting numbers, come alive!	1:16	Extend	Publ	ic 💽		•	T						
Six, seven, eight, nine, ten,													
Let's count them all again!													
Chorus:													
One and two, three and four,													
Let's count numbers, more and more!													
Write About Verse 1: One													
While About: Verse I. One 524 / 3000													
etyle of Music 😧 Exclude Styles @													
Create a cheerful and catchy melody for a													
children's song - upbeat and playful easy to													
sing along.													
98 / 120													
samba folk metal disco polo drain													
Norma d													
Verse 1: DarkPrelude628 00:27 / 01:16				ŝ					•	7	Ċ	:	4 »)

"Count to Ten!"

https://suno.com/song/ba7caf97-2afe-468f-9169-1cf3f1cc9d3c



Create a cheerful and catchy m...

Verse 1:

One, two, three, four, five, Counting numbers, come alive! Six, seven, eight, nine, ten, Let's count them all again! Chorus:

SUNO

Join at menti.com | use code 8872 3152

Besides sing along, what else can you do with the Count to Ten song or any other Al-generated song

All responses to your question will be shown here

Each response can be up to 200 characters long

Turn on voting to let participants vote for their favorites



Account

Menti

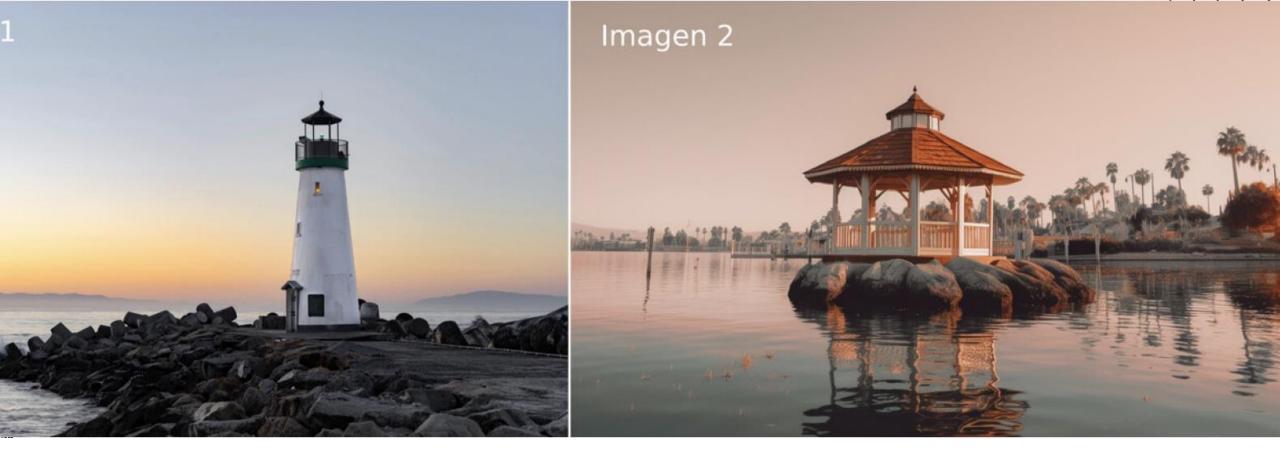


Settings



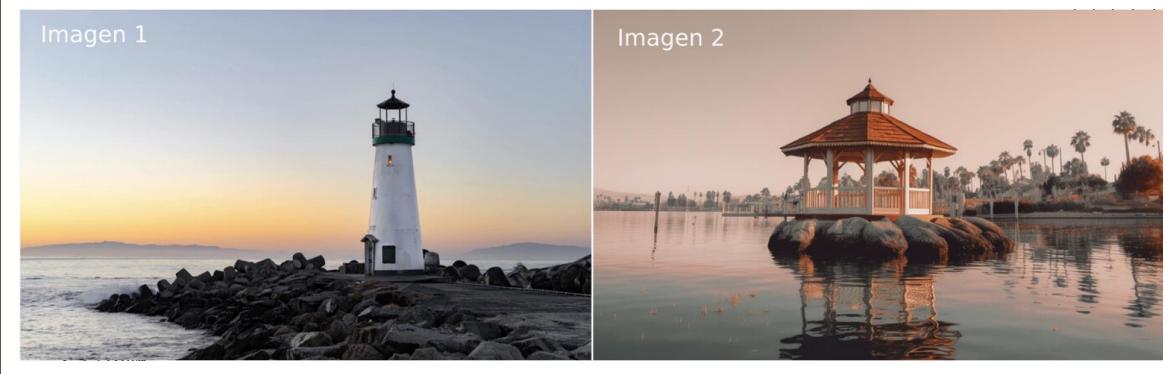
Now, the final touch... create an accompanying image for your song using DeepAl or any other you like

Prompt: Create an image to accompany a song for kids on learning how to count to 10, make it anime-like



All this seems like fun and games, but... can you guess what's real and what's not?













Ethical considerations

Balancing the benefits of AI with responsible and fair usage

Data privacy and security	Transparency and consent					
Algorithmic bias	Dependence and over-reliance					
Fairness and inclusivity	Ethical feedback					
Misuse and misrepresentation	Long-term impact					

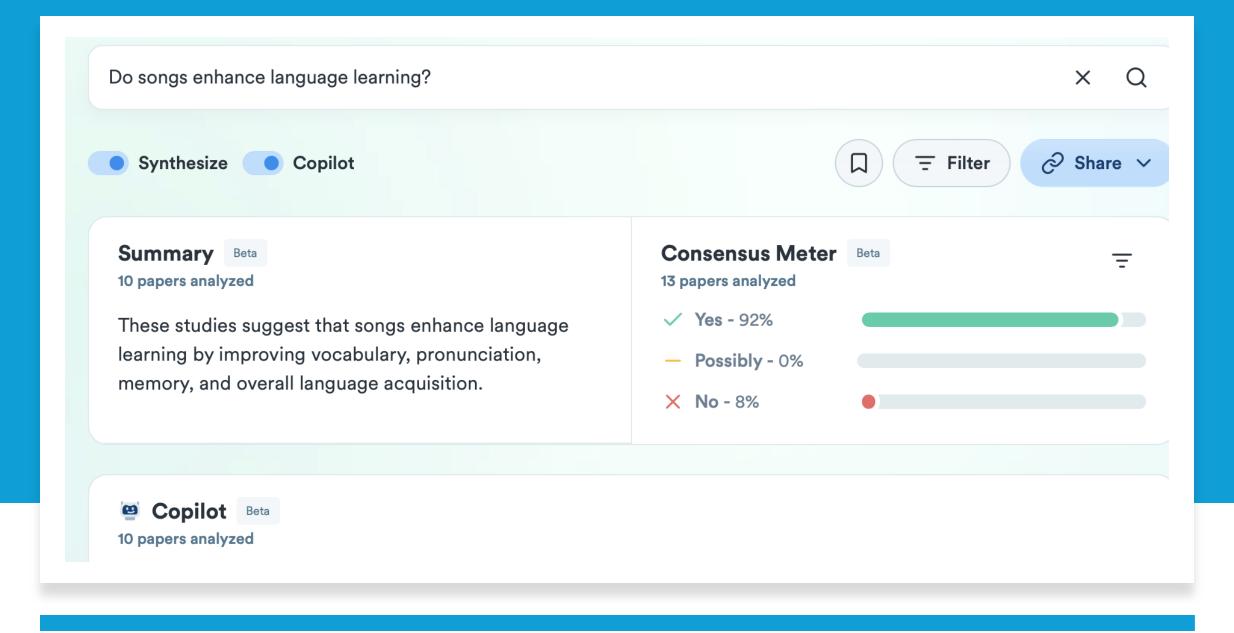
Bonus track for research: Consensus+ChatPDF



Find the best science, faster.

Chat with any PDF

Join millions of students, researchers and professionals to instantly answer questions and understand research with AI



Do songs enhance language learning?

\leftarrow Do songs enhance language learning?

\star Answer

Songs were least effective in enhancing EFL vocabulary acquisition for preschool children aged two and three years old.

G

X

Q

Songs, stories, and vocabulary acquisition in preschool learners of English as a foreign language

Sara Albaladejo Albaladejo, Yvette Coyle, J. Larios · Aug 1, 2018

אָר Cite □ Save

11 Share

58 4 Citations Influential Citations (i)

System

Q1 SJR score

🖸 Full text

🔸 Key takeaway

Listening to stories is the most effective method for preschool children learning English as a foreign language, while songs are less effective.

Abstract

Abstract Songs and stories are regarded as popular and effective resources in the preschool classroom, but questions remain as to what effect each has on incidental vocabulary acquisition when Spanish preschool children learn English as a foreign language (EFL). This study investigates the effects that listening to stories, songs and the combination of both have on EFL vocabulary growth. One group of children (N = 17) aged two and three years old were exposed to 15 target words embedded in one story, one song, and the combination of a story and a song. Descriptive measures were employed, as well as a one-way repeated measures ANOVA test with Time and

I-s2.0-S0346251X17302245-... − つ + 1 /13 kg Q

Chat

are songs beneficial for language learning?



Songs, stories, and vocabulary acquisition in preschool learners of English as a foreign language



Sara Albaladejo Albaladejo^{*}, Yvette Coyle, Julio Roca de Larios Faculty of Education, University of Murcia, Espinardo University Campus, 30100, Murcia, Spain

 A R T I C L E I N F O
 A B S T R A C T

 Article history:
 Songs and stories ar

 Available online 22 May 2018
 Songs and stories ar

 Keywords:
 investigates the effectives

 Stories
 EFL vocabulary grow

 EFL
 exposed to 15 targe

 Behaviour
 measures ANOVA te

 Preschool children
 were also conductee

Songs and stories are regarded as popular and effective resources in the preschool classroom, but questions remain as to what effect each has on incidental vocabulary acquisition when Spanish preschool children learn English as a foreign language (EFL). This study investigates the effects that listening to stories, songs and the combination of both have on EFL vocabulary growth. One group of children (N = 17) aged two and three years old were exposed to 15 target words embedded in one story, one song, and the combination of a story and a song. Descriptive measures were employed, as well as a one-way repeated measures ANOVA test with Time and Condition as intra-subject factors; video recordings were also conducted in order to check for behavioural learning patterns. Results indicate that the Story condition yielded the highest scores, while the Song condition was the least effective. Implications are taken into consideration for content planning and incidental vocabulary learning in preschool EFL contexts.

© 2018 Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

1. Introduction

Vocabulary has been recognized as one of the most important components of language proficiency (Carter & Mc Carthy, 2014). In fostering lexical knowledge, two teaching strategies have been found to assist language development: direct and incidental instruction. Direct instruction focuses attention on the target item through instructional techniques while incidental vocabulary learning involves exposure to words embedded in a meaningful context (Penno, Wilkinson, & Moore, 2002).

At preschool level, a second language (L2) is experienced through activities that are engaging and fun, and learning is enhanced by kinesthesis and the association of words with actions. Two widely acknowledged resources that meet these prerequisites and which are believed to facilitate vocabulary gains in preschool children are songs and storytelling (Cameron, 2001; Murphey, 1992). The present study focuses on foreign language (FL) vocabulary acquisition through songs, stories, and the combination thereof, as well as individual observable behaviour in monolingual Spanish children aged 2–3 years old with minimal English experience.

Corresponding author.
 E-mail addresses: sara.albaladejo@um.es (S. Albaladejo Albaladejo), ycoyle@um.es (Y. Coyle), jrl@um.es (J.R. de Larios).

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.system.2018.05.002 0346-251X/© 2018 Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved. The study indicates that while songs are often regarded as beneficial for language learning, their effectiveness can vary based on several factors, including the age of the learners and the context in which they are used. Specifically, the research found that:

- 1. **Mixed Results**: Although songs are believed to facilitate vocabulary retention due to their melodic and rhythmic qualities, the study showed that the song condition did not yield significant word recall among preschool learners. This contrasts with some previous literature that suggests songs can enhance memory retention through affective engagement 9.
- Distraction Factors: It was noted that actions, gestures, and the pace of the songs might distract children from focusing on the meanings of the words, potentially hindering vocabulary acquisition
- 3. **Comparison with Stories**: The study found that stories were more effective than songs for vocabulary acquisition in preschool EFL learners. This suggests that while songs have potential, they may not be as effective as storytelling in promoting language learning in young children **1**, **9**.

In summary, while songs can be a fun and engaging tool for language learning, their effectiveness may depend on how they are implemented and the specific learning context. Further research is needed to fully understand their role in vocabulary acquisition for different age groups and settings.

AI: Empowering Learning, Amplifying Teaching

Al for all language skills

•Supports reading, writing, speaking, listening, and interacting, providing diverse opportunities for skill development.

Al for materials, planning, and research

•Assists in designing learning materials, organizing classroom planning, and streamlining research efforts.

Importance of prompt literacy

•Understanding how to create effective prompts is crucial for utilizing AI's full potential and ensuring meaningful outcomes.

Skills development

•As learners and teachers, developing strong metacognitive and selfregulated learning (SRL) skills, along with discipline-specific knowledge, is essential to ensure Al serves as an *assistant*, not a *replacement*.

Share one step you'll take tomorrow to make AI a meaningful part of your educational journey.

All responses to your question will be shown here

Each response can be up to 200 characters long

Turn on voting to let participants vote for their favorites



BV

Account

 \mathcal{O}

Content

Ment

Settings

?



Al is our tool, but our creativity and passion are what make the difference.

