

# Strong Field Trident Pair-Production

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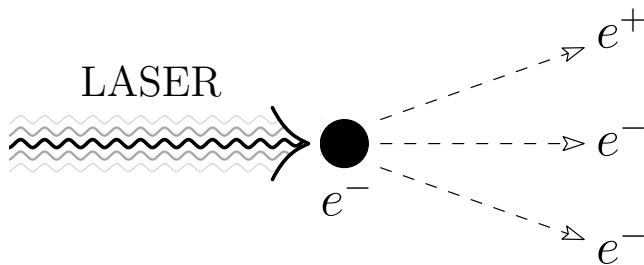
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EUCALL Workshop  
Theory and Simulations of Photon-Matter Interaction  
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# Introduction

Definition: trident process



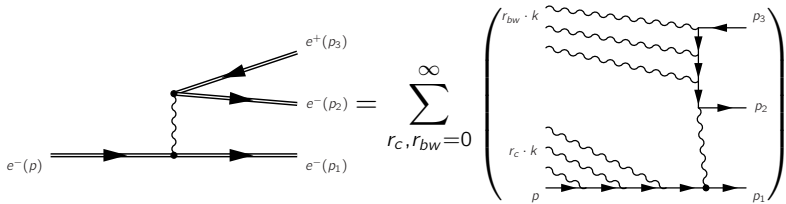
# Introduction

## Why is trident interesting?

- first experimental access → testing multi-photon QED (Burke et al., E-144; 1997)
- complementary to decay of the quantum vacuum
- first step in seeded QED cascades with full quantum interferences
- pure QED background for dark sector discovery potential

# Strong-field trident

## Furry-Feynman-Diagram:



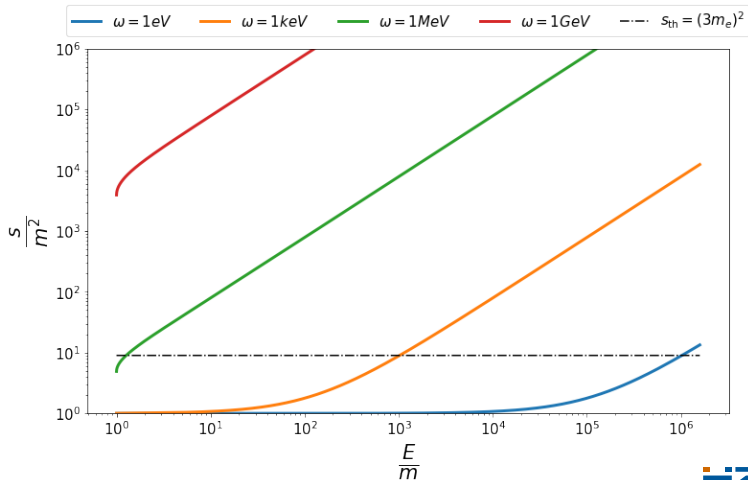
(Hu, Müller, Keitel; 2010)  
 (Ilderton; 2011)  
 (King, Ruhl; 2013)

(Dinu, Torgrimsson; 2017)  
 (King, Fodotov; 2018)  
 (Mackenroth, Di Piazza; 2018)

# Strong-field trident

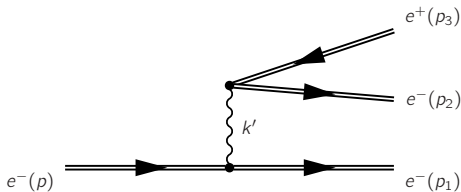
heads-on collision

$$s = (k + p)^2$$



# Strong-field trident

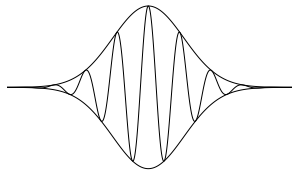
## Setup



background field:

$$A^\mu(\varphi) = \cos(\varphi)g(\varphi)a^\mu$$

$$\text{with } a^\mu a_\mu = -\frac{m^2 a_0^2}{e^2}$$

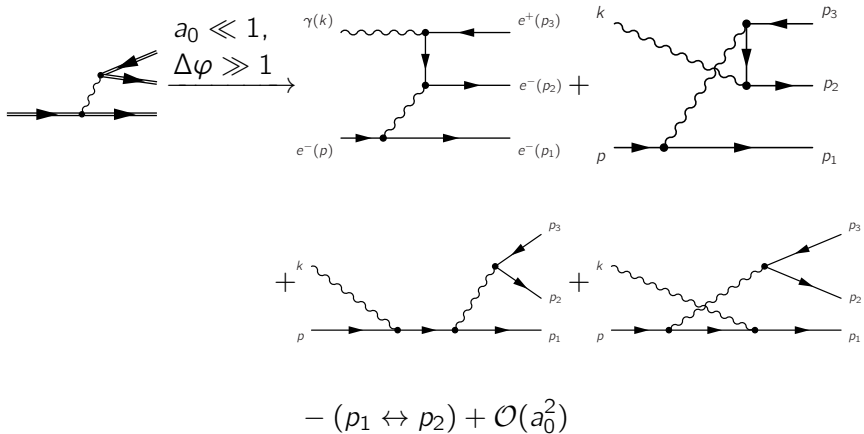


virtual photon:

$$k'^2 = (p - p_1 + r_c \cdot k)^2 = (p_2 + p_3 - r_{bw} \cdot k)^2$$

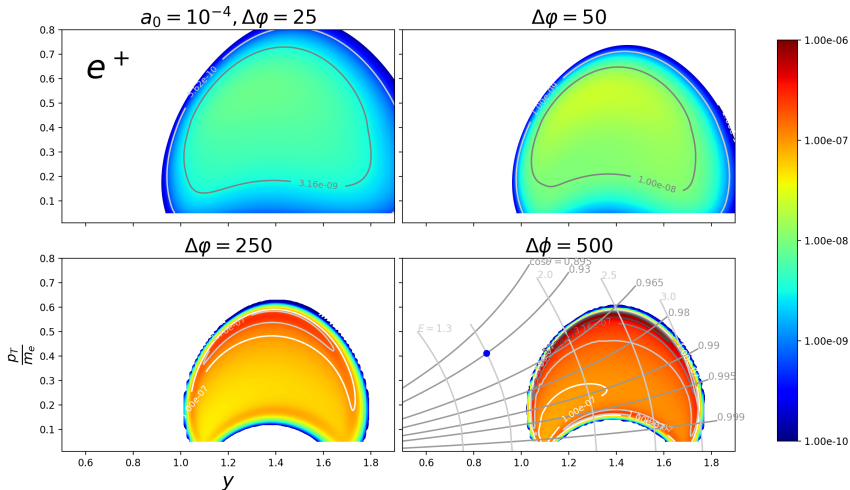
# Weak-field limit

Feynman diagrams: tree-level (Suh, Bethe; 1959),  
(Mork; 1967), (Haug; 1975), ...



# Weak-field limit: $e_{init}^-$ at rest

$$\sqrt{s} = 3.353 m_e, (E_1, \cos \theta_1, \phi_1) = (1.5 m_e, 0.95, 0.0)$$



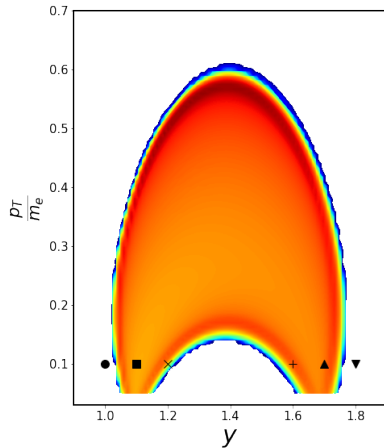
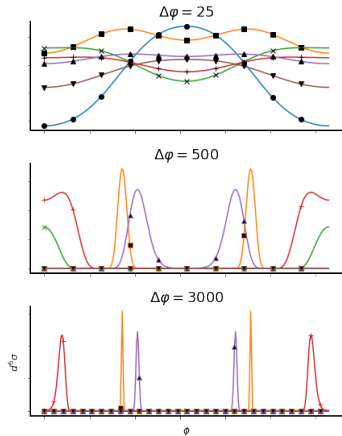
$$y = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left( \frac{E + p_z}{E - p_z} \right)$$

$$p_T = \sqrt{E^2 - m_e^2} \cos \theta$$



# Weak-field limit: $e_{init}^-$ at rest

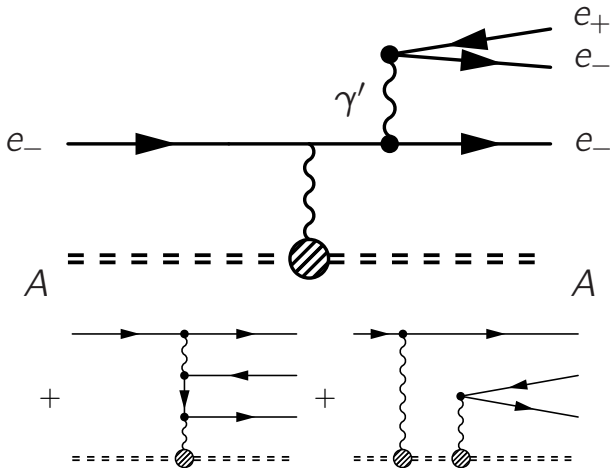
azimuthal distribution positron



# Weak-field limit

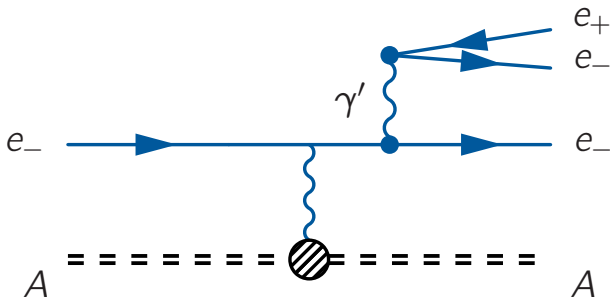
## Dark photon capability

(Beranek, Merkel, Vanderhaeghen; 2013)



# Weak-field limit

## Dark photon capability

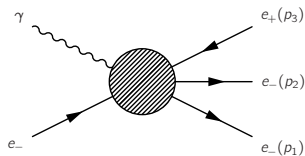
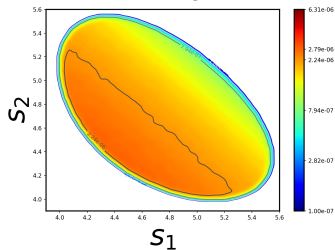


→ pure QED! (Gakh, Konchatnij, Merenkov; 2015)

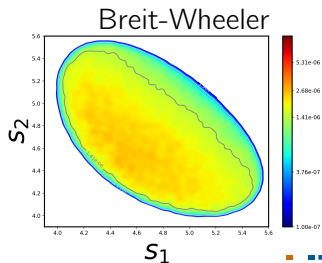
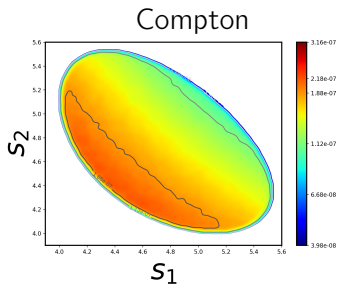
→ strong-field QED?

# Weak-field limit

Invariant mass distribution  $\frac{d\sigma}{ds_1 ds_2}$  ( $\sqrt{s} = 3.353 m_e$ )  
all diagrams

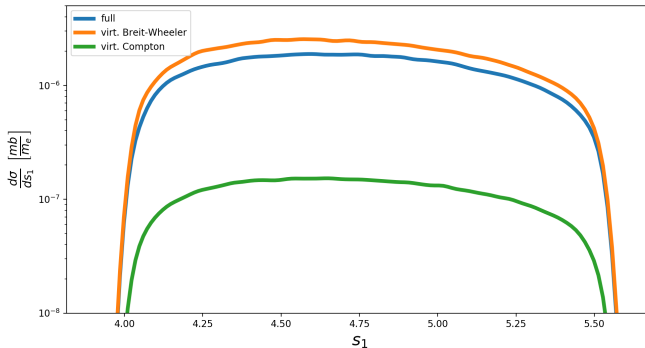


$$s_1 = (p_1 + p_3)^2$$
$$s_2 = (p_2 + p_3)^2$$



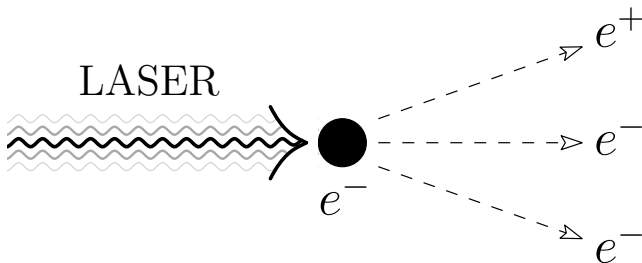
# Weak-field limit

Invariant mass distribution  $\frac{d\sigma}{ds_1}$  ( $\sqrt{s} = 3.353 m_e$ )



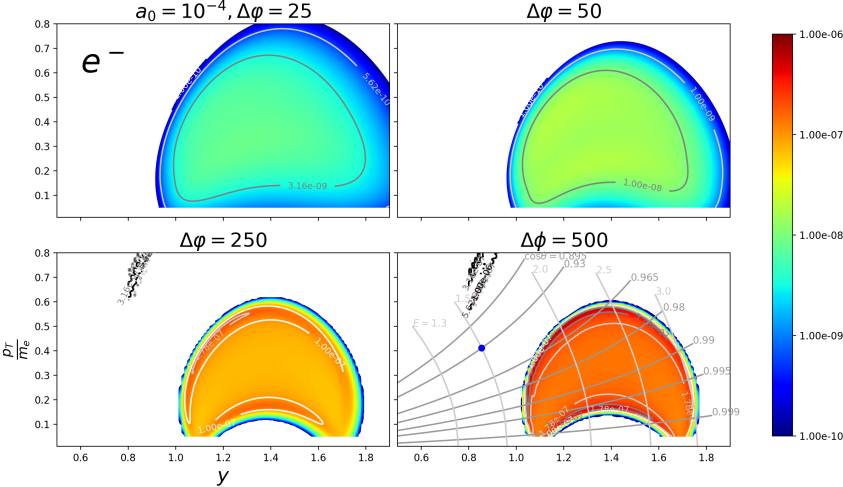
- inclusion of dark photons in weak field & strong field case
- finish numerics of strong field trident:
  - mass and more phase space distributions
  - going to higher  $a_0$
  - ...

# Thank you for your attention.



# Backup: Weak-field limit

Partial diagrams:  $\sqrt{s} = 3.353 m_e$  ( $e^-_{init}$  at rest,  $p_1$  fix)



$$y = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left( \frac{E + p_z}{E - p_z} \right)$$

$$p_T = \sqrt{E^2 - m_e^2} \cos \theta$$