



Elliptically polarized high-order harmonics generated in aligned CO₂ molecules

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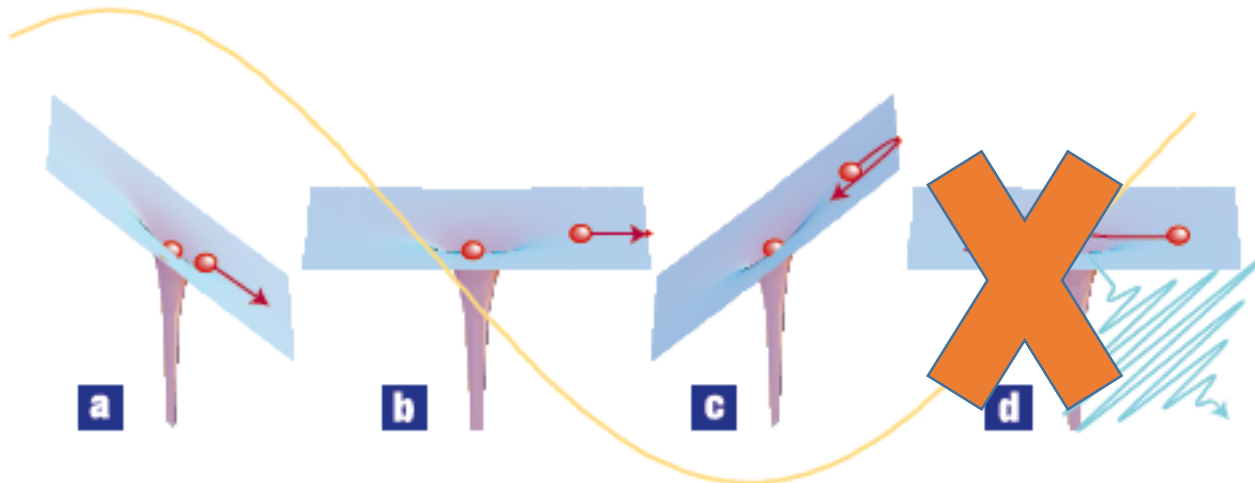
Focusing element



Circular polarized
laser pulse

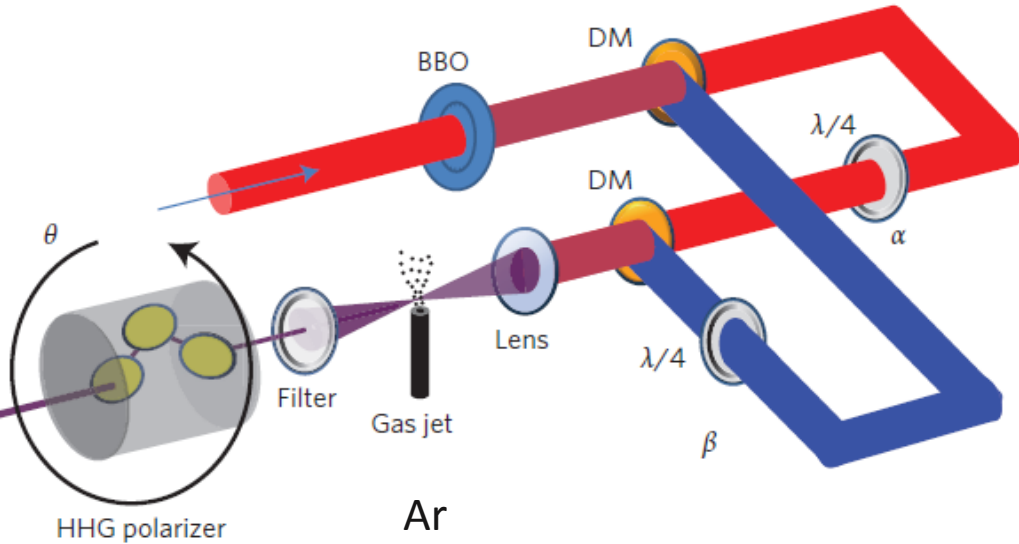
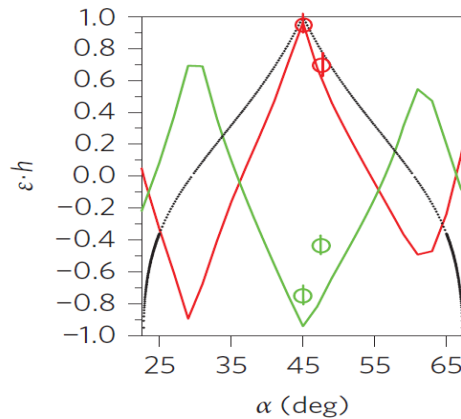
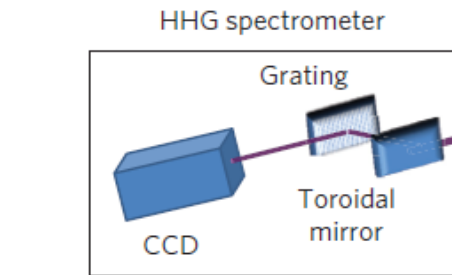
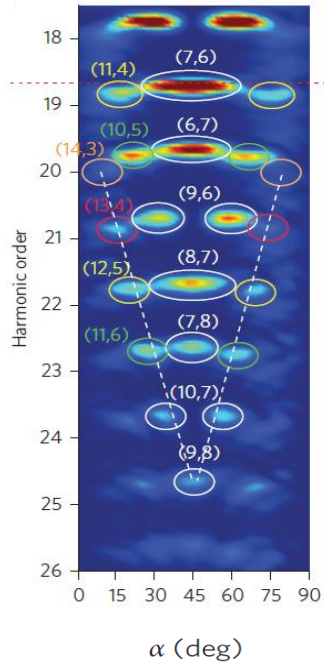


No HHG in isotropic media



No recollision
process

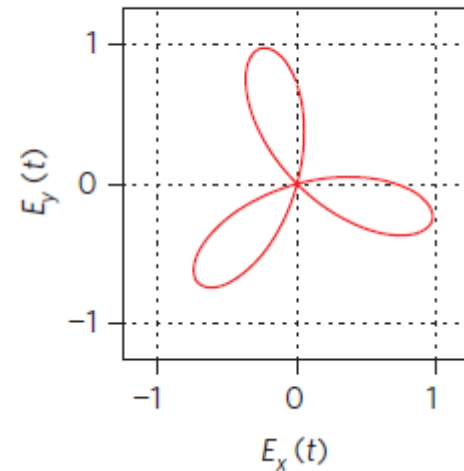
Counter rotating laser fields
 $\omega + 2\omega$
 800 nm and 400 nm



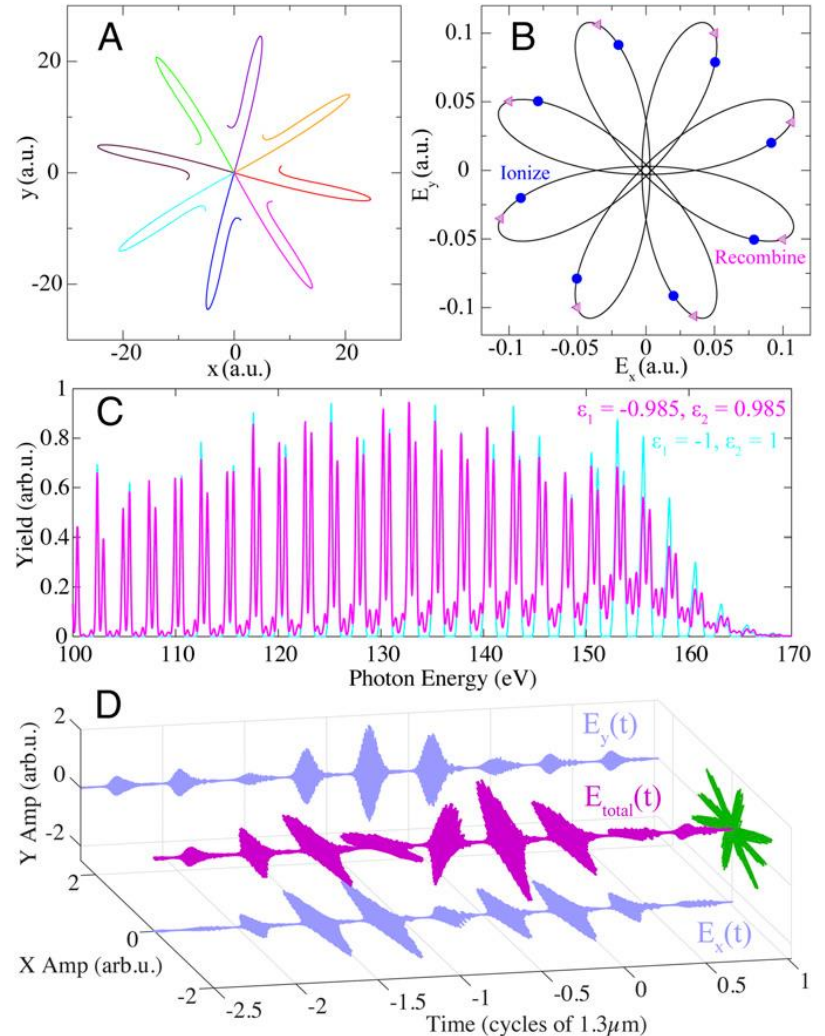
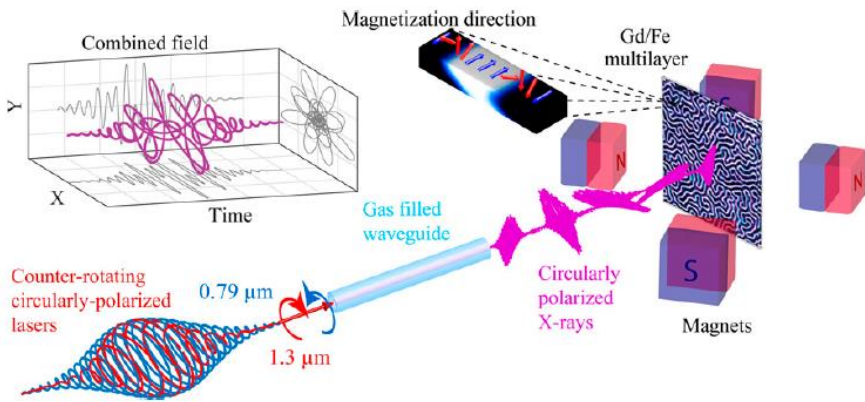
$-(7,6)$
 $-(7,6)$
 $-(6,7)$

Ar

$(\alpha, \beta) = (45^\circ, 45^\circ)$



Counter propagating pulses



Alternate approaches

Change medium

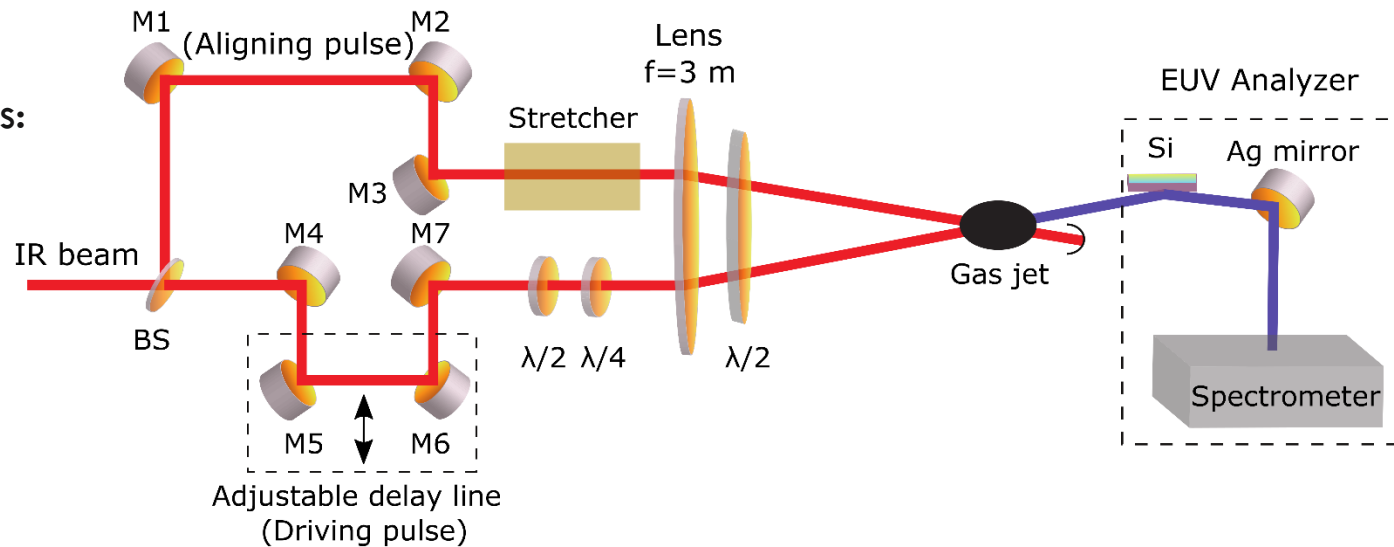
Laser parameters:

λ_0 : 800 nm

E_{pulse} : 25 mJ

τ_{pulse} : 30 fs

f_{rep} : 10 Hz



- HHG in $\text{CO}_2 \rightarrow$ EUV beam
- Adjustable delay $\tau \rightarrow$ Controls angular distribution of CO_2 medium
- Polarization state of driving beam \rightarrow Controls polarization state of XUV beam.

Laser induced alignment in CO₂

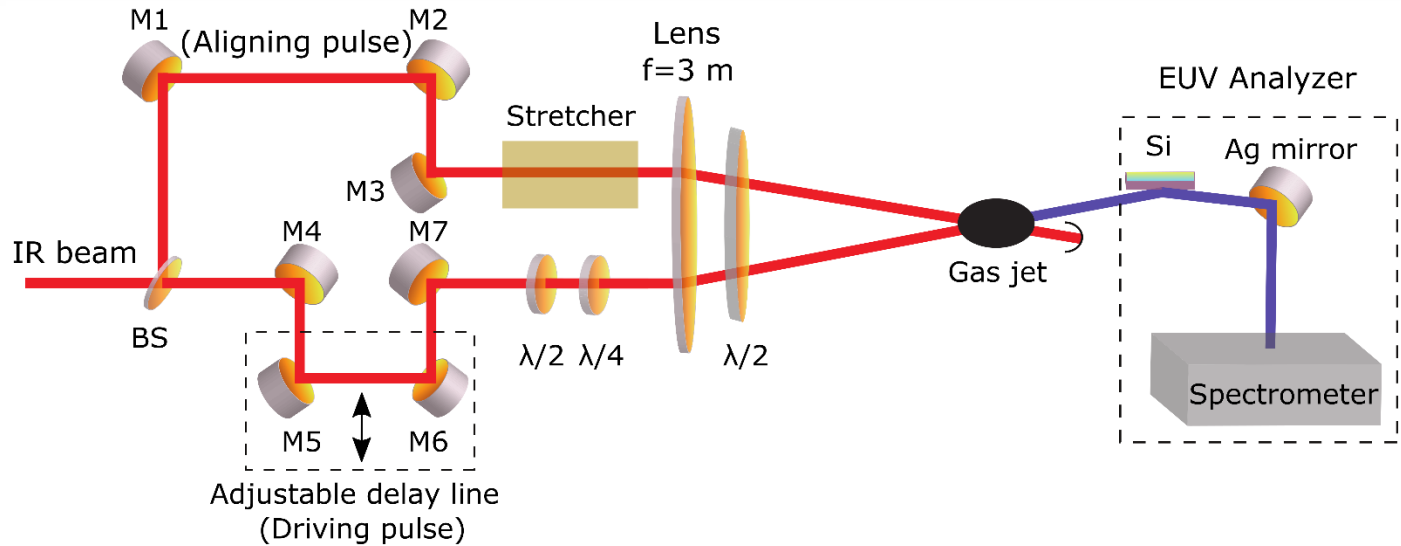
Laser parameters:

λ_0 : 800 nm

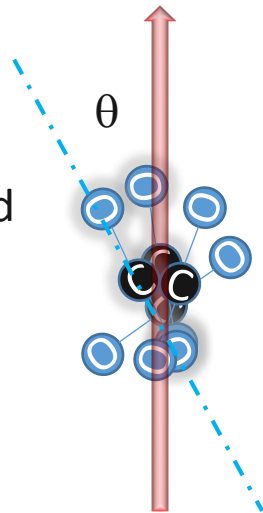
E_{pulse} : 25 mJ

τ_{pulse} : 30 fs

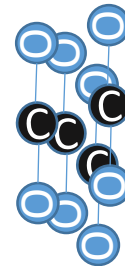
f_{rep} : 10 Hz



Alignment of CO₂
Parallel to the laser field



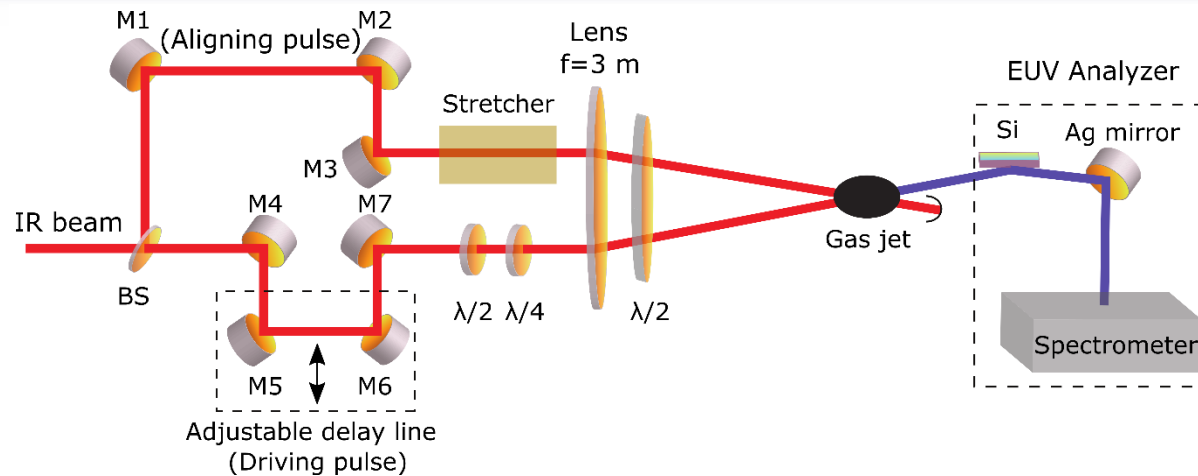
After alignment



Threshold intensity for ionization

$$I_{thr} [W/cm^2] = 4.0 \times 10^9 (I_p [eV])^4$$

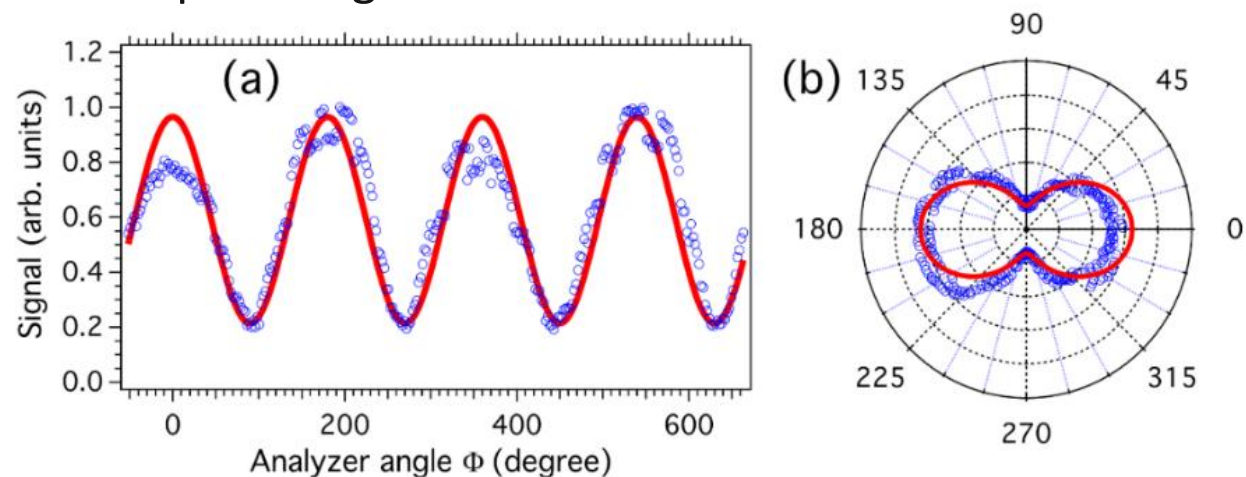
Alignment pulse $\approx 7 \times 10^{13} \text{ W/cm}^2$



Linearly polarized driving pulse in the absence of alignment pulse

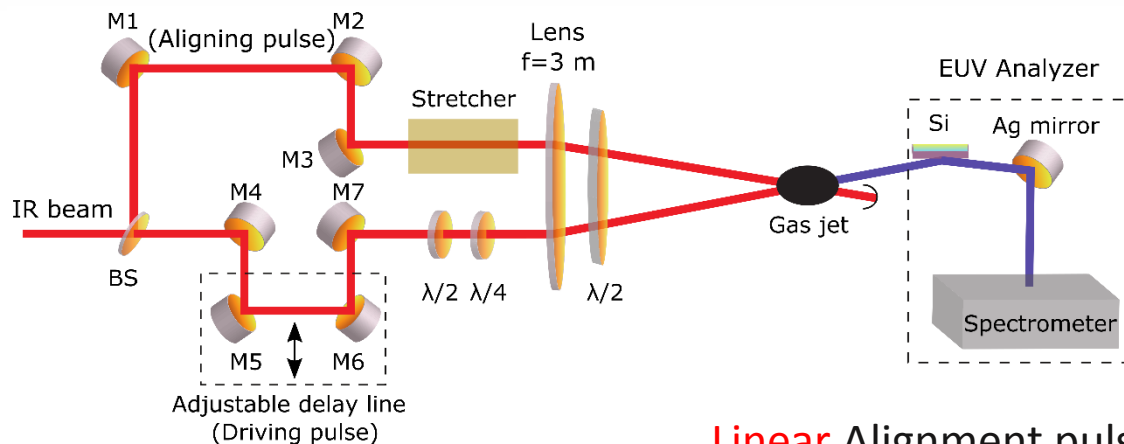
HH 9 in CO_2 as a function of half waveplate angle

Extinction ratio ≈ 4.5



Laser parameters:

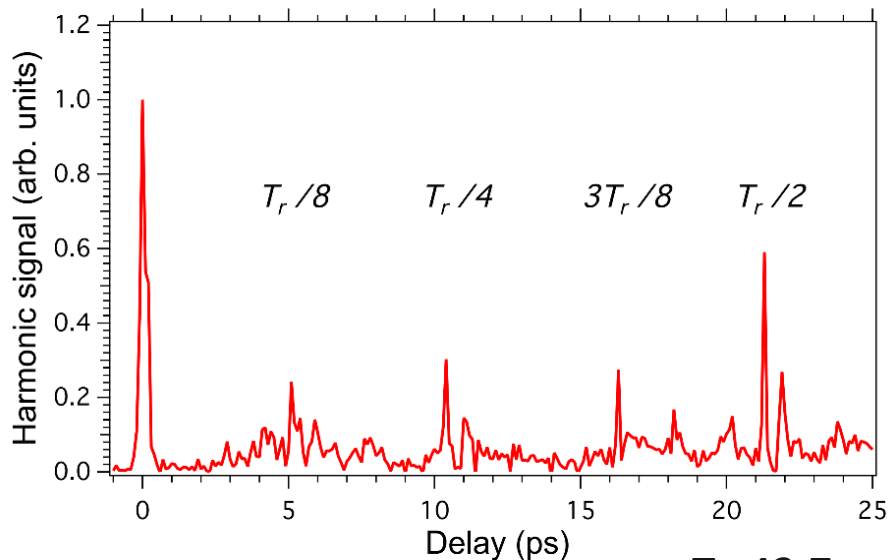
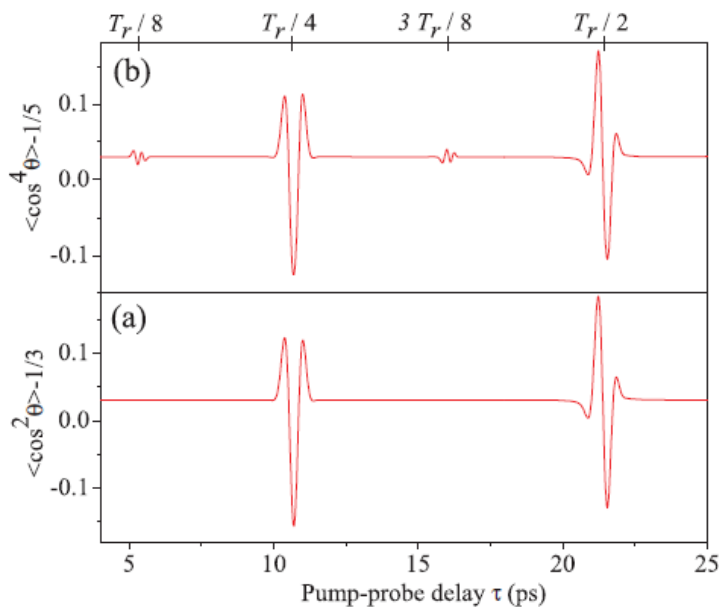
λ_0 : 800 nm
 E_{pulse} : 25 mJ
 τ_{pulse} : 30 fs
 f_{rep} : 10 Hz



Linear Alignment pulse $\approx 7 \times 10^{13}$ W/cm²

Linear Driving pulse $\approx 10^{14}$ W/cm²

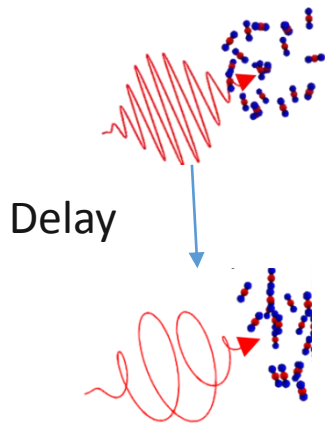
Expectation values



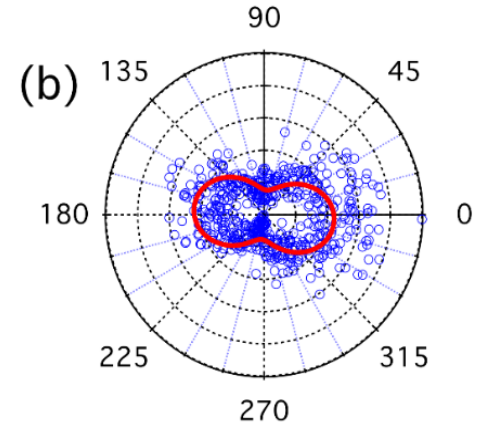
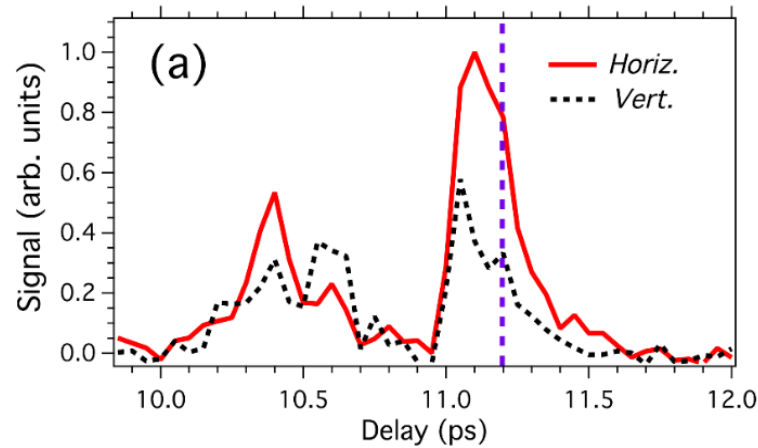
$T_r = 42.7$ ps

Harmonic generation with circular driving field

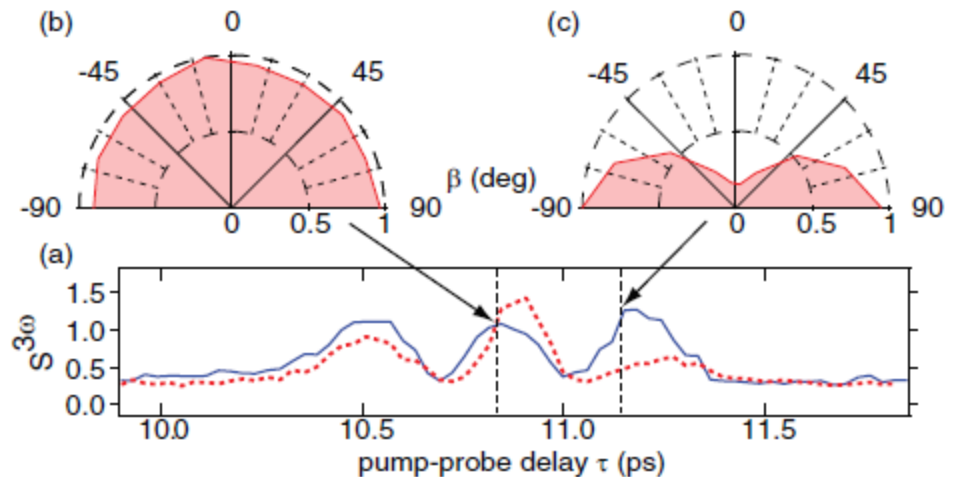
- Circularly polarized driving pulse
- HH 9 in CO₂



- Circularly polarized driving pulse
- HH 3 in CO₂

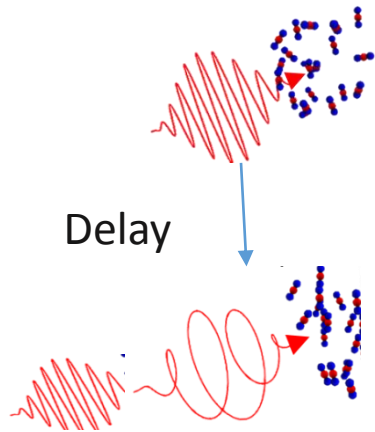


Ellipticity of harmonics varies with delay

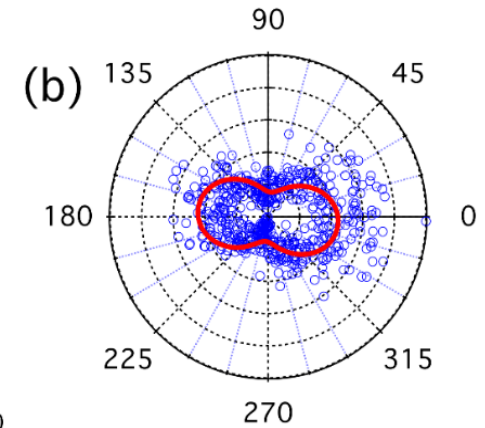
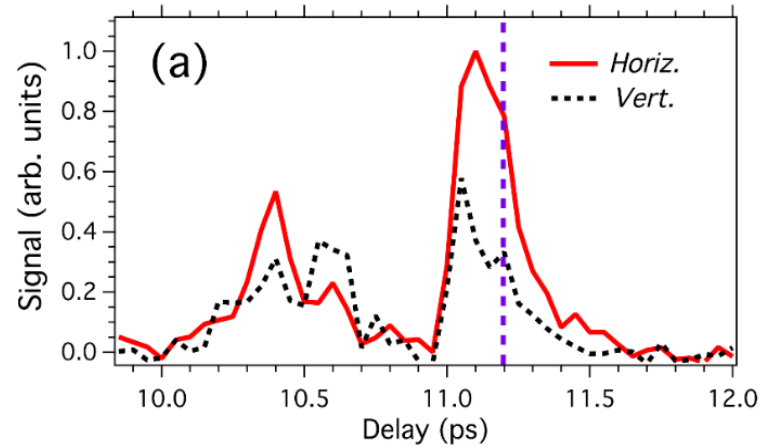


Towards circular polarized harmonics

Different conversion efficiency for orthogonal components.

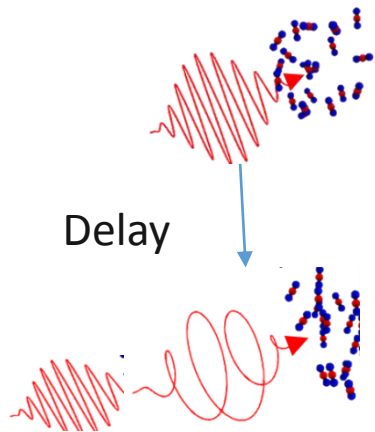


Add a small linear component



Towards circular polarized harmonics

Different conversion efficiency for orthogonal components.

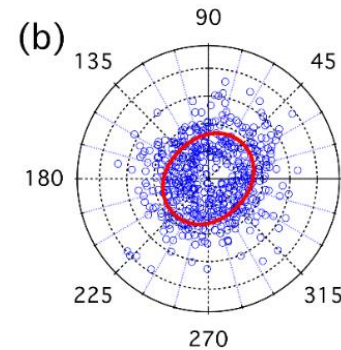
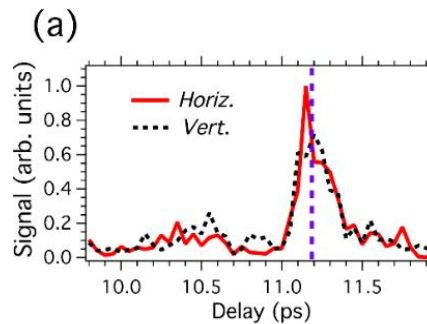
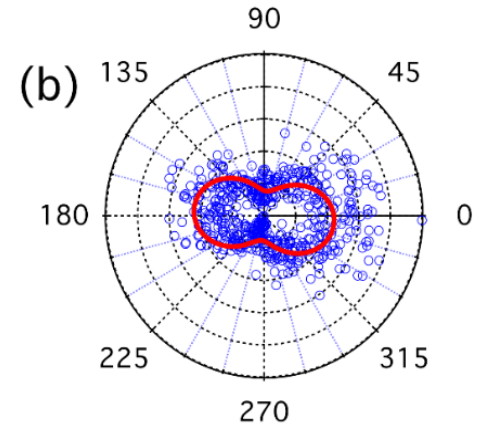
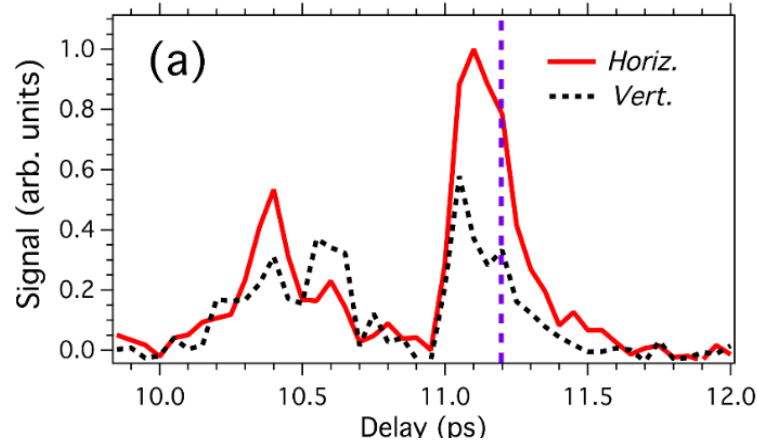


Add a small linear component

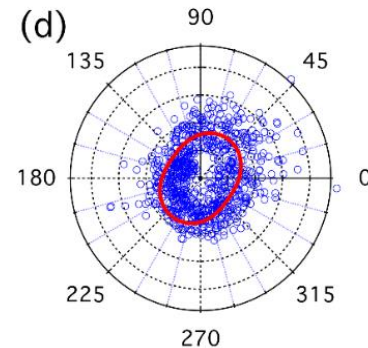
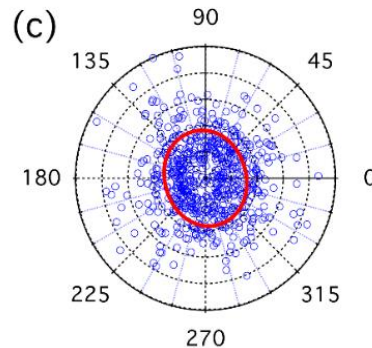
Calibrated PD used

- 4 pJ
- 2×10^6 photons/pulse)

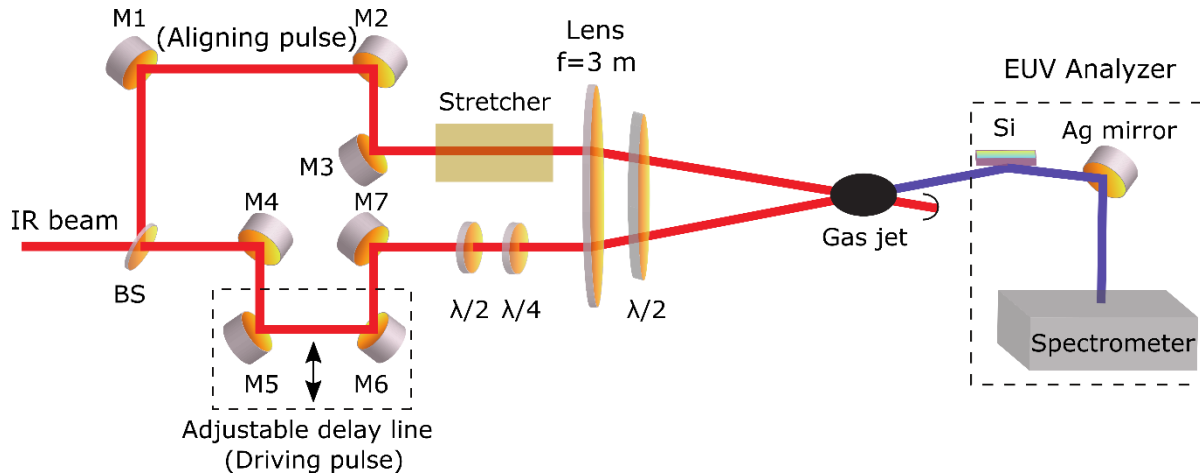
HH 9
 $\tau = 11.12$ ps
 $\epsilon = 0.8$



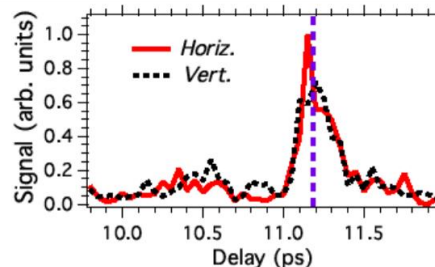
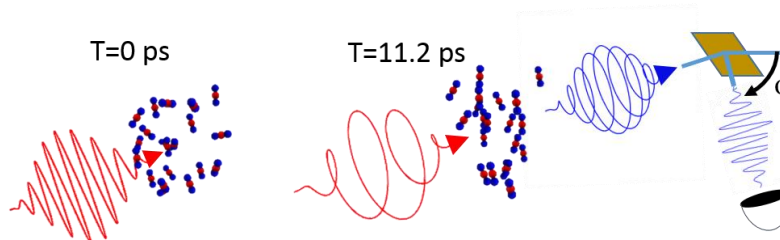
HH 9
 $\tau = 11.2$ ps
 $\epsilon = 0.85$

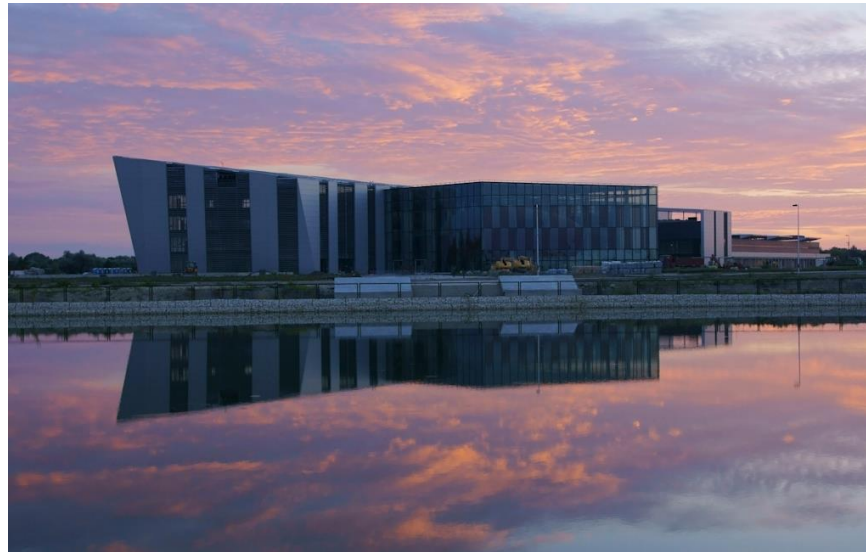


HH 7
 $\tau = 10.45$ ps
 $\epsilon = 0.74$



- First report of HHG using circularly polarized IR pulse.
- Generation of circularly polarized harmonics in aligned CO₂ molecule.
- Towards circularly polarized harmonics.





- ELI-ALPS

- Mathieu Dumergue
- Sergei Kühn

- FORTH

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- Stefanos Chatziathanasiou
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- Nikos Papadakis
- Dimitris Charalambidis
- Ioannis Makos
- Ioannis Orfanos



**THANK YOU
FOR YOUR
ATTENTION!**

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