

Ultrafast fragmentation of N_2^{2+} .

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3rd July 2018



Motivation

- > Traditional molecular dynamics assumes Born-Oppenheimer approximation.
- > Fails in cases, such as photoexcited dynamics, electron transfer, and surface chemistry.
- > To develop a machinery which is computationally efficient to study non-adiabatic dynamics.
- > Time-resolved X-ray/IR pump-probe experiments on N_2 at SLAC using Linac Coherent Light Source (LCLS)¹.

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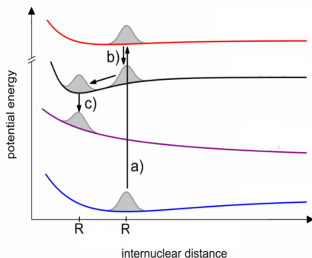
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¹J. M. Glowonia and others, *Opt. Express*, **18**, 17620, (2010)

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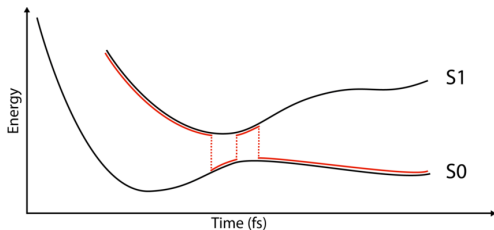
- > 1s core e^- X-ray photoionization of N_2 followed by Auger decay onto valence N_2^{2+} states in the presence of IR probe.



- > Perform mixed quantum-classical molecular dynamics and compare with Quantum Dynamics (QD)¹.

Tully's Fewest Switches Surface Hopping (FSSH)

- > Electrons → quantum mechanically and nuclei → ensemble of classical trajectories $R(t)$, evolves on potential energy surface (PES).

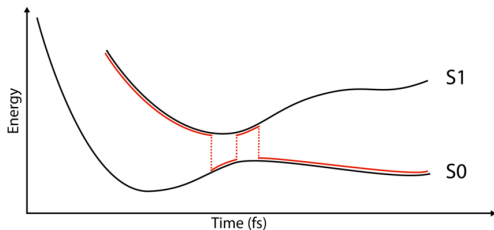


- > A trajectory hops from $S_0 = j$ to $S_1 = k$ with probability $P_{j \rightarrow k}$

$$P_{j \rightarrow k} = \frac{- \left[\sum_{k \neq j} -2\Re[\rho_{jk} \dot{\vec{R}} \cdot \vec{d}_{kj}] - 2\Re[i\rho_{jk} \vec{E}(t) \cdot \vec{\mu}] \right] \Delta t}{\rho_{jj}}$$

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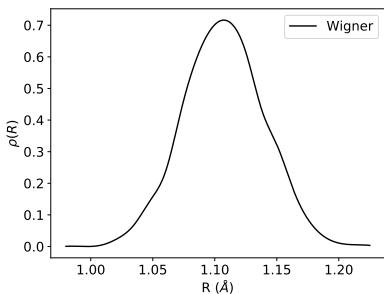
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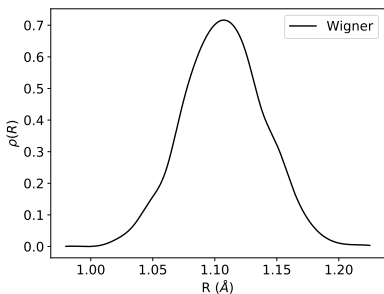
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Initial Condition Sampling



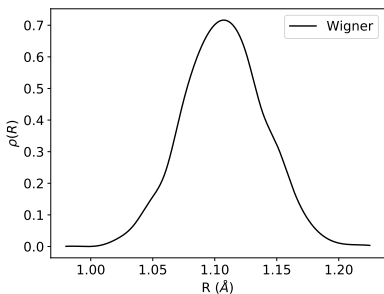
- > Wigner sampling of the ground state normal mode coordinate of N_2 .
- > Wigner sampling reproduces initial quantum wavepacket.
- > $\Delta E = 0.14$ eV (Wigner) & $\Delta E = 0.12$ eV (Quantum wavepacket).

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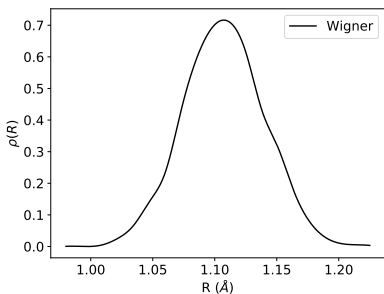
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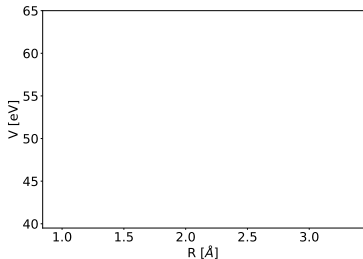
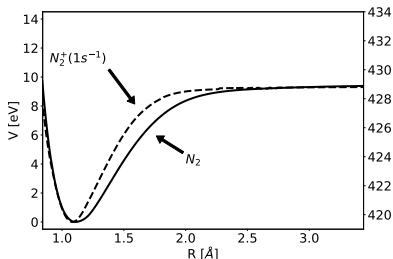
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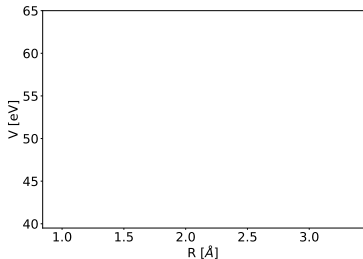
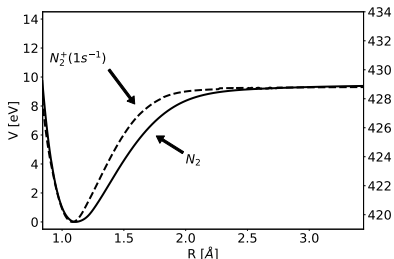
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Potential Energy Surface (PES)



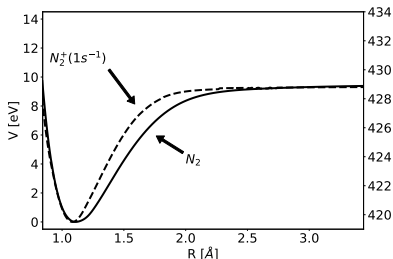
- > Ground and core hole state of N_2 (relative to -2971.64 eV).
- > Assume: trajectories are lifted vertically upwards to N_2^+ .
- > 8 N_2^{2+} states.
- > $X^1\Sigma_g^+$ and $1^1\Sigma_u^+$ - local minimum in the Franck-Condon region.
- > $1^1\Delta_g$, $2^1\Sigma_g^+$ and $1^1\Pi_u$ - outside the Franck-Condon region.

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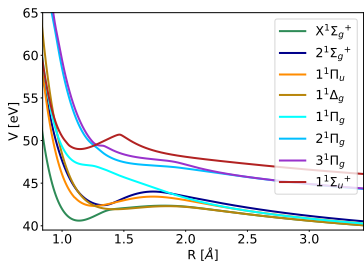
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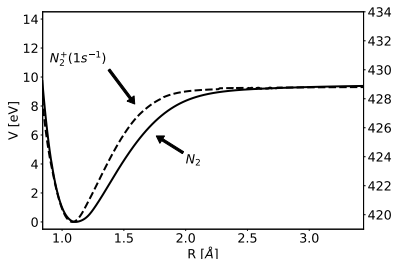
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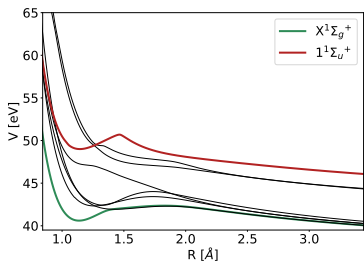
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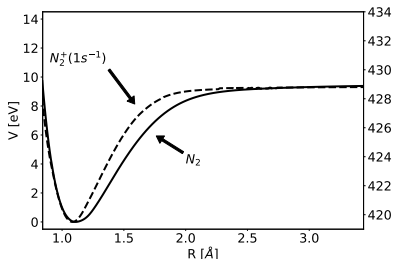
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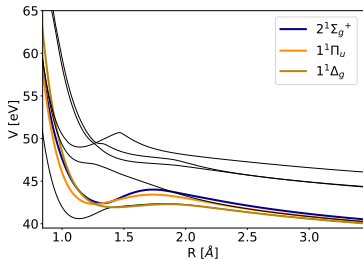
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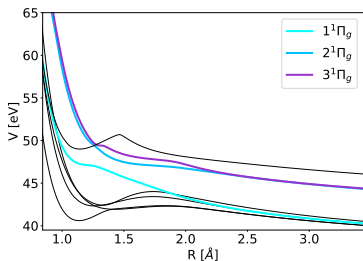
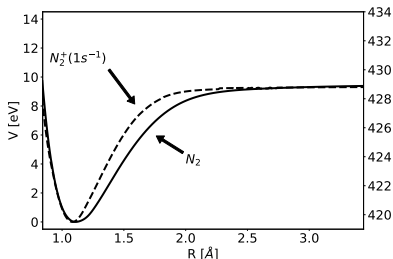
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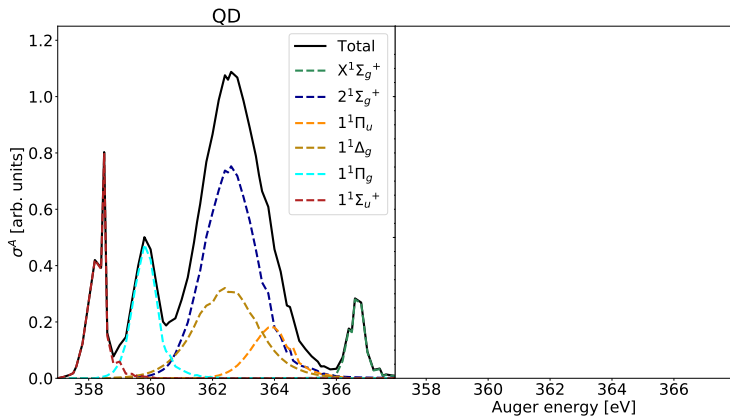


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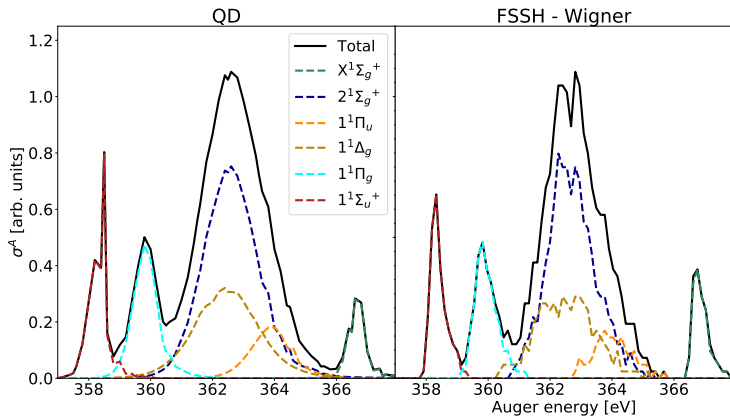


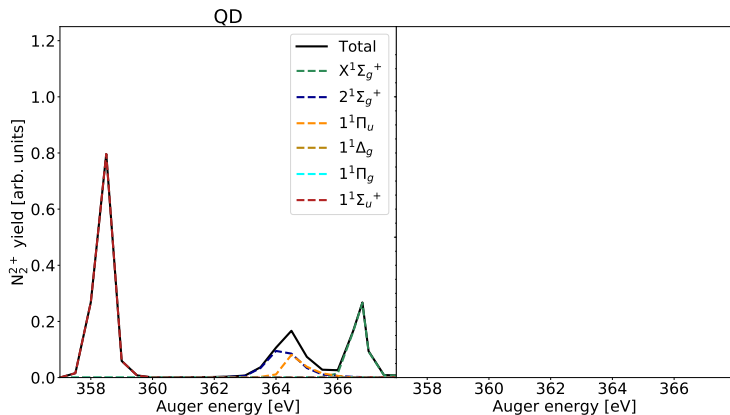
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Auger spectrum

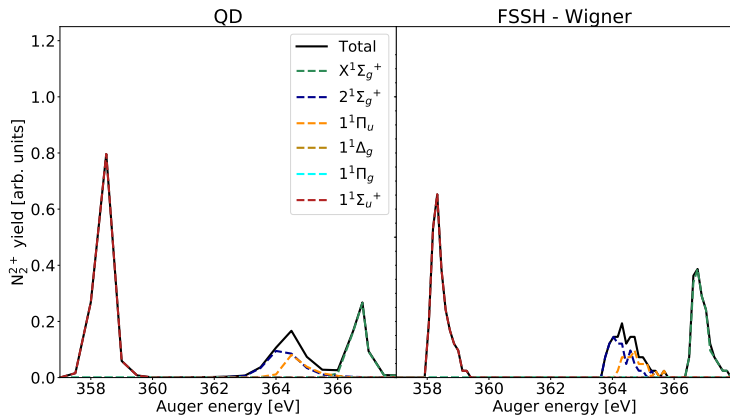


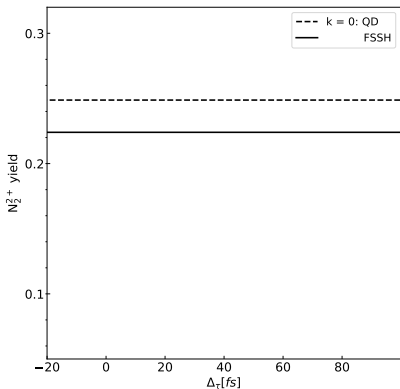
Auger spectrum



N_2^{2+} yield as a function of Auger energy

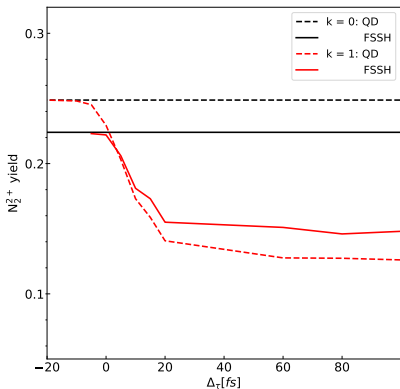
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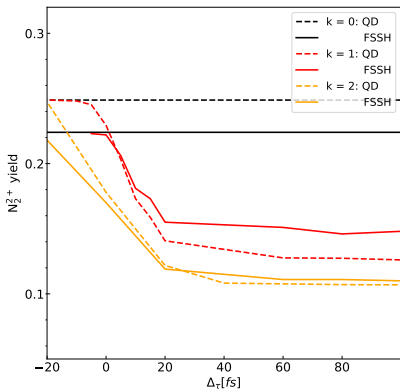
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IR pulse	I_0 [10^{14} W cm^{-2}]	Δ_{IR} (FWHM) [fs]
$k = 0$	-	-



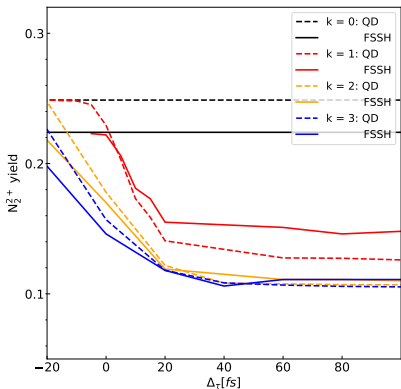
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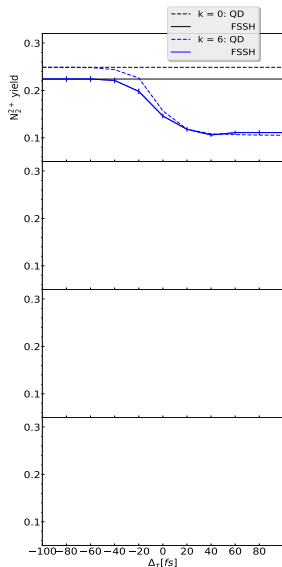
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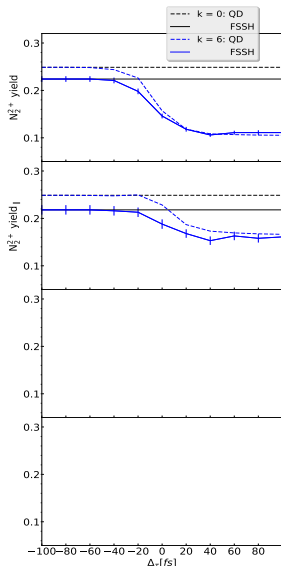


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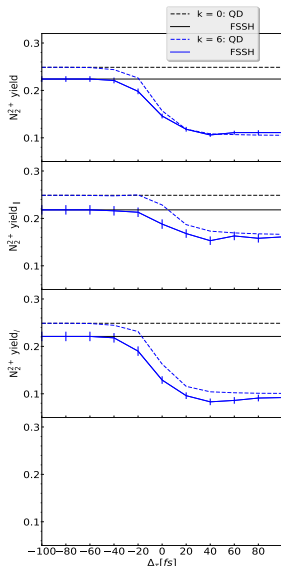


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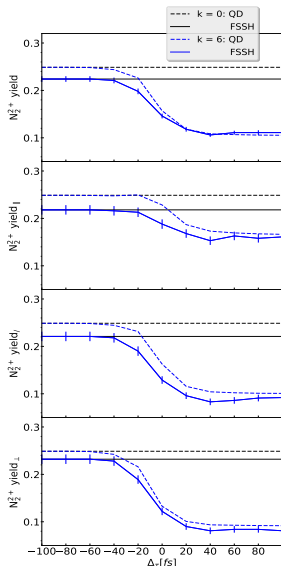


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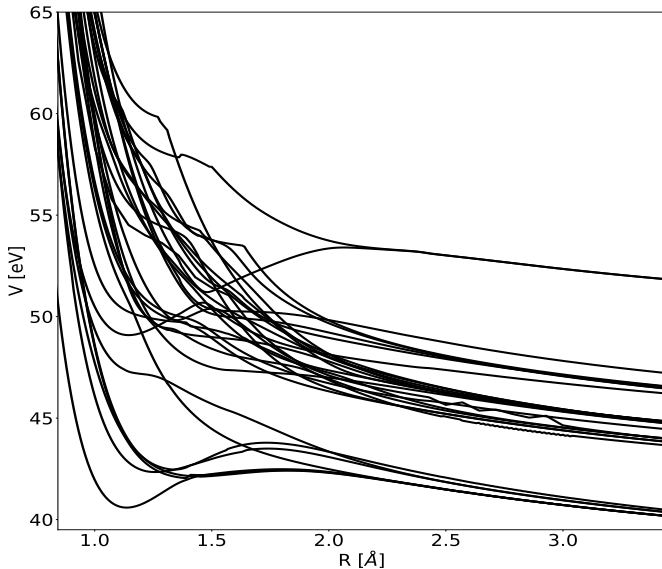
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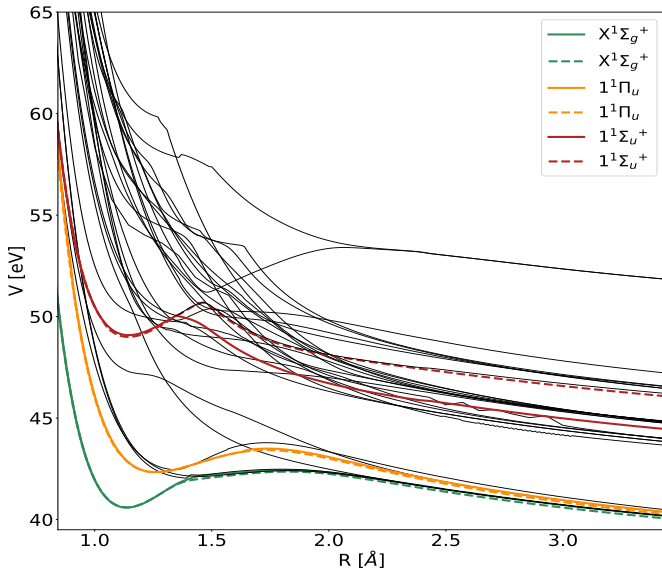
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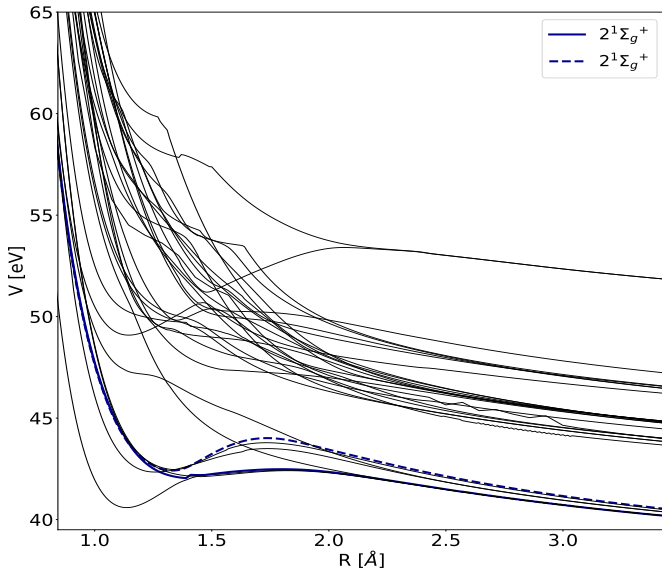
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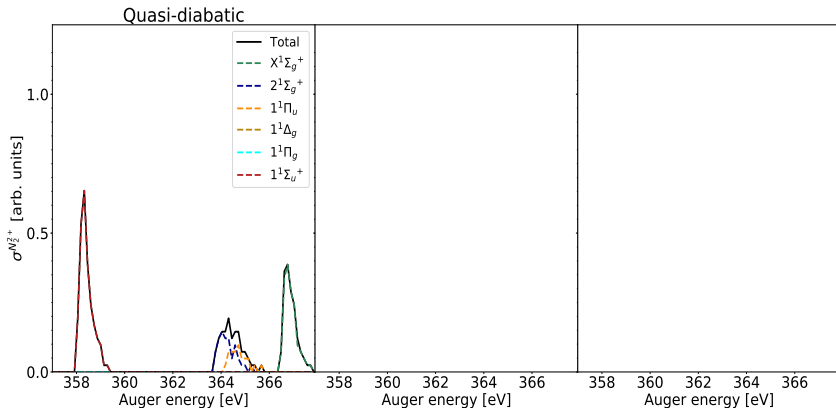
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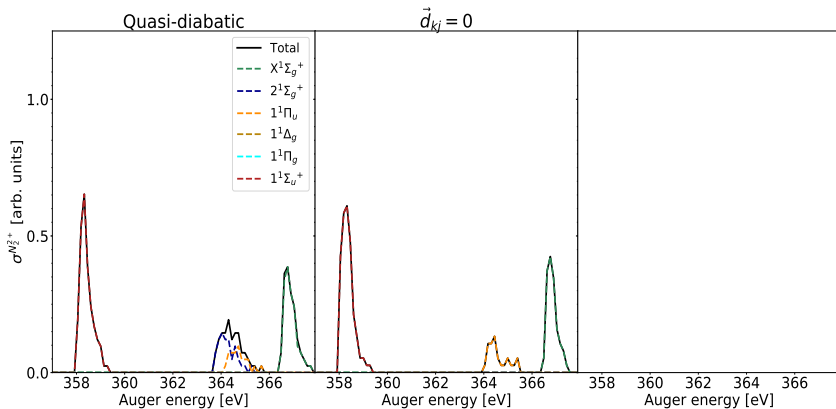
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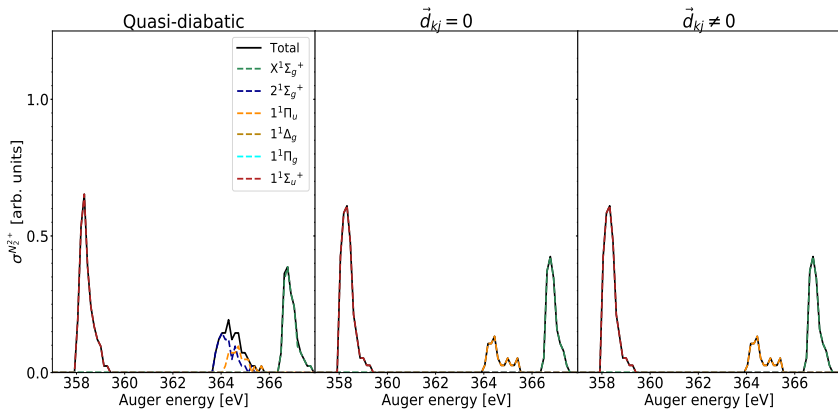
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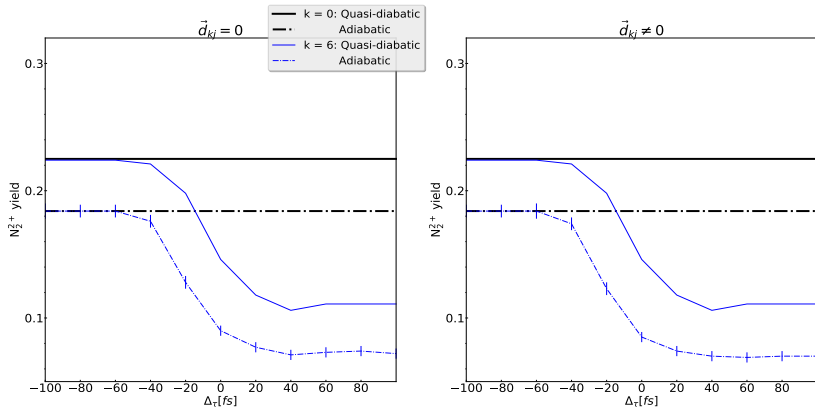
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Thank you for your kind attention!



SFB 925: Light induced dynamics and control
of strongly correlated quantum systems

Tully's Fewest Switches Surface Hopping (FSSH)

- > Electrons \rightarrow quantum mechanically and nuclei \rightarrow ensemble of classical trajectories $R(t)$, evolves on potential energy surface (PES).
- > In the presence of an external field $\vec{E}(t)$.
- > Solve Time-dependent Schrödinger Equation along $R(t)$.

$$i\hbar\dot{c}_k(t) = \sum_j c_j(t) [V_{kj} - i\hbar\dot{R} \cdot \vec{d}_{kj} - \vec{E}(t) \cdot \vec{\mu}]$$

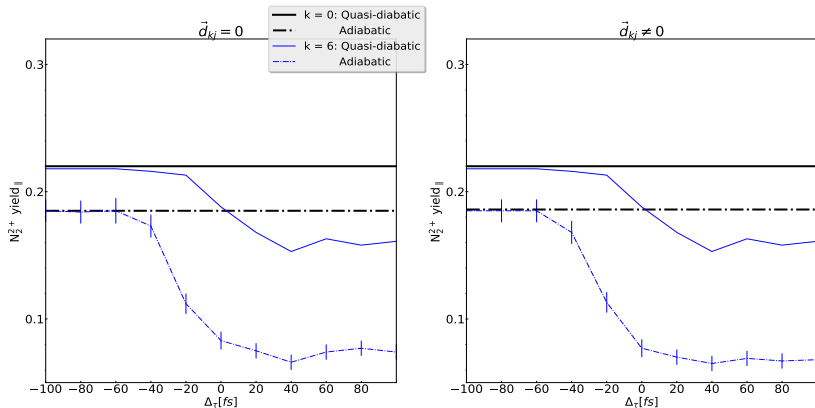
- > Probability of hopping $P_{j \rightarrow k}$

$$P_{j \rightarrow k} = \frac{-b_{kj}\Delta t}{\rho_{jj}}, \quad (1)$$

- > where $b_{kj} = \sum_{k \neq j} -2\Re[\rho_{jk}\dot{R} \cdot \vec{d}_{kj}] - 2\Re[i\rho_{jk}\vec{E}(t) \cdot \vec{\mu}]$ (adiabatic representation).

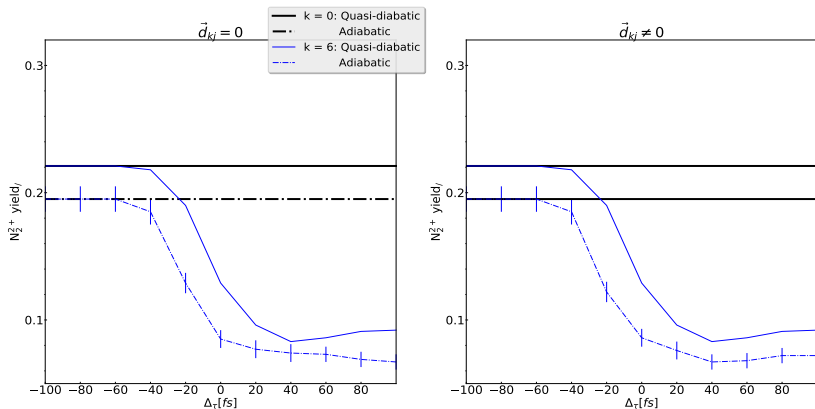
Additional results

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