



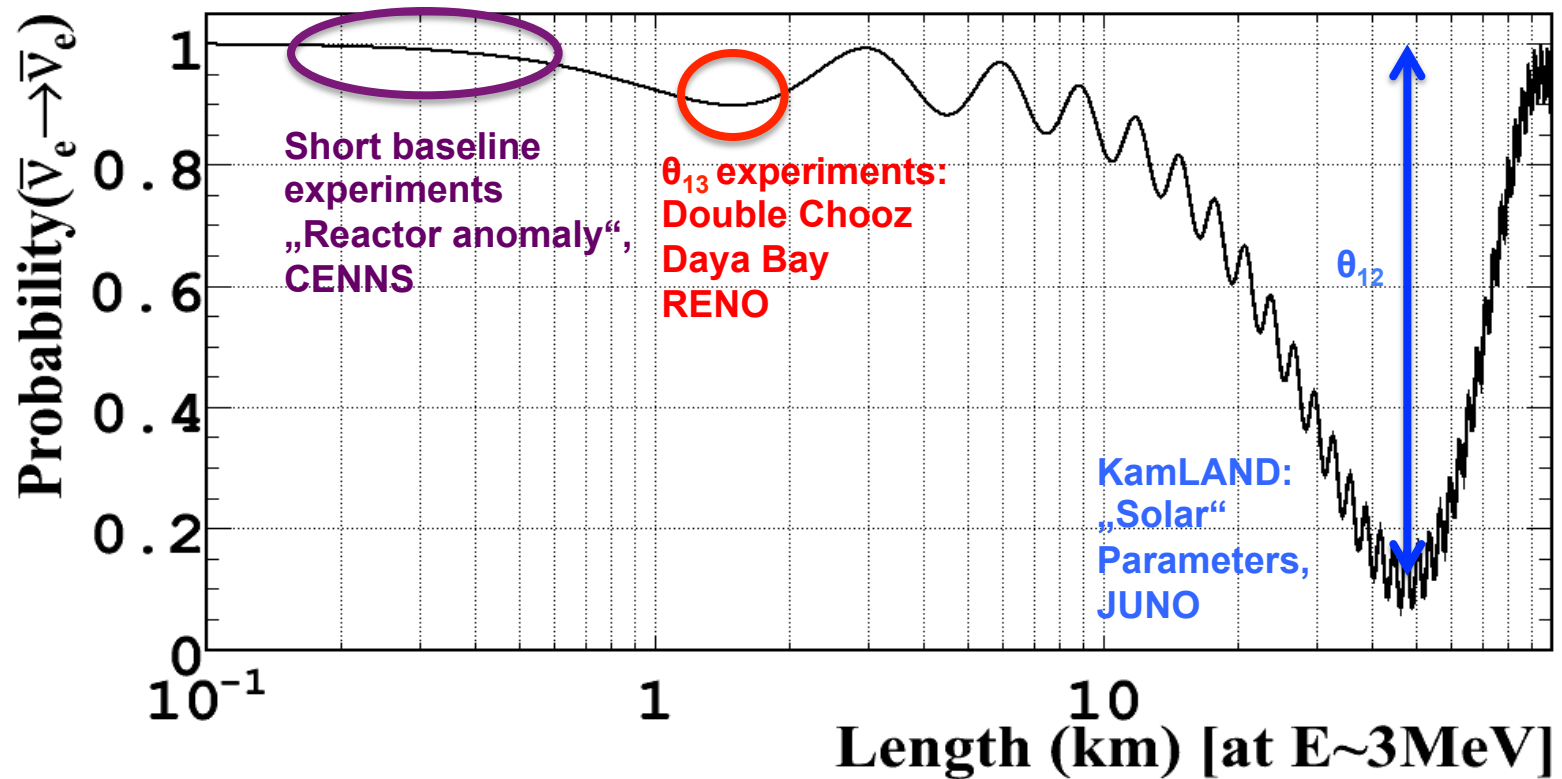
New Results from the Double Chooz Experiment

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on behalf of the Double Chooz Collaboration



Neutrino mixing at reactors



$$P(\bar{\nu}_e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e) \approx 1 - \sin^2 2\theta_{13} \sin^2 \left(1.27 \frac{\Delta m_{13}^2 (eV^2) L(m)}{E_\nu (MeV)} \right)$$

Double Chooz Collaboration



Brazil

CBPF
UNICAMP



France

APC (IN2P3)
CEA/IRFU:
SPP
SPhN
SEDI
SIS
SENAC
CENBG (IN2P3)
LNCA (IN2P3/CEA)
Subatech (IN2P3)



Germany

EKU Tübingen
MPIK Heidelberg
RWTH Aachen
TU München



Japan

Tohoku U.
Tokyo Inst. Tech.
Tokyo Metro. U.
Tokyo U. Science
Kitasato U.
Kobe U.



Russia

INR RAS
RRC Kurchatov



Spain

CIEMAT-Madrid



USA

Alabama U.
ANL
Chicago U.
Drexel U.
Hawaii U.
Notre Dame U.
Virginia Tech.

Spokesperson:
A. Cabrera (IN2P3/CNRS)

Project Manager:
Ch. Veyssière (CEA)

97 scientists 25 institutions (Americas, Asia, Europe)

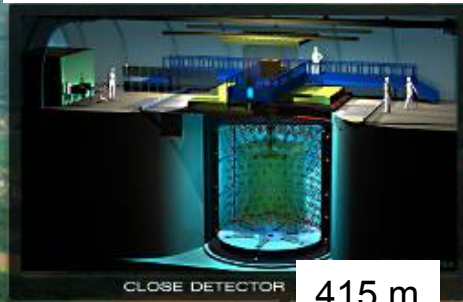


doublechooz.in2p3.fr

Double Chooz site



Near detector (ND):
Data taking 01/2015



415 m

Far detector (FD):
Data taking 04/2011



1.05 km

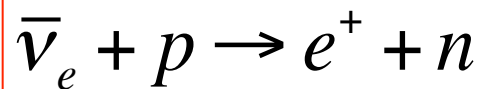
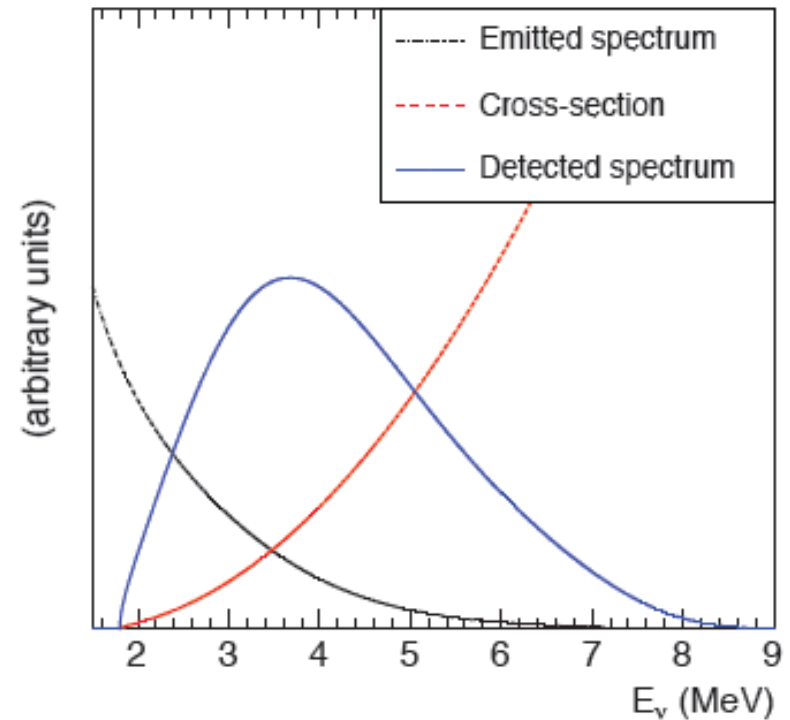
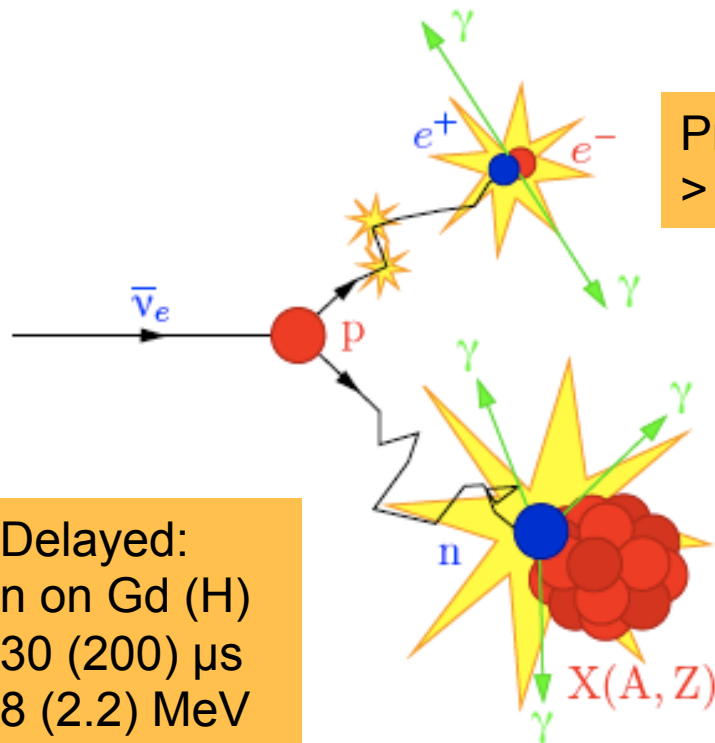
$2 \times 4.25 \text{ GW}_{\text{th}}$
 $\approx 10^{21} \text{ neutrinos/s}$

Reactor systematics cancellation by simple geometry (effective iso-flux)

Neutrino production / detection

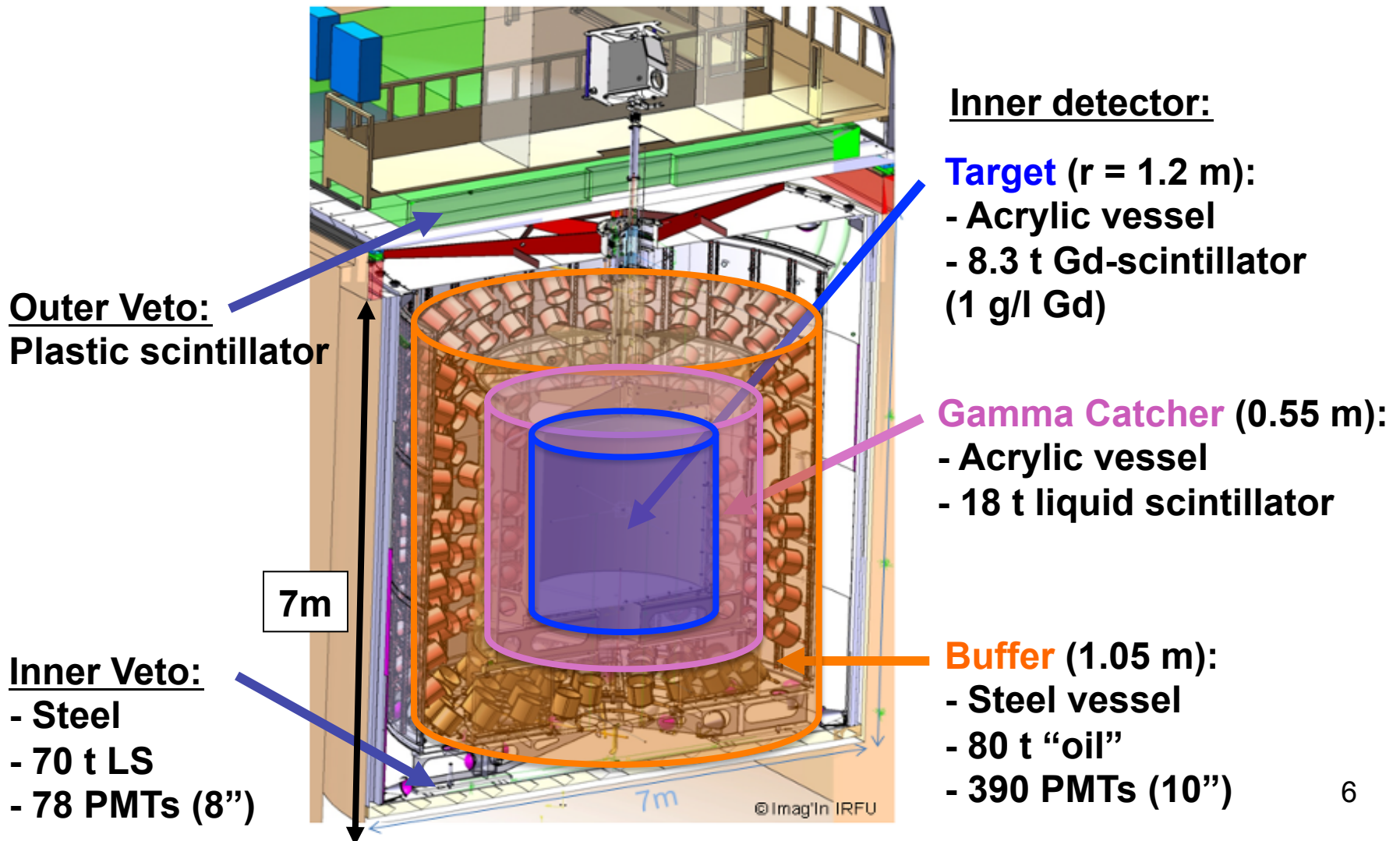
$$N_{\nu}^{\text{exp}}(t) = \frac{\epsilon N_p}{4\pi L^2} \times \frac{P_{th}(t)}{\langle E_f \rangle} \times \langle \sigma_f \rangle$$

Mean cross section per fission
(Near detector!)

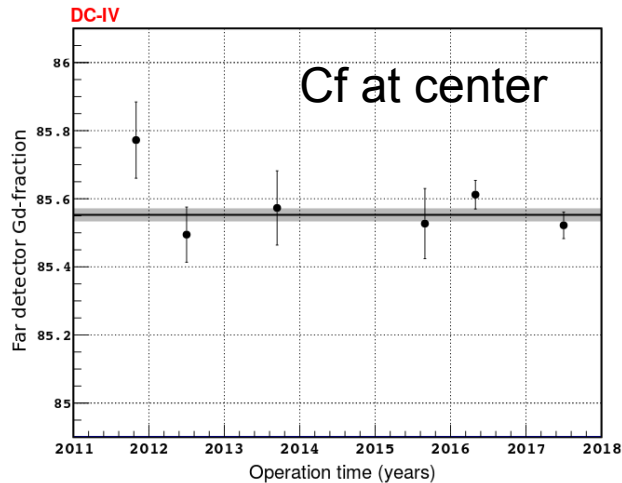


$$E_{vis} = E_{\nu} - 0.8 \text{ MeV}$$

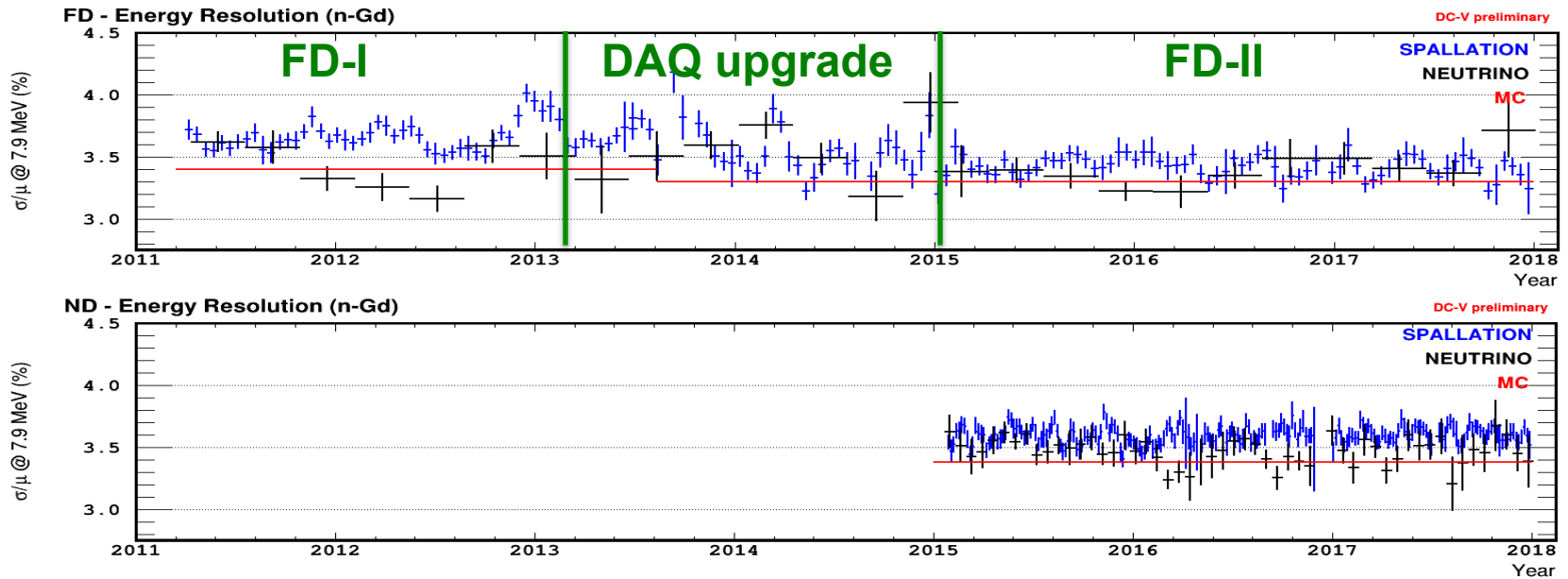
Detector Design



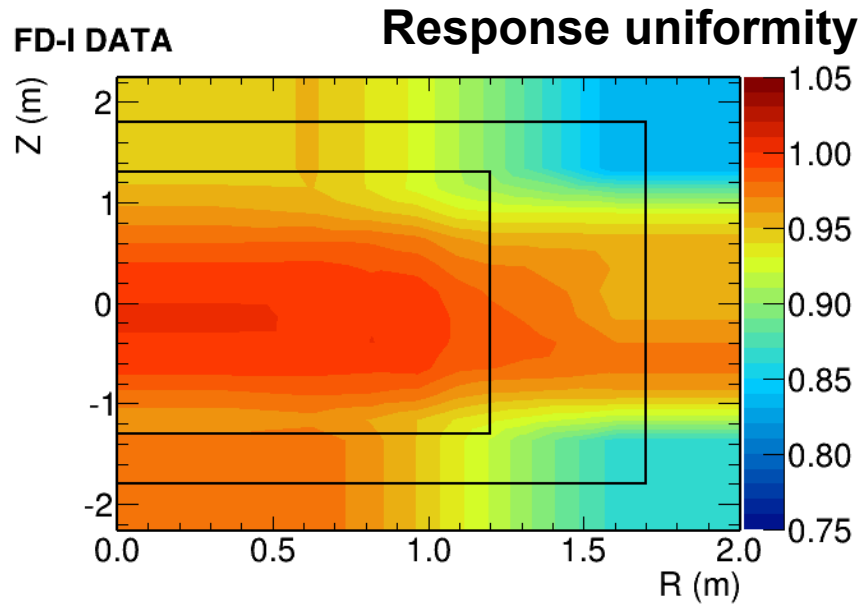
Scintillator stability



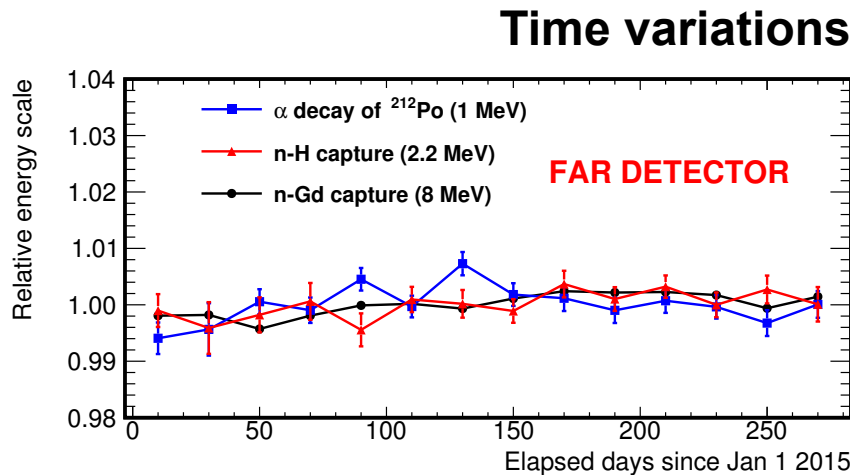
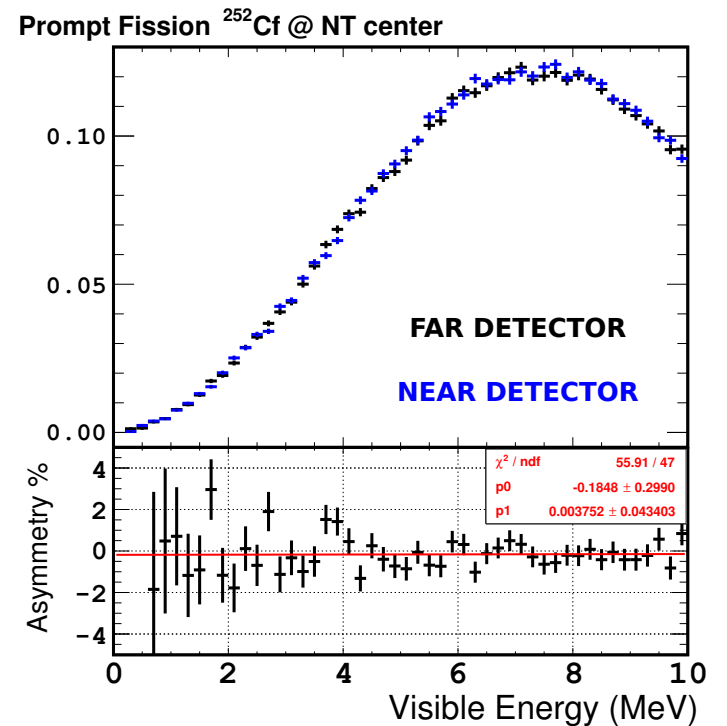
- Optical and chemical stability of Gd-scintillator (7 years)
- Gd fraction (center) stable on $< 0.1\%$ level



Energy scale

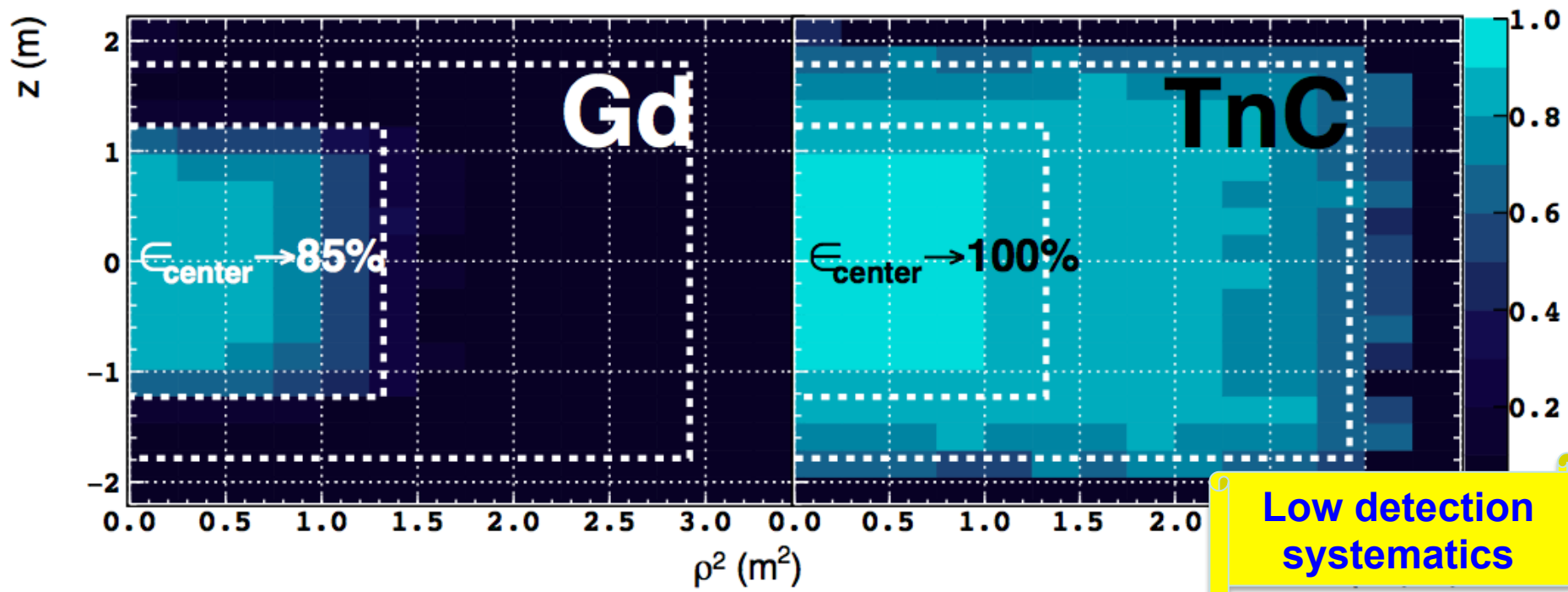


Very good Near-far agreement



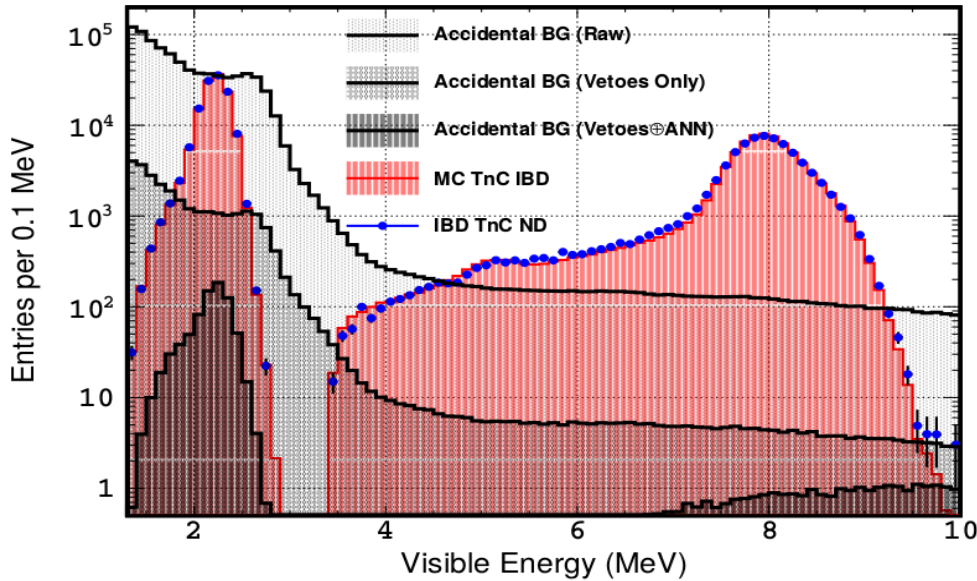
DC statistics / efficiency

„Small“ Gd-target (8.3 t) and „only“ two reactors

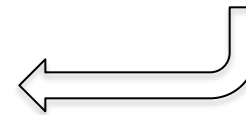


„Total n-capture“ (TnC) improves statistics factor 2.5!
(captures on Gd+H+C \rightarrow leak immune!)

Background reduction

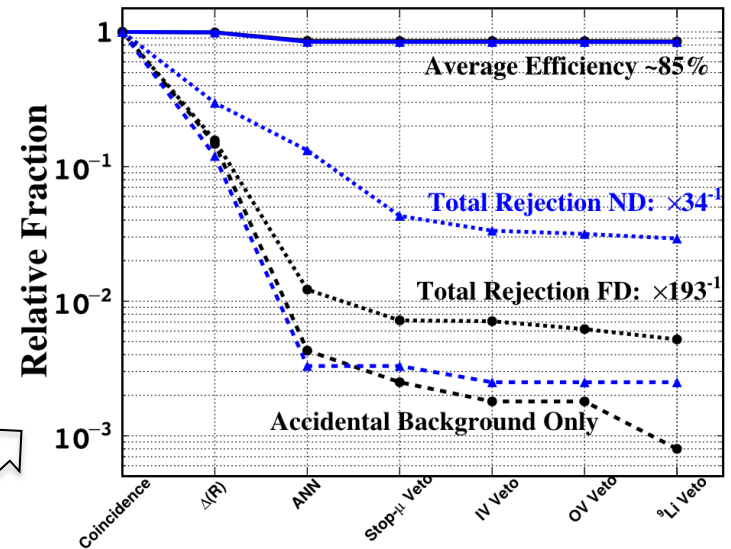


*Delayed E spectrum
(data and MC) before
and after cuts*

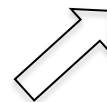


- Good data/MC agreement for IBD candidates
- Efficient background suppression with cuts/vetoed

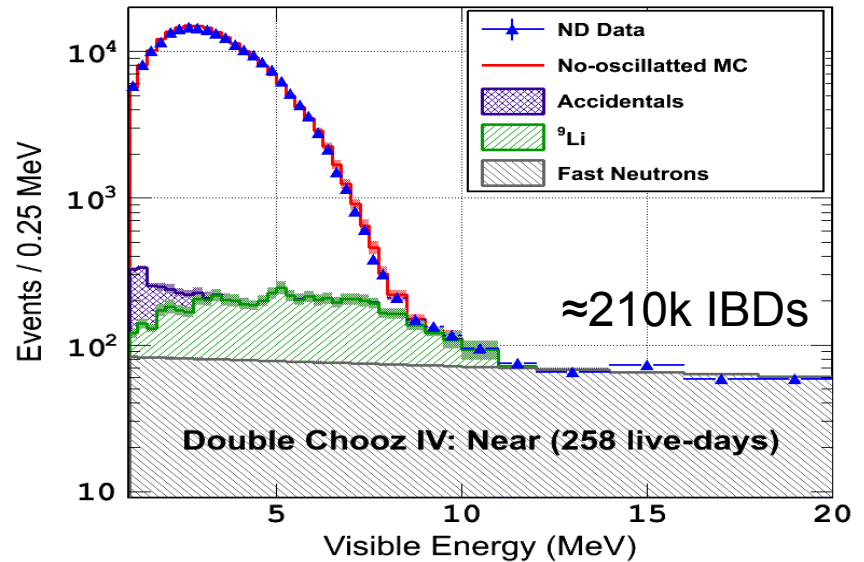
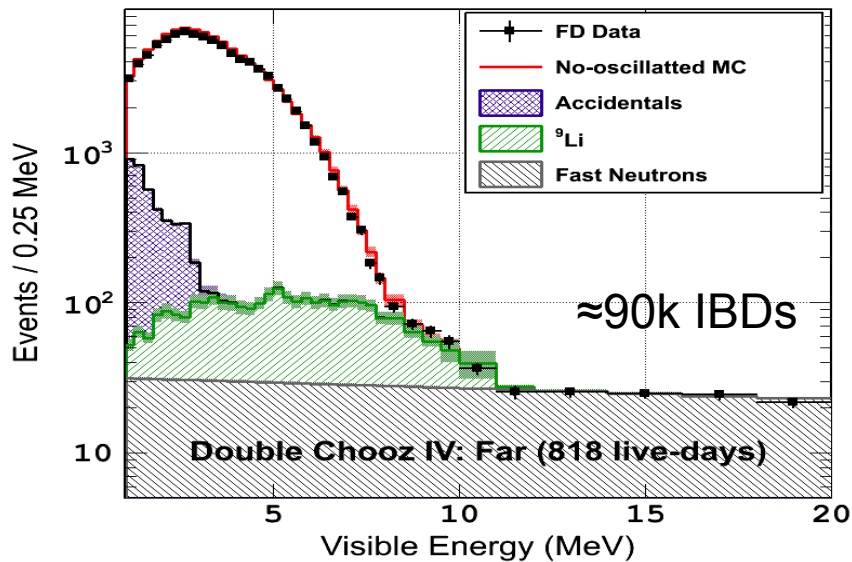
Cumulative rejection per cut



*IBD efficiency and
background rejection*



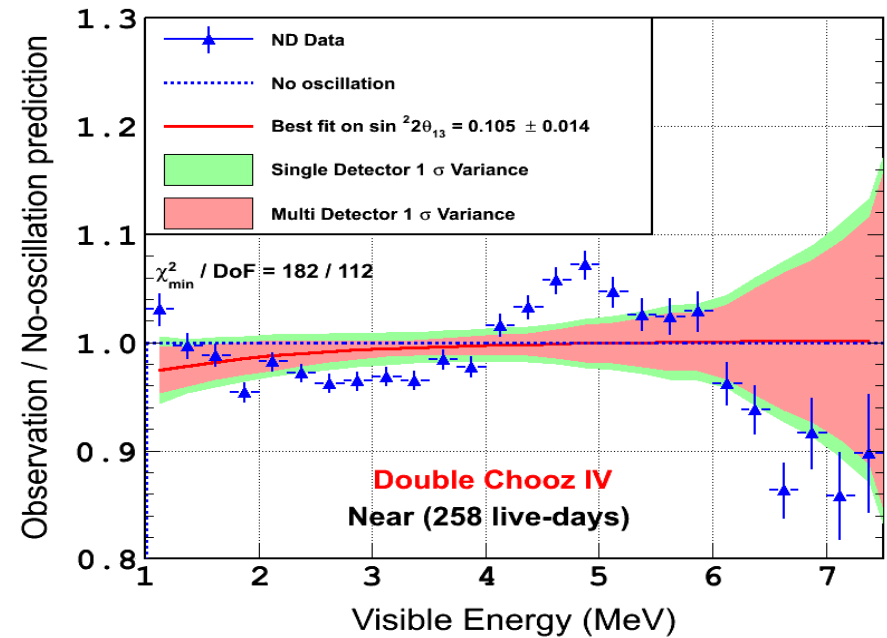
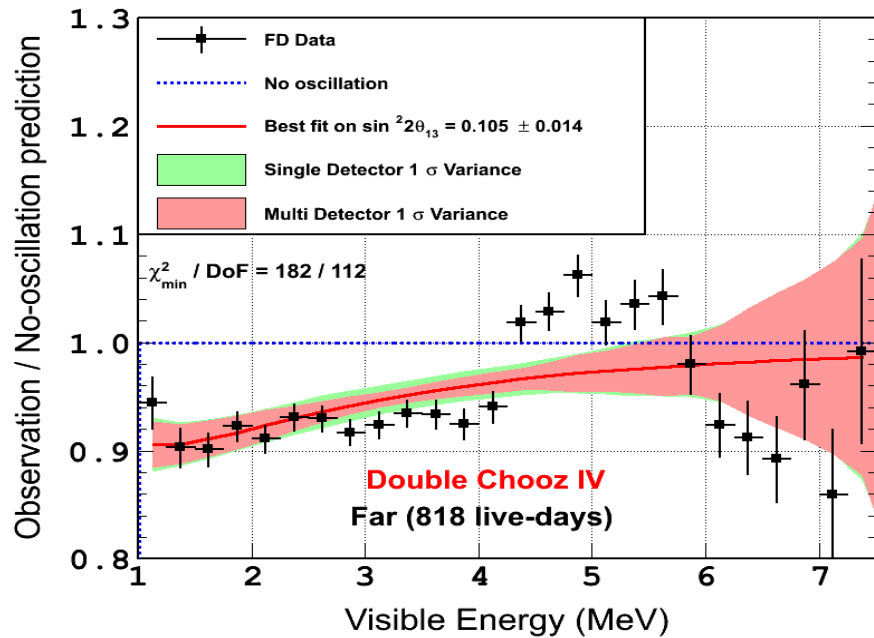
Signal and backgrounds



	Ev./day FD	Ev./day ND
IBD candidates	112	816
Cosmogenic BG (${}^9\text{Li}$)	2.62 ± 0.27	14.52 ± 1.48
Fast n	2.50 ± 0.05	20.85 ± 0.31
Accidental BG	4.13 ± 0.02	3.11 ± 0.01

S/B > 10!

DC-IV fit results

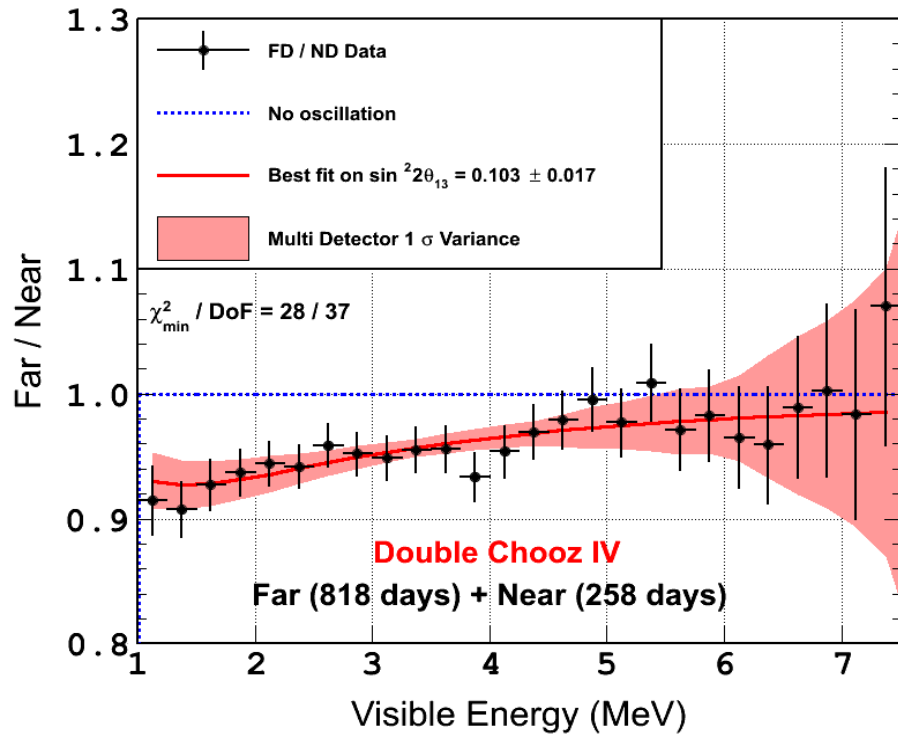


- Data-MC fit including Bugey 4 normalization
- **$\sin^2 2\theta_{13} = 0.105 \pm 0.014$** (stat.+syst.)
- Multi detector fit robust against spectral distortion

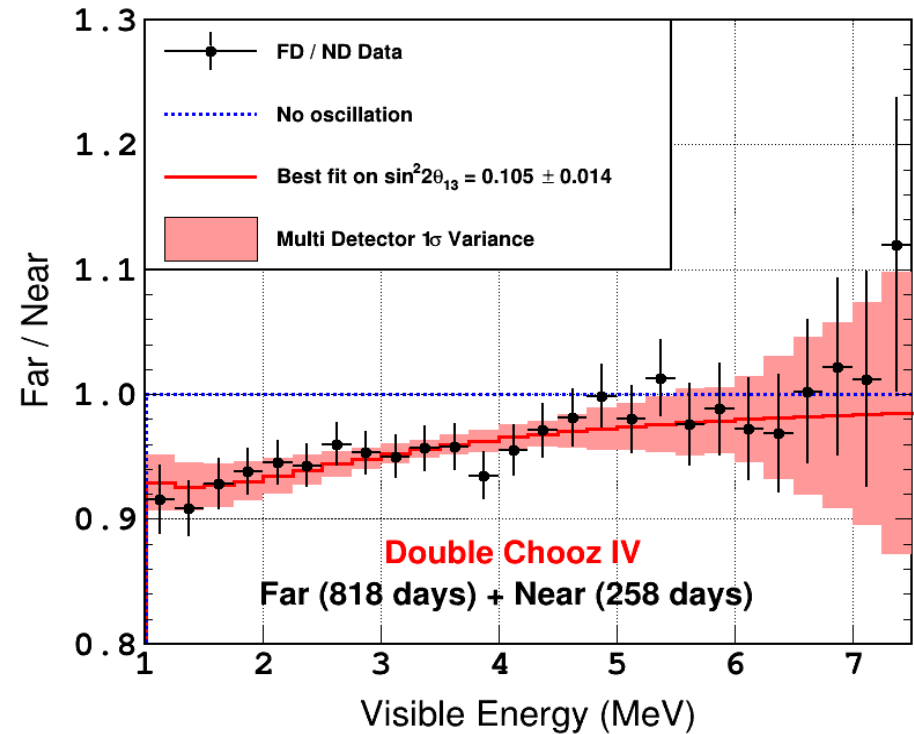
New!

Near to far ratio

Data/data



Data/MC ratio plot



Data to data result: $\sin^2 2\theta_{13} = 0.103 \pm 0.017$

Result comparison worldwide

1.5 σ
difference
(systematics!)

Double Chooz

TnC MD (n-H \oplus n-C \oplus n-Gd)

Daya Bay

PRD 95, 072006 (2017) n-Gd
PRD 93, 072011 (2016) n-H

RENO

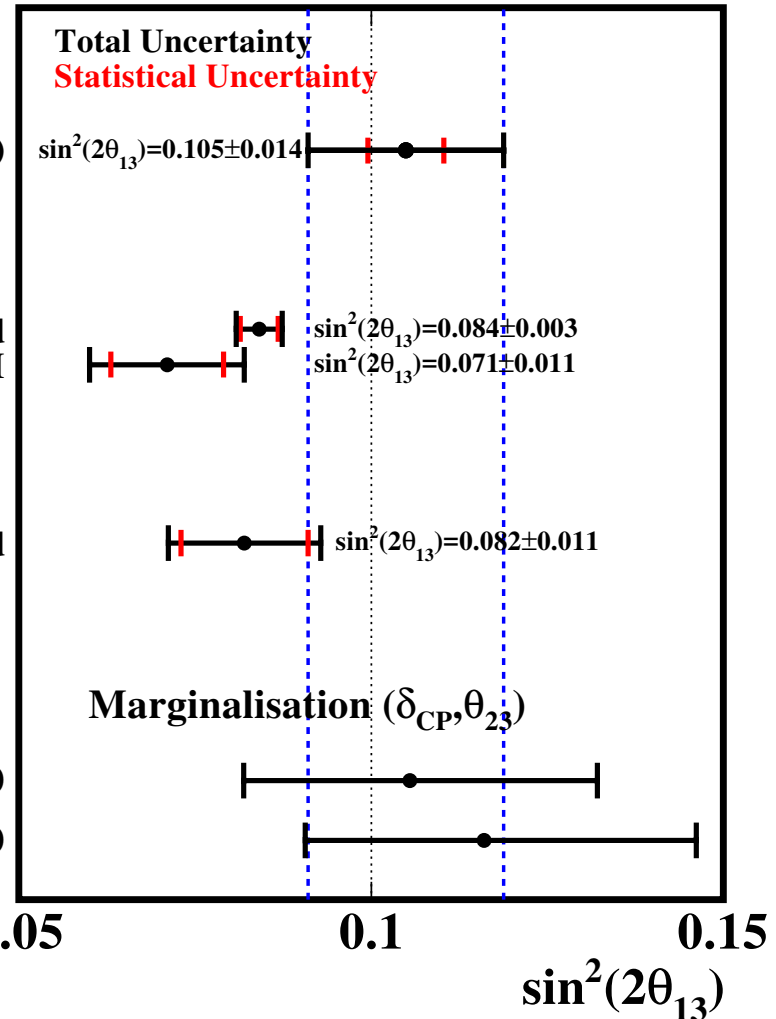
PRL 116, 211801(2016) n-Gd

T2K

PRD 96, 092006 (2017)

$\Delta m_{32}^2 > 0$

$\Delta m_{32}^2 < 0$



Two common DC/DYB/RENO
workshops to discuss systematics

More DC θ_{13} fits

Multi-Detector

DC-IV Rate+Shape

Rate-Only

Shape-Only

ND \oplus FD-I

ND \oplus FD-II

D2D

RRM [1,20]MeV

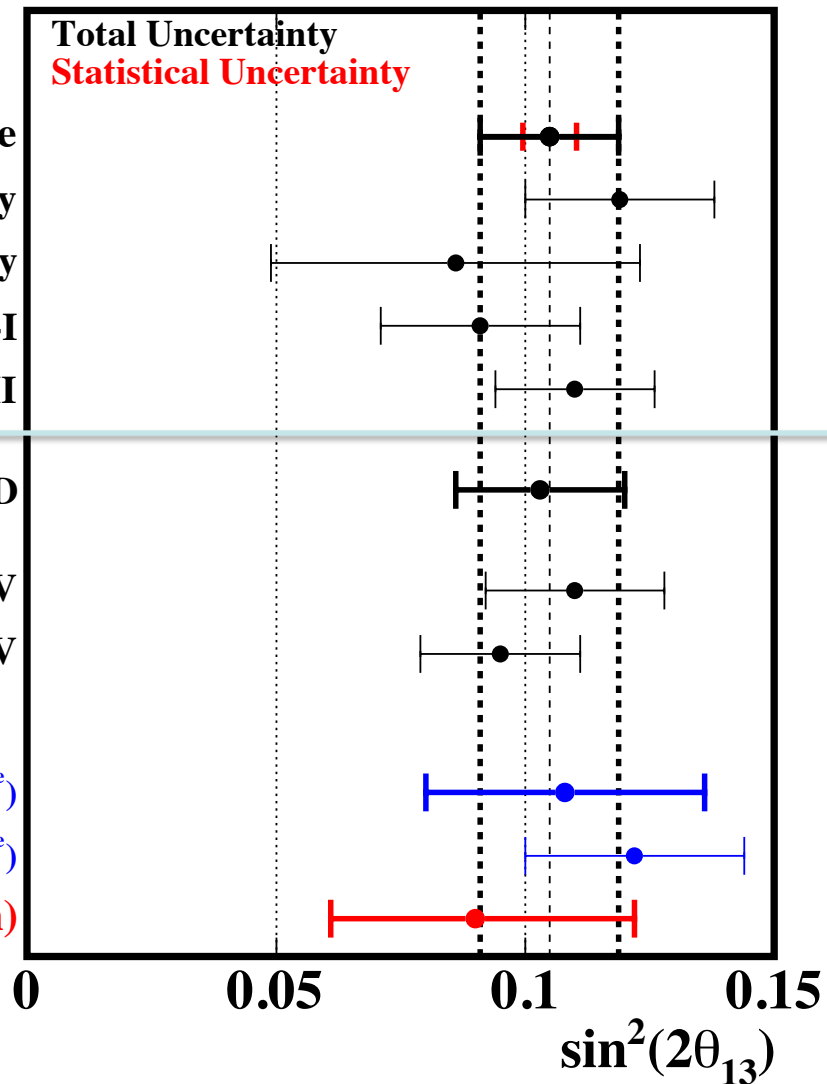
RRM [1,8.5]MeV

Single-Detector

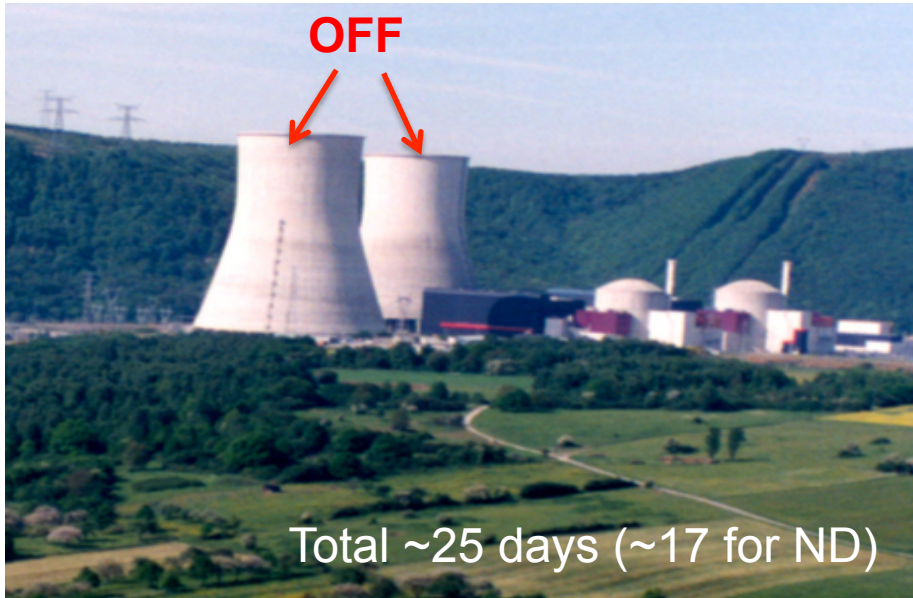
Rate+Shape (B4 \oplus $4\times\sigma^{\text{shape}}$)

Rate+Shape (B4 \oplus $1\times\sigma^{\text{shape}}$)

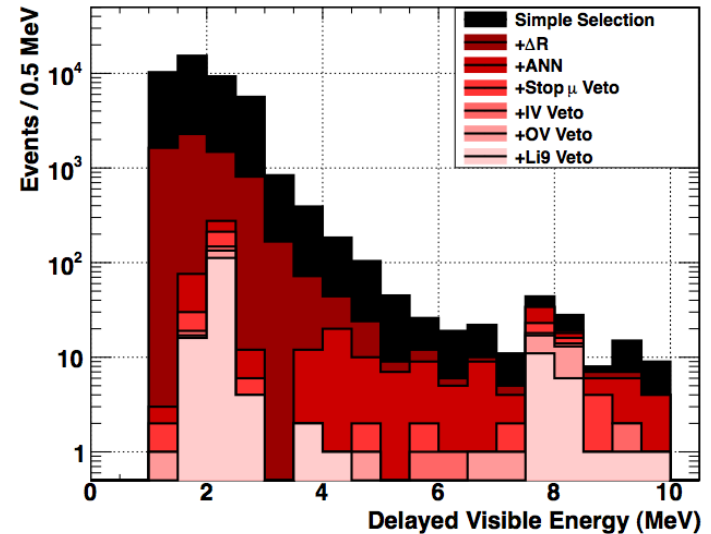
DC-III Rate+Shape (Gd-n)



Both reactors off data



TnC Reactor-off Vetoes - Delayed Events (Far)

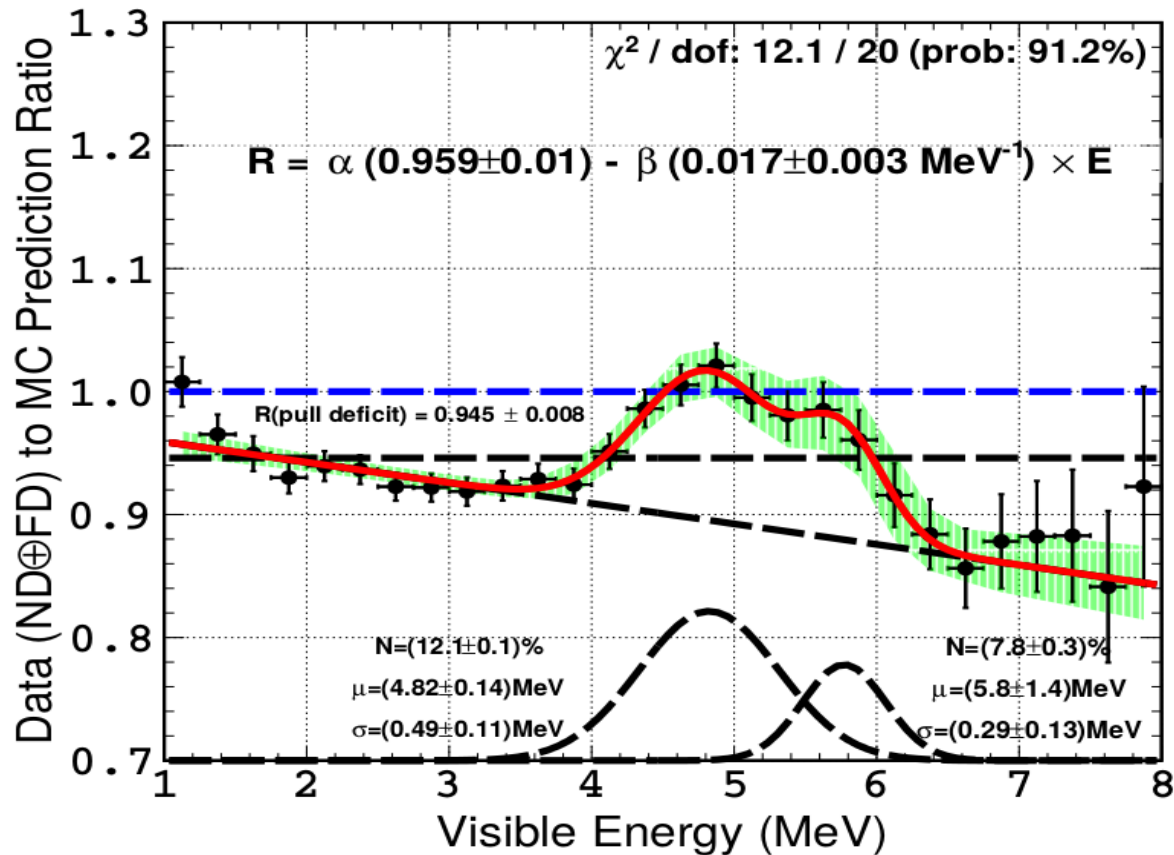


	ND (ev./day)	FD (ev./day)
OFF-OFF I (2012)	-	8.9 ± 1.2
OFF-OFF II (2017)	39.6 ± 2.5	9.8 ± 0.9
Rate+Shape values	38.5 ± 1.5	9.3 ± 0.3

Background understanding

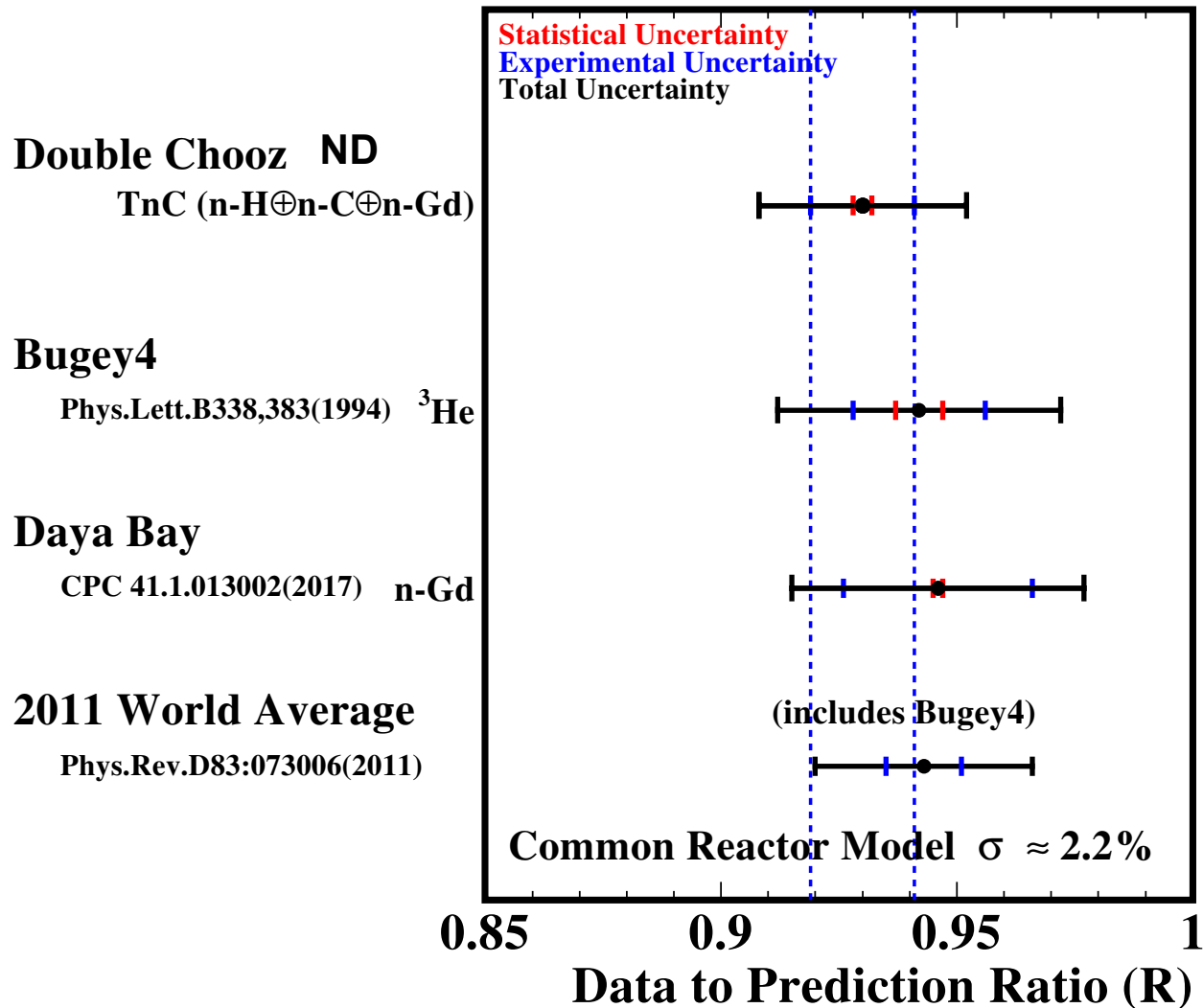
All numbers within 1 σ !

Spectral distortion



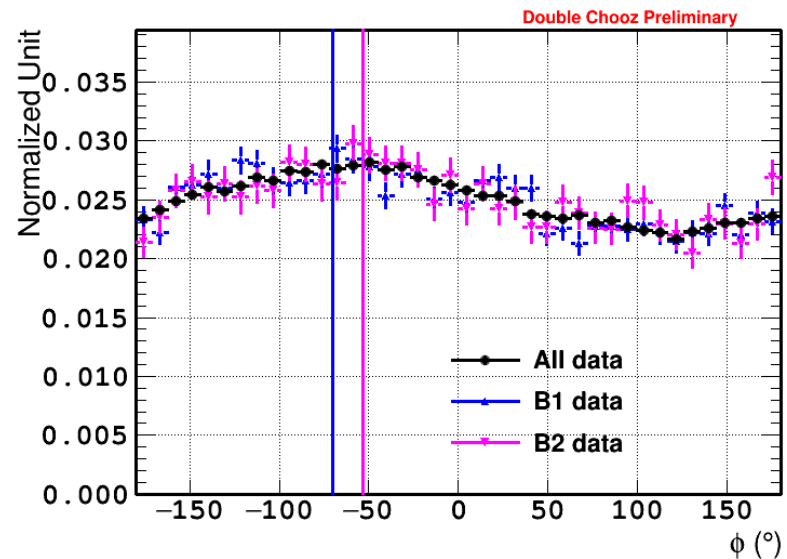
- Empirical fit: negative slope and empirical double peak
- Width significant larger than energy resolution

Data to prediction ratios



Publications / studies beyond θ_{13}

- Background studies (DC, PRD 87 (2013) 01110(R), DC, PRC 93, 054608, 2016) DC, arXiv:1802.08048)
- Cosmic muon characteriz. (DC, JCAP02(2017)017)
- Ortho-positronium (DC, JHEP 10 (2014) 032)
- Lorentz violation (DC, PRD 86, 112009, 2012)
- Scintillation waveforms (DC, JINST 13 (2018) P01031)
- PMT light noise (DC, JINST 11 (2016) P08001)
- Neutrino directionality
- Sterile neutrino studies



DC posters:

- T.Lasserre: Mo#159
- T.Bezerra: We#210
- D.Navas: We#205
- A.Oralbaev: Mo#199
- P.Soldin: We#207

Summary

- Double Chooz 2 detector data: early 2015 till end of 2017 (effective iso flux)
- Improved statistics with total neutron capture (low detection systematics)
- Good background control ($S/B > 10$): confirmed background model with Off-Off data!
- New result: **$\sin^2(2\theta_{13}) = 0.105 \pm 0.014$**
- Spectral distortion: slope and 4-6 MeV structure
- Currently finalizing publication
- Sensitivity improvement: ≈ 2 more years of data and new measurement of target proton mass

In memory of...



**Herve de Kerret
(spokesperson 2004 – 2017)**

Sensitivity

DC Sensitivity

