

# MINERvA

### Illuminating the Interaction of Neutrinos with Bound Nucleons in the Nuclear Environment

Daniel Ruterbories on behalf of the MINERvA Collaboration June 4<sup>th</sup>, 2018

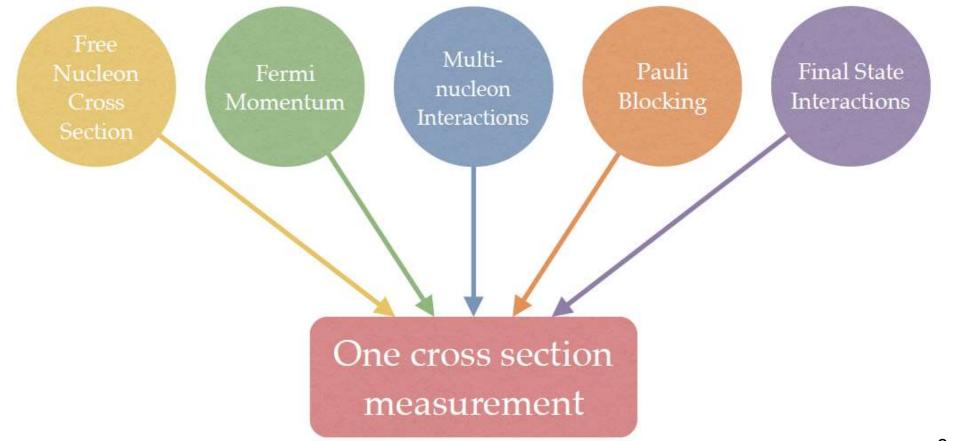


## Previously MINERvA@NEUTRINO

Daniel Ruterbories, University of Rochester June 4<sup>th</sup>, 2018

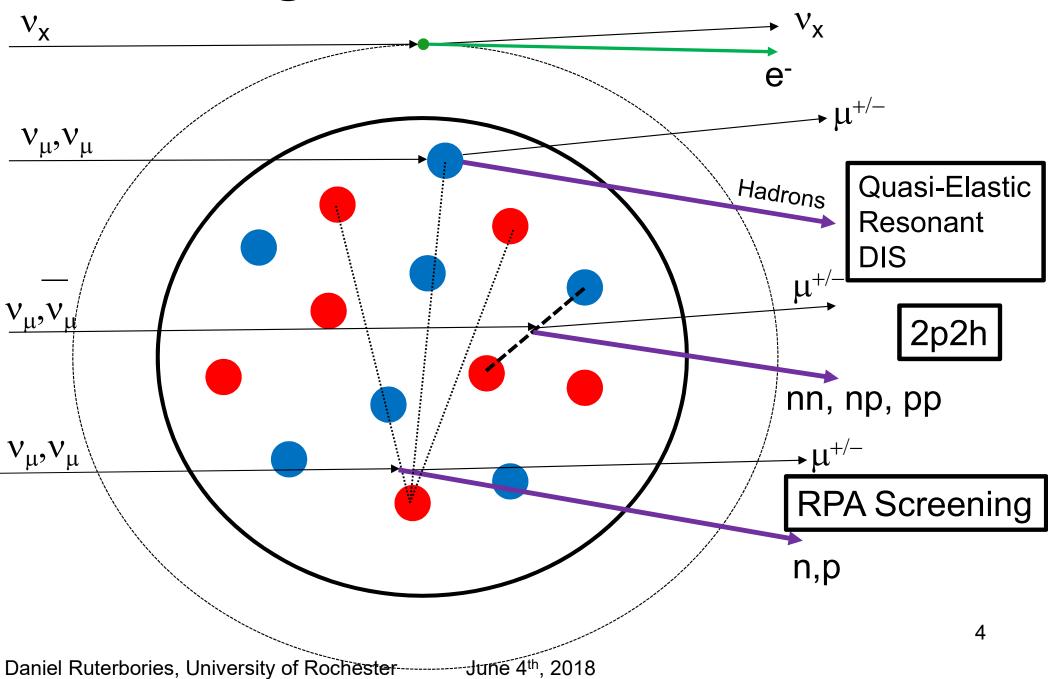
### Approach

 Developing models of neutrino interactions is difficult — there are many, many unknown parameters, and we generally have to measure a bunch of them at once: L.Fields NEUTRINO 2016

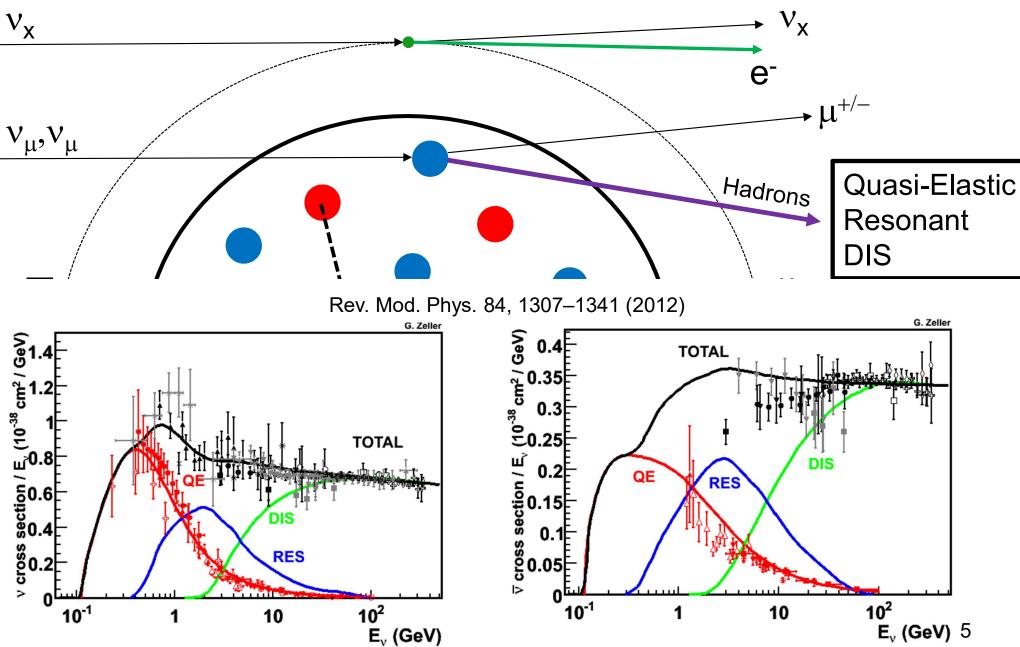


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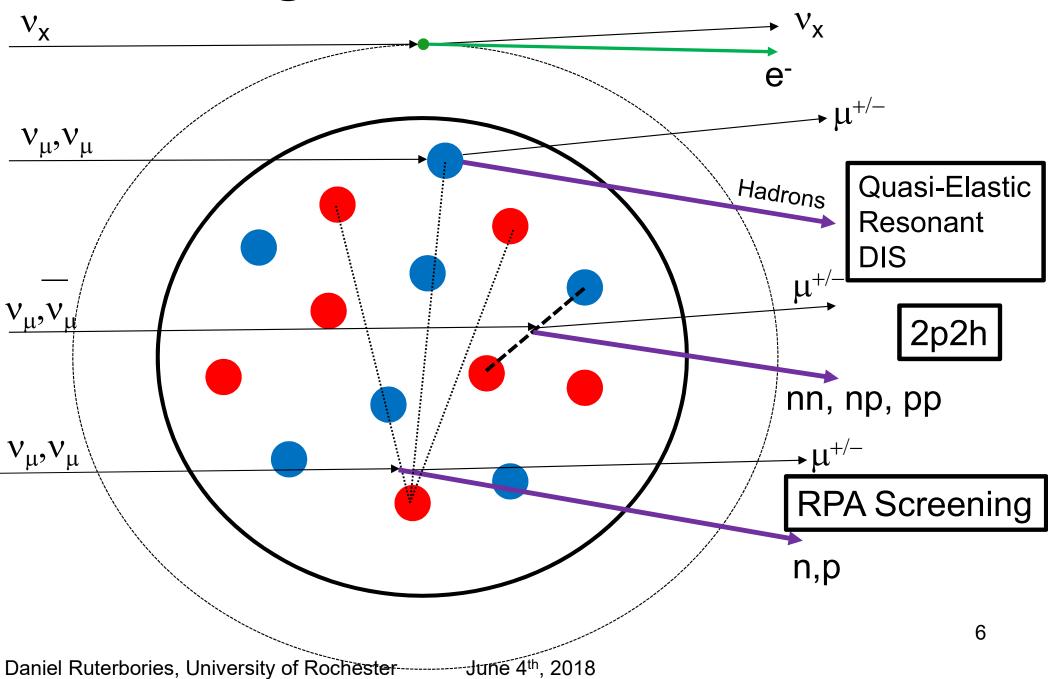
### **Big Picture-Initial State**



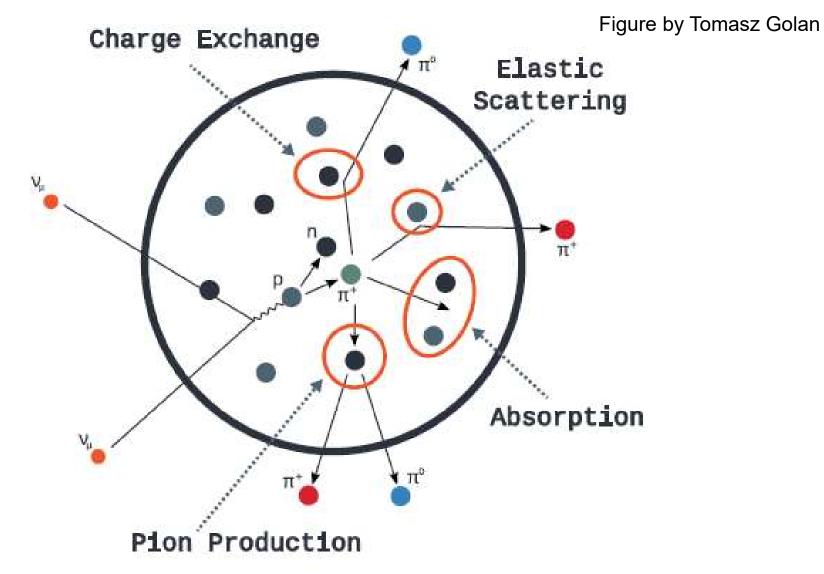
### **Big Picture-Initial State**



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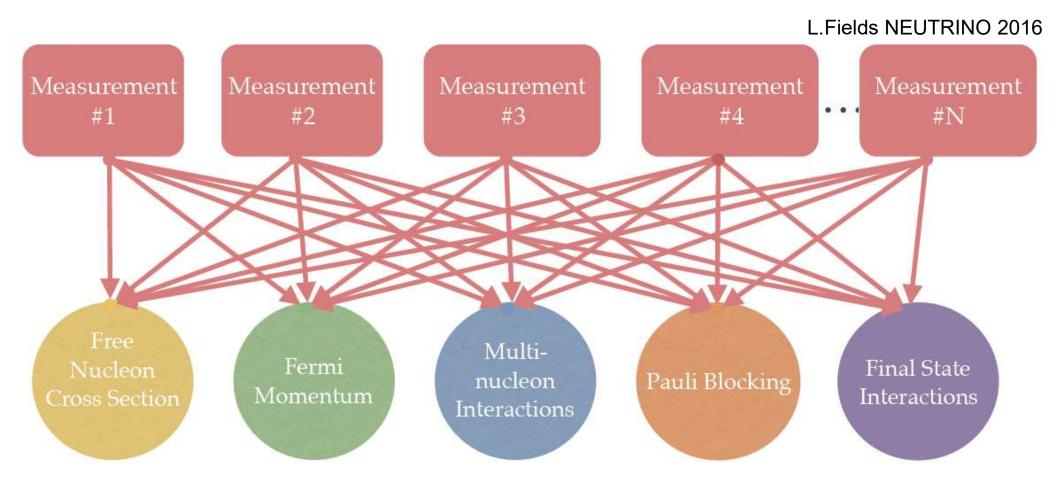


### Big Picture Final State Interactions (FSI)



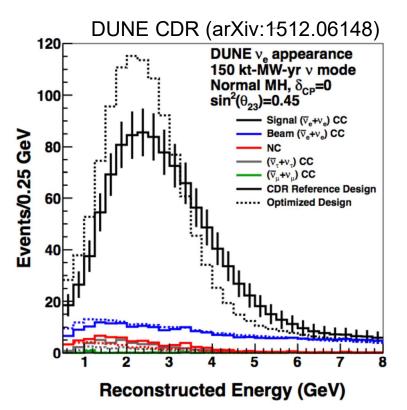
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### Approach

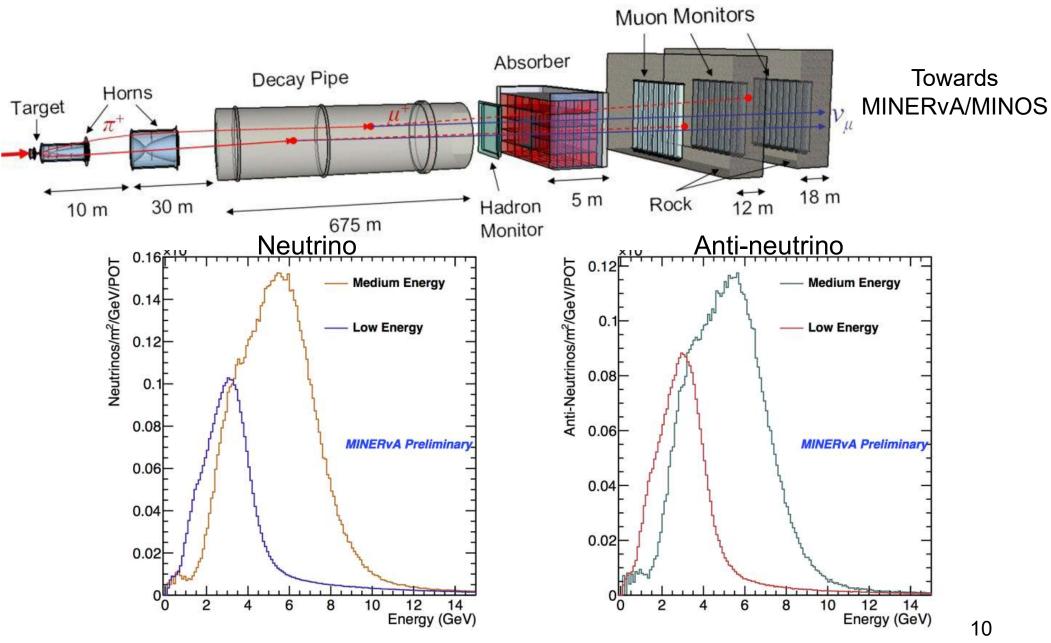


Constrained Cross Section Modeling A Critical Input To Oscillation Experiments

- Oscillation results need
  - Event rates
  - Event spectra E<sub>v</sub>
- Energy reconstruction biases
  - Particle kinematics
  - Calorimetry
  - How well are the biases simulated



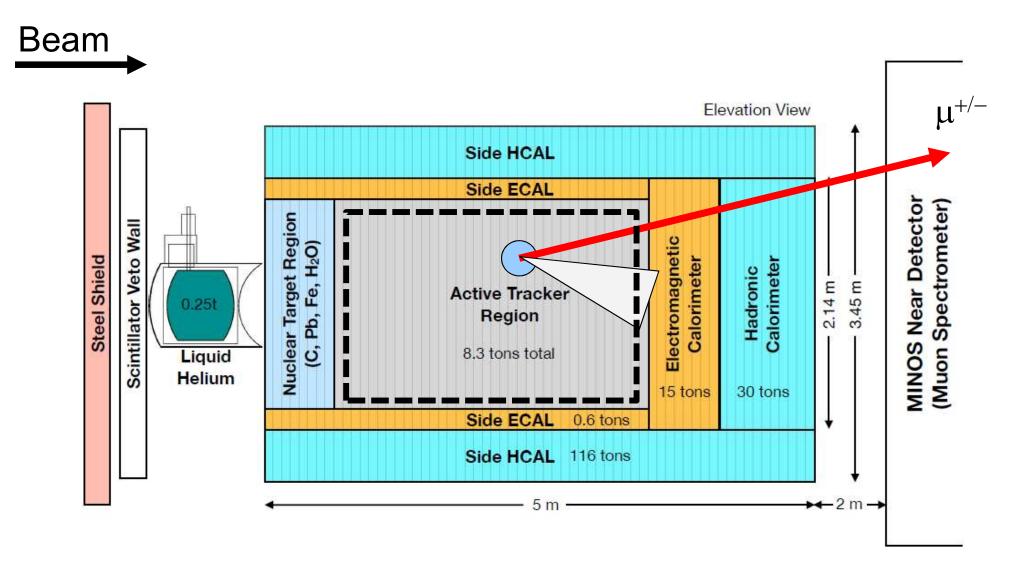
### The NUMI beam



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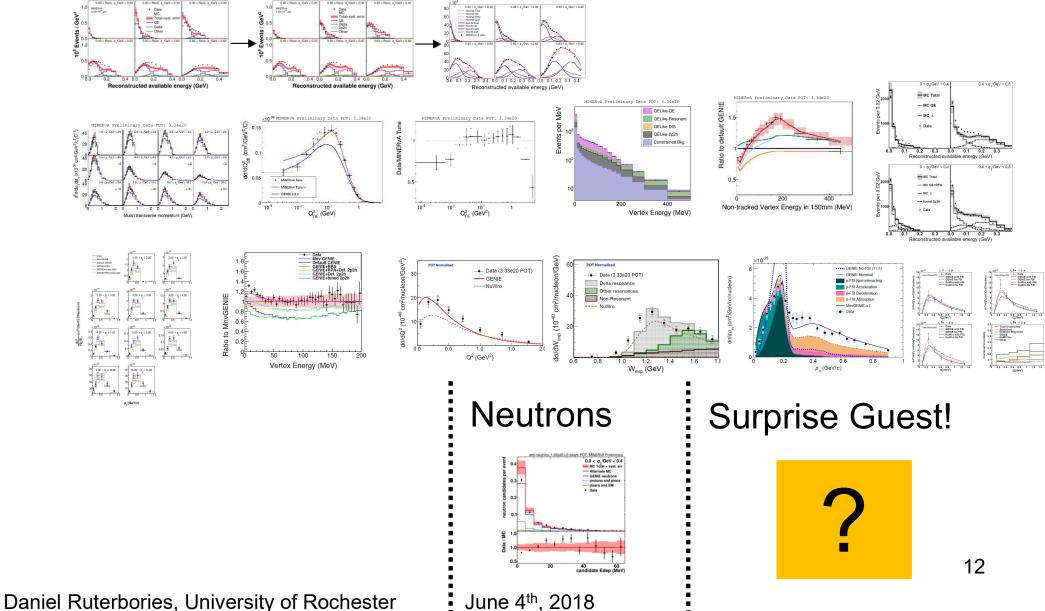
### The MINERvA Detector



### The MINERvA Picture

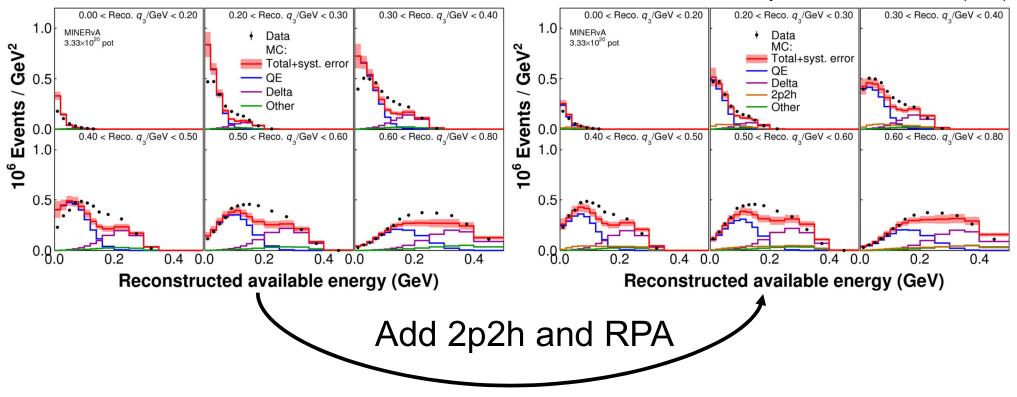
#### with a some of our results since Neutrino 2016

#### Initial and Final State



### Return of inclusive low recoil

Phys. Rev. Lett. 116, 071802 (2016)

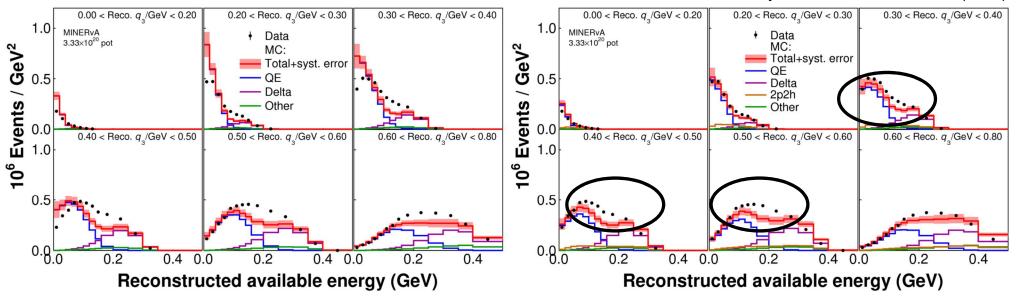


#### Shown at NEUTRINO 2016

Clearly shows marked improvement when adding 2p2h and RPA

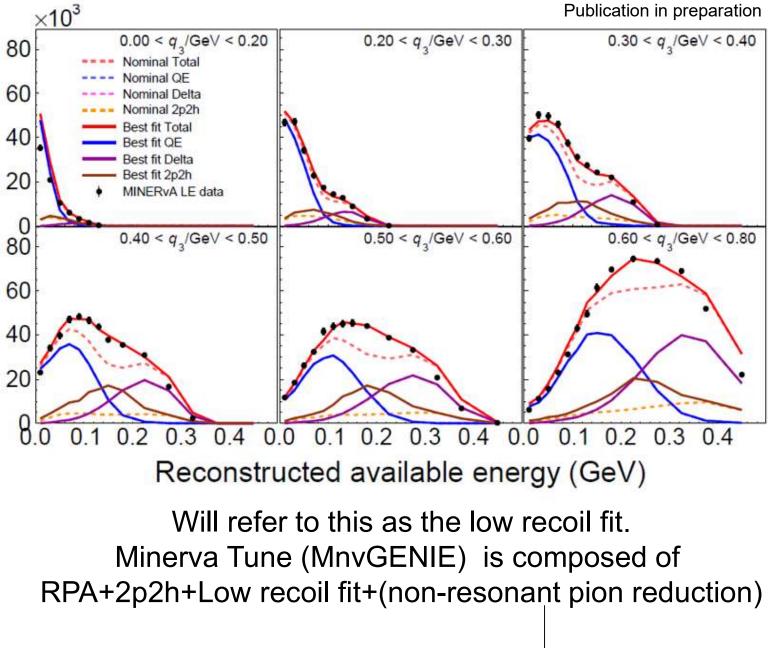
### Return of inclusive low recoil

Phys. Rev. Lett. 116, 071802 (2016)



- Latest models available in simulation, but see a data excess at moderate E<sub>available</sub>
- (new) Fit a 2D Gaussian in true (q<sub>0</sub>,q<sub>3</sub>) as a reweighting function to the 2p2h contributions to get the best agreement
  - Does not scale true QE or resonant production.

## Return of inclusive low recoil

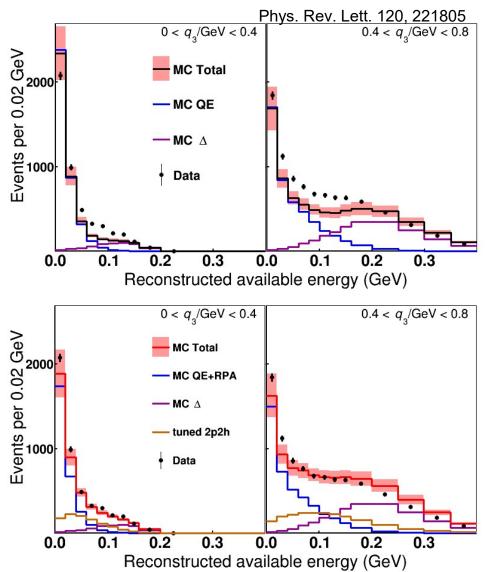


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# Introducing anti-neutrino inclusive low recoil

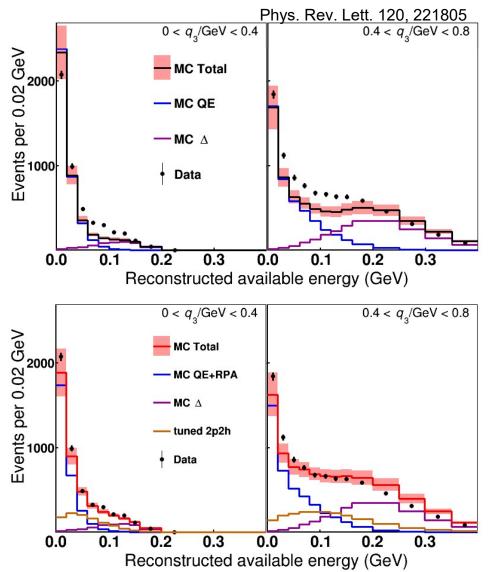


 $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$ 

# Before application of the low recoil fit

# After application of the low recoil fit

# Introducing anti-neutrino inclusive low recoil

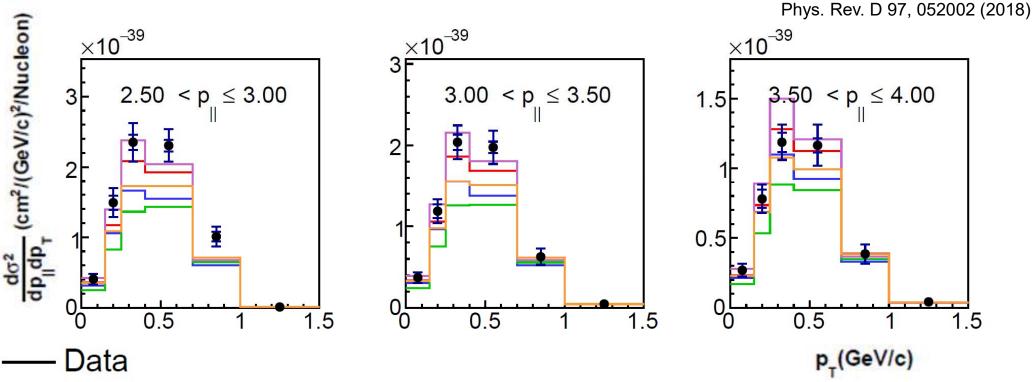


 $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$ 

It is quite remarkable. An empirical neutrino sample based fit works well on the anti-neutrino sample!

# Does this work on exclusive states??

### Return of anti-neutrino CCQE-like



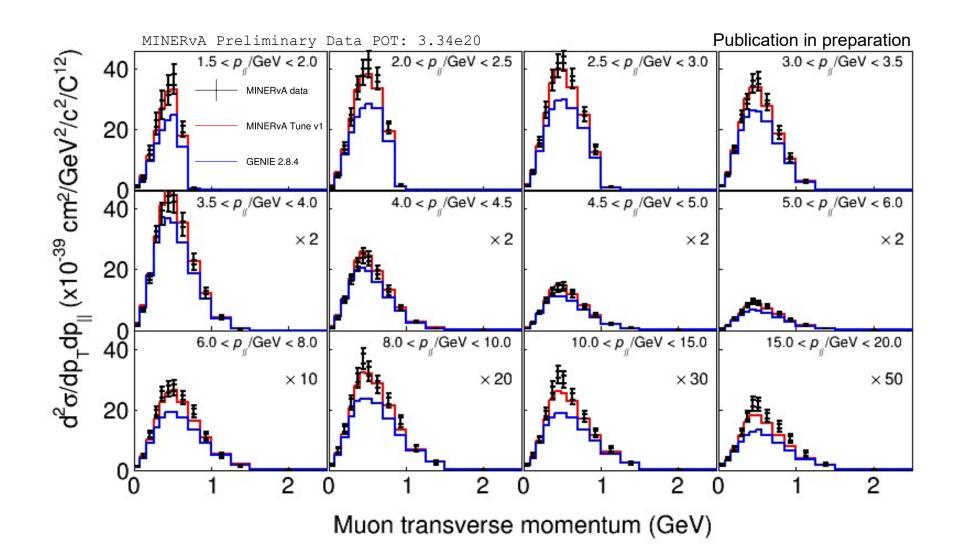
— MnvGENIE

 $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$ 

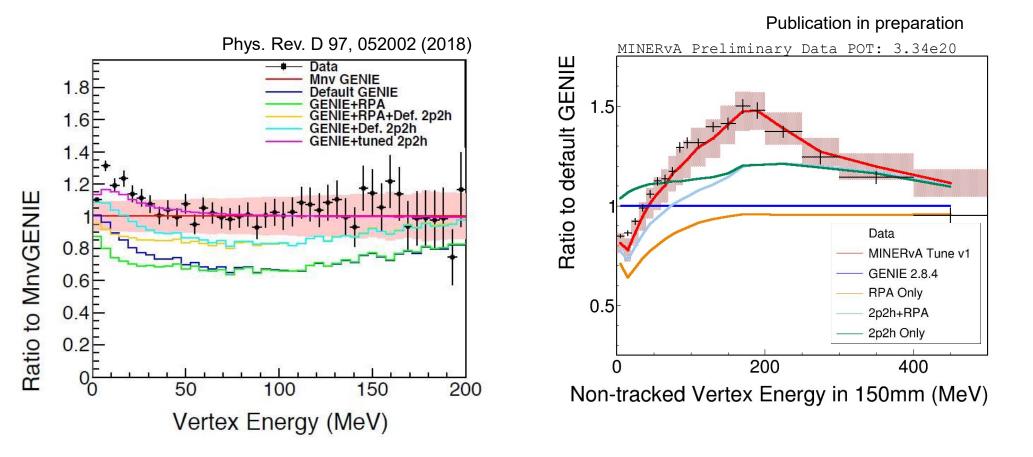
- Default GENIE
- GENIE+RPA
- GENIE+tuned 2p2h
  - GENIE+RPA+Def.2p2h

- Visually appears to agree better with enhancement
- Full  $\chi^2$  indicates a preference for models with RPA and 2p2h.

### Neutrino CCQE-like



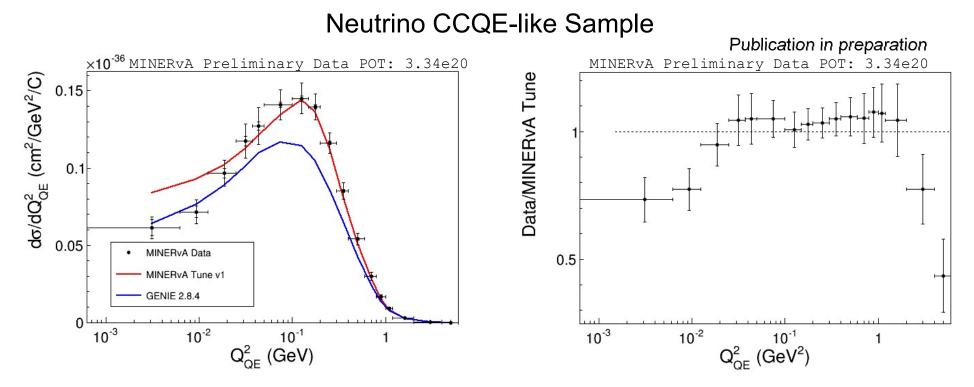
## Vertex energy in QE-Like results



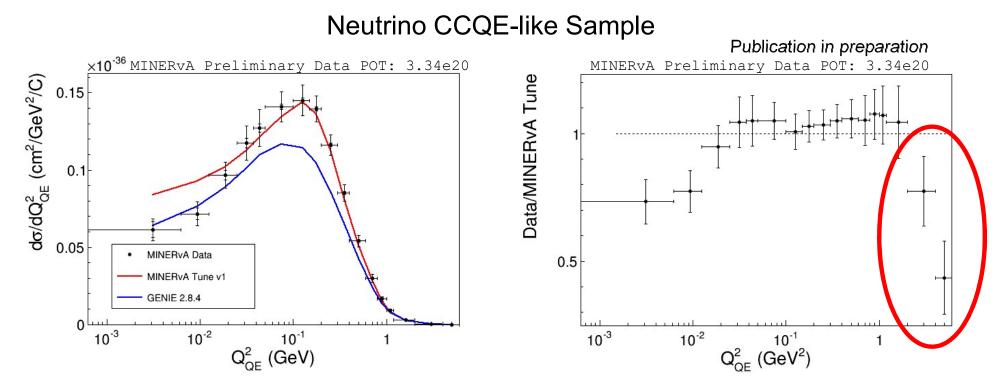
The tune seems to enhance the events in the regions of vertex energy the data prefer!

 $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$ 

### Close, but not quite!

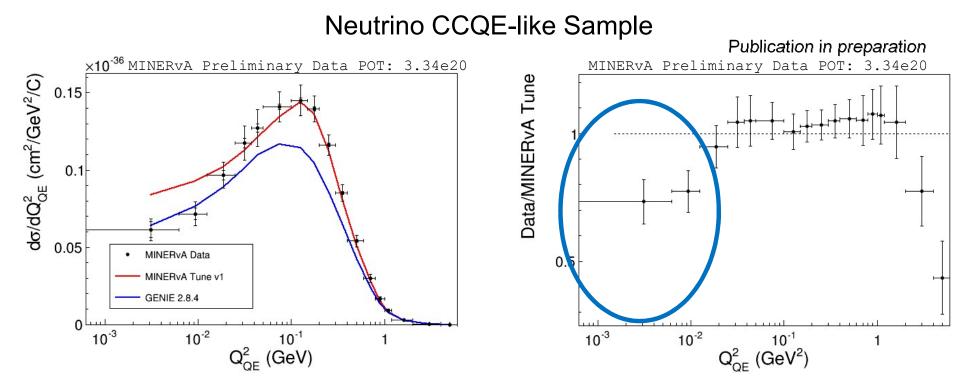


### Close, but not quite!



 High Q<sup>2</sup> is a region where the assumption of the dipole approximation starts to break down

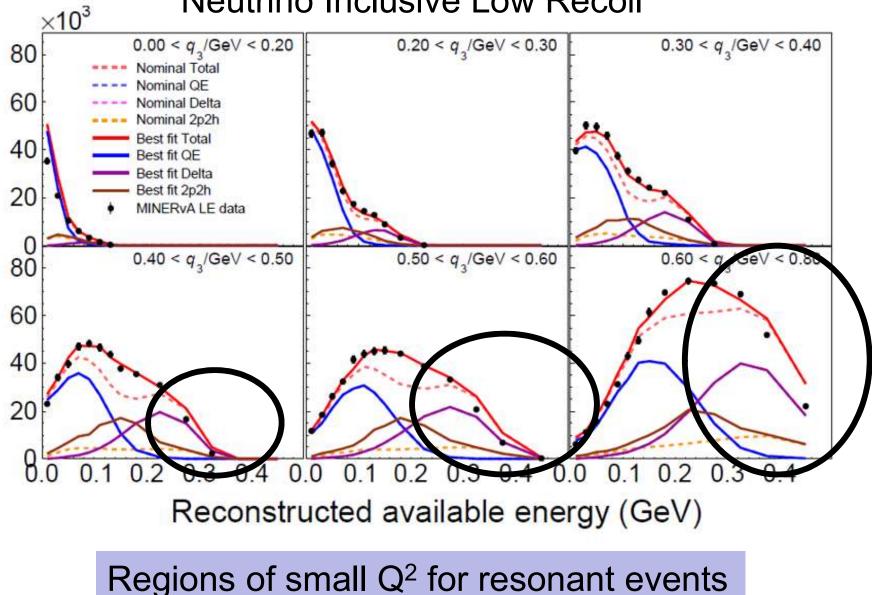
### Close, but not quite!



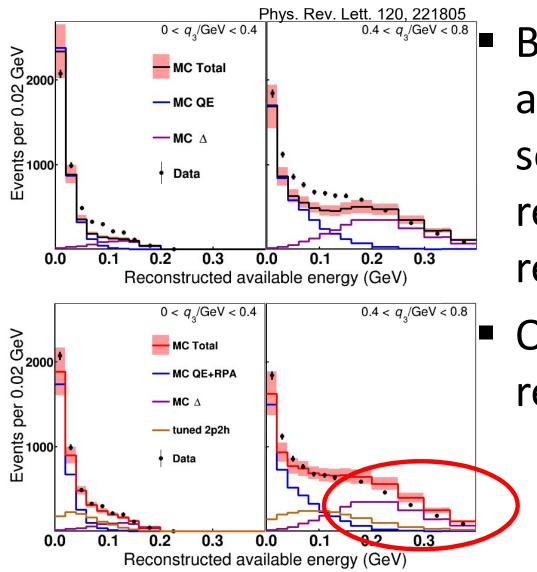
- High Q<sup>2</sup> is a region where we are pushing the extent of the dipole approximation
- Low Q<sup>2</sup> is a region of phase space where the fraction of events has an increased population of resonant pion qe-like events.

# Low Q<sup>2</sup> reduction effect needed

**Neutrino Inclusive Low Recoil** 



### Low Q<sup>2</sup> reduction effect needed Anti-neutrino Inclusive Low Recoil



Both inclusive analyses and neutrino CCQE-like see suppression at regions with low Q<sup>2</sup> for resonant events

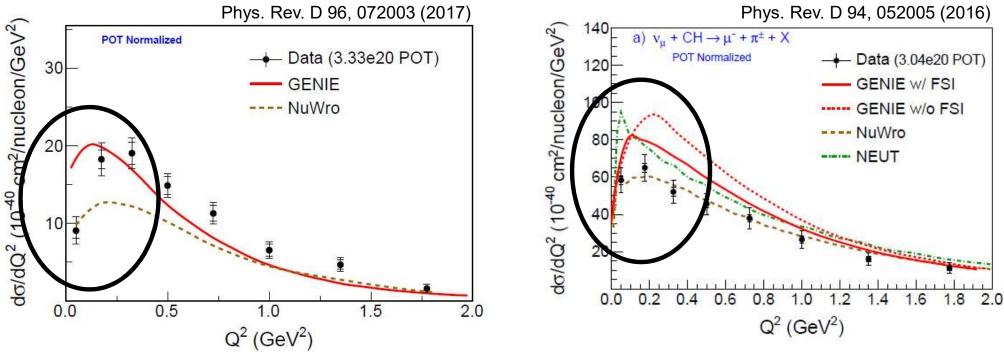
# Onward to the pion results!

Regions of small Q<sup>2</sup> for resonant events

 $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$ 

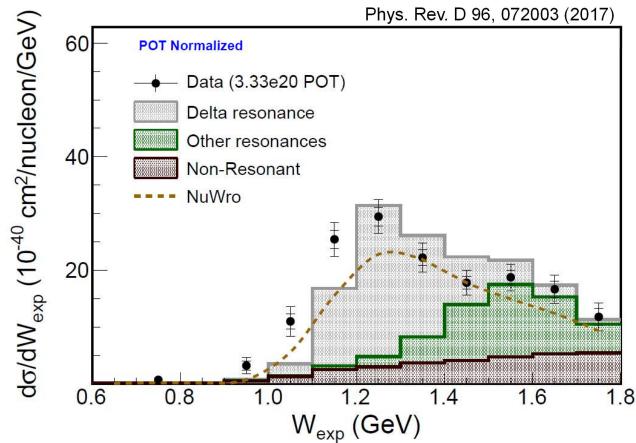
### Low Q<sup>2</sup> reduction effect needed

- Recent  $CC\pi^0$  result wants a low  $Q^2$  reduction
- So does the anti-neutrino result  $CC\pi^0$  result
- Not as strongly in the  $CC\pi^+$  result



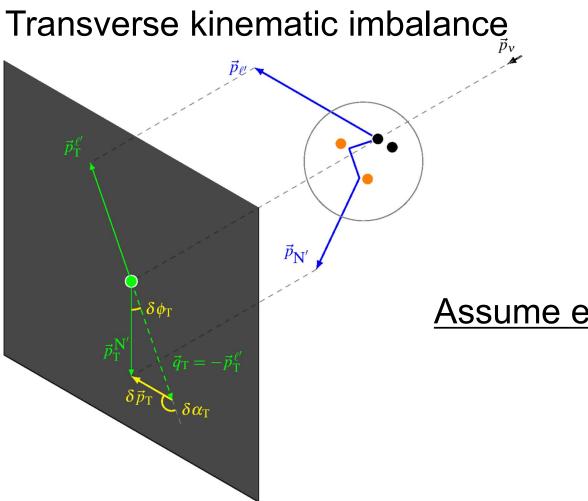
 $\mathbf{v}$ 

## What's going on?



- W<sub>exp</sub> is derived assuming kinematics of a struck nucleon at rest
  - Neither generator takes into account interference between resonant and non-resonant processes
  - Fermi-motion simulation
  - In medium modification of  $\Delta(1232)$

#### A. Furmanski, J. Sobczyk, Phys.Rev.C95 (2017) no.6, 065501 X.-G. Lu *et al.* Phys. Rev. C 94, 015503 (2016) **New measurement variables**



#### p<sub>n</sub> Initial-state neutron momentum

Transverse:  $0 = \vec{p}_{T}^{\ \ell'} + \vec{p}_{T}^{\ N'} - \delta \vec{p}_{T}$ Longitudinal:  $E_{\nu} = p_{L}^{\ell'} + p_{L}^{N'} - \delta p_{L}$ New variable:  $p_{n} \equiv \sqrt{\delta p_{T}^{2} + \delta p_{L}^{2}}$ 

#### <u>Assume exclusive µ-p-A` final states</u>

$$E_{\nu} + m_{\rm A} = E_{\ell'} + E_{\rm N'} + E_{\rm A'}$$
$$E_{\rm A'} = \sqrt{m_{\rm A'}^2 + p_{\rm n}^2}$$

see posters for details

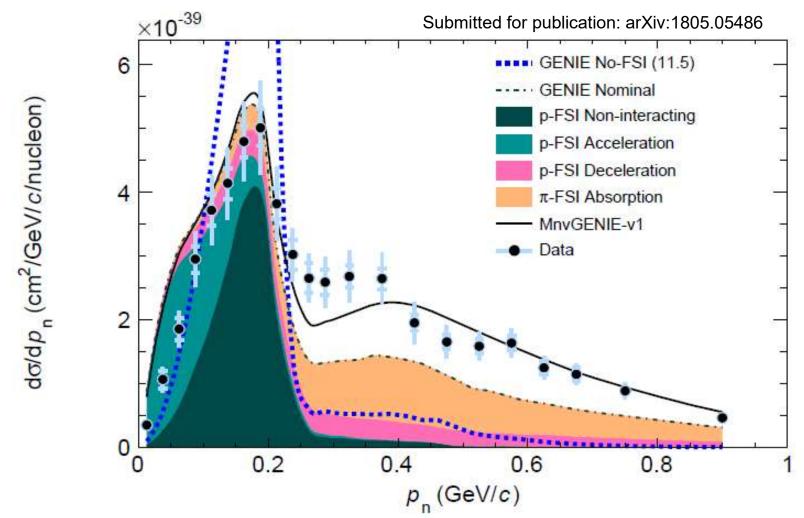
Minerba Betancourt: "Measurement of nuclear effects via final-state correlations in quasi elastic-like events on hydrocarbon at MINERvA" (#119 Wednesday) David Coplowe: "Measuring nuclear effects of semi-exclusive CCNpMπ<sup>0</sup> final states using the MINERvA Detector" (#112 Wednesday)

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June 4<sup>th</sup>, 2018

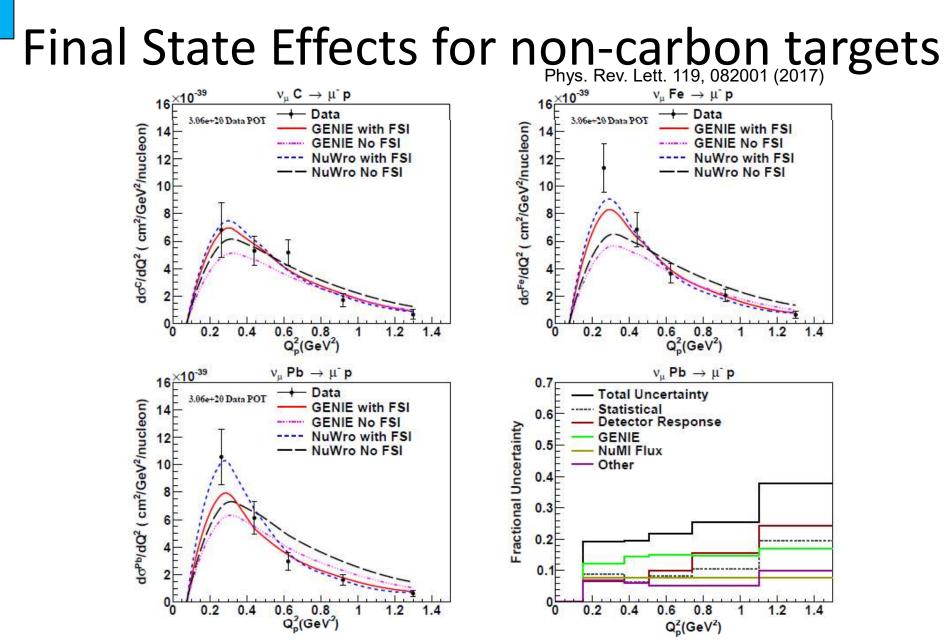
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### Focus on Fermi motion



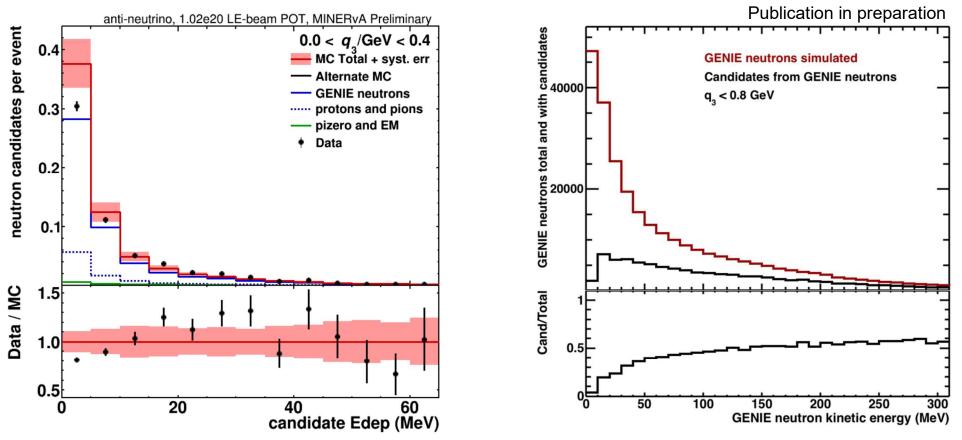
 Strong constraint on Fermi motion and transition between QE and QE-like processes

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A-dependence of FSI appears to not be correctly modeled

### Don't forget the neutrons



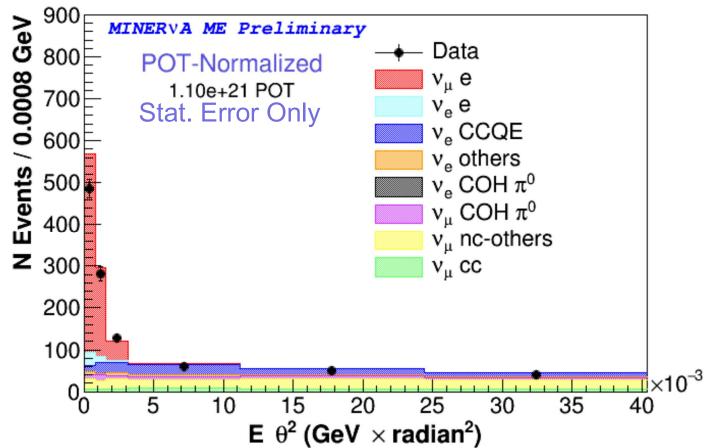
- Using the anti-neutrino low recoil sample we have started counting neutron candidates
- We can measure the time, position (2D or 3D) and energy deposited.

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First Medium Energy Result



- Selected sample has about 800 v+e events
- In the process of finalizing systematics
- Flux constraint ongoing
  - changes flux uncertainty from about 8% to 6% in the focusing peak
- Proof of principle for future experiments

### Conclusions

- By combining many analyses with different focuses MINERvA is creating a vision of what neutrino interactions in nuclei look like at a few GeV
  - RPA, 2p2h are necessary in a Fermi Gas model
  - Need more! Works for anti-nu pretty well
  - Pion model needs updating
  - FSI is needed and has issues with A-dependence
  - Nuclear model has issues we should focus on
  - Neutrons interact in hydrocarbons
- Will continue to develop new analysis variables and tunes
- The next dataset of MINERvA is starting to produce results. Stay tuned!

## Thank You!

