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Article



Pollenia hazarae (Senior-White, 1923) (Diptera: Polleniidae) a new record from India with a revised key to known Indian species

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Abstract

Pollenia hazarae (Senior-White, 1923) is recorded for the first time from India. The species has been collected from Indian Himalaya. A key the known Indian species is provided herewith.

Key words: Pollenia hazarae, cluster flies, Polleniidae, Diptera, Himalaya, New record

Introduction

The family Polleniidae includes eight genera and 147 species of which *Pollenia* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830 is the most speciose genus with 95 species reported from the world. The species of this group are commonly known as cluster flies, as these enter human dwellings to over-winter as adults (Szpila et.al., 2022) causing nuisance to building owners. Moreover, their large numbers could result in mechanical transmission of bacterial and viral pathogens in humans (Faulde et al., 2001; Szpila et al., 2022). Females of this group prefer to feed on liquid secretions of vertebrate carrion, whereas larvae parasitize on earthworms, and caterpillars or pupae of noctuid moths.

Earlier genus *Pollenia* was placed within subfamily Polleniinae of family Calliphoridae. Later, molecular studies established Polleniinae as sister group to Tachinidae and has been raised to family level (Winkler et.al., 2015; Cerretti et al., 2017; 2019; Kutty et al., 2019; Buenaventura et al., 2021; Yan et al., 2021). Rognes (1987a&b, 1988, 1991a&b, 1992a&b, 2010) divided West Palaearctic *Pollenia* into 11 species groups namely: *amentaria, pallida, vagabunda, rudis, labialis, griseotomentosa, haeretica, semicinerea, tenuiforceps, venturi* and *viatica*. Senior-White et al., 1940 recorded two species of *Pollenia* from India, *Pollenia rudis* (Fabricius, 1794) and *Pollenia townsendi* Senior-white, Aubertin & Smart, 1940. The inclusion of *Pollenia vagabunda* (Meigen, 1826) and *Pollenia dasypoda* to the list of Indian Pollenidae by Gisondi et al., 2020 is doubtful (Rognes, 2002). Moreover, *Pollenia hazarae* was earlier reported from Punjab state of undivided India (Senior-White et.al. 1940), which now falls in Pakistan but Gisondi et al., 2020 has erroneously indexed it from India. Herein, we report *Pollenia hazarae* (Senior White, 1923), as a new record from the Indian side of the sub-continent.

The specimens of *Pollenia hazarae* were collected from Hafrada village in Kupwara district of Jammu and Kashmir, at an altitude of 1615m above mean sea level. The specimens were collected with the help of fish bait, killed with ethyl acetate vapours and preserved in absolute alcohol for future analysis. For species identification Fauna of British India by Senior-White et al., 1940 was used.

Pollenia hazarae (Senior-White, 1923)

Dexopollenia hazarae Senior-White, 1923: 51. Type locality: Pakistan, Abbottabad

Material Examined: 8° , 9° , India, Jammu & Kashmir, Hafrada village, 34.4019° N, 73.9999° E, 1615m, 25-03-23.

Diagnostic characters of *Pollenia hazarae*: Males: eyes sub-holoptic, frons reduced to a fine line at the point of closet approximation, parafrontalia narrow, females: frons 1/3rd of head width at the level of

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antennae, face black, no golden pile on face or genae, epistome exceptionally developed, 2/5th of head height viewed laterally, carina present, palpi black and subclavate (Fig. 1).

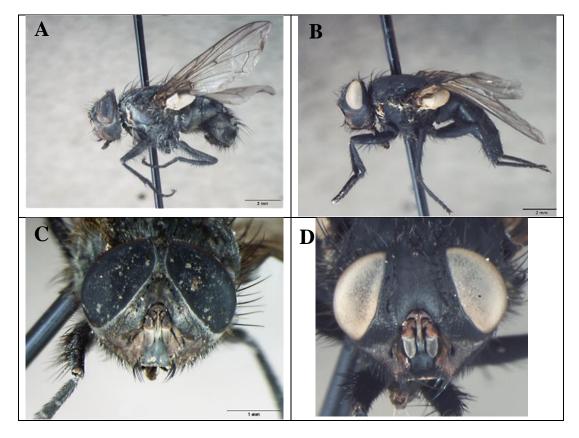


FIGURE 1. *Pollenia hazarae* (Senior-White, 1923). A. male, profile view; B. female, profile view; C. male, head; D. female, head.

Key to the known Indian species of Pollenia Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830

1.	Propleura	with	pubescence,	palpi	orange,	facial	carina	absent	
									P. townsendi
-	Propleura bare, palpi black to dark brown, facial carina well developed2								
2.	Face covered with grey tomentum, first and second antennal segment reddish, third dark brown,								
	palpi da	ark bro	own, basicost	al scale	orange	e, wing	g veins	orange	
									P. rudi s
-	Face black	covered	with black hairs	s, slightly t	omentose	in male,	epistome i	margin yel	low, antennae
	black, pa	ılpi blac	k, basicostal	scale br	own to	black,	wing ve	ins brown	n in colour
									P. hazarae

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