

# Progress in Assessing Good Environmental Status in Deep-sea Benthic Ecosystems: D1, D3, D6 and D10 ATLAS 3<sup>rd</sup> General Assembly

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# ..break out group 2<sup>nd</sup> Annual Assembly 2017

- NEAT approach
- Selection of indicators
- Set up thresholds
- Test GES in a pilot case study
- Azores, Mingulay, Shetland Channel for D1 and D6

#### • MESMA-like approach

- Map of pressures (need to be transformed into an impact index)
- Map of VMEs (based on predictive models)
- Terms of risk or likelihood of GES areas
- Build polygons with likelihood of the area being in GES or not



# ..break out group 2<sup>nd</sup> Annual Assembly 2017

#### • NEAT approach

- Selection of indicators potentially applicable to the deep sea
- Selected indicators shared with case study leaders (and some other ATLAS members highly involved in the GES issue) in July 2017





# ..break out group last year

• NEAT approach

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	- I	J	К	L	М
1	marked with a red X the indicators considered more suitable												
2	Indicators marked in green are the ones with higher than 80% agreement among the participants		Case study 1			Case study 2				Case study 3			
3			Dick va	n Oevelen		Le	a-Anne He	nry		F	rancis Nea	t	
4	NEAT Indicators	D1	D3	D6	D10	D1	D3	D6	D10	D1	D3	D6	D10
5	Abundance and composition of functional groups in selected habitats	1				1				1			
6	Abundance and distribution of cetaceans (M4)												
7	Abundance and distribution of juvenile flounder												
8	Abundance and impact of non-native fish species (round goby example)	1											
9	Abundance of bacterioplankton												
10	Abundance of benthic invertebrates	1				1				1			
11	Abundance of bioengineering species							1				1	
12	Abundance of cephalopds												
13	Abundance of commercial fish (Catch per unit effort)	1	1			1	1			1	1		
14	Abundance of coral colonies alive			1				1				1	
15	Abundance of demersal elasmobranchs						1			1	1		
16	Abundance of demersal elasmobranchs - representation for georeferenced data (GIS)									1			
17	Abundance of demersal fish	1	1				1			1	1		
18	Abundance of demersal fish - representation for georeferenced data (GIS)									1			
19	Abundance of fish	1	1			1	1			1	1		
20	Abundance of functional groups of fish	1	1			1	1			1	1		
H.	NEAT D1, D3 & D6 / Shortened list / 🔁				I 4 🛛							i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	





# ..break out group last year

#### • NEAT approach

- Selection of indicators potentially applicable to the deep sea
- Selected indicators shared with case study leaders (and some other ATLAS members highly involved in the GES issue) in July 2017
- Suggest to us the indicators selected for the 80% of us can be considered as "suitable"
- ...in December 2017 we got all replies  $\rightarrow$  selection of indicators



NEAT INDICATORS ( > 65% AGREEMENT FOR D1 for non commercial fish species and > 80% AGREEMENT for D3 & D6)								
D1	D3	D6	D10					
Distributional range and pattern of selected (sensitive) non commercial demersal fish	Abundance ratio of mature individuals of selected fish species	Abundance of coral colonies alive	Areal extent of litter: Type (e.g. plastic, glass)/abundance/density/weight					
Species richness of non commercial fish	Age class structure of commercial fish	Areal extent of biogenic / vulnerable habitats (type, abundance, biomass, condition and areal extent of relevant biogenic substrata)	Density of abandoned fishing gear (e.g. lines, nets, etc.)					
Abundance of non-commercial demersal fish and cephalopods	Age-frequency distribution of fish	Areal extent of human affected area	Colonisation on litter					
Abundance of non-commercial functional groups of fish	Biomass of demersal fish	Areal extent of protected sea areas	Microplastics / Contaminats in sediments/organisms					
Species diversity (Shannon index) of non-commercial fish	Biomass of selected fish species	Number of traces from fishing activities (trawlmarks)	Number of organisms (e.g. coral colonies) entangled in fishing lines or nets					
	Biomass of selected fish species (SSB - spawning stock biomass)	Density of biogenic reef forming species (type, abundance, biomass and areal extent of relevant biogenic substratum per habitat type)						
	Body length distribution of fish	Distribution and condition of habitat forming species						
	Body length distribution of fish in the community	Areal extent of sedimentary seafloor / vulnerable habitats (type, abundance, biomass, condition and areal extent of relevant sedimentary communities)						
	Fishing Effort (ComInd 10)	Impacts of anthropogenic physical disturbance on the sea pen community						
		Abundance and composition of functional						
		Species richness of corals Ratio of live versus dead/overgrown coral						
		cover VMEs and VMEs indicator taxa (status, areal						
		extent, size-frequency disribution) Structural complexity						

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p1 in	our Descriptor II	St The solution of habitat forming						
We kept DI m	alopods spea	Areal extent of sedimentary seafloor / vulnerable habitats (type, abundance, biomass, condition and areal extent of relevant sedimentary communities)						
FISI	Fishing Effort (ComInd 10)	Impacts of anthropogenic physical disturbance on the sea pen community						
		Abundance and composition of functional groups in selected habitats						
		Species richness of corals Ratio of live versus dead/overgrown coral cover						
		VMEs and VMEs indicator taxa (status, areal extent, size-frequency disribution)						



# ...we have the indicators...how to measure??

- Quantitative measures, what we do already know?
- Literature research to extract measures to be able to use the selected indicators -> 290 papers already checked
- Threshold set-up. Thresholds specific for each case study. Set-up spatial scale
- Spatial scale polygon approach divide a large area into polygons and define GES in that polygon unit



# ...we have the indicators...how to measure??

1	Region	Location	Setting	Depth (m)	Methodology used	Species studied
2	North-East Atlantic	Traena Coral Field (Norway)	Sponge ground	~300-350	ROV video transects	Geodia spp. & Porifera indet.
3	North-East Atlantic	Traena Coral Field (Norway)	Sponge ground	~300-350	ROV video transects	Geodia spp. & Porifera indet.
4	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount	Seamount	1290-1440	Towed camera images	P. carpenteri
5	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount	Seamount	1290-1440	Towed camera images	G.barretti
6	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount	Seamount	1290-1440	Towed camera images	C.longipilis
7	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount	Seamount	1290-1440	Towed camera images	G.atlantica/phlegraei
8	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount	Seamount	1290-1440	Towed camera images	A.beatrix
9	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount	Seamount	1290-1440	Towed camera images	Hexadella sp.
10	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount	Seamount	1290-1440	Towed camera images	G.macandrewii
11	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount	Seamount	1290-1440	Towed camera images	P. carpenteri
12	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount	Seamount	1290-1440	Towed camera images	G.barretti
13	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount	Seamount	1290-1440	Towed camera images	C.longipilis
14	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount	Seamount	1290-1440	Towed camera images	G.atlantica/phlegraei
15	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount	Seamount	1290-1440	Towed camera images	A.beatrix
16	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount	Seamount	1290-1440	Towed camera images	Hexadella sp.
17	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount	Seamount	1290-1440	Towed camera images	G.macandrewii
18	North/North-East Atlantic	Faroe Islands, Norway, Sweden, Iceland, Greenland	TBC	30-1800	Trawled samples	G. barretti
19	North/North-East Atlantic	Faroe Islands, Norway, Sweden, Iceland, Greenland	TBC	30-1800	Trawled samples	I. pyriformis
20	North/North-East Atlantic	Faroe Islands, Norway, Sweden, Iceland, Greenland	TBC	30-1800	Trawled samples	G.mesotriaena
21	North-East Atlantic	Faroe-Shetland Channel (West Shetland Slope, north of Shetland, NE Atlantic)	TBC	354-1886	TBC	TBC
22	North-East Atlantic	Faroe Shetland Sponge Belt Marine Protected Area (NE Atlantic)	Sponge ground	430-715	Towed camera images	Different morphotypes
23	North-East Atlantic	Wyville Thomoson Ridge (NE Atlantic)	TBC	457-800	TBC	TBC
24	North-East Atlantic	Rosemary Bank Seamount (NE Atlantic)	TBC	430-867	TBC	TBC
25	North-East Atlantic	Hatton Bank (NE Atlantic)	TBC	837-1298	TBC	TBC
26	North-East Atlantic	Hebrides Continental Slope	TBC	1295	TBC	TBC
27	North-East Atlantic	Hatton Rockall Basin	TBC	1100-1175	TBC	TBC
28	North-East Atlantic	Rost Reef	Reef	282-388	Manned sub videos	M. lingua
29	North-East Atlantic	Sotbakken Reef	Reef	246-284	Manned sub videos	M. lingua
30	North-East Atlantic	Traena Reef (Norway)	Reef	297-319	Manned sub videos	M. lingua
31	North-East Atlantic	Rost Reef	Reef	282-388	Manned sub videos	G.barretti
н	🔸 🕨 📕 Lophelia 📈 M	adrepora 🏑 Dendrophyllia 🦯 Gorgonians & Black corals 🛒 Sea pe	ns	s <b>Fish</b> Litter (	& human impact 🖉 Hoja1 🧶 🚺	



# ...we have the indicators...how to measure??

Region	Location	Setting	Dept h (m)	Methodo logy used	Species studied	Parameter studied	Findings	GES Indicator that can be tested using values measured	Protection status	Human impact	Reference
North- West Mediter ranean	Cap de Creus	Canyon	105- 390	ROV/man ned sub videos	L. pertusa	Density of cold- water corals	0.002±0.035 to 0.01±0.08 colonies/m <sup>2</sup> , max 1.33/m2	Abundance of coral colonies alive, Density of biogenic reef forming species	No evaluation of conservation status	Litter/abandoned fishing gear	Orejas et al. 2009
North- West Mediter ranean	Cap de Creus	Canyon	105- 390	ROV/man ned sub videos	L. pertusa	Distribution pattern of cold- water corals	Not in sufficient numbers to apply spatial statistics	Distribution and condition of habitat forming species	No evaluation of conservation status	Litter/abandoned fishing gear	Orejas et al. 2009
North- East Atlantic	Bay of Biscay (Croisic)	Canyon	850	ROV images	L.pertusa	Density of cold- water corals	0.62±0.76 colonies/m <sup>2</sup>	Abundance of coral colonies alive, Density of biogenic reef forming species	No evaluation of conservation status		Arnaud- Haond et al.2017
North- East Atlantic	Bay of Biscay (Guilvinec)	Canyon	850	ROV images	L.pertusa	Density of cold- water corals	0.69±0.90 colonies/m <sup>2</sup>	Abundance of coral colonies alive, Density of biogenic reef forming species	No evaluation of conservation status		Arnaud- Haond et al.2017
North- East Atlantic	Bay of Biscay (Petite Sole)	Canyon	650	ROV images	L.pertusa	Density of cold- water corals	0.02±0.11 colonies/m <sup>2</sup>	Abundance of coral colonies alive, Density of biogenic reef forming species	No evaluation of conservation status		Arnaud- Haond et al.2017

# A study 2: Faroe Shetland Channel Sponge Belt MPA





Descriptor 6: Indicators  $\rightarrow$  Density of biogenic reef -forming species. (Sponges/m<sup>2</sup>)

Areal extent of human affected area (Percentage of area affected by trawling)

Descriptor 10: Indicator → Density of litter/abandoned fishing gear (Number of items/m<sup>2</sup>)





Descriptor	Indicator	Suggested threshold values	Measured value at Faroe Shetland Case Study		
		Worst state	0 sponges/m <sup>2</sup>		
	Density of biogenic reef -forming species. (Sponges/m <sup>2</sup> )	Poor/bad boundary	0.01 sponges/ m <sup>2</sup>		
D6		ity of Moderate/poor boundary			
		GES boundary good/moderate	0.20 sponges/m <sup>2</sup>	0.25±0.02 sponges/m <sup>2</sup>	
		High/good boundary	0.50 sponges/m <sup>2</sup>		
		Best state reference	1.00 sponges/m <sup>2</sup>		

![](_page_14_Picture_0.jpeg)

Descriptor	Indicator	Suggested threshold values	Measured value at Faroe Shetland Case Study		
		Worst state	20%		
	Areal extent of human affected area (Percentage of area affected by trawling)	Poor/bad boundary	15%		
D6		eal extent of Moderate/poor boundary			
		GES boundary good/moderate	5%	0.0±0.0%	
		High/good boundary	1%		
		Best state reference	0%		

![](_page_15_Picture_0.jpeg)

# Measuring GES at ATLAS using NEAT: Faroe Shetland Channel Sponge Belt MPA Descriptors, Indicators and Threshold values

Descriptor	Indicator	Suggested threshold values	Measured value at Faroe Shetland Case Study		
	Density of	Worst state	0.006 items /m <sup>2</sup>		
	litter/abandoned	Poor/bad boundary	0.003 items /m <sup>2</sup>		
D10	fishing gear (Number of items/m²)	Moderate/poor boundary	0.001 items /m <sup>2</sup>	0.0±0.0 items/m <sup>2</sup>	
		GES boundary good/moderate	0.0005 items /m <sup>2</sup>		
		High/good boundary	0.0002 items /m <sup>2</sup>		
		Best state reference	0 items /m <sup>2</sup>		

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Biodivers	ity assessment	- < custom >	

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SAUs: Faroe Shetland Channel Sponge Belt MPA Habitats: Deep-sea sponge ground Ecosystem components: Sponges

					Value	Error	Data	Indicator	SAU	Habitat	Eco	
												$\wedge$
Indicator:				^								
	Abundance (pe	er unit of surface) of structuri	ng/engineering sp									
	Abundance an	d composition of functional g	roups in selected									
	Abundance an	d composition of intertidal ma	acroalgae									
	Abundance an	d composition of riparian veg	etation									
	Abundance an	d distribution each of harbou	r and grey seals (I									
	Abundance an	d distribution of cetaceans (N	der									
	Abundance an	d impact of non-native fish si	uer Decies (round gob									
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Biodiversity assessment - < custom >

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SAUs: Faroe Shetland Channel Sponge Belt MPA Habitats: Deep-sea sponge ground Ecosystem components: Sponges

				Value	Error	Data Indicator: Density of biogenic reef forming species (type, abundance, biomass and a
Indicator:	Oceanic fronts Pareto exponent of the distribution of specie Patch size standard deviation	es richness over t		0.25	0.02	relevant biogenic substratum) SAU: Faroe Shetland Channel Sponge Belt MPA Habitat: Deep-sea sponge ground Biodiversity component: Sponges Classification: 0 <= bad < 0.01 <= poor < 0.10 <= moderate < 0.20 <= good < 0.50 1.00
	Pathways management measures (NIS1) Percentage of area affected by trawling (%) Perimeter of wetlands Perimeters (mean) of rocky habitats Perimeters (sum) of rocky habitats Physical damage of prodominant and speci	ial babitate (PH2)		0	0	Indicator: Density of litter/abandoned fishing gear SAU: Faroe Shetland Channel Sponge Belt MPA Habitat: Deep-sea sponge ground Biodiversity component: Sponges Classification: 0.006 >= bad > 0.003 >= poor > 0.001 >= moderate > 0.0005 >= goc high >= 0
Available	Phytonlankton diversity + - /	Habitat	>> Add >> << Remove <	0	0	Indicator: Percentage of area affected by trawling () SAU: Faroe Shetland Channel Sponge Belt MPA Habitat: Deep-sea sponge ground Biodiversity component: Sponges Classification: 20 >= bad > 15 >= poor > 10 >= moderate > 5 >= good > 1 >= high :
Classifications:	NW coast of Scotland & N. Ireland (VIa) Faroe Shetland Channel Sponge Belt MPA	13 Upper bathya Deep-sea spon				
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Descriptor filter          Filter by MSFD descriptors         Other options         Configure descriptor filter           Other options         Configure options	
Display NEAT result as SAUs with ecosystem compt 🗸 calculated as summarized values	
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# ...some important points for now and the breakout group...

• It is the task of the case study leaders to develop thresholds for the indicators they can measure in their own case study area, and to measure these indicators using NEAT if possible

#### • Mile Stone 11 GES defined and GES indicators

GES is defined in the MSFD as "The environmental status of marine waters where these provide ecologically diverse and dynamic oceans and seas which are clean, healthy and productive"

• Need to redefine GES for the deep-sea?

#### • Base line issue...

- Need to agree how to move forward with D3, if applying ICES indicators, who will deal with this?
- D3.1: "Conduct biodiversity assessments to measure GES in European Case Studies (M1-M36)"

Thanks to all people who

#### contributed to select the list of indicators!

![](_page_20_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_3.jpeg)