Open Science and the Role of Repositories



16. May 2018 Klaus Tochtermann ZBW Kiel/Hamburg

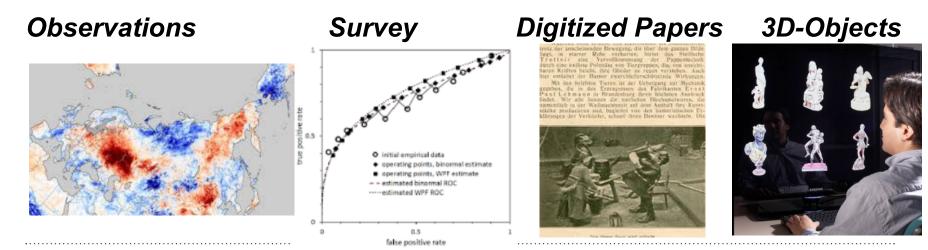


Increase Credibility through Openess

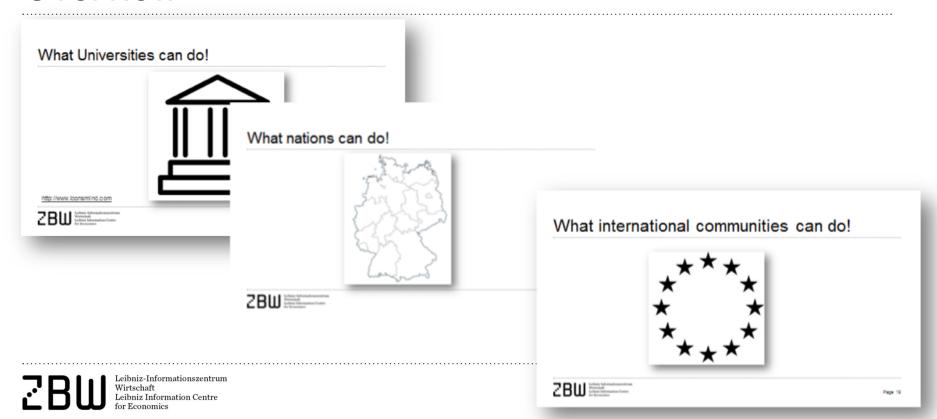
"Open science" refers to an approach to research based on greater access to public research data, enabled by ICT tools and platforms, and broader collaboration in science, including the participation of non-scientists, and finally, the use of alternative copyright tools for diffusing research results

Increasing Importance of Research Data

Research data are the original sources or material that scientists have created or collated to conduct research project



Overview

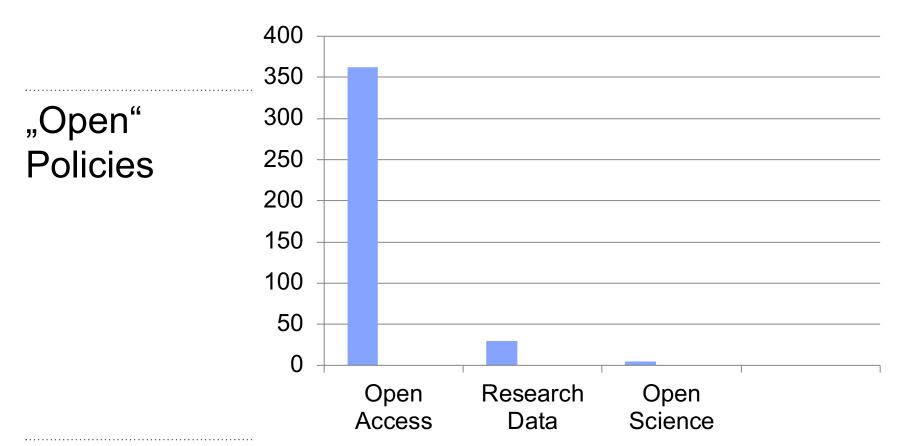


What Universities can do!



http://www.iconsmind.com







Content of Open Science Policies Positioning for Openness













Content of Open Science Policies Open Science Tools/Platforms/Repositories











Directory of Open Access Repositories











Data Storing Sharing Archiving Copyrights

Scientists

Scientific Processes

Contributor Roles Taxonomy



Conceptualization

Data Curation

Formal Analysis

Funding Acquisition

Resources

Software

Supervision

Validation

Visualization

Writing – Original Draft Preparation

Writing – Review & Editing



http://docs.casrai.org/CRediT

Methodology

Investigation

Project Administration

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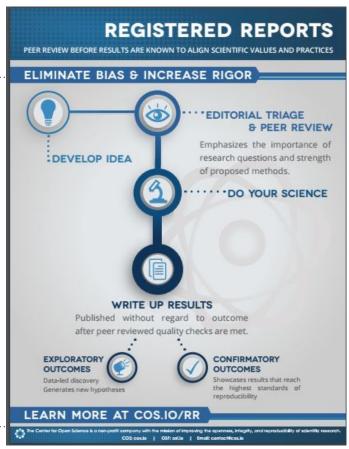
Seite 9

Registered Reports for Open Science

"Because the study is accepted in advance, the incentives for authors change from producing the most beautiful story to the most accurate one."







Content of Open Science Policies Openness for Early Career Scientists

What would be a good balance between Open Science and having a career in academia? [...] Being open IMHO is a competitive disadvantage. Can you only afford open science when you are tenured?

Why should I share my hard-won data with my rivals that presumably compete with me for the next post-doc position?

Credit to Felix Schönbrodt, LMU Munic, Talk at Open Science Conference 2018



Actual (not desired) relevance in professorship hiring committees	Rank
Number of peer-reviewed publications	
Fit of research profile to the hiring department	2
Quality of research talk	3
Number of publications	4
Volume of acquired third-party funding	5
Number of first authorships	6
• • • •	
Quality rating of the three best publications	17

N = 1453 psychology researchers, 66% were members of a professorship hiring committee.



Content of Open Science Policies Openness and Scientific Performance Indicators

- Appraisal of Open Science Engagement and Research Transparency
 - OA Publications
 - Open Source Software
 - Open Scientific Wikis/Blogs
 - FAIR Research Data Sets
 - o ...



https://www.zbw-mediatalk.eu

What nations can do!



Open Science Initiatives in Germany

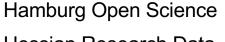
Hessen, Hamburg, Baden-Württemberg, Helmholtz, Leibniz, Fraunhofer,...

FhG Fordatis

LeibnizData

Helmholtz Open Science

MPG Digital Library



Hessian Research Data Infrastructure

eScience Baden-Württemberg

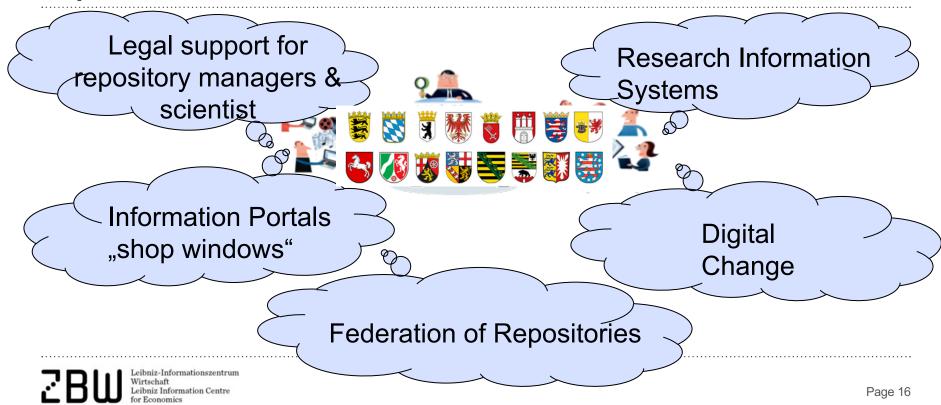
Digitale Education in Schools, Universities
Culture in Bavaria

BASE – Bielefeld Academic Search Engine EconStor

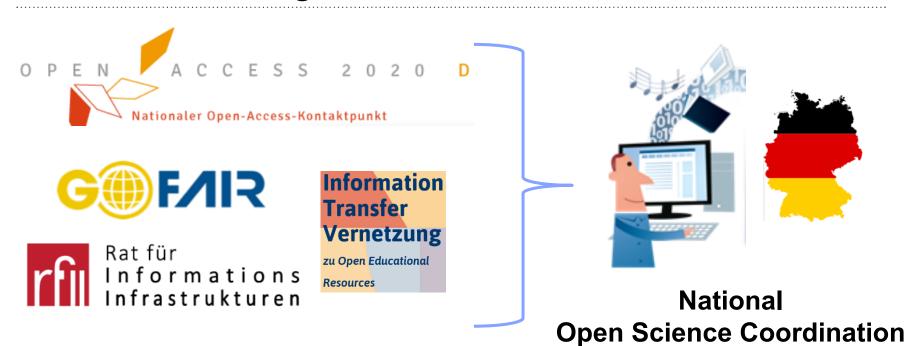
arXiv



Open Science Offers



What is missing?





Responsibilities of

National Open Science Coordinator



Radar



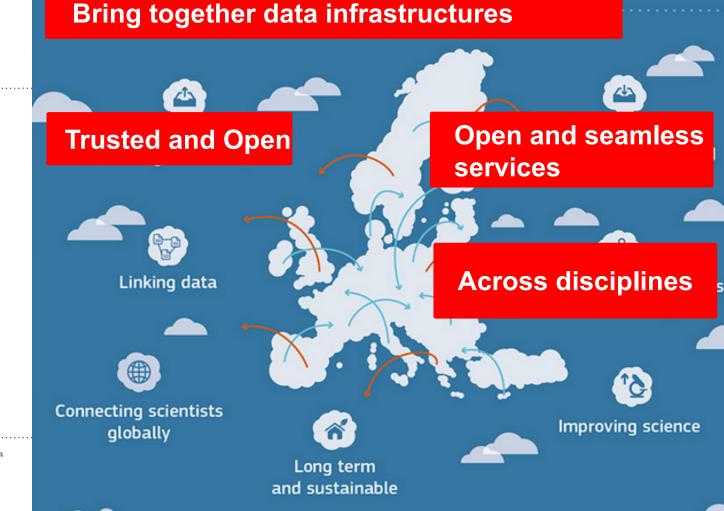




What international communities can do!



Principles of EOSC

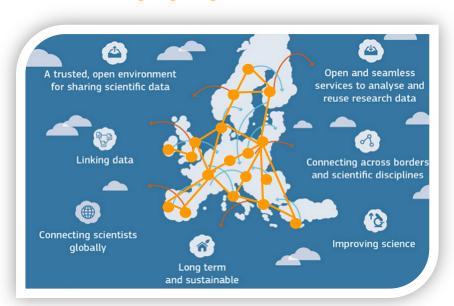


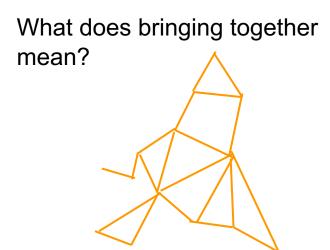


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EOSC

Vision. Bringing together current and future data infrastructures.





Commonalties and Differences between EOSC and COAR - NGR







Characteristics of Next Generation Repositories vs. EOSC Principles

 is resource-centric, making resources the focus of its services and infrastructure

Bring together data infrastructures

- is a **networked** repository. Cross-repository connections are established ...
- is machine-friendly, enabling the development
 of a wider range of global repository services

Across disciplines

Open and seamless services



Differences



- COAR NGR has a strong focus on technologies, standards and protocols supporting behaviour, e.g.
 - Resource Transfer
 - Exposing Activities
 - ...
- EOSC is not only a vision for a technical system



Do EOSC and COAR know each other?



Bring together data infras

resource-centric

Across disciplines

networked

Open & seamless services

machine-friendly



0 mentions of COAR-NGR1 mention of "open access"

0 mentions of EOSC1 mention of "research data"

Recommendation to EOSC

Learn from COAR

OA research papers



Aggregating the world's open access research papers



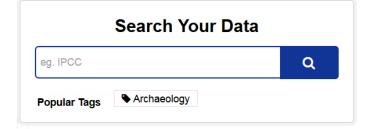


Durchsuchen Sie 17.447.877 Dokumente aus 383 deutschen Quellen

Q

Research Data







Recommendations to COAR Align with EOSC

Enable Next Generation Repositories to become part of the EOSC

GoFAIR as implementation of the EOSC https://www.go-fair.org/



The global Internet of FAIR Data and Services provides a common environment for data-driven research and innovation around the world.



Compliance of Next Generation Repositories with Fair Data Principles



Confederation of Open Access Repositories

findable

networked

accessible

resource-centric

interoperable

active

reusable

machine-friendly

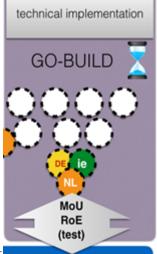


COAR as GoFAIR Implementation Network

GoFAIR to be implemented in a very light, internationally operational coordinated networks structure

GoFAIR Implementation Networks will deliver the implementation needs in their domains

- provide a component or service in the IFDS
- complies with the Rules of Engagement





Contact GoFAIR Support Office: office@go-fair.org

What is in it for you?



IMPLEMENTATION NETWORKS

Implementing the Internet of FAIR Data & Services



TECHNOLOGY

Building the technical infrastructure



TRAINING

Training FAIR data stewards

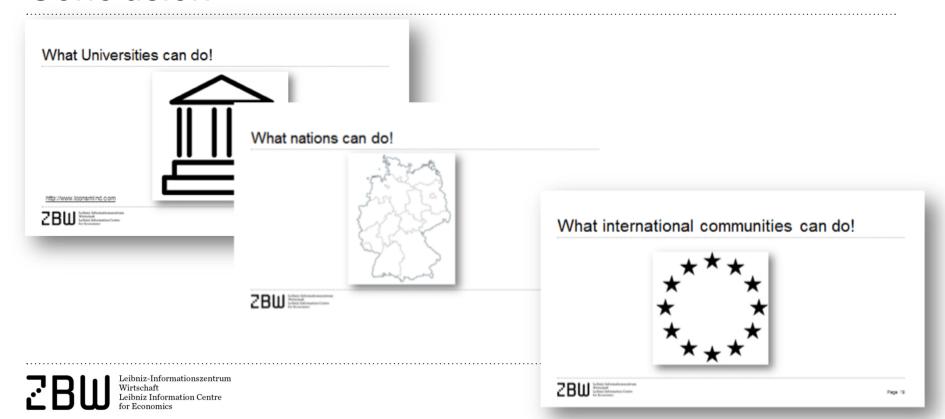


CERTIFICATION

Certification criteria for GO FAIR compliance



Conclusion





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