

# Developing Data Management Education, Support, and Training, v2

Plato Smith, Data Management Librarian  
University of Florida  
FSU – USF Symposium on Library and Information Science  
1:15 pm – 1:45 pm, MSL, L136  
April 19, 2018

## Setting the Context

*“I am the instructor for CAP5108, Research Methods for Human-centered Computing. Dr. Smith taught a guest lecture on **data management**. It was a very informative lecture, starting with **why this is an important topic**, and **moving on to workflow** and things to keep in mind. Students were engaged and asked questions on topics as varied as **ownership of data** and **copyright/privacy**. All of these are topics that I was very happy to see them think about. I invited Dr. Smith to repeat this module next year, with suggestions on topics that could be highlighted in the form of handouts or **classroom worked examples**.” – UF Computer & Information Science & Engineering (CISE) faculty, Assistant Professor, 4/16/18*

## Setting the Context

*“Attending a data management training workshop is a great experience for a graduate student in the social sciences. This is because these workshops help to expose us to key concepts relating to the management of data that we do not cover in our graduate coursework. I am now **thinking more critically about where and how I store data, how I manage metadata, and the ideals of making data public** for the sake of open science. These types of trainings should be highly encouraged, if not part of coursework requirements, for graduate students who conduct research.”* – UF College of Education, Curriculum and Instruction (specialization in Educational Technology), graduate student, 1/30/18

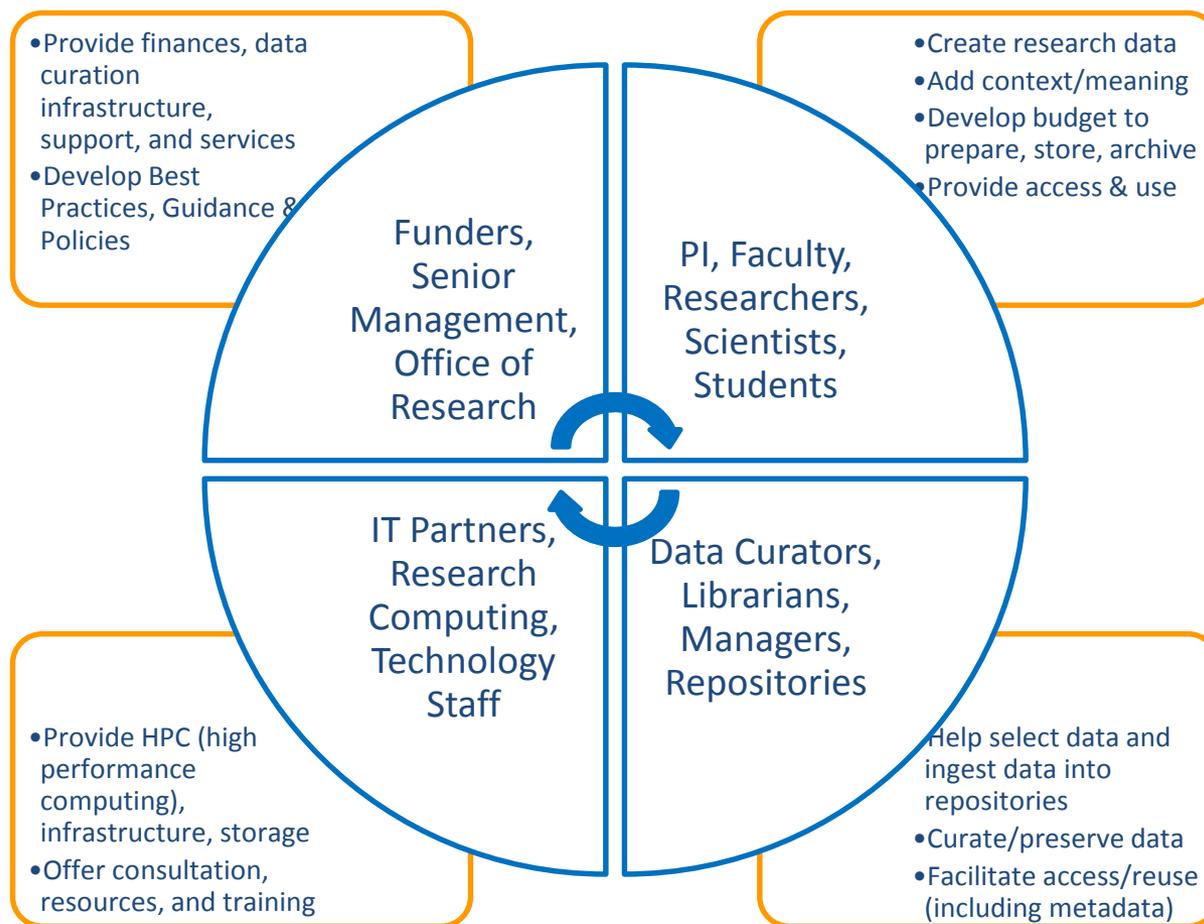
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## Some key data management concepts and terms

- **Creative Commons** – articulates/enables licenses of creative works  
- attribution, ownership, use/reuse (e.g.  
<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/>;  
<https://creativecommons.org/about/program-areas/open-science/>)
- **DOI** – digital object identifier enables unique identification of a digital object (e.g. <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1207215>)
- **IR** – institutional repository is digital content management system of scholarly outputs unique to an organization (e.g. <http://ufdc.ufl.edu/ufirg>)
- **ORCID** – open researcher and contributor id is a persistent unique identifier for authors to distinguish between researchers (e.g. <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-1814-0151>)

# Linking stakeholders, liaisons, and students



**Fig. 1 Stakeholders and Data Management Responsibilities**

# Articulating a data management plan

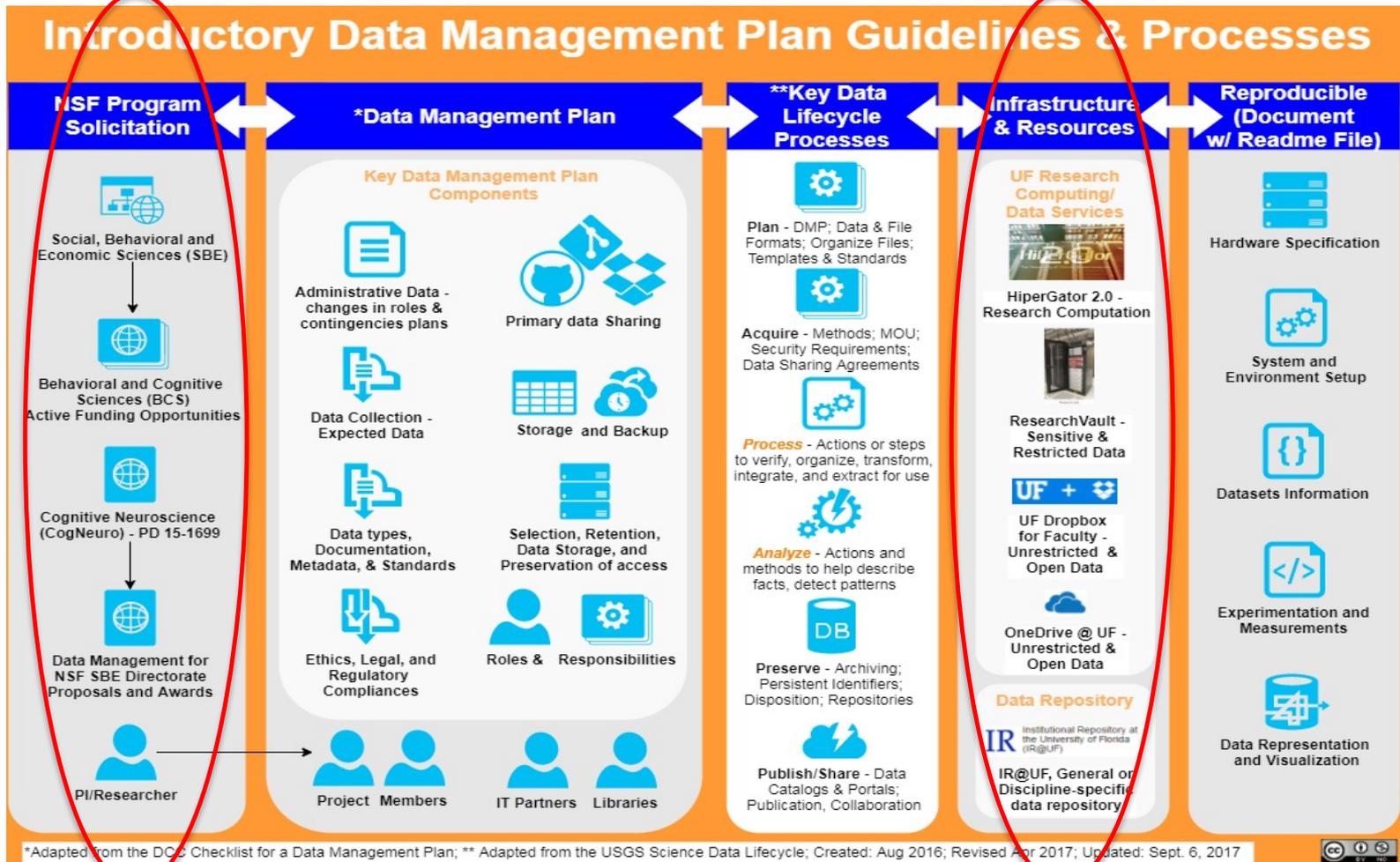


Fig. 2 Data Management Plan Components and Goals

# Using the OAIS Model to Explain Concepts (CCSDS, 2002/2012)

## OAIS

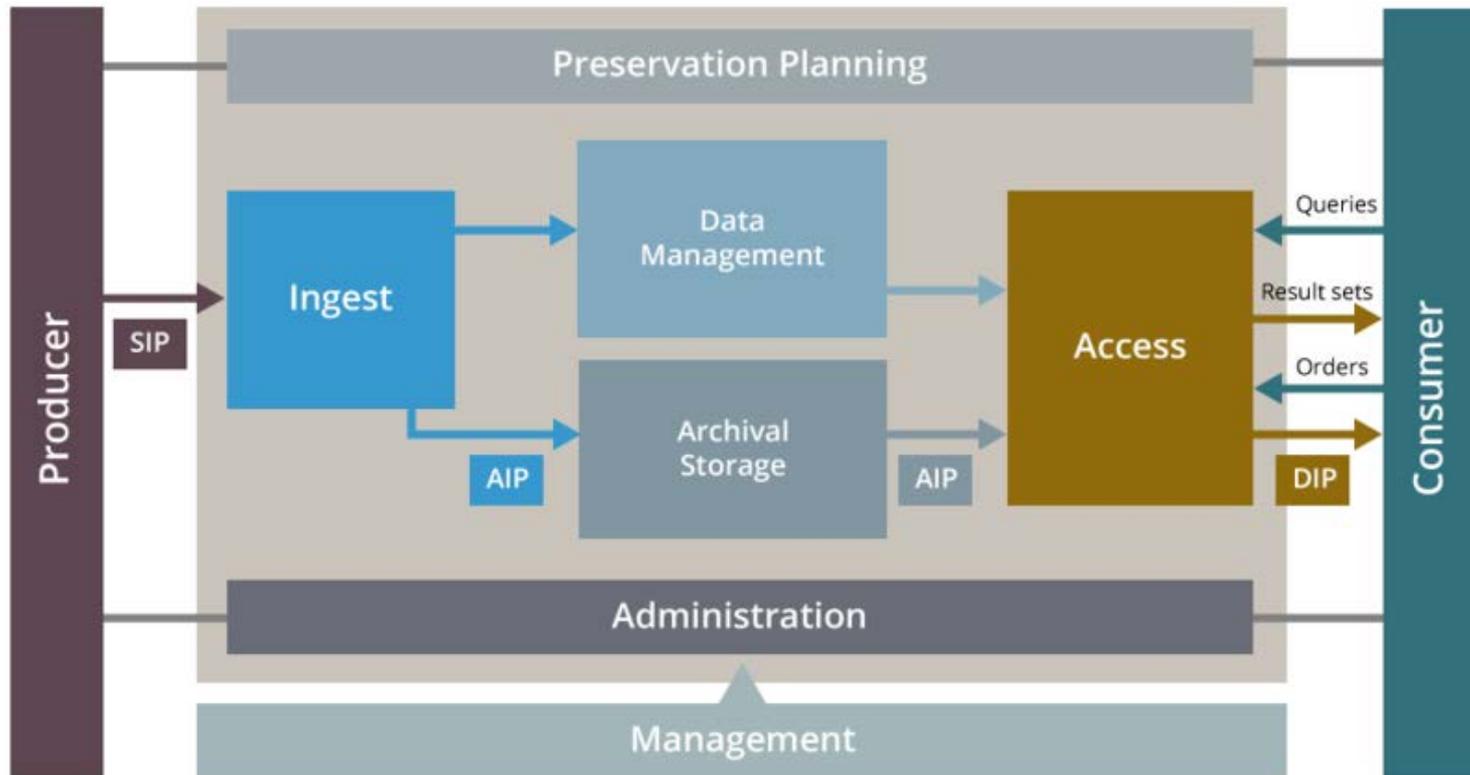


Fig. 3 Open Archival Information System (OAIS) Model (cessda, 2018)

# Explaining key components of a data management plan (DCC, 2013)

## Administrative Data

- ID (funder or institution)
- Funder
- Grant Reference #
- Project Name
- Project Description
- PI/Researcher
- Researcher ID (e.g. ORCID)
- Date of 1<sup>st</sup> version, last update, and related policies

## Data Collection

- What data will you collect or create?
  - What type, format, and volume of data? (e.g. text, vcf, 30-50 Gigabyte per dataset)
- How will the data be collected or created?
  - What standards or methodologies will you use?
  - How will you structure and name your folders and files?

# Explaining key components of a data management plan (DCC, 2013)

## Documentation and Metadata

- What documentation and metadata will accompany the data?
  - What information is needed for the data to be read and interpreted in the future?
  - How will you capture/create the documentation and metadata?
  - What metadata standards will you use and why?

## Ethical, Legal, and Regulatory Compliances

- How will you manage any ethical issues?
  - Have you obtained consent for data preservation and sharing?
- How will you manage copyright and Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) issues?
  - Who owns the data?
  - How will the data be licensed for reuse?

# Explaining key components of a data management plan (DCC, 2013)

## Storage and Backup

- How will the data be stored and backed up during research (e.g. FDA, Tivoli)?
  - Do you have sufficient storage or will you need to include charges for additional services?
- How will you manage access and security?
  - What are the risks to data security and how will these be managed?

## Selection & Preservation

- Which data should be retained, shared, and/or preserved?
  - What data must be retained/destroyed for contractual, legal, or regulatory purposes?
- What is the long-term preservation plan for the dataset?
  - Where will you store and archive your data (e.g. which repository – re3data)?

# Explaining key components of a data management plan (DCC, 2013)

## Data Sharing

- How will you share the data?
  - How will potential users find out about your data?
- Is there any restriction on data sharing required?
  - What action will you take to overcome or minimize restriction?

## Responsibilities & Resources

- Who will be responsible for data management?
  - Who is responsible for implementing the DMP, and ensuring it is reviewed and revised?
- What resources will you require to deliver your plan?
  - Is additional specialist expertise (or training for existing staff) required?

# What are some key data lifecycle processes (USGS, 2013)?

## **Plan for the data**

- Full-lifecycle data management articulation
- Steps to identify and secure resources and utilize infrastructure for data acquisition

## **Acquire the data**

- Collect new data
- Convert/transform legacy data
- Share /exchange data
- Purchase data

# What are some key data lifecycle processes (USGS, 2013)?

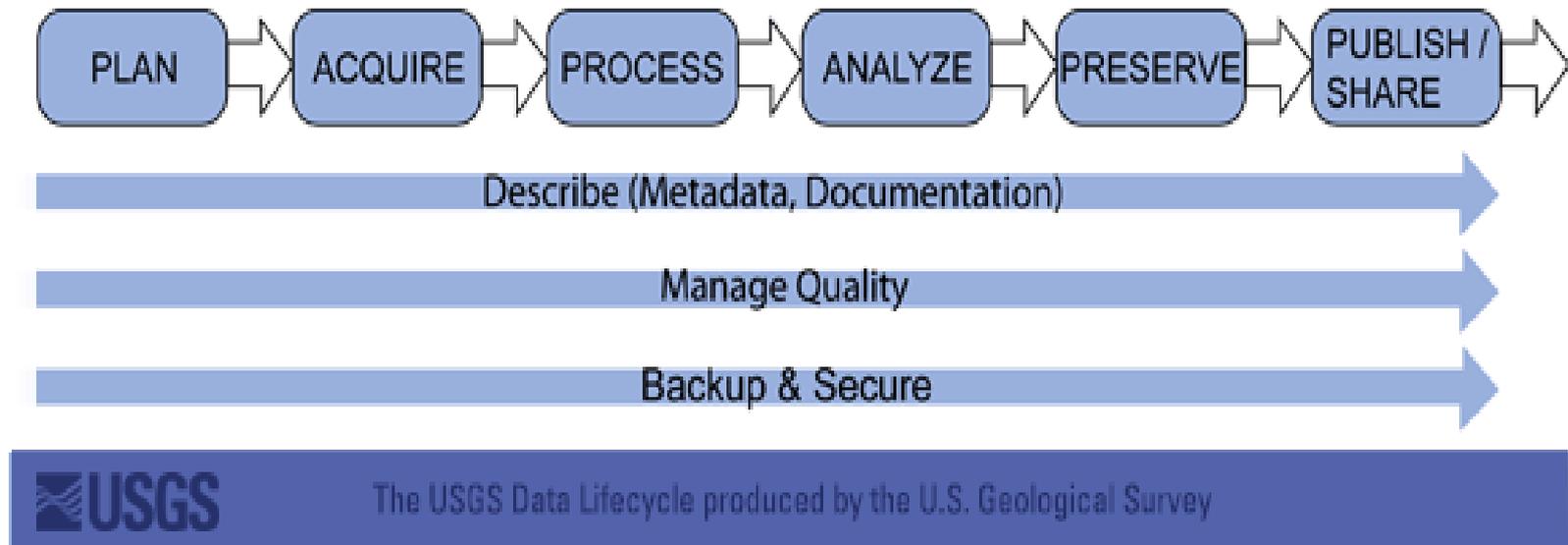


Fig. 4 USGS Data Lifecycle Model (USGS, 2013)

# What are some key data lifecycle processes (USGS, 2013)?

## *Process the data*

- Verify, organize, transform, and extract data in an appropriate output for subsequent use

## *Analyze the data*

- Perform actions and method that describe facts, detect patterns, develop explanations, and test hypothesis

# What are some key data lifecycle processes (USGS, 2013)?

## **Preserve the data**

- Perform actions and procedures to keep data for specific period of time for future use (e.g. data retention strategy)

## **Publish/Share the data**

- Process to prepare data for dissemination, public access, and reuse (includes documentation and metadata to facilitate aggregation, dissemination, and representation)

# What are some key data lifecycle processes?

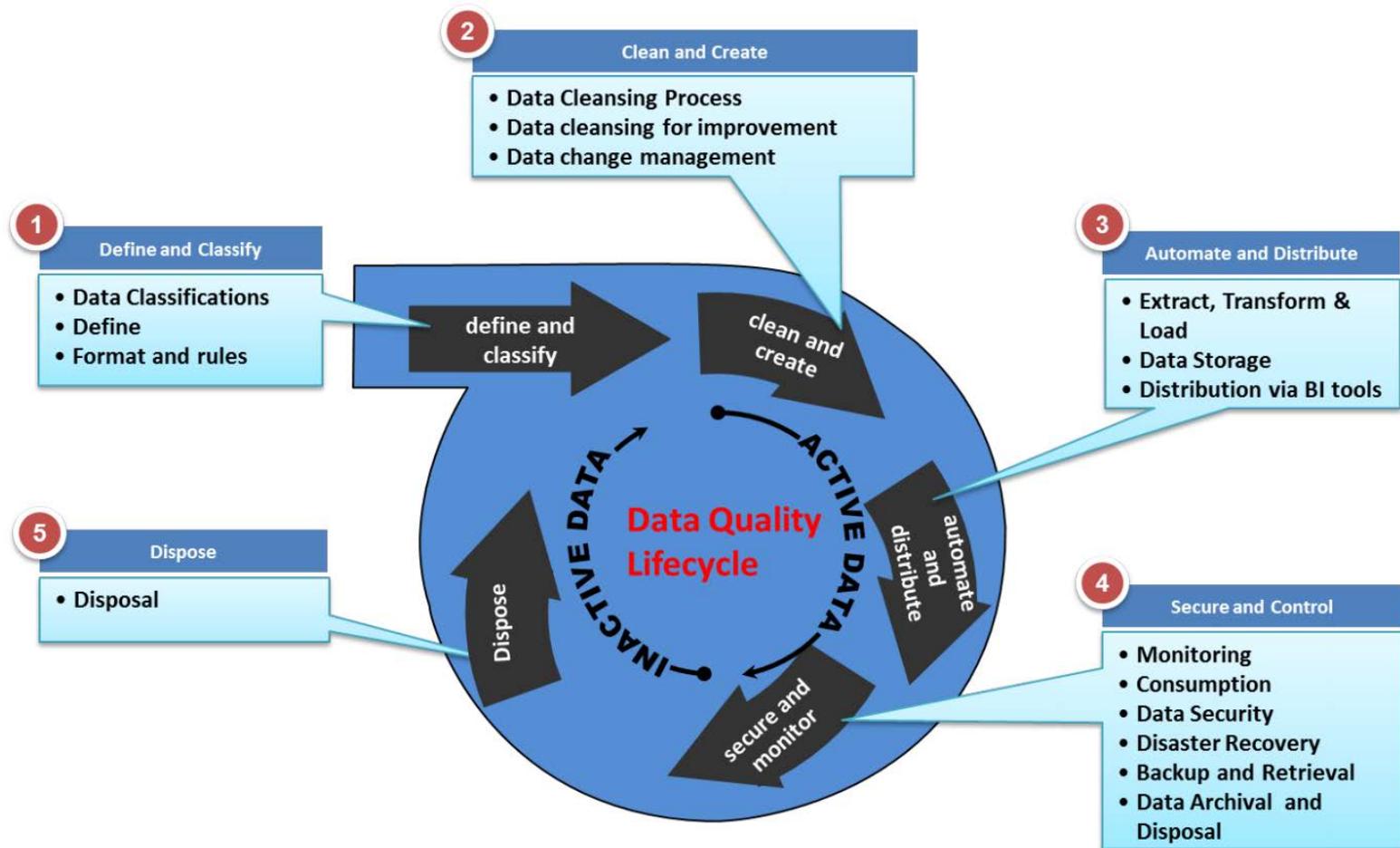
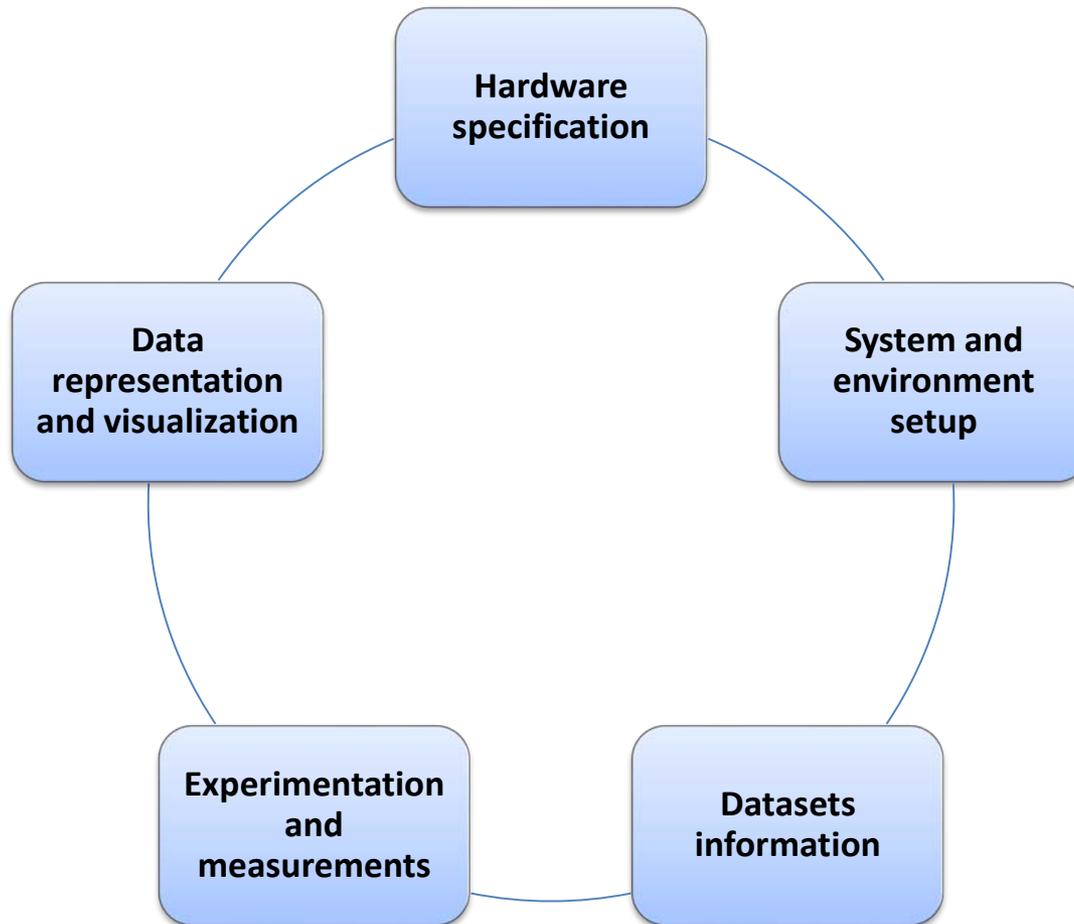


Fig. 5 UNSW Data Lifecycle Model (UNSW, 2017)

# What are some key reproducible data processes (ACM SIGMOD, 2017/2018)?



**Fig. 6 Reproducibility Template Components (DASlab, Harvard SEAS, 2017)**

# What are some key research data workflow processes – Physical Experiment Report?

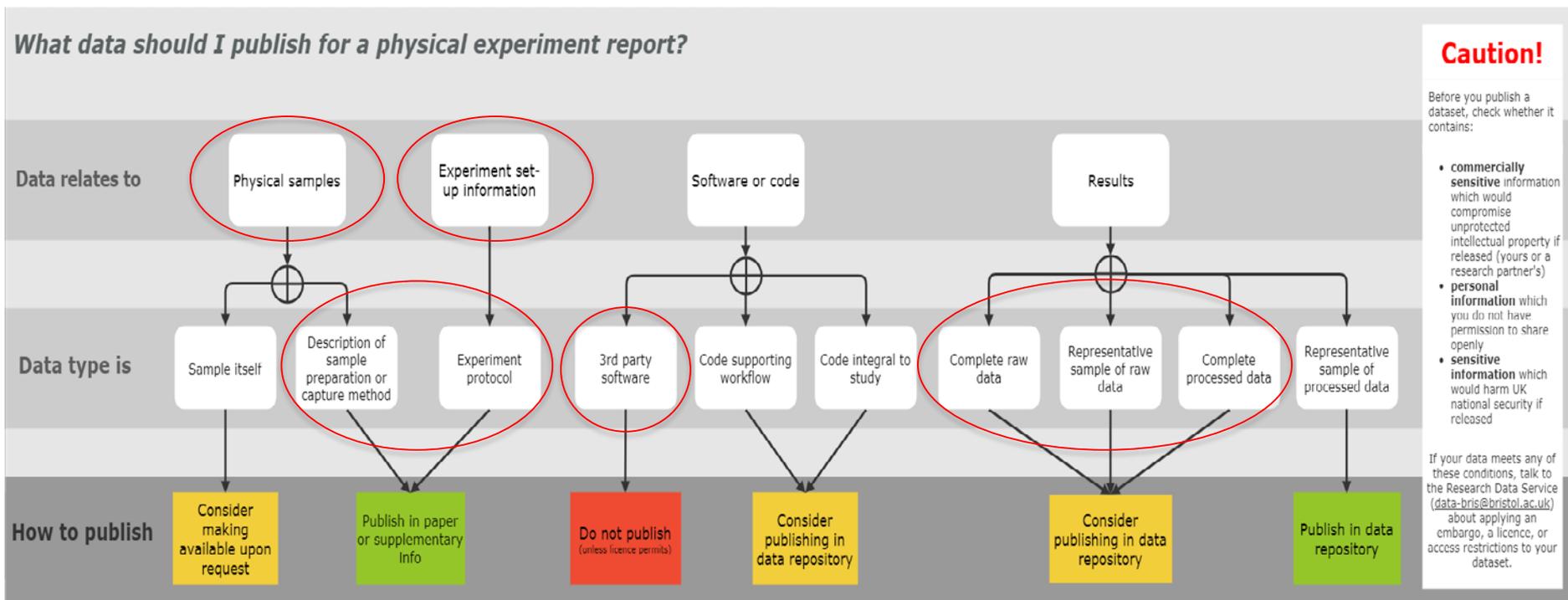


Fig. 7 Physical Experiment Report data publication guide (Beckles, 2018)

# What are some DMP examples and the DMPTool?

## DMP Examples – UF researchers

- USDA-NIFA - \$5m (2018)
- UF/IFAS NCBS - \$1.2m (2017)
  - <http://ufdc.ufl.edu/AA00014835/00111?search=dmctf>
- UF/SFRC - \$480k (2016)
  - <http://ufdc.ufl.edu/AA00014835/00088?search=dmctf>

## DMPTool and Resources

- A free tool to create DMP
  - <https://dmptool.org/>
- UVA Libraries RDS – Data Types & File Formats
  - <http://data.library.virginia.edu/data-management/plan/format-types/>
- University of Minnesota Libraries Managing Your Data – Storing Data Securely
  - <https://www.lib.umn.edu/datamanagement/storedata>
- MSU Libraries – Grants and Related Resources
  - <http://staff.lib.msu.edu/harris23/grants/index.htm>

# Developing campus collaborations (e.g. UFII/UF RC/UF Carpentries/UF DSI)

## UF Carpentries

- Started 2015
- Teach fundamental research data science skills (e.g. SQL)
- 1<sup>st</sup> Annual Data Symposium collaborator
  - <https://uf-carpentry.github.io/2018-03-20-UFDataSymposium/>
- UF Carpentry - <https://github.com/UF-Carpentry>

## UF DSI (Data Science & Informatics)

- Student organization
- Teach data science skills and tools (e.g. R, Python)
- 1<sup>st</sup> Annual Data Symposium contributor/participator
  - [https://zenodo.org/record/1207215#.Wtif\\_S7wZhE](https://zenodo.org/record/1207215#.Wtif_S7wZhE)
- UF DSI - <http://www.dsiufl.org/>

# References

March 28, 2018 Other Open Access Edit New version

## 1st Annual Data Symposium Program, Speakers Bios, and Materials

Smith, Plato

This includes the symposium program, brief bios of speakers, titles of presentations, and contents of the folder distributed to attendees.

Preview

Name	Size	Preview	Download
20180326_data_symposium_materials.pdf	3.2 MB		
<span>md5:6a7f6ff71bac5afc6116e30d00651895</span>			

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**Communities:** [1st Annual Data Symposium - Enabling Data Reproducibility and Sustainability](#)

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Fig. 8 Learn using zenodo test instance - <https://sandbox.zenodo.org/>

## References

‘Research Data Science’ is defined by CODATA-RDA as an ensemble of (1) Open Science principles and practices ([FAIR](#)) and **research data management and curation skills**, (2) the use of a range of data platforms and infrastructures, (3) large scale analysis, (4) statistics, (5) visualization and modeling techniques, (6) software development and annotation, and (7) more. - <http://www.codata.org/working-groups/research-data-science-summer-schools>

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Thank you

Questions

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