

 $\langle \bigcirc \rangle$

This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 101035808

WP4: The Alliance as an Engine for Human Capital

D4.6 Gendered Innovation Training and Mentoring Programme

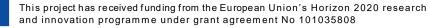
MODULE 2

GENDER INEQUALITY in the context of FAMILY and SOCIETY

Questions for self-assessment

June 2024





PART 1

1. Radical feminism attributed women's subordination to

- a) Religion
- b) Class
- c) Gender
- d) None of the above

2. For radical feminists "patriarchal family" is

- a) the reason for the oppression and inferior social status of women
- b) an egalitarian space
- c) a heaven
- d) a supportive institution

3. Family is

- a) A conjugal couple with children
- b) A unit of domestic intimate relations
- c) An extended unit that involves many generations
- d) There is not one type of family

4. Of all unpaid activities women perform an estimated

- a) 23%
- b) 34%
- c) 50%
- d) 76%

5. The term "child penalty" refers to

- a) Time devoted to children's upbringing
- b) The differential impact of parenthood on men and women due to children's age
- c) The differential impact of parenthood on men and women in the labour market
- d) The differential impact of parenthood in different generations





NEW BULGARIAN



Answers

1.c. 2.a. 3.d. 4.d. 5.c.

PART 2

1. The main driver of family violence against women is

- a) Harmful gender stereotypes
- b) Disrespect of women
- c) Coercive control and threats
- d) All of the above

2. The "Istanbul Convention"

- a) Set legal criteria for punishing perpetrators
- b) set the framework for positive measures to prevent gender-based violence
- c) set the framework to protect victims
- d) all of the above

3. The rights of lesbian, gay, bisexual, trans, intersex and queer people LGBTIQ*

- a) are not recognized in the European Union
- b) are equally respected in the European
- c) are not equally respected in the European Union
- d) are recognized only in the form of marriage

4. Assisted reproduction technologies

- a) are gender neutral
- b) are not gender neutral
- c) have the same effect on both women and men
- d) are emancipatory for women









5. Gender equality is strongly related to

- a) Sharing the care
- b) Support women's economic empowerment
- c) Empower the next generation
- d) All of the above

Answers

1.d. 2.d. 3.c. 4.b. 5.d.

Disclaimer: The European Commission support for the production of this publication does not constitute endorsement of the contents which reflects the views only of the authors, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein







4