

Fraunhofer-Institut für Produktionsanlagen und Konstruktionstechnik IPK



JTC 24 – Digital Product Passport – Framework and System DPP Webinar – June 7th

Thomas Knothe

Head of Department Business Process and Factory Management at Fraunhofer IPK Chair CEN CENELEC JTC 24 Digital Product Passport System and Architecture Fraunhofer Project Manager at Battery Pass Project Honorary Prof. at University of Applied Science Wildau

Agenda



- 1 Background Regulation
- 2 Scope of JTC 24
- 3 Status and Outlook

Digital product passports (DPP) as part of European broader regulatory



European Green Deal

EU Plan: climate-neutral by 2050, safeguard biodiversity, establish a circular economy and eliminate pollution, while boosting the competitiveness of the European industry

areed

Ecodesign for Sustainable Product Regulation (ESPR)

- Proposed in Mar 2022, as central part to the Commission's strategy for ecofriendly and circular products
- Aims to promote environmental sustainability across a broader range of products

Requires digital product passports based on harmonized European Standards (hEN)

Entered III

Battery Regulation

- Entered into force in Aug 2023 replacing the EU Battery Directive
- Provides a legal framework aiming to promote sustainability, circularity, safety and transparency

Mandates a **battery passport** for all EV, LMT, and industrial (>2kWh) batteries starting Feb 2027

roposal

End-of-Life Vehicle Regulation

- Proposed in Jul 2023
- Will replace the End-of-life Vehicle Directive
- Governs the entire vehicle lifecycle, from design to end-of-life treatment

Mandates a circularity vehicle passport

© CEN-CENELEC 2024 26/05/2024

CEN CLC JTC 24 "Digital Product Passport Framework and System"



Objectives

Participants

Timing

Fulfill the Standardization
Request (SReq) to define
harmonized standards for the
DPP System according to

Ecodesign for Sustainable Products Regulation (ESPR)

Battery Regulation + ...

Appr. 130 Experts in Delegations from 20 Member States + Swizzerland

Appr. 15 Liasons requests (e.g. from US, China, Korea, Japan)



© CEN-CENELEC 2024 26/05/2024

European Standard (EN) / harmonized European Standard (hEN)



When a product is not compliant with hEN \rightarrow can be expelled from the market

EN

Increase Products safety and quality





hEN

To demonstrate presumption of conformity regarding

relevant EU legislation

of products, services and process

(listed in official journal of EU)

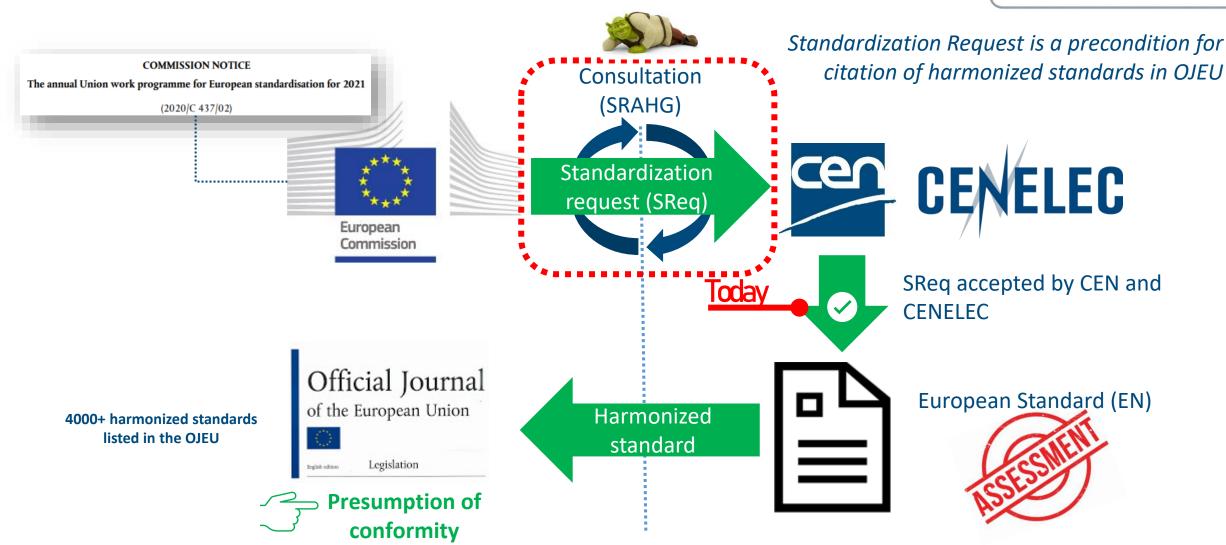




© CEN-CENELEC 2024 26/05/2024

EU product harmonization - Workflow





System Scope: JTC 24 is to deliver hEN for the DPP System





Passport Data is out of Scope in JTC 24 and part of other Regulations and Standards e.g. M/ 579 for the Battery

© CEN-CENELEC 2024

Harmonized technical system for all DPPs:



Data Storage



Data Carrier Identifier



Trust / Security /
Sovereignty / Access



Data Exchange



IT Services / APIs



Workflows and Data Processing

Most product groups require a DPP and are affected by JTC 24

Main Regulations

ESPR

Batteries (Traction and industry)

Toys

Detergents

Construction Materials

Critical Raw Materials

Iron & steel

Aluminum

Textile, notably garments and footwear

Furniture, including mattresses

Tires

Paints

Lubricants

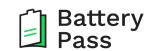
Chemicals

Energy related products

ICT products and other electronics



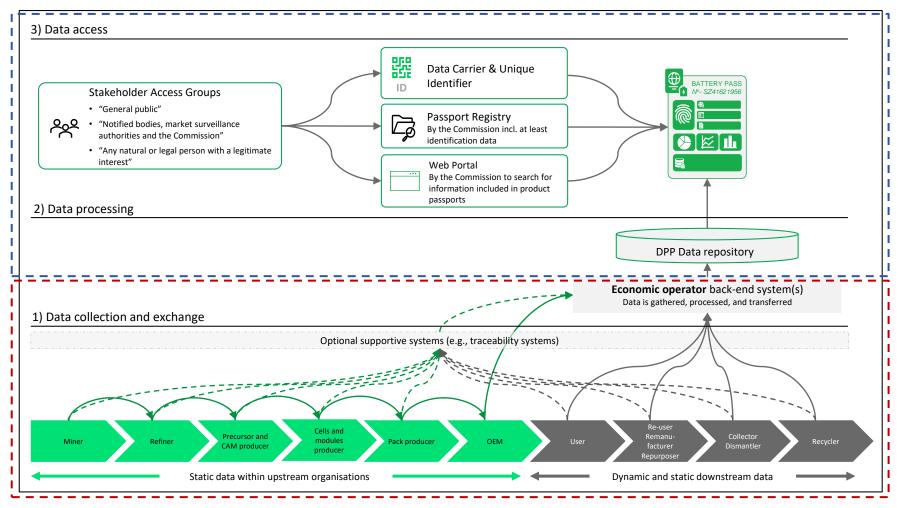






Process Scope of JTC24 – Example from Battery





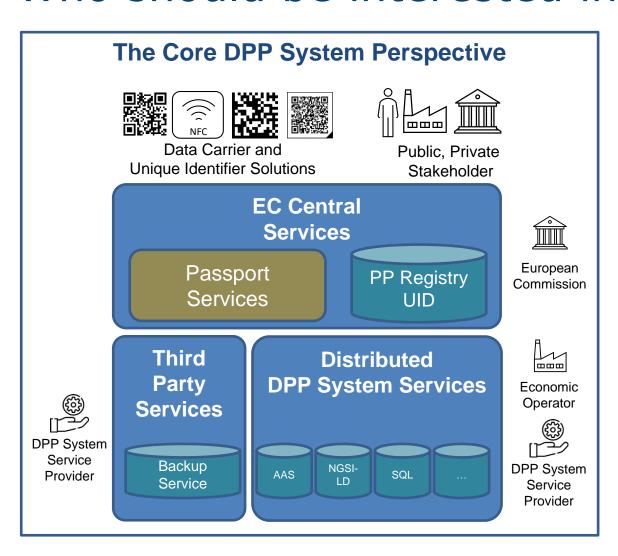
Scope in JTC 24:
Data Access,
Data Processing

Out of Scope in JTC 24:
Data Collection and aggregation

© CEN-CENELEC 2024 26.05.2024 - 9 -

Organisation Scope: Who should be interested into JTC24





European Commission and National Authorities

(e.g. Market Surveillance)

Economic Operators, brings products on the market (e.g. manufacturers, importers)

DPP System and Service Providers

(e.g. for operating services, backup services)

DPP System Component Suppliers

(e.g. for Data Carrier)

Partners in the value chain (e.g. supplier, dealer, recycler) to know how data has to be provided, how to get access

Standardisation Bodies

(e.g. for sector specific data standardisation)

Consumer Organisations

to ensure applicability of DPP

Standardization Request - Scope



- ► Module 1 : Unique identifiers
- Module 2 : Data carriers and links between physical product and digital representation
- Module 3 : Access rights management, information, system security, and business confidentiality
- ► Module 4 : Interoperability
- ▶ Module 5 : Data processing, data exchange protocols and data formats
- ► Module 6 : Data storage, archiving, and data persistence
- ► Module 7 : Data authentication, reliability, integrity
- ► Module 8 : APIs for the DPP lifecycle management and searchability

META Structure and Mapping to SReq





EC foresee implementing acts for this elements – need interfaces

Sreq Structure

Module 8: APIs for the DPP lifecycle management and searchability

Module 3: Access rights management, information,

system security, and business confidentiality

Module 7: Data authentication, reliability, integrity

Module 6: Data storage, archiving, and data persistence

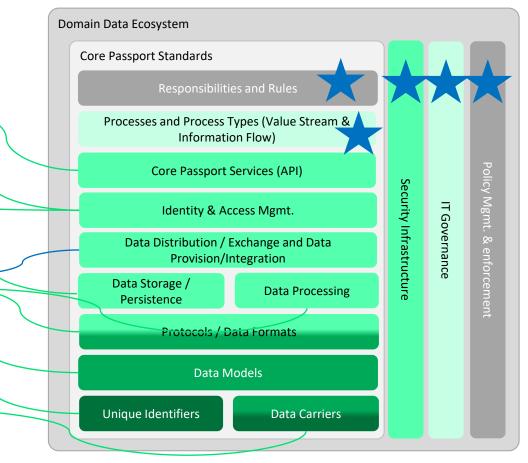
Module 5: Data processing, data exchange protocols and data formats

Module 4: Interoperability

Module 1: Unique identifiers

Module 2: Data carriers and links between physical

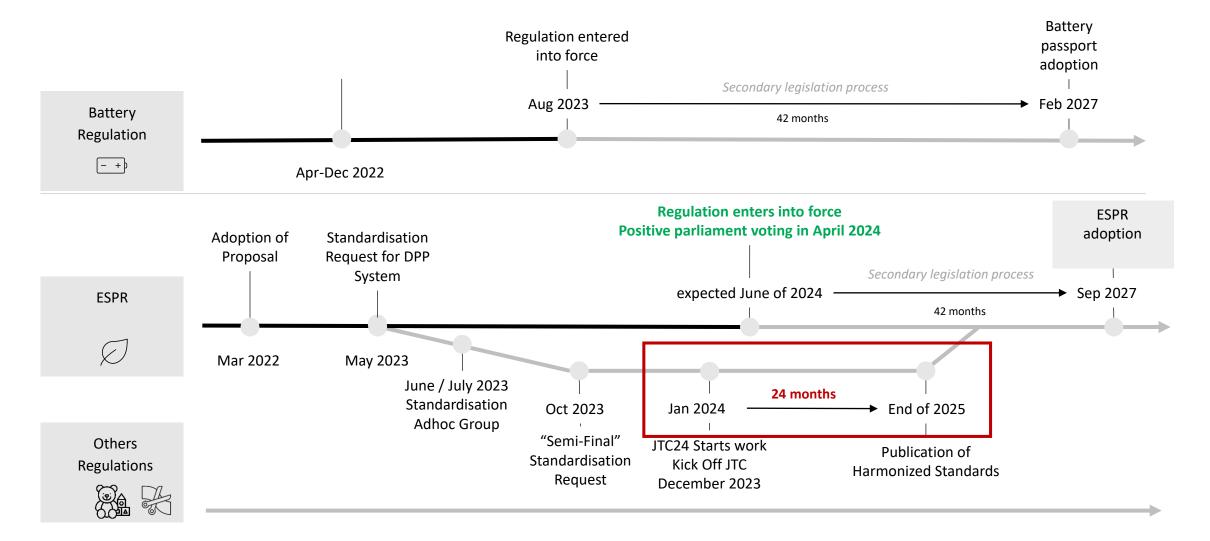
product and digital representation



Meta Structure based on ISO 11354 From Battery Pass Project 26 May 2024

Finally, Tough Timeline for Standardisation





JTC 24 WG Structure all WG started



WG 1 Strategic Advisory Group Convener: Martin Schreck (SN)

- Coordinating crosscutting issues across WGs in JTC 24
- Develops liaison recommendations.
- Maintaining the JTC24
 Business Plan. The WG
 reports to JTC 24.
- Does no standards development

WG 2 Unique identifiers and data carriers

Convener: Johan Dahlgren (SIS)

- Unique identifiers
- data carriers and links between physical product and digital representation

WG 3 Security (Convener pending)

- Access rights management, information, system security, and business confidentiality
- Data authentication, reliability, integrity

WG 4 Interoperability framework

Convener: Otto Handle (ASI)
Co-Convener: Richard Merkel (DIN)

- Interoperability (technical, semantic, organisation)
- Data processing, data exchange protocols and data formats
- Data storage, archiving, and data persistence
- APIs for the DPP lifecycle management and searchability

Two weeks meeting frequency in WG (virtual)
Next Plenary and WG meeting: 13./14. June in Frankfurt, Germany

Initial assignment of DPP system components to workgroups coordinated by WG1

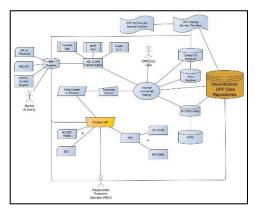


System architecture and stakeholder interaction group	System elements identified from ESPR and SReq		
WG 1 - Strategic advisory group	<u>WG 2</u>	<u>WG 3</u>	<u>WG 4</u>
no Standardisation Work	Mod 1 & Mod 2	Mod 3 & Mod 7	Mod 4 & Mod 5 & Mod 6 & Mod 8
Use cases	Unique Identifier for Product	Revocation Service	Product passport registry API
System architecture	Unique Identifier for Economic Operator	System for (role /function/attribute-based) access rights management	EC Web Portal with different Access Functions for Stakeholder
Liaisons	Unique Identifier for Facilities	Verification of authentication	DPP Frontend (display)
Interaction with EC	Registry Unique Identifier	Verification of DPP conformance	Individual decentral Data Repository
Interaction with sector specific data standardisation	Unique Identity Resolver	Cryptographic verification of DPP (digital	API for CRUD of data
	Data Carrier	Data verification of data integrity and originality	Querying of Passport Data
	DPP Front end (read)	Logging and Monitoring	Back Up Data Base
	Unique identifier		Data Modelling: Modelling Language
			DPP Issuing Service
			Data modelling services
			Schema definition
			Data exchange network and protocols and APIs

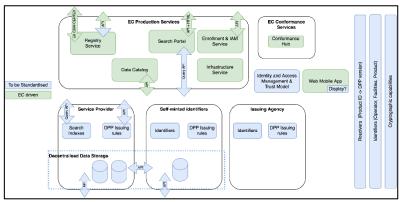
Example Challenge – System Architecture under developement



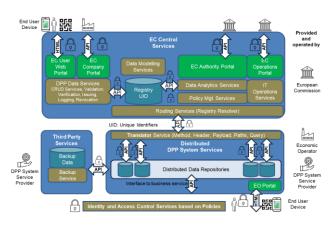
CIRPASS Architecture



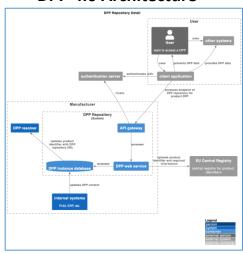
Architecture Ideas from EC



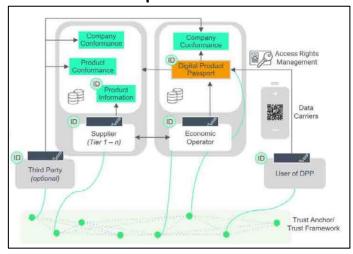
German proposal for CEN CLC JTC 24



DPP 4.0 Architecture



Stand.ICT Report Architecture



Different

- Scope
- Architecture modelling languages
- Level formalism
- Level of granularity
- Addressing interoperability challenges
- Design principles

Major Interoperability Goal – Co-existence of standards/technologies



