

Code for replication - 1

Marius Geantă

May 19, 2024

0. Read data files

```
# Read data files
df1 <- readRDS("df1.rds") # "overall" assessments
df10 <- readRDS("df10.rds") # "accuracy" assessments
df20 <- readRDS("df20.rds") # "timeliness" assessments
df30 <- readRDS("df30.rds") # "comprehensiveness" assessments
df40 <- readRDS("df40.rds") # "friendly" (or "easy to use") assessments
df1_long <- readRDS("df1_long.rds") # "overall" assessments - long format
df10_long <- readRDS("df10_long.rds") # "accuracy" assessments - long format
df20_long <- readRDS("df20_long.rds") # "timeliness" assessments - long format
df30_long <- readRDS("df30_long.rds") # "comprehensiveness" assessments - long format
df40_long <- readRDS("df40_long.rds") # "friendly" (or "easy to use") assessments - long format
```

```
# Create a list of data frames
```

```
data_frames <- list(
  df1 = df1,
  df10 = df10,
  df20 = df20,
  df30 = df30,
  df40 = df40,
  df1_long = df1_long,
  df10_long = df10_long,
  df20_long = df20_long,
  df30_long = df30_long,
  df40_long = df40_long
)
```

```
# Check the structure of the data frames
```

```
for (name in names(data_frames)) {
  cat("\nStructure of", name, ":\n")
  str(data_frames[[name]])
  cat("\nHead of", name, ":\n")
  print(head(data_frames[[name]]))
}
```

```
##
```

```
## Structure of df1 :
```

```
## Classes 'tbl_df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame': 8 obs. of 5 variables:
```

```
## $ id : chr "1" "2" "3" "4" ...
```

```
## $ chatgpt: num 432 408 377 434 411 456 451 363
```

```
## $ guide : num 409 249 343 376 372 359 435 349
```

```
## $ gemini : num 373 275 341 394 388 363 406 354
```

```

## $ copilot: num 432 335 377 410 394 416 448 366
##
## Head of df1 :
##   id chatgpt guide gemini copilot
## 1  1      432  409   373   432
## 2  2      408  249   275   335
## 3  3      377  343   341   377
## 4  4      434  376   394   410
## 5  5      411  372   388   394
## 6  6      456  359   363   416
##
## Structure of df10 :
## 'data.frame':  8 obs. of  5 variables:
## $ id      : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
## $ chatgpt: num 109 99 96 112 100 113 109 88
## $ guide   : num 101 62 81 101 88 90 102 77
## $ gemini  : num  93 66 80 101 96 91 96 79
## $ copilot: num 105 78 93 101 95 106 106 84
##
## Head of df10 :
##   id chatgpt guide gemini copilot
## 1  1      109  101    93    105
## 2  2       99   62    66     78
## 3  3       96   81    80     93
## 4  4      112  101   101    101
## 5  5      100   88    96     95
## 6  6      113   90    91    106
##
## Structure of df20 :
## 'data.frame':  8 obs. of  5 variables:
## $ id      : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
## $ chatgpt: num 108 100 98 112 99 109 112 92
## $ guide   : num 104 66 98 104 94 95 114 98
## $ gemini  : num  93 66 80 101 96 91 96 79
## $ copilot: num 110 77 101 103 93 100 115 97
##
## Head of df20 :
##   id chatgpt guide gemini copilot
## 1  1      108  104    93    110
## 2  2      100   66    66     77
## 3  3       98   98    80    101
## 4  4      112  104   101   103
## 5  5       99   94    96     93
## 6  6      109   95    91    100
##
## Structure of df30 :
## 'data.frame':  8 obs. of  5 variables:
## $ id      : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
## $ chatgpt: num  98 101 94 106 97 118 109 93
## $ guide   : num  90 58 78 80 82 78 99 87
## $ gemini  : num  78 63 74 87 89 79 89 86
## $ copilot: num 102 86 90 96 93 106 107 89
##
## Head of df30 :

```

```

##   id chatgpt guide gemini copilot
## 1  1      98   90    78    102
## 2  2     101   58    63     86
## 3  3      94   78    74     90
## 4  4     106   80    87     96
## 5  5      97   82    89     93
## 6  6     118   78    79    106
##
## Structure of df40 :
## 'data.frame':   8 obs. of  5 variables:
## $ id      : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
## $ chatgpt: num 117 108 89 104 115 116 121 90
## $ guide   : num 114 63 86 91 108 96 120 87
## $ gemini  : num 108 75 93 105 109 100 113 95
## $ copilot: num 115 94 93 110 113 104 120 96
##
## Head of df40 :
##   id chatgpt guide gemini copilot
## 1  1     117   114   108   115
## 2  2     108    63    75    94
## 3  3      89    86    93    93
## 4  4     104    91   105   110
## 5  5     115   108   109   113
## 6  6     116    96   100   104
##
## Structure of df1_long :
## Classes 'tbl_df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame':   32 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ id      : Factor w/ 8 levels "1","2","3","4",...: 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
## $ tool    : Factor w/ 4 levels "guide","copilot",...: 4 1 3 2 4 1 3 2 4 1 ...
## $ score   : num 432 409 373 432 408 249 275 335 377 343 ...
##
## Head of df1_long :
##   id  tool score
## 1  1 chatgpt 432
## 2  1  guide 409
## 3  1  gemini 373
## 4  1 copilot 432
## 5  2 chatgpt 408
## 6  2  guide 249
##
## Structure of df10_long :
## Classes 'tbl_df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame':   32 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ id      : Factor w/ 8 levels "1","2","3","4",...: 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
## $ tool    : Factor w/ 4 levels "guide","copilot",...: 4 1 3 2 4 1 3 2 4 1 ...
## $ score   : num 109 101 93 105 99 62 66 78 96 81 ...
##
## Head of df10_long :
##   id  tool score
## 1  1 chatgpt 109
## 2  1  guide 101
## 3  1  gemini 93
## 4  1 copilot 105
## 5  2 chatgpt 99
## 6  2  guide 62

```

```

##
## Structure of df20_long :
## Classes 'tbl_df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame': 32 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ id : Factor w/ 8 levels "1","2","3","4",...: 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
## $ tool : Factor w/ 4 levels "guide","copilot",...: 4 1 3 2 4 1 3 2 4 1 ...
## $ score: num 108 104 93 110 100 66 66 77 98 98 ...
##
## Head of df20_long :
## id tool score
## 1 1 chatgpt 108
## 2 1 guide 104
## 3 1 gemini 93
## 4 1 copilot 110
## 5 2 chatgpt 100
## 6 2 guide 66
##
## Structure of df30_long :
## Classes 'tbl_df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame': 32 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ id : Factor w/ 8 levels "1","2","3","4",...: 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
## $ tool : Factor w/ 4 levels "guide","copilot",...: 4 1 3 2 4 1 3 2 4 1 ...
## $ score: num 98 90 78 102 101 58 63 86 94 78 ...
##
## Head of df30_long :
## id tool score
## 1 1 chatgpt 98
## 2 1 guide 90
## 3 1 gemini 78
## 4 1 copilot 102
## 5 2 chatgpt 101
## 6 2 guide 58
##
## Structure of df40_long :
## Classes 'tbl_df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame': 32 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ id : Factor w/ 8 levels "1","2","3","4",...: 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
## $ tool : Factor w/ 4 levels "guide","copilot",...: 4 1 3 2 4 1 3 2 4 1 ...
## $ score: num 117 114 108 115 108 63 75 94 89 86 ...
##
## Head of df40_long :
## id tool score
## 1 1 chatgpt 117
## 2 1 guide 114
## 3 1 gemini 108
## 4 1 copilot 115
## 5 2 chatgpt 108
## 6 2 guide 63

```

1. Statistical analysis

1.1 Distributions of aggregated scores given by panel experts

```
print(df1)
```

```
## id chatgpt guide gemini copilot
## 1 1 432 409 373 432
```

```
## 2 2 408 249 275 335
## 3 3 377 343 341 377
## 4 4 434 376 394 410
## 5 5 411 372 388 394
## 6 6 456 359 363 416
## 7 7 451 435 406 448
## 8 8 363 349 354 366
```

```
print(df10)
```

```
## id chatgpt guide gemini copilot
## 1 1 109 101 93 105
## 2 2 99 62 66 78
## 3 3 96 81 80 93
## 4 4 112 101 101 101
## 5 5 100 88 96 95
## 6 6 113 90 91 106
## 7 7 109 102 96 106
## 8 8 88 77 79 84
```

```
print(df20)
```

```
## id chatgpt guide gemini copilot
## 1 1 108 104 93 110
## 2 2 100 66 66 77
## 3 3 98 98 80 101
## 4 4 112 104 101 103
## 5 5 99 94 96 93
## 6 6 109 95 91 100
## 7 7 112 114 96 115
## 8 8 92 98 79 97
```

```
print(df30)
```

```
## id chatgpt guide gemini copilot
## 1 1 98 90 78 102
## 2 2 101 58 63 86
## 3 3 94 78 74 90
## 4 4 106 80 87 96
## 5 5 97 82 89 93
## 6 6 118 78 79 106
## 7 7 109 99 89 107
## 8 8 93 87 86 89
```

```
print(df40)
```

```
## id chatgpt guide gemini copilot
## 1 1 117 114 108 115
## 2 2 108 63 75 94
## 3 3 89 86 93 93
## 4 4 104 91 105 110
## 5 5 115 108 109 113
## 6 6 116 96 100 104
## 7 7 121 120 113 120
## 8 8 90 87 95 96
```

1.2 Tests for normality and homogeneity of variances

```
# check normality for scores within each tool  
by(df1_long$score, df1_long$tool, shapiro.test)
```

```
## df1_long$tool: guide  
##  
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test  
##  
## data: dd[x, ]  
## W = 0.91237, p-value = 0.3711  
##
```

```
## -----  
## df1_long$tool: copilot  
##  
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test  
##  
## data: dd[x, ]  
## W = 0.98284, p-value = 0.9756  
##
```

```
## -----  
## df1_long$tool: gemini  
##  
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test  
##  
## data: dd[x, ]  
## W = 0.88878, p-value = 0.228  
##
```

```
## -----  
## df1_long$tool: chatgpt  
##  
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test  
##  
## data: dd[x, ]  
## W = 0.93274, p-value = 0.5414
```

```
by(df10_long$score, df10_long$tool, shapiro.test)
```

```
## df10_long$tool: guide  
##  
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test  
##  
## data: dd[x, ]  
## W = 0.90624, p-value = 0.3284  
##
```

```
## -----  
## df10_long$tool: copilot  
##  
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test  
##  
## data: dd[x, ]  
## W = 0.88498, p-value = 0.21  
##
```

```
## -----  
## df10_long$tool: gemini
```

```

##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dd[x, ]
## W = 0.90508, p-value = 0.3207
##
## -----
## df10_long$tool: chatgpt
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dd[x, ]
## W = 0.91362, p-value = 0.3802
##
by(df20_long$score, df20_long$tool, shapiro.test)

## df20_long$tool: guide
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dd[x, ]
## W = 0.83798, p-value = 0.0718
##
## -----
## df20_long$tool: copilot
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dd[x, ]
## W = 0.94442, p-value = 0.6551
##
## -----
## df20_long$tool: gemini
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dd[x, ]
## W = 0.90508, p-value = 0.3207
##
## -----
## df20_long$tool: chatgpt
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dd[x, ]
## W = 0.90091, p-value = 0.2944
##
by(df30_long$score, df30_long$tool, shapiro.test)

## df30_long$tool: guide
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dd[x, ]
## W = 0.92876, p-value = 0.5048

```

```

##
## -----
## df30_long$tool: copilot
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dd[x, ]
## W = 0.91887, p-value = 0.4207
##
## -----
## df30_long$tool: gemini
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dd[x, ]
## W = 0.87805, p-value = 0.1804
##
## -----
## df30_long$tool: chatgpt
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dd[x, ]
## W = 0.91983, p-value = 0.4285
##
## -----
by(df40_long$score, df40_long$tool, shapiro.test)

## df40_long$tool: guide
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dd[x, ]
## W = 0.95716, p-value = 0.7827
##
## -----
## df40_long$tool: copilot
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dd[x, ]
## W = 0.91231, p-value = 0.3706
##
## -----
## df40_long$tool: gemini
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dd[x, ]
## W = 0.90322, p-value = 0.3088
##
## -----
## df40_long$tool: chatgpt
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##

```



```

## data: dd[, ]
## W = 0.87014, p-value = 0.1512
# check homogeneity of variances
# Install and load the car package if not already installed
if (!require(car)) {
  install.packages("car", dependencies = TRUE)
  library(car)
}

# Perform Levene's Test for homogeneity of variances
leveneTest(score ~ tool, data = df1_long)

## Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance (center = median)
##      Df F value Pr(>F)
## group 3  0.1927 0.9005
##      28
leveneTest(score ~ tool, data = df10_long)

## Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance (center = median)
##      Df F value Pr(>F)
## group 3  0.3158 0.8138
##      28
leveneTest(score ~ tool, data = df20_long)

## Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance (center = median)
##      Df F value Pr(>F)
## group 3  0.1206 0.9472
##      28
leveneTest(score ~ tool, data = df30_long)

## Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance (center = median)
##      Df F value Pr(>F)
## group 3  0.1023 0.958
##      28
leveneTest(score ~ tool, data = df40_long)

## Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance (center = median)
##      Df F value Pr(>F)
## group 3  0.675 0.5746
##      28
# Perform Bartlett's Test for homogeneity of variances
bartlett.test(score ~ tool, data = df1_long)

##
## Bartlett test of homogeneity of variances
##
## data: score by tool
## Bartlett's K-squared = 1.945, df = 3, p-value = 0.5839
bartlett.test(score ~ tool, data = df10_long)

##
## Bartlett test of homogeneity of variances
##

```

```

## data: score by tool
## Bartlett's K-squared = 1.4537, df = 3, p-value = 0.693
bartlett.test(score ~ tool, data = df20_long)

##
## Bartlett test of homogeneity of variances
##
## data: score by tool
## Bartlett's K-squared = 2.4542, df = 3, p-value = 0.4836
bartlett.test(score ~ tool, data = df30_long)

##
## Bartlett test of homogeneity of variances
##
## data: score by tool
## Bartlett's K-squared = 1.2837, df = 3, p-value = 0.733
bartlett.test(score ~ tool, data = df40_long)

##
## Bartlett test of homogeneity of variances
##
## data: score by tool
## Bartlett's K-squared = 2.4896, df = 3, p-value = 0.4772
# Perform Fligner-Killeen Test for homogeneity of variances
fligner.test(score ~ tool, data = df1_long)

##
## Fligner-Killeen test of homogeneity of variances
##
## data: score by tool
## Fligner-Killeen:med chi-squared = 0.28729, df = 3, p-value = 0.9624
fligner.test(score ~ tool, data = df10_long)

##
## Fligner-Killeen test of homogeneity of variances
##
## data: score by tool
## Fligner-Killeen:med chi-squared = 0.97968, df = 3, p-value = 0.8062
fligner.test(score ~ tool, data = df20_long)

##
## Fligner-Killeen test of homogeneity of variances
##
## data: score by tool
## Fligner-Killeen:med chi-squared = 0.19041, df = 3, p-value = 0.9791
fligner.test(score ~ tool, data = df30_long)

##
## Fligner-Killeen test of homogeneity of variances
##
## data: score by tool
## Fligner-Killeen:med chi-squared = 0.090494, df = 3, p-value = 0.993

```

```
fligner.test(score ~ tool, data = df40_long)
```

```
##  
## Fligner-Killeen test of homogeneity of variances  
##  
## data: score by tool  
## Fligner-Killeen:med chi-squared = 1.4162, df = 3, p-value = 0.7017
```

1.3 Post hoc tests for comparing sources of information

```
# Install and load lme4, if not already loaded  
if (!require(lme4)) {  
  install.packages("lme4")  
  library(lme4)  
}
```

```
## Loading required package: lme4  
## Warning: package 'lme4' was built under R version 4.2.3  
## Loading required package: Matrix  
## Warning: package 'Matrix' was built under R version 4.2.3
```

```
# Fit a linear mixed-effects models  
modell1 <- lmer(score ~ tool + (1|id), data = df1_long)  
modell10 <- lmer(score ~ tool + (1|id), data = df10_long)  
modell20 <- lmer(score ~ tool + (1|id), data = df20_long)  
modell30 <- lmer(score ~ tool + (1|id), data = df30_long)  
modell40 <- lmer(score ~ tool + (1|id), data = df40_long)
```

```
# Summary of the model to see results  
summary(modell1)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']  
## Formula: score ~ tool + (1 | id)  
## Data: df1_long  
##  
## REML criterion at convergence: 280  
##  
## Scaled residuals:  
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max  
## -2.22932 -0.49796 -0.02348  0.45012  2.28036  
##  
## Random effects:  
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.  
## id (Intercept) 1266.8 35.59  
## Residual 531.8 23.06  
## Number of obs: 32, groups: id, 8  
##  
## Fixed effects:  
## Estimate Std. Error t value  
## (Intercept) 361.50 14.99 24.109  
## toolcopilot 35.75 11.53 3.100  
## toolgemini 0.25 11.53 0.022  
## toolchatgpt 55.00 11.53 4.770
```

```

##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##      (Intr) tlcplt tolgmn
## toolcopilot -0.384
## toolgemini  -0.384  0.500
## toolchatgpt -0.384  0.500  0.500
summary(model10)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: score ~ tool + (1 | id)
## Data: df10_long
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 199.1
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.8219 -0.5079 -0.1636  0.5975  2.3730
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## id (Intercept) 105.11  10.252
## Residual 26.27  5.125
## Number of obs: 32, groups: id, 8
##
## Fixed effects:
## Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) 8.775e+01 4.052e+00 21.654
## toolcopilot 8.250e+00 2.563e+00 3.219
## toolgemini 3.077e-15 2.563e+00 0.000
## toolchatgpt 1.550e+01 2.563e+00 6.049
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##      (Intr) tlcplt tolgmn
## toolcopilot -0.316
## toolgemini  -0.316  0.500
## toolchatgpt -0.316  0.500  0.500

```

```

summary(model20)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: score ~ tool + (1 | id)
## Data: df20_long
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 207.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.0319 -0.5557 -0.1593  0.5919  2.1680
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## id (Intercept) 88.73  9.419
## Residual 40.95  6.399
## Number of obs: 32, groups: id, 8

```

```

##
## Fixed effects:
##           Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)  96.625      4.026  24.000
## toolcopilot   2.875      3.200   0.899
## toolgemini  -8.875      3.200  -2.774
## toolchatgpt   7.125      3.200   2.227
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr) tlcplt tolgmn
## toolcopilot -0.397
## toolgemini  -0.397  0.500
## toolchatgpt -0.397  0.500  0.500
summary(model30)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: score ~ tool + (1 | id)
##   Data: df30_long
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 207.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##   Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -1.9131 -0.6117 -0.1066  0.7064  1.6965
##
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name      Variance Std.Dev.
##   id      (Intercept) 39.37   6.274
##   Residual                50.66   7.118
## Number of obs: 32, groups: id, 8
##
## Fixed effects:
##           Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)  81.500      3.355  24.295
## toolcopilot  14.625      3.559   4.110
## toolgemini   -0.875      3.559  -0.246
## toolchatgpt  20.500      3.559   5.760
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr) tlcplt tolgmn
## toolcopilot -0.530
## toolgemini  -0.530  0.500
## toolchatgpt -0.530  0.500  0.500
summary(model40)

```

```

## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: score ~ tool + (1 | id)
##   Data: df40_long
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 215.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
##   Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max

```

```

## -2.3451 -0.2603 -0.1130 0.5553 2.2106
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## id (Intercept) 132.68 11.518
## Residual 52.87 7.271
## Number of obs: 32, groups: id, 8
##
## Fixed effects:
## Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) 95.625 4.816 19.856
## toolcopilot 10.000 3.636 2.751
## toolgemini 4.125 3.636 1.135
## toolchatgpt 11.875 3.636 3.266
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
## (Intr) tlcplt tolgmn
## toolcopilot -0.377
## toolgemini -0.377 0.500
## toolchatgpt -0.377 0.500 0.500
# Install and load lme4, if not already loaded
if (!require(emmeans)) {
  install.packages("emmeans")
  library(emmeans)
}

## Loading required package: emmeans
## Warning: package 'emmeans' was built under R version 4.2.3
# Post hoc test for tool comparisons
post_hocs1 <- emmeans(model1, pairwise ~ tool)
post_hocs1$contrasts

## contrast estimate SE df t.ratio p.value
## guide - copilot -35.75 11.5 21 -3.100 0.0257
## guide - gemini -0.25 11.5 21 -0.022 1.0000
## guide - chatgpt -55.00 11.5 21 -4.770 0.0006
## copilot - gemini 35.50 11.5 21 3.079 0.0270
## copilot - chatgpt -19.25 11.5 21 -1.669 0.3638
## gemini - chatgpt -54.75 11.5 21 -4.748 0.0006
##
## Degrees-of-freedom method: kenward-roger
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 4 estimates
post_hocs10 <- emmeans(model10, pairwise ~ tool)
post_hocs10$contrasts

## contrast estimate SE df t.ratio p.value
## guide - copilot -8.25 2.56 21 -3.219 0.0198
## guide - gemini 0.00 2.56 21 0.000 1.0000
## guide - chatgpt -15.50 2.56 21 -6.049 <.0001
## copilot - gemini 8.25 2.56 21 3.219 0.0198
## copilot - chatgpt -7.25 2.56 21 -2.829 0.0458
## gemini - chatgpt -15.50 2.56 21 -6.049 <.0001
##

```

```
## Degrees-of-freedom method: kenward-roger
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 4 estimates
```

```
post_hocs20 <- emmeans(model20, pairwise ~ tool)
post_hocs20$contrasts
```

## contrast	estimate	SE	df	t.ratio	p.value
## guide - copilot	-2.88	3.2	21	-0.899	0.8057
## guide - gemini	8.88	3.2	21	2.774	0.0514
## guide - chatgpt	-7.12	3.2	21	-2.227	0.1485
## copilot - gemini	11.75	3.2	21	3.672	0.0072
## copilot - chatgpt	-4.25	3.2	21	-1.328	0.5559
## gemini - chatgpt	-16.00	3.2	21	-5.001	0.0003

```
## Degrees-of-freedom method: kenward-roger
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 4 estimates
```

```
post_hocs30 <- emmeans(model30, pairwise ~ tool)
post_hocs30$contrasts
```

## contrast	estimate	SE	df	t.ratio	p.value
## guide - copilot	-14.625	3.56	21	-4.110	0.0026
## guide - gemini	0.875	3.56	21	0.246	0.9946
## guide - chatgpt	-20.500	3.56	21	-5.760	0.0001
## copilot - gemini	15.500	3.56	21	4.355	0.0015
## copilot - chatgpt	-5.875	3.56	21	-1.651	0.3734
## gemini - chatgpt	-21.375	3.56	21	-6.006	<.0001

```
## Degrees-of-freedom method: kenward-roger
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 4 estimates
```

```
post_hocs40 <- emmeans(model40, pairwise ~ tool)
post_hocs40$contrasts
```

## contrast	estimate	SE	df	t.ratio	p.value
## guide - copilot	-10.00	3.64	21	-2.751	0.0539
## guide - gemini	-4.12	3.64	21	-1.135	0.6729
## guide - chatgpt	-11.88	3.64	21	-3.266	0.0179
## copilot - gemini	5.88	3.64	21	1.616	0.3915
## copilot - chatgpt	-1.88	3.64	21	-0.516	0.9544
## gemini - chatgpt	-7.75	3.64	21	-2.132	0.1757

```
## Degrees-of-freedom method: kenward-roger
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 4 estimates
```