

Esther Plomp & Bosun Obileye **Open Data: Benefits and Challenges**

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Level 1, presentation

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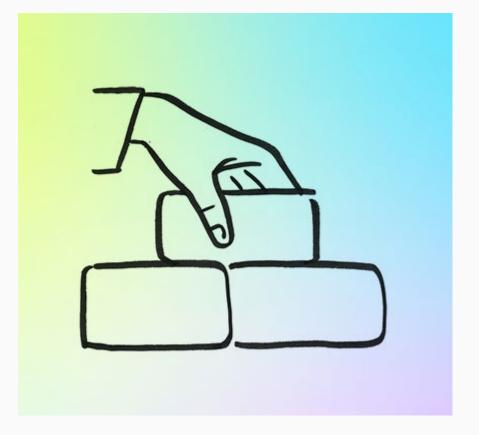
TRAINERS





Agenda

- Introduction Open Data
- Exercises based on prereadings
- African initiatives & Open Data
- Future Trends



OPEN DATA

Open data is data that can be freely used, re-used and redistributed by anyone subject only, at most, to the requirement to attribute and share-alike.

Access Available (on the internet) to all on demand

Participation Everyone must be able to use, reuse and redistribute

Reuse/distribution

Provided under terms that permit reuse and redistribution



Open Data Handbook

Transparency Providing information about data generation/collection

Interoperability Interoperability with other data, machine readable formats





...

PEN DATA

- Data availability decreases by 17% per year
- Chance of email address working decreases by 7% per year

'research data cannot be reliably preserved by individual researchers' Vines et al. 2014

"We received no response to 41.3% of our data requests" - Tedersoo et al. 2021

More %

MadScientist @MadS100tist

"Data will be available upon request"

https://knowyourmeme.com/memes/agnes-harkness-winking

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- Prevent data loss/unfindable files (promotes institutional memories)
- Increased citations (Colavizza et al. 2020; Christensen et al. 2019; Piwowar et al. 2007; Piwowar and Vision 2013, Leitner et al. 2016)
- Facilitates collaboration
- Increases quality of scientific practice by increasing reproducibility and transparency of research
- Cost/time efficient (see Cost of not having FAIR research data)
- **Prevents retractions**
- Reduces duplication efforts and facilitates data reuse (Martin et al. 2022)
- Provides resources for training and education
- Meeting institutional/funder/industrial requirements
- Encourages innovation through reuse of data

BENEFITS OF

PRE-READING

Challenges

Hidden concerns of sharing research data by

low/middle-income country scientists

https://doi.org/10.1080/11287462.2018.1441780



Scriberia

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Benefits

Five selfish reasons to work reproducibly

https://doi.org/10.1186/s13059-015-0850-7

Exercise 1

What is a challenge from the readings that you relate to?



What is still a remaining challenge for you after reading the readings?

Exercise 2

What is a benefit of Open Data from the literature that you relate to?



What are other benefits you see for Open Data?



African initiatives & Open Data See slides by Lamis & Emmanuel for all other initiatives!!



As an African researcher and as a non-African researcher working on African topics you can submit your preprint manuscript, postprint, poster, data set, presentation or other research output.

> To enable the rapid sharing, discovery, use and reuse of African research to the benefit of all.

Trans-African Hydro-Meteorological Observatory (TAHMO)





- Morroco open data portal
- Kenya open data portal
- Nigeria open data portal
- Sierra Leon open data portal
- Burkina Faso open data portal
- <u>Senegal open data portal</u>
- Ghana open data portal
- <u>Budgit (Nigeria)</u>

African Open Government Data Initiatives

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Continental Platform

In this model, diamond open access is a community-based publishing alternative model that disrupts the commercial publishing system.

https://lib.uct.ac.za/openaccess/services/continental-platform

Raju and de Lillie 2024, Claassen 2024



IMPORTANCE OF OPEN DATA TO AFRICAN RESEARCHERS

Increase research impact - Until now, most research data ends on a local hard disk once the researcher publishes a paper on it. Open data increases the visibility and recognition within the global research community

Promotes trust, integrity, transparency and transparency- It allows other researchers to scrutinize results and reproduce them. This increase trust and integrity for the researcher.

Foster inclusivity and equity- It breaks barriers to information and allow researchers from the region to participate in global research

Endears evidence based decision making - it helps in decision making in for policy makers

TRENDS AND FUTURE

Before - The norms had always been secrecy when it comes to research data outputs to prevent research work being stolen by others. **Now -** Awareness about open data is getting tractions with national and institutional open data policy at various stages in the continent **Future -** FAIR and CARE principles of open data would be institutionalized with open data policy and framework to improved collaborations, data reuse, improved funding, and innovation

RESOURCES

- "How can you make research data accessible?" by Esther Plomp
- <u>The Turing Way</u> Open Research/Reproducible Research
- Open Data by OpenSciency

NEXT SESSION

- Open Data: Principles & Tools (29 May)
 - CARE
 - FAIR
 - Data Management Plans

THANK YOU! QUESTIONS?



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CREDITS

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HAPPY DESIGNING!

