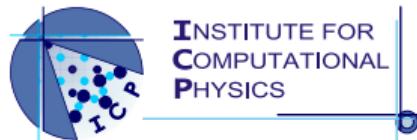


# Pathway to exascale: experiences in adopting more scalable algorithms in ESPResSo

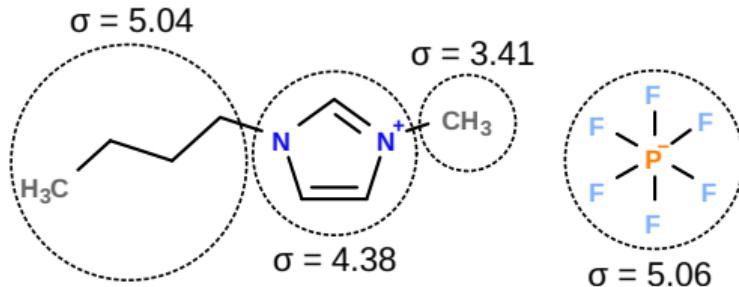
Jean-Noël Grad, Alexander Reinauer, Christian Holm, Rudolf Weeber

Institute for Computational Physics, University of Stuttgart, Germany

deRSE24 - Conference for Research Software Engineering in Germany,  
Workflow Management for Parallel Computing, 5–7 March 2024, Würzburg, Germany



# Multiscale modeling



(coarse-grained model of a ionic liquid)



(ink droplet injected in a nanopore filled with fluid)

## High-throughput computing

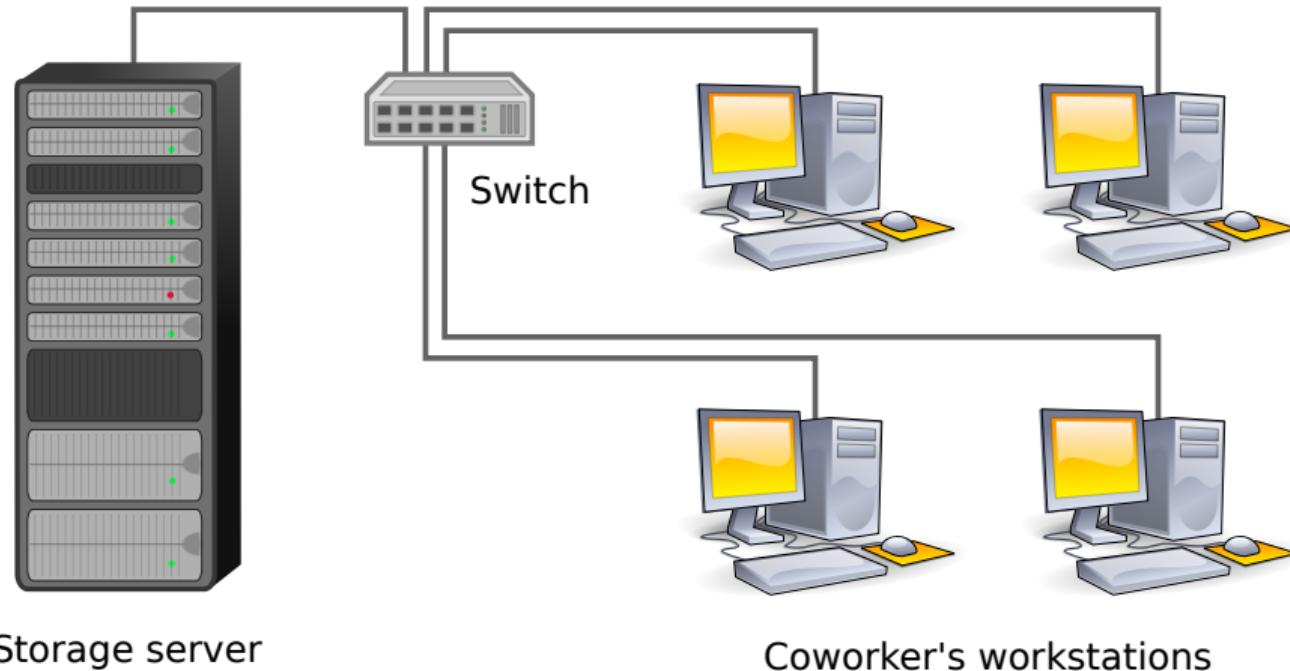


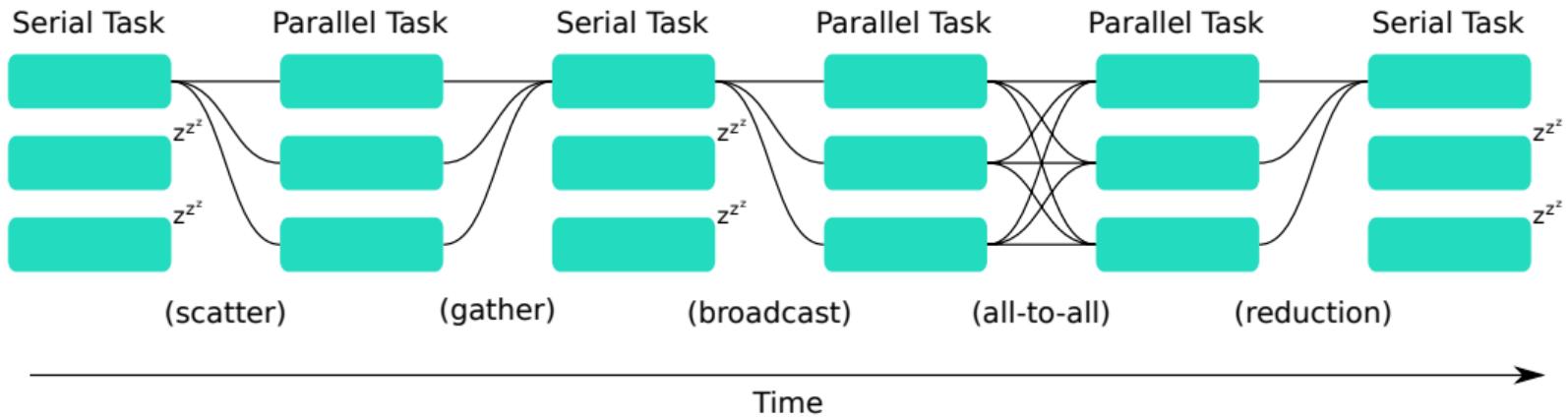
Image credits: AJ, *Computer*, 2008; cyberscooty, *Switch-Hub*, 2012; Moini, *Server rack*, 2011; CC0, via Open Clipart.

## High-performance computing

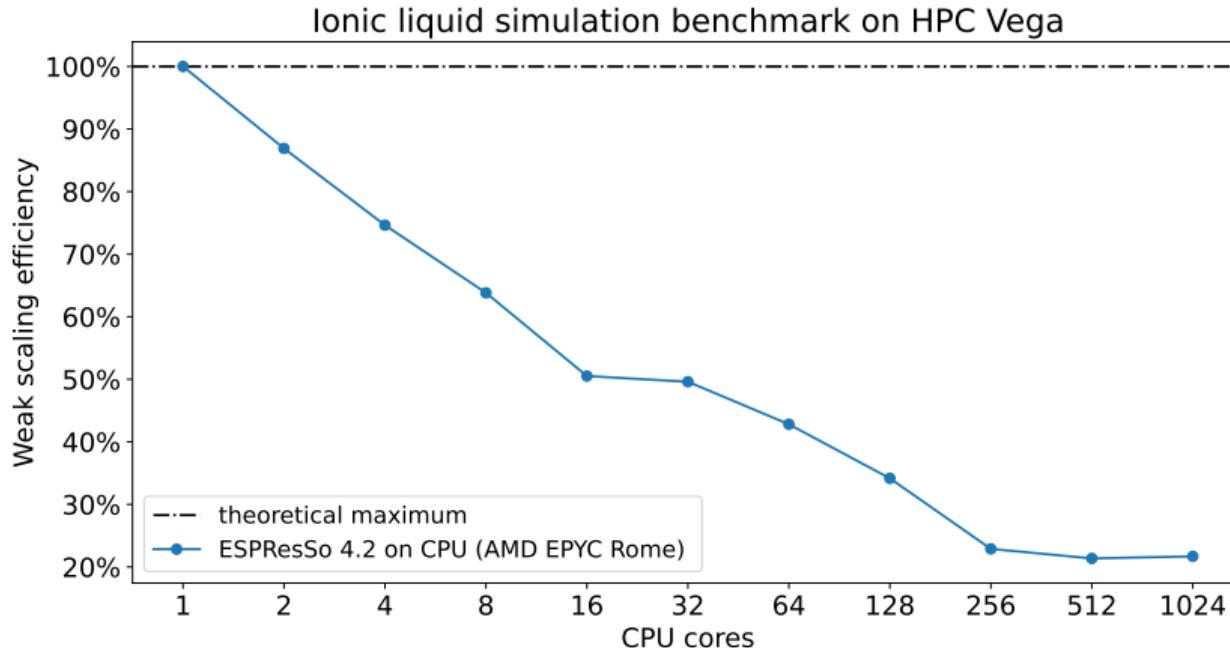


Image credit: Erik And30, *Berzelius supercomputer LiU*, 2022, CC BY-SA 4.0, via Wikimedia Commons.

# Communication patterns in ESPResSo

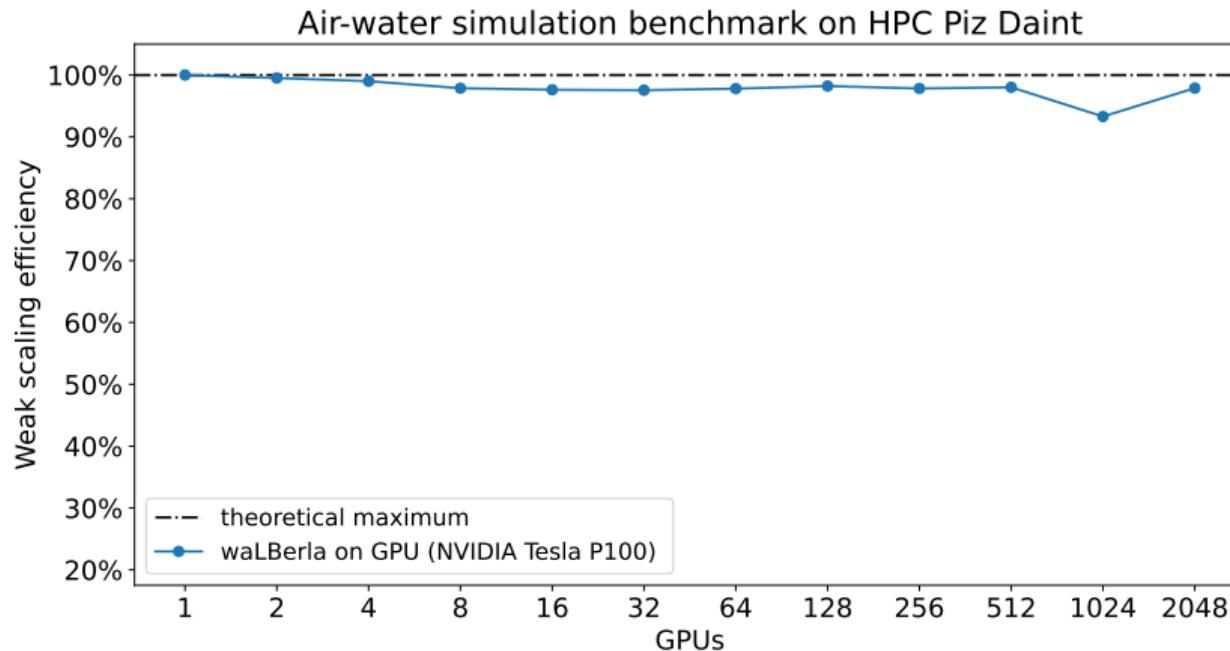


# Benchmarking particle-based simulations



Grad, Weeber, *Report on the current scalability of ESPResSo and the planned work to extend it*, MultiXscale Deliverable 2.1, Zenodo, 2023, doi:10.5281/zenodo.8420222

# Benchmarking grid-based simulations



# Rapid prototyping in Jupyter Notebooks: automatic code generation

```
from pystencils.session import *
from lbmpy.session import *
lbm_config = LBConfig(stencil=LBStencil(Stencil.D2Q9), method=Method.MRT_RAW)
lb_method = create_lb_method(lbm_config=lbm_config)
lb_method
```

Moment-Based Method

Stencil: D2Q9

Zero-Centered Storage: ✓

Force Model: None

Continuous Hydrodynamic Maxwellian Equilibrium

Compressible:  $x$

Deviation Only: ✓

Order: 2

$$f(\rho, (u_0, u_1), (v_0, v_1)) = \frac{3\delta_\rho e^{-\frac{3v_0^2}{2} - \frac{3v_1^2}{2}}}{2\pi} - \frac{3e^{-\frac{3v_0^2}{2} - \frac{3v_1^2}{2}}}{2\pi} + \frac{3e^{-\frac{3(-u_0+v_0)^2}{2} - \frac{3(-u_1+v_1)^2}{2}}}{2\pi}$$

Relaxation Info

Moment	Eq. Value	Relaxation Rate
1	$\delta_\rho$	$\omega$
$x$	$u_0$	$\omega$
$y$	$u_1$	$\omega$
$x^2$	$\frac{\delta_\rho}{3} + u_0^2$	$\omega$
$y^2$	$\frac{\delta_\rho}{3} + u_1^2$	$\omega$
$xy$	$u_0 u_1$	$\omega$



```
jobs:  
  ubuntu:  
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest  
    steps:  
      - name: Setup EESSI  
        uses: eessi/github-action-eessi@v3  
        with:  
          eessi_stack_version: "2023.06"  
      - name: Checkout repository  
        uses: actions/checkout@main  
      - name: Run testsuite  
        run: |  
          module load ESPResSo/4.2.1-foss-2023a  
          python3 -m venv --system-site-packages venv  
          source venv/bin/activate  
          python3 -m pip install -r requirements.txt  
          make testsuite  
          deactivate
```

# Acknowledgments

## Links to projects:

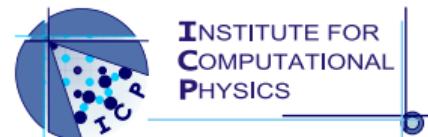
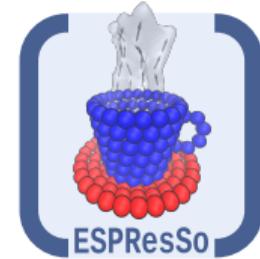
- MultiXscale: [www.multixscale.eu](http://www.multixscale.eu)
- EESSI: [www.eessi-hpc.org](http://www.eessi-hpc.org)
- ESPResSo: [espressomd.org](http://espressomd.org)
- waLBerla: [walberla.net](http://walberla.net)
- LbmPy: [pypi.org/project/lbmpy](https://pypi.org/project/lbmpy)

## Social media:

- @MultiXscale / X
- @ICP\_Stuttgart / X

## YouTube:

- @MultiXscale
- @espressosimulationpackage7832



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