KANTAR

Technical report

FROGEE

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1. General information

The survey was conducted in 8 countries: Armenia, Belarus, Georgia, Latvia, Poland, Russia, Sweden, Ukraine. The interviews were carried out by telephone (CATI) between 1st September and 5th October 2021. The work was coordinated by Kantar Public Poland and conducted by local agencies listed below:

| | Agency |
|---|---|
| Armenia | Kantar Kazahstan/ Ipm MIC LLC. |
| Belarus The Institute for Comparative Social Research Ltd. (CESSI Ltd.) | |
| Georgia | Kantar Kazahstan/ Ipm MIC LLC. |
| Latvia | Kantar Latvia |
| Poland | Kantar Polska |
| Russia | The Institute for Comparative Social Research Ltd. (CESSI Ltd.) |
| Sweden | Kantar Sweden |
| Ukraine | The Institute for Comparative Social Research Ltd. (CESSI Ltd.) |

In each of the countries the survey was conducted by trained interviewers. Interviewers underwent survey-specific briefing. The work of the interviewers was constantly supervised. Quality control checks were done by trained supervisors by listening in to the interviews or by listening recordings. For quality and security reason all interviews were recorded. Results of every call were registered according to the Client specification.

To ensure harmonization of the fieldwork among the countries process of the questionnaire translations was centrally coordinated. All translations were proofread locally. CATI scripts were centrally provided except of Russia, Ukraine, Belarus whare they were prepared locally but checked by the central team.

Also the sampling procedures was approved centrally and datasets were processed by the central team to produce one single dataset for all the countries.

The average length of the interview varied form 19 minutes in Poland to 26 minutes in Russia. The table below presents average, maximum and minimum length of the interview in all countries covered by the survey.

| | Average in minutes | Minimum | Maximum | |
|---------|--------------------|---------|---------|--|
| Armenia | 21 | 10 | 50 | |
| Belarus | 24 | 11 | 61 | |
| Georgia | 20 | 11 | 100 | |
| Latvia | 25 | 17 | 73 | |
| Poland | 19 | 10 | 70 | |
| Russia | 26 | 11 | 75 | |
| Sweden | 23 | 13 | 63 | |
| Ukraine | 25 | 12 | 58 | |

2.Sampling

According to the client requirements the survey sample in all countries was representative with respect to gender within the following three age groups: 18-39; 40-54; 55+. The surveys were conducted using the random digit dialling (list assisted or not depending on the best approach for every country) method covering both cell phones and land-lines (share of land-lines depended on the country).

| Country | Sampling procedure |
|---------|---|
| Armenia | List assisted random digit dialling (LA-RDD), mobile only (access to landlines in low in the country) |
| Belarus | List assisted random digit dialling (LA-RDD), 14% landlines. |
| Georgia | List assisted random digit dialling (LA-RDD), 11% landlines. |
| Latvia | Random digit dialling (RDD), mobile only (access to landlines in low in the country so 100% mobile seems to be the most effective option) |
| Poland | Random digit dialling (RDD), mobile only (access to landlines in low in the country so 100% mobile seems to be the most effective option) |
| Russia | List assisted random digit dialling (LA-RDD), 15% landlines. |
| Sweden | List assisted random digit dialling (LA-RDD), 20% landlines |
| Ukraine | List assisted random digit dialling (LA-RDD), 15% landlines. |

Tables below presents targeted and achieved sample structure:

Armenia

| | Population | Target | % achieved | Achieved | Absolute deviation | |
|---------------------------|------------|--------|------------|----------|--------------------|--|
| Male 18-39 | 22,3% | 206 | 22,5% | 208 | 0,2 | |
| Male 40-54 | 12,9% | 119 | 13,1% | 121 | 0,2 | |
| Male 55+ | 12,9% | 119 | 12,6% | 117 | 0,2 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Female 18-39 | 24,1% | 223 | 24,0% | 222 | 0,1 | |
| Female 40-54 | 13,9% | 129 | 13,9% | 129 | 0 | |
| Female 55+ | 13,9% | 129 | 13,8% | 128 | 0,1 | |
| | | 925 | | TAD | 0,8 | |
| Source: Population Census | | | | | | |

Belarus

| | Population | Target | % achieved | Achieved | Absolute deviation | |
|--|------------|--------|------------|----------|--------------------|--|
| Male 18-39 | 17,9% | 166 | 17,8% | 165 | 0,1 | |
| Male 40-54 | 12,0% | 111 | 12,0% | 111 | 0 | |
| Male 55+ | 15,0% | 139 | 15,1% | 140 | 0,1 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Female 18-39 | 17,9% | 166 | 17,6% | 163 | 0,4 | |
| Female 40-54 | 14,1% | 130 | 13,9% | 129 | 0,2 | |
| Female 55+ | 23,0% | 213 | 23,5% | 217 | 0,5 | |
| | | 925 | | TAD | 1,3 | |
| Source: Belarus state statistical agency projection January 1, 2021, https://www.belstat.gov.by/ofitsialnaya- statistika/solialnaya-sfera/naselenie-i- migratsiya/naselenie/statisticheskie-izdaniya/ | | | | | | |

Georgia

| | | Population | Target | % achieved | Achieved | Absolute deviation |
|---------------------------|-----|------------|--------|------------|----------|--------------------|
| Male 18-39 | | 18,3% | 169 | 18,3% | 169 | 0 |
| Male 40-54 | | 12,3% | 114 | 12,2% | 113 | 0,1 |
| Male 55+ | | 15,9% | 147 | 15,8% | 146 | 0,1 |
| | | | | | | |
| Female 18- | -39 | 21,1% | 195 | 21,1% | 195 | 0 |
| Female 40 | -54 | 14,2% | 131 | 14,3% | 132 | 0,1 |
| Female 55 | + | 18,3% | 169 | 18,4% | 170 | 0,1 |
| | | | 925 | | TAD | 0,4 |
| Source: Population Census | | | | | | |

Latvia

| | | Population | Target | % achieved | Achieved | Absolute deviation |
|---|----|------------|--------|------------|----------|--------------------|
| Male 18-39 | | 17,4% | 161 | 17,4% | 161 | 0 |
| Male 40-54 | | 12,8% | 118 | 12,8% | 118 | 0 |
| Male 55+ | | 15,9% | 147 | 15,9% | 147 | 0 |
| | | | | | | |
| Female 18-39 | | 15,9% | 147 | 15,9% | 147 | 0 |
| Female 40-5 | 54 | 12,8% | 118 | 12,8% | 118 | 0 |
| Female 55+ | | 25,3% | 234 | 25,4% | 235 | 0,1 |
| | | | 925 | | TAD | 0,1 |
| Source: Office of Citizenship and Migration Affairs, 05.02.2021 | | | | | | |

Poland

| | Population | Target | % achieved | Achieved | Absolute deviation |
|----------------|------------|--------|------------|----------|--------------------|
| Male 18-39 | 18,0% | 180 | 18,0% | 180 | 0 |
| Male 40-54 | 13,0% | 130 | 13,1% | 131 | 0,1 |
| Male 55+ | 17,0% | 170 | 17,0% | 170 | 0 |
| | | | | | |
| Female 18-39 | 18,0% | 180 | 18,0% | 180 | 0 |
| Female 40-54 | 12,0% | 120 | 11,8% | 118 | 0,2 |
| Female 55+ | 22,0% | 220 | 22,1% | 221 | 0,1 |
| | | 1000 | | TAD | 0,4 |
| Sourc 30.06 | | | | | |

Russia

| | Population | Target | % achieved | Achieved | Absolute deviation |
|---|------------|--------|------------|----------|--------------------|
| Male 18-39 | 20,0% | 185 | 19,8% | 183 | 0,2 |
| Male 40-54 | 12,0% | 111 | 12,0% | 111 | 0 |
| Male 55+ | 13,0% | 120 | 13,2% | 122 | 0,2 |
| | | | | | |
| Female 18-39 | 20,0% | 185 | 19,9% | 184 | 0,1 |
| Female 40-54 | 13,0% | 120 | 12,9% | 119 | 0,1 |
| Female 55+ | 22,1% | 204 | 22,3% | 206 | 0,2 |
| | | 925 | | TAD | 0,8 |
| Source: Goskomstat projection for January 1, 2021 (https://rosstat.gov.ru) | | | | | |

Sweden

| | Population | Target | % achieved | Achieved | Absolute deviation |
|----------------|------------|--------|------------|----------|--------------------|
| Male 18-39 | 18,4% | 170 | 18,6% | 172 | 0,2 |
| Male 40-54 | 12,2% | 113 | 12,3% | 114 | 0,1 |
| Male 55+ | 19,5% | 180 | 19,7% | 182 | 0,2 |
| | | | | | |
| Female 18-39 | 17,2% | 159 | 16,2% | 150 | 1 |
| Female 40-54 | 11,8% | 109 | 12,0% | 111 | 0,2 |
| Female 55+ | 21,0% | 194 | 21,2% | 196 | 0,2 |
| | | 925 | | TAD | 1,9 |
| Source 2020 | | | | | |

Ukraine

| | Population | Target | % achieved | Achieved | Absolute deviation |
|-----------------------|------------|--------|------------|----------|--------------------|
| Male 18-39 | 17,9% | 166 | 17,9% | 166 | 0 |
| Male 40-54 | 12,0% | 111 | 12,0% | 111 | 0 |
| Male 55+ | 15,0% | 139 | 15,0% | 139 | 0 |
| Female 18-39 | 18,1% | 167 | 18,1% | 167 | 0 |
| Female 40-54 | 13,0% | 120 | 13,0% | 120 | 0 |
| Female 55+ | 24,0% | 222 | 24,0% | 222 | 0 |
| | 0 | | | | |
| Sou proje http: | | | | | |

3. Fieldwork

3.1 Fieldwork dates

The fieldwork was conducted between 1st September and 5th October.

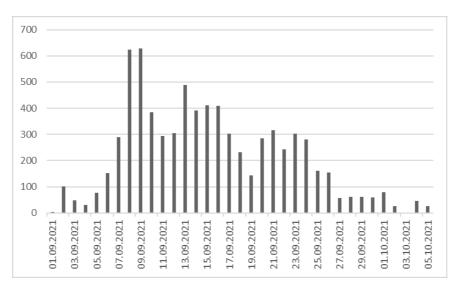


Figure 1. Number of interviews by date.

Figure 2. Number of interviews by date in Armenia.

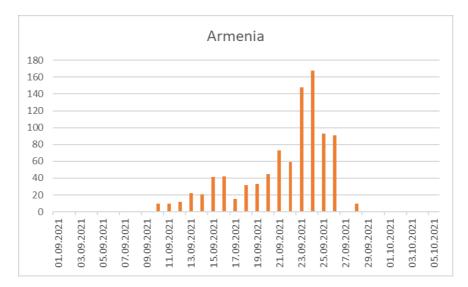


Figure 3. Number of interviews by date in Belarus.

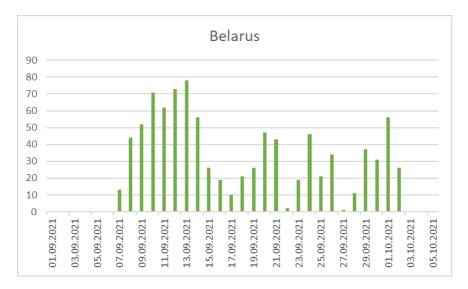


Figure 4. Number of interviews by date in Georgia.

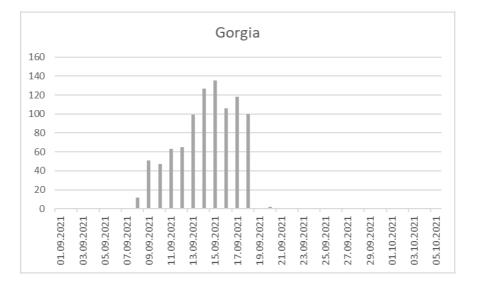


Figure 5. Number of interviews by date in Latvia.

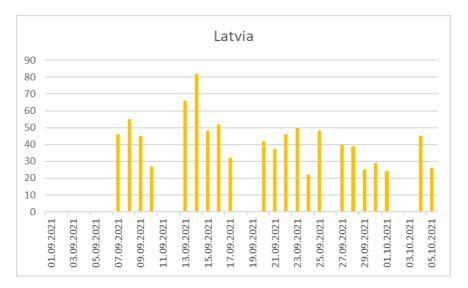


Figure 6. Number of interviews by date in Poland.

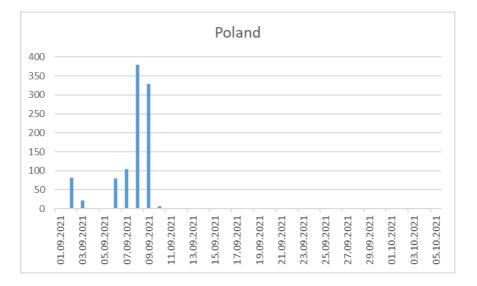


Figure 7. Number of interviews by date in Russia.

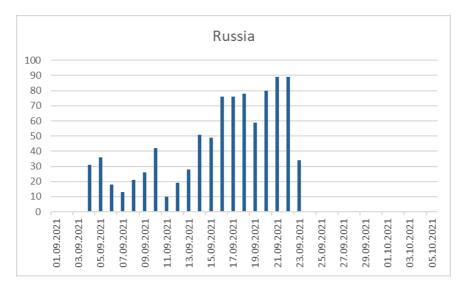


Figure 8. Number of interviews by date in Sweden.

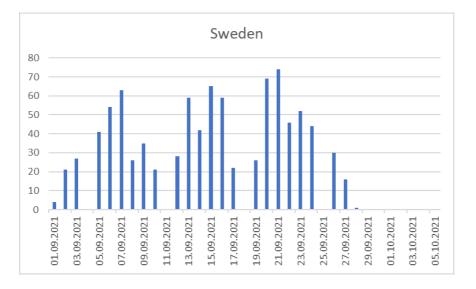
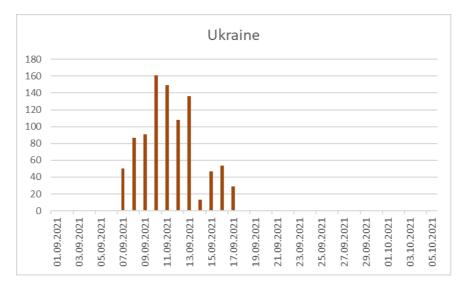


Figure 9. Number of interviews by date in Ukraine.



3.2 Fieldwork - remarks

| Country | Remark |
|---------|---|
| Armenia | Society is very traditional. Interviewers (who are women) found it problematic to conduct interviewers concerning the subject of the research. They did not want to talk about domestic violence. Different interviewers were engaged to finish the survey. |
| Belarus | n/a |
| Georgia | n/a |
| Latvia | There were a lot of refusals in Latvia especially among men. The reason was the subject and length of the interview. |
| Poland | n/a |
| Russia | The fieldwork was slower at the beginning because of parliamentary elections (17-19 September). |
| Sweden | Length of the interview affected the length of the fieldwork. |
| Ukraine | n/a |