Assessing and tuning GROMACS performance on heterogeneous systems

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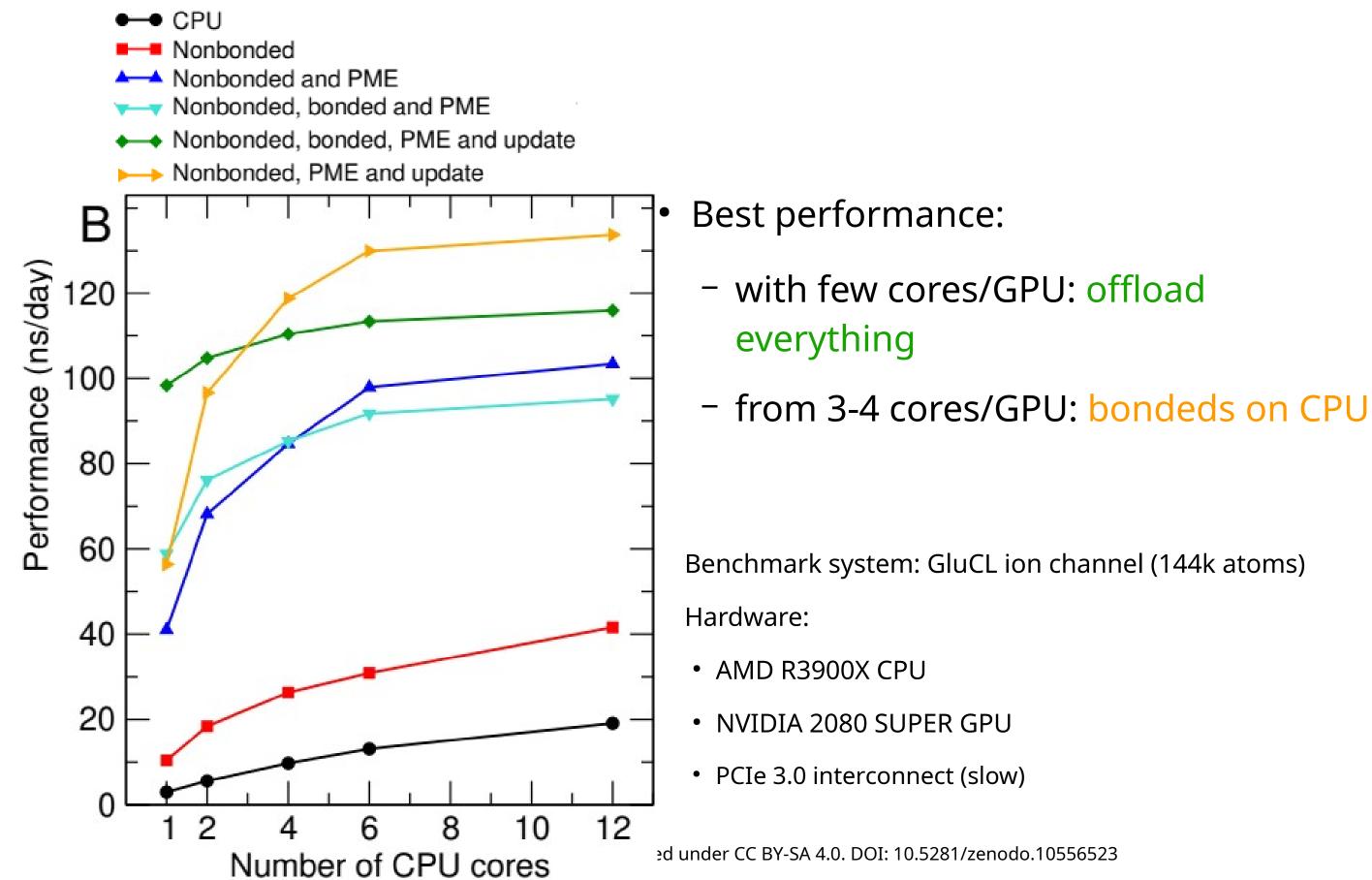


Why performance matters?

- Improved time-to-solution: get your results faster
 - wait less for your results
 - use your compute-hours effectively!
- Energy efficiency
 - faster time-to-solution on fixed hardware (num CPUs/GPU)
 - \Rightarrow (typically) best energy-to-solution
 - faster time-to-solution on more hardware

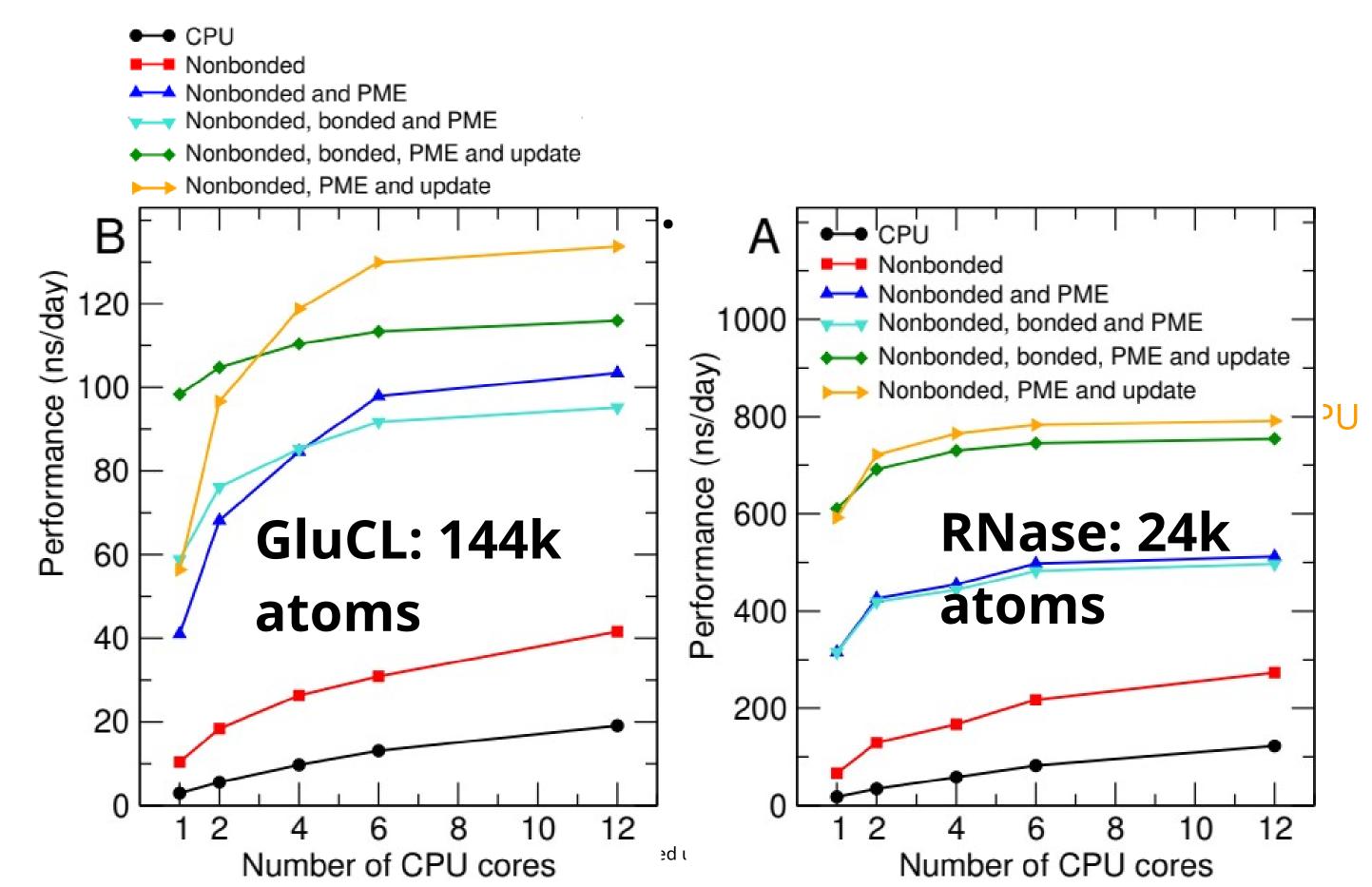
 \neq not always best energy-to-solution

Why tuning performance matters: GPU parallelization modes





Why tuning performance matters: GPU parallelization modes





What influences performance?

- GROMACS version: use a recent release!
- Simulation setup:
 - system size
 - system settings (cutoff, long-range interactions, constraints, vsites, etc.)
 - check the documentation!
 - runtime options
- Compilers/libraries
 - some matter a lot: SYCL runtime, FFT library (GPU if offloaded)
 - other little (for simulation)
- Hardware: CPU/GPU/network

Reproducibility/repeatability

- Extensive reporting to fully document hardware, software & environment
 - Executable path + working dir
 - command line used
 - hardware used
 - MD simulation options (based on the MDP options)
 - env var-based features issue notes on their activation
 - algorithms used and their parameters
 - runtime/state

GROMACS version output

•	Avai	labl	e	thro	bugh
					<u> </u>

- gmx -v
- every log file
- Allows identifying exact setup:
 - GROMACS version
 - build configuration
 - compilers/flags
 - libraries used

	GROMACS version:	2023.3
	Precision:	mixed
	Memory model:	64 bit
	MPI library:	MPI
	OpenMP support:	<pre>enabled (GMX_OPENMP_MAX_THREADS = 128)</pre>
	GPU support:	SYCL (hipSYCL)
	NB cluster size:	8 (cluster-pair splitting off)
	SIMD instructions:	AVX2_256
	CPU FFT library:	commercial-fftw-3.3.10-sse2-avx-avx2-av
	GPU FFT library:	VkFFT internal (1.2.26-b15cb0ca3e884bdb
•	Multi-GPU FFT:	none
•	RDTSCP usage:	enabled
	TNG support:	enabled
	Hwloc support:	disabled
	Tracing support:	disabled
	C compiler:	/appl/lumi/SW/LUMI-22.08/G/EB/rocm/5.3.
	C compiler flags:	-mavx2 -mfma -Wno-missing-field-initial
	C++ compiler:	/appl/lumi/SW/LUMI-22.08/G/EB/rocm/5.3
		-mavx2 -mfma -Wno-reserved-identifier -
	-	no-c++98-compat-pedantic -Wno-source-use
		I -Wno-covered-switch-default -Wno-switc
	-	added -Wno-reserved-id-macro -Wno-double
		<pre>/no-documentation -Wno-format-nonliteral</pre>
	-	Ino-conditional-uninitialized -Wno-conve
		ed-parameter -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-r
	-	t -Wno-unused-but-set-variable -Wno-sign
	03 -DNDEBUG	
	BLAS library:	External - user-supplied
	LAPACK library:	External - user-supplied
	hipSYCL launcher:	/appl/local/csc/soft/chem/hipSYCL/0.9.4
	er binsvol flags	When unknown cude version when unknown
	hipSYCL flags:	-Wno-unknown-cuda-version -Wno-unknown-
		<pre>-ffast-math;-fgpu-inline-threshold=9999 bip:afx00=</pre>
	hipSYCL targets: hipSYCL version:	hip:gfx90a
	intparter version:	hipSYCL 0.9.4-git

```
-variable -Wno-sign-compare -Wno-unused-result -fopenmp=libomp -
olied
lied
/chem/hipSYCL/0.9.4-cpeGNU-22.08/lib/cmake/hipSYCL/syclcc-launch
ersion -Wno-unknown-attributes --hipsycl-targets="hip:gfx90a"
line-threshold=99999
```

```
22.08/G/EB/rocm/5.3.3/llvm/bin/clang Clang 15.0.0
issing-field-initializers -O3 -DNDEBUG
22.08/G/EB/rocm/5.3.3/llvm/bin/clang++ Clang 15.0.0
eserved-identifier -Wno-missing-field-initializers -Weverything -
ntic -Wno-source-uses-openmp -Wno-c++17-extensions -Wno-documenta
-default -Wno-switch-enum -Wno-extra-semi-stmt -Wno-weak-vtables
id-macro -Wno-double-promotion -Wno-exit-time-destructors -Wno-gl
no-format-nonliteral -Wno-used-but-marked-unused -Wno-float-equal
itialized -Wno-conversion -Wno-disabled-macro-expansion -Wno-unus
used-variable -Wno-newline-eof -Wno-old-style-cast -Wno-zero-as-n
```

```
.10-sse2-avx-avx2-avx2_128
.26-b15cb0ca3e884bdb6c901a12d87aa8aadf7637d8) with HIP backend
```

```
itting off)
```

Hardware detection information

• Lists hardware details across all nodes in a simulation

(if detection allows)

 On LUMI GPUs are "hidden" from MPI ranks (other than the one device the rank is assigned) Hardware detected on host nid007958 (the node of MPI rank 0): CPU info: Vendor: AMD Brand: AMD EPYC 7A53 64-Core Processor Family: 25 Model: 48 Stepping: 1 se3 x2apic Hardware topology: Basic Packages, cores, and logical processors: [indices refer to OS logical processors] CPU limit set by OS: -1 Recommended max number of threads: 14 GPU info: Number of GPUs detected: 1 version 50322062, status: compatible

LUMI hardware detection: 1 node, 7 cores, 1 GPU

```
Running on 1 node with total 7 cores, 14 processing units, 1 compatible GPU
   Features: aes amd apic avx avx2 clfsh cmov cx8 cx16 f16c fma htt lahf misalignsse mmx msr
nonstop_tsc pcid pclmuldq pdpe1gb popcnt pse rdrnd rdtscp sha sse2 sse3 sse4a sse4.1 sse4.2 ss
     Package 0: [ 1 65] [ 2 66] [ 3 67] [ 4 68] [ 5 69] [ 6 70] [ 7 71]
   #0: name: , architecture 9.0.10, vendor: AMD, device version: 1.2 hipSYCL 0.9.4-git, drive
```

Hardware detection information

• Lists hardware details across all nodes in a simulation

(if detection allows)

 On LUMI GPUs are "hidden" from MPI ranks other than the one the device is assigned to

```
Running on 4 nodes with total 224 cores, 448 processing units, 4 compatible GPUs
 Cores per node:
                          56
 Logical processing units per node: 112
 OS CPU Limit / recommended threads to start per node: 112
 Compatible GPUs per node: 1
 All nodes have identical type(s) of GPUs
Hardware detected on host nid007969 (the node of MPI rank 0):
 CPU info:
   Vendor: AMD
   Brand: AMD EPYC 7A53 64-Core Processor
   Family: 25 Model: 48 Stepping: 1
   Features: aes amd apic avx avx2 clfsh cmov cx8 cx16 f16c fma htt lahf misalignsse mmx msr nonstop_tsc p
cid pclmuldq pdpe1gb popcnt pse rdrnd rdtscp sha sse2 sse3 sse4a sse4.1 sse4.2 ssse3 x2apic
 Hardware topology: Basic
   Packages, cores, and logical processors:
   [indices refer to OS logical processors]
     Package 0: [ 1 65] [ 2 66] [ 3 67] [ 4 68] [ 5 69] [ 6 70] [ 7 71] [ 9 73] [
 10 74] [ 11 75] [ 12 76] [ 13 77] [ 14 78] [ 15 79] [ 17 81] [ 18 82] [ 19 83] [ 20 84
] [ 21 85] [ 22 86] [ 23 87] [ 25 89] [ 26 90] [ 27 91] [ 28 92] [ 29 93] [ 30
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95] [ 33 97] [ 34 98] [ 35 99] [ 36 100] [ 37 101] [ 38 102] [ 39 103] [ 41 105] [ 42 106] [
43 107] [ 44 108] [ 45 109] [ 46 110] [ 47 111] [ 49 113] [ 50 114] [ 51 115] [ 52 116] [ 53 117]
  54 118] [ 55 119] [ 57 121] [ 58 122] [ 59 123] [ 60 124] [ 61 125] [ 62 126] [ 63 127]
   CPU limit set by OS: -1 Recommended max number of threads: 112
 GPU info:
   Number of GPUs detected: 1
   #0: name: , architecture 9.0.10, vendor: AMD, device version: 1.2 hipSYCL 0.9.4-git, driver version 503
22062, status: compatible
```

LUMI hardweare detection: 4 node, 4x56 cores, 4x8 GPUs (incorrectly reported as 4x1 because of ROCR_VISIBLE_DEVICES)

Hardware detection information

 Lists hardware details across all nodes in a simulation

(if detection allows)

 On LUMI GPUs are "hidden" from MPI ranks other than the one the device is assigned to

Running on 1 node with total 128 cores, 256 processing units, 4 compatible GPUs Hardware detected on host g1101.mahti.csc.fi: CPU info:

Vendor: AMD

Brand: AMD EPYC 7H12 64-Core Processor Family: 23 Model: 49 Stepping: 0 Features: aes amd apic avx avx2 clfsh cmov cx8 cx16 f16c fma htt lahf misalignsse mmx msr nonstop_tsc p clmuldq pdpe1qb popent pse rdrnd rdtsep sha sse2 sse3 sse4a sse4.1 sse4.2 ssse3 x2apie Hardware topology: Basic

Packages, cores, and logical processors: [indices refer to OS logical processors] Package 0: [0 128] [1 129] [2 130] [3 131] [4 132] [5 133] [6 134] [7 135] [8 136] [9 137] [10 138] [11 139] [12 140] [13 141] [14 142] [15 143] [16 144] [17 145] [18 146] [19 147] [20 148] [21 149] [22 150] [23 151] [24 152] [25 153] [26 154] [27 155] [28 156] [29 157] [30 158] [31 159] [32 160] [33 161] [34 162] [35 163] [36 164] [37 165] [38 166] [39 167] [40 168] [41 169] [42 170] [43 171] [44 172] [45 173] [46 174] 47 175] [48 176] [49 177] [50 178] [51 179] [52 180] [53 181] [54 182] [55 183] [56 18 4] [57 185] [58 186] [59 187] [60 188] [61 189] [62 190] [63 191] Package 1: [64 192] [65 193] [66 194] [67 195] [68 196] [69 197] [70 198] [71 199] [72 200] [73 201] [74 202] [75 203] [76 204] [77 205] [78 206] [79 207] [80 208] [81 209] [82 210] [83 211] [84 212] [85 213] [86 214] [87 215] [88 216] [89 217] [90 218] [91 219] [92 220] [93 221] [94 222] [95 223] [96 224] [97 225] [98 226] [99 227] [100 228] [1 01 229] [102 230] [103 231] [104 232] [105 233] [106 234] [107 235] [108 236] [109 237] [110 238] [111 239] [112 240] [113 241] [114 242] [115 243] [116 244] [117 245] [118 246] [119 247] [120 24 8] [121 249] [122 250] [123 251] [124 252] [125 253] [126 254] [127 255] CPU limit set by OS: -1 Recommended max number of threads: 256 GPU info: Number of GPUs detected: 4 #0: NVIDIA NVIDIA A100-SXM4-40GB, compute cap.: 8.0, ECC: yes, stat: compatible #1: NVIDIA NVIDIA A100-SXM4-40GB, compute cap.: 8.0, ECC: yes, stat: compatible #2: NVIDIA NVIDIA A100-SXM4-40GB, compute cap.: 8.0, ECC: yes, stat: compatible

CSC Mahti hardware detection: 1 node, 128 cores, 4 GPUs

Task assignment report

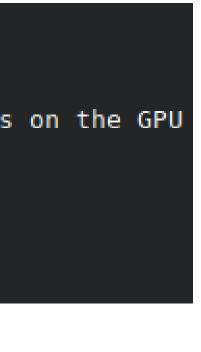
LUMI task assignment report

Note: this too is slighly misleading due to the "hidden" devices

On host nid007959 1 GPU selected for this run. Mapping of GPU IDs to the 8 GPU tasks in the 8 ranks on this node: PP:0,PP:0,PP:0,PP:0,PP:0,PP:0,PP:0,PME:0 PP tasks will do (non-perturbed) short-ranged and most bonded interactions on the GPU PP task will update and constrain coordinates on the GPU PME tasks will do all aspects on the GPU GPU direct communication will be used between MPI ranks. Using 8 MPI processes Using 7 OpenMP threads per MPI process

CSC Mahti task assignment report:

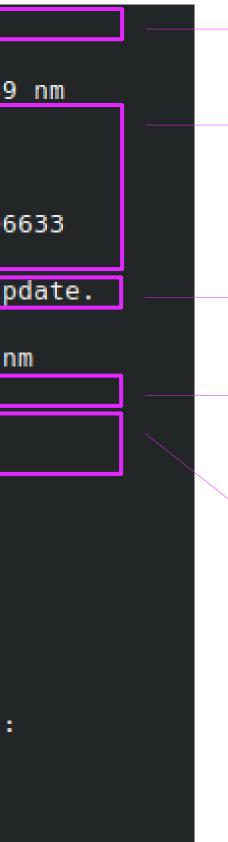
On host g1101.mahti.csc.fi 4 GPUs selected for this run. Mapping of GPU IDs to the 4 GPU tasks in the 4 ranks on this node: PP:0,PP:1,PP:2,PME:3 PP tasks will do (non-perturbed) short-ranged and most bonded interactions on the GPU PP task will update and constrain coordinates on the GPU PME tasks will do all aspects on the GPU GPU direct communication will be used between MPI ranks. Using 4 MPI threads Using 32 OpenMP threads per tMPI thread



- Reporting of task mapping
 - reported only for one node (of the first rank)
- Showing:
 - which tasks are offloaded
 - PP and PME task to GPU ID mapping
 - Note that currently this can "break" due to ROCR_VISIBLE_DEVICES or equivalent

Domain decomposition report

Initializing Domain Decomposition on 8 ranks Dynamic load balancing: auto Using update groups, nr 389067, average size 2.7 atoms, max. radius 0.139 nm Minimum cell size due to atom displacement: 2.438 nm Initial maximum distances in bonded interactions: two-body bonded interactions: 0.442 nm, LJ-14, atoms 106625 106633 multi-body bonded interactions: 0.442 nm, Proper Dih., atoms 106625 106633 Minimum cell size due to bonded interactions: 0.486 nm Disabling dynamic load balancing; unsupported with GPU communication + update. Using 1 separate PME ranks, as requested with -npme option Optimizing the DD grid for 7 cells with a minimum initial size of 2.438 nm The maximum allowed number of cells is: X 8 Y 8 Z 8 Domain decomposition grid 7 x 1 x 1, separate PME ranks 1 PME domain decomposition: 1 x 1 x 1 Interleaving PP and PME ranks This rank does only particle-particle work. Domain decomposition rank 0, coordinates 0 0 0 The initial number of communication pulses is: X 1 The initial domain decomposition cell size is: X 3.10 nm The maximum allowed distance for atom groups involved in interactions is: non-bonded interactions 2.436 nm two-body bonded interactions (-rdd) 2.436 nm multi-body bonded interactions (-rdd) 2.436 nm



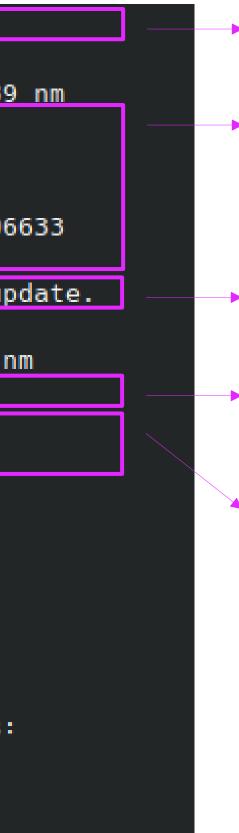
Total rank count

- DD cell size limits determines decomposition limits nstlist=400!
- Dynamic load balancing not supported in GPU resident mode
- Maximum decomposition setup possible (nstlist=400!)
- Current PP/PME decomposition selected

Domain decomposition report: different nstlist

Initializing Domain Decomposition on 8 ranks Dynamic load balancing: auto Using update groups, nr 389067, average size 2,7 atoms, max, radius 0,139 nm Minimum cell size due to atom displacement: 0.700 nm Initial maximum distances in bonded interactions: two-body bonded interactions: 0.442 nm, LJ-14, atoms 106625 106633 multi-body bonded interactions: 0.442 nm, Proper Dih., atoms 106625 106633 Minimum cell size due to bonded interactions: 0.486 nm Disabling dynamic load balancing; unsupported with GPU communication + update. Using 1 separate PME ranks, as requested with -npme option Optimizing the DD grid for 7 cells with a minimum initial size of 0.700 nm The maximum allowed number of cells is: X 30 Y 30 Z 30 Domain decomposition grid 7 x 1 x 1, separate PME ranks 1 PME domain decomposition: 1 x 1 x 1 Interleaving PP and PME ranks This rank does only particle-particle work. Domain decomposition rank 0, coordinates 0 0 0 The initial number of communication pulses is: X 1 The initial domain decomposition cell size is: X 3.10 nm The maximum allowed distance for atom groups involved in interactions is: non-bonded interactions 1.617 nm two-body bonded interactions (-rdd) 1.617 nm multi-body bonded interactions (-rdd) 1.617 nm

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Total rank count

- DD cell size limits determines decomposition limits nstlist=100!
- Dynamic load balancing not supported in GPU resident mode
- Maximum decomposition setup possible (nstlist=100!)
- **Current PP/PME** decomposition selected

Pair interaction / Verlet algorithm setup

nstlist=100 (automatically chosen)

Using GPU 8x8 nonbonded short-range kernels

Using a dual 8x8 pair-list setup updated with dynamic, rolling pruning: outer list: updated every 100 steps, buffer 0.139 nm, rlist 1.339 nm inner list: updated every 12 steps, buffer 0.002 nm, rlist 1.202 nm At tolerance 0.005 kJ/mol/ps per atom, equivalent classical 1x1 list would be: outer list: updated every 100 steps, buffer 0.292 nm, rlist 1.492 nm inner list: updated every 12 steps, buffer 0.051 nm, rlist 1.251 nm

nstlist=400

Using GPU 8x8 nonbonded short-range kernels

Using a dual 8x8 pair-list setup updated with dynamic, rolling pruning: outer list: updated every 400 steps, buffer 0.958 nm, rlist 2.158 nm inner list: updated every 12 steps, buffer 0.002 nm, rlist 1.202 nm At tolerance 0.005 kJ/mol/ps per atom, equivalent classical 1x1 list would be: outer list: updated every 400 steps, buffer 1.311 nm, rlist 2.511 nm inner list: updated every 12 steps, buffer 0.051 nm, rlist 1.251 nm

GROMACS performance table

- Displayed at the end of the run
- Timings of **CPU activities**
 - computation
 - communication
 - launch of GPU operations
 - waiting for data from GPU

PME wor

• Final simulation performance

he run		REAL (On 1 MPI rank, ea		ND T OpenMP thr		ACCOUNT	ΓΙΝG		
S		Activity:	Num Ranks	Num 5 Threads	Call Count	Wall time (s)	Giga-Cy total sum	cles %	
PP woi S	r k	Neighbor search Launch PP GPU op Force PME mesh Wait GPU NB loca NB X/F buffer op Write traj. Update Constraints Rest Total	1 1 1 95. 1 1	7 7 7	7 650 650 650 1293 1 650 650	0.494 0.029 1.939 24.140 4.826 1.528 0.244 1.639 1.120 0.122 36.081	6.904 0.410 27.094 337.304 67.434 21.344 3.404 22.907 15.656 1.701	1.4 0.1 5.4 66.9 13.4 4.2 0.7 4.5 3.1 0.3 	Parts taking most of the computational time
ME wor	' k	PME 3D-FFT PME solve Elec	1 1 1 1 1	ties 7 7 7 7 7 8 1011 t (s) 36.081 (hour/ns) 7.710	7	10.178 6.959 6.684 0.315 (%) 00.0 absolu	142.221 97.242 93.398 4.396	19.3 18.5 0.9	 subdivision of PME mesh computation

GROMACS performance table: multi-GPU run

- Displayed at the end of the run
- Timings of **CPU activities**
 - computation
 - communication
 - launch of GPU operations
 - waiting for data from GPU

PME

Shared under (

PP

work

• Final simulation performance

Activitu	Muum	Num	Call	Wall time	Cian Cu	alee			
Activity:	Num Ranks	Threads		(s)	Giga-Cy total sum	ctes %			
Domain decomp.	7	 7	256	3.108	303.821	 8.7			
Send X to PME	7	7	12750	1.665	162.711				
Neighbor search	7		128	1.379	134.808				
Launch PP GPU ops.		7	50744		109.886				
Comm. coord.	7	7	12622	11.164	1091.134	31.2			
Force	7	7	12750	0.016	1.558	0.0			
Wait + Comm. F	7	7	12750	5.084	496.927	14.2			
PME GPU mesh *	1	7	12750	7.001	97.747	2.8			
PME wait for PP *				24.316	339.517	9.7			
Wait + Recv. PME F	7	7	12750	5.336		14.9			
Wait Bonded GPU	7	7	14	0.000	0.001	0.0			
Wait GPU NB nonloc.		7	12750	0.046	4.528	0.1			
Wait GPU NB local		7	12750		0.140				
1.2		7	2832	0.622	60.842	1.7			
NB X/F buffer ops.	7	7	28	0.003	0.329	0.0			
Write traj.		7		0.114 0.817	11.099				
Comm. energies Rest		<i>'</i>	1275		79.895				
Total				31.294	3495.626	100.0			
(*) Note that with sepa twice the total rep					-				
Breakdown of PME mesh activities									
Wait PME GPU gather	1	7	12750	0.042	0.590	0.0			
Launch PME GPU ops.	1	7	191250	0.622	8.691	0.2			
Wait PME Recv. PP X	1	7	89250	6.337	88.481	2.5			

Assessing performance summary

- Acceptable vs reasonable performance / scaling
- Rough scaling guide
 - CPUs: hundreds of atoms / core
 - GPUs: tens of thousands of atoms / GPU
 - **Assuming**: "vanilla" MD setup and a high-performance interconnect
- Find reference data online and compare!
 - e.g. benchmark of similar simulation system on similar hardware
- Scaling: **check if it scales** do not just aassume
 - re-check with new input don't just reuse settings
 - re-check if machine setup changes

Tuning performance: where to start?

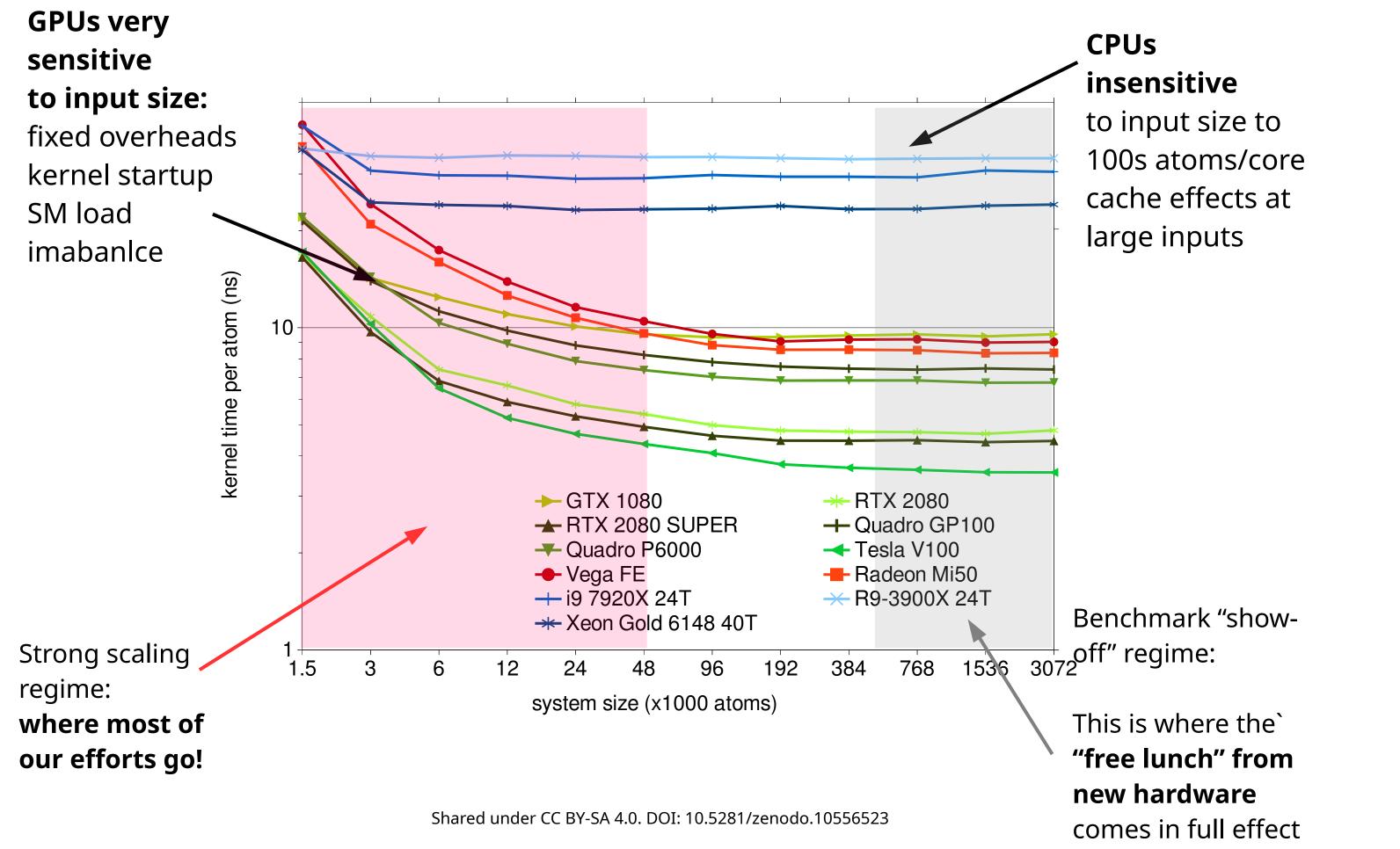
- GROMACS version: use a recent release!
- Simulation setup:
 - system size
 - system settings (cutoff, long-range interactions, constraints, vsites, etc.)
 - check the documentation!
 - runtime options: reduce frequency of I/O and CPU-based algorithms (t/p coupling, comm motion removal)
- Compilers/libraries
 - some matter a lot: SYCL runtime, FFT library (GPU if offloaded)
 - other little (for simulation)
- Hardware: CPU/GPU/network

Tuning performance: what to do next?

- Check for features unsupported on GPUs/with GPU-resident mode
 - e.g. non "md" integrator, vsites,
- Make sure correct binding/affinities are used
 - suspicious sign: CPU tasks are taking unusually long
- Test offload modes:
 - prefer GPU-resident mode on modern hardware
- Use direct GPU comm
 - use a GPU-aware MPI
 - check for update groups (topology order issue: hydrogen directly after the heavy atom)
- Consider tunables:
 - nstlist
 - PP-PME balance, PP to PME GPU ratio
 - MPI ranks per GPU
 - OpenMP threads/rank



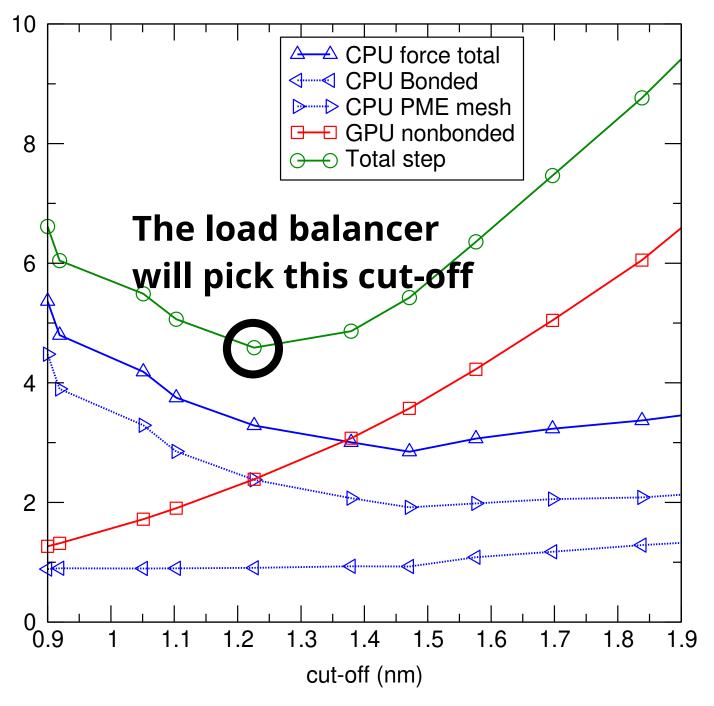
Anatomy of pair interaction kernel throughput



PP-PME load balancing

- Task load balancing:
 - shift work from long- to short-range electrostatic
 - increase cutoff while decreasing grid spacing

- Used with:
 - MPMD : PP PME ranks
 - non-bonded offload: CPU-GPU



GROMACS CPU-GPU balancing in practice

40: timed with pme grid 100 100 100, cutoff 0.900: 1671.1 M-cycles step 80: timed with pme grid 84 84 84, cutoff 1.050: 1440.8 M-cycles step 120: timed with pme grid 72 72 72, cutoff 1.225: 1879.7 M-cycles step 160: timed with pme grid 96 96 96, cutoff 0.919: 1551.3 M-cycles step 200: timed with pme grid 84 84 84, cutoff 1.050: 1440.7 M-cycles step step 240: timed with pme grid 80 80 80, cutoff 1.102: 1539.1 M-cycles optimal pme grid 84 84 84, cutoff 1.050

- Time consecutive cut-off settings, pick fastest
 - need to adjust PME grid \Rightarrow discrete steps
- Robust:
 - discard first timings
 - re-try if fluctuation is noticed
- Weaknesses:
 - (Computational tradeoff)
 - Static load balance: bias-prone by initial machine state, CPU/GPU clock ramp-up or thorttle

Further resources

- GROMACS documentation:
 - Getting good performance from mdrun https://manual.gromacs.org/documentation/current/user-guide/mdrun-performance.html#gettinggood-performance-from-mdrun
 - Performance checklist:

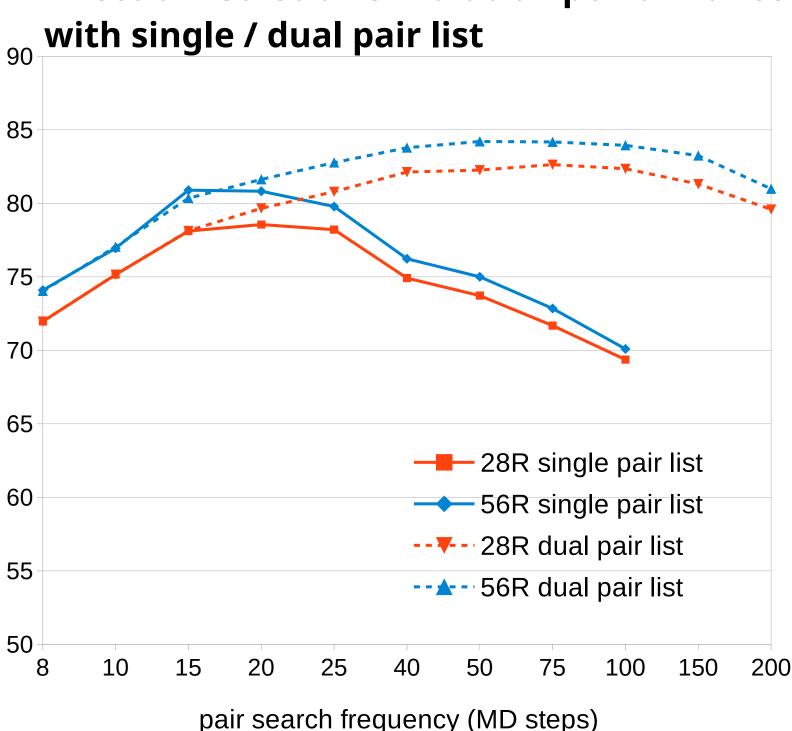
https://manual.gromacs.org/documentation/current/user-guide/mdrun-performance.html#perfor mance-checklist

- S. Páll, et. al (2020). Heterogeneous Parallelization and Acceleration of Molecular Dynamics Simulations in GROMACS. J. Chem. Phys. 153, 134110 (2020); https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0018516
- Maximizing GROMACS Throughput with Multiple Simulations per GPU Using MPS and MIG https://developer.nvidia.com/blog/maximizing-gromacs-throughput-with-multiple-simulati ons-per-gpu-using-mps-and-mig
- Post your questions on the GROMACS users' forum: https://gromacs.bioexcel.eu

Performance vs search frequency

- nstlist free parameter
 - accuracy-based list buffering given the verletbuffer-tolerance mdp parameter
- Dual pair list allows increasing nstlist to much larger values
 - automated Verlet buffer is needed
 - (does not work with verlet-buffer-tolerance=-1

performance (ns/day)



Effect of nstlist on simulation performance