November 14th, 2023 Brussels, Belgium





Organised by the Carbon Capture,
Utilisation and Storage (CCUS) &
Alternative Fuels Horizon 2020/
Horizon Europe CLUSTER projects

Supported by CINEA - European Climate, Infrastructure and Environment Executive Agency

Joint event for CCUS & Alternative fuels CINEA cluster projects organised by:

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#### Baseline

- **Aim of CO<sub>2</sub>SMOS project:** help bio-based industries convert CO<sub>2</sub> emissions into added-value chemicals for the production of sustainable bioproducts by combining biotechnological and intensified electrochemical/catalytic conversion processes along with renewable sources
- **RWTH's Contribution:** social perception and acceptance of the CO<sub>2</sub>SMOS innovations & bio-products
- CCU technologies often involve complex processes which likely are unfamiliar to the general public → assessing public perception is needed for identifying potential **motivators & barriers**, **perceived risks** associated with the technology & ultimately allows the development of **user group specific guidelines** for a successful adoption
- Previous research:
  - **Cognitive** and **affective assessments** of risk perceptions reliably predict & are significantly related to CCU acceptance (Arning et al. 2020)
  - Consumers do not only consider the final products but try to gauge the way it is produced → risk perceptions should be launched early in developmental process to incorporate social factors & usage requirements in the lifecycle assessment of the production process & the final product (Simons et al. 2021)
  - Frequently observed perceived risks in this context are **health concerns** in **direct contact** with the human body due to the notion that **CO**<sub>2</sub> can **evaporate from CCU products**, although this does not correspond to scientific reality (van Heek et al. 2017)



## Methodology

- Research questions:
  - What are barriers & motivators regarding CCU acceptance?
  - How do context-related factors influence consumers' decisions for or against the usage of CCU-based products?
  - Do consumers from different European countries differ in acceptance related assessments of CCU-based products?
- Target group: census-representative samples from Germany, Norway, Poland & Spain
- Research tool: mixed-methods approach of qualitative pre-study & quantitative validating study
  - I. explorative focus group study with experts & laypeople  $\rightarrow$  generating first insights
  - II. validating online survey (conjoint measurement)  $\rightarrow$  assessing demographic data, personal attitudes & trade-offs regarding CCU-based product acceptance (by example of CCU-based clothing & cosmetics)



### Summary

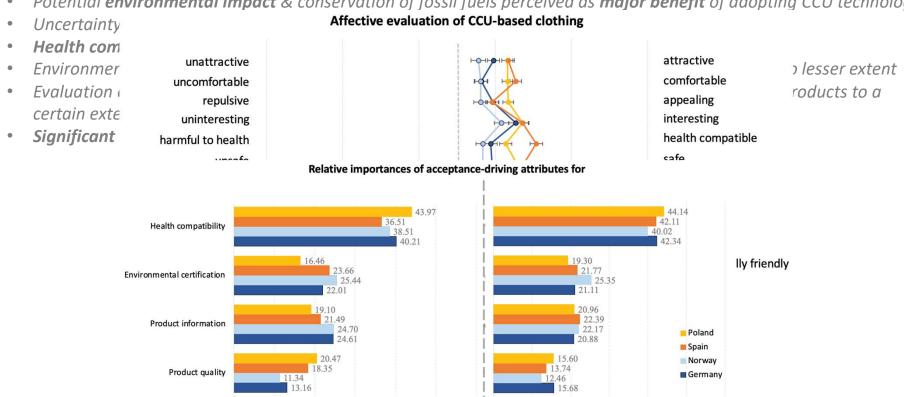
- Low initial knowledge levels regarding CCU technology but rather high general acceptance after introduction
- Overall **positive affective evaluation** of all CO<sub>2</sub>SMOS products (small outlier: price)

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Potential environmental impact & conservation of fossil fuels perceived as major benefit of adopting CCU technology



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# Policy impact

- Currently at the halfway point of our participation in the project → identification of adopter profiles and recommendations of target group specific actions still pending
- Discovered need for information among all samples → no assumptions should be made about what the public should
  or should not know; information must be tailored to existing knowledge, be understandable to laypeople & risks need
  to be communicated honestly so that trust can develop
- Significant differences in between countries  $\rightarrow$  country specific communication strategies needed

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# Thank You

For Your Attention

#### **GET IN TOUCH**



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