CryoCloud JupyterHub for NASA Cryosphere communities: Open science as a process, not a product



Cryo**Cloud**

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Interconnected systems



Accessible



Reproducible



Transparent



Impactful



Open science, community building, and infrastructure for _____ communities

Defining open-source science and values





CryoCloud JupyterHub for Cryosphere communities





Lessons learned and outlook



The problem

Science has success in discovery, some limitations in impact

Participation of all society

More informed decision-making

Better localized knowledge and decision-making

The opportunity

Advances in technological & social innovation can boost science

Technological Innovation	Social Innovation	
Explains 25% of	Explains 75% of	
innovation success	innovation success	

Source: Erasmus University: Competition and Innovation monitor (2006)

Necessity

For a high performing science ecosystem to address global challenges

Misinformation

Climate change Policy making



Science done in a fundamentally more open way is the future

Principle and practice of making research products and processes available to all, while respecting diverse cultures, maintaining security and privacy, and fostering collaborations, reproducibility, and equity.



Open-source science at the forefront

OPEN-SOURCE SCIENCE INITIATIVE Overview Why Do Open Science? Transform to Open Science (TOPS)

Open-Source Science Initiative

NASA is making a long-term commitment to building an inclusive open science community over the next decade. Opensource science is a commitment to the open sharing of software, data, and knowledge (algorithms, papers, documents, ancillary information) as early as possible in the scientific process. The principles of open-source science are to make publicly funded scientific research transparent, inclusive, accessible, and reproducible. Advances in technology, including collaborative tools and cloud computing, help enable open-source science, but technology alone is insufficient. *Open-source science requires a culture shift to a more inclusive, transparent, and collaborative scientific process, which will increase* the pace and quality of scientific progress.

To help build a culture of open science, NASA is championing a new initiative: the Open-Source Science Initiative (OSSI). OSSI is a comprehensive program of activities to enable and support moving science towards openness, including policy adjustments, supporting open-source software, and enabling cyberinfrastructure. OSSI aims to implement NASA's Strategy for Data Management and Computing for Groundbreaking Science 2019-2024, which was developed through community input.



OPEN (TRANSPARENT) SCIENCE scientific process and results should be visible, accessible, and understandable

OPEN (ACCESSIBLE) SCIENCE data, tools, software, documentation, and publications should be accessible to all (FAIR)

A REAL

OPEN (INCLUSIVE) SCIENCE process and participants should welcome participation by and collaboration with diverse people and organizations



Transform to Open Science (TOPS)

From 2022 to 2027, TOPS will accelerate the engagement of the scientific community in open science practices through events and activities aimed at:

- Lowering barriers to entry for historically excluded communities
- Better understanding how people use NASA data and code to take advantage of our big data collections
- Increasing opportunities for collaboration while promoting scientific innovation, transparency, and reproducibility.

The TOPS mission is aligned with recommendations from NASA's Strategy for Data Management and Computing for Groundbreaking Science 2019-2024, the National Academies reports on open science G^{*}, reproducibility G^{*}, and scientific software G^{*}, and the 2021 UNESCO draft Recommendation on Open Science G^{*} synthesis report.





TOPS. (2021). Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License. https://doi.org/10.5281 /zenodo.5225076

Open Science Curricula: OpenCore

https://nasa.github.io/Transform -to-Open-Science/



NASA (and US+): 2023 the Year of Open Science



"...I realized that open science isn't just about tools. Open-science innovation is being driven by a global community with diverse perspectives. The scientific questions are more interesting and nuanced, the solutions better." - Chelle Gentemann

open.science.gov





Open science values

Intellectual generosity

Intellectual humility

Right to participate in science

Everyone deserves to be treated with dignity and respect

Intellectual generosity

Sharing ideas, advancing other's understanding

Reduce competition and enhance collaboration



Intellectual humility



Right to participate in science



Everyone deserves to be treated with dignity and respect

Objective and constructive discourse



of people and perspectives



in policy and practice



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Open science as a process, not a product

The challenge:

Closed science







Finding solutions



Our piece of the puzzle



Solutions through computing

Research requires computing capabilities



Research computing requires infrastructure that may not be trivial to access



We need certain computing resources to produce impactful results

Produce solutions



Conduct research

ChatGPT

On usable timeframes



ChatGPT

Collaborative, reproducible, open science in the cloud



What is the cloud?



AGU Advances

Science Storms the Cloud

10.1029/2020AV000354

RESEARCH ARTICLE

C. L. Gentemann^{1,2}, C. Holdgraf^{3,4}, R. Abernathey^{3,5}, D. Crichton⁶, J. Colliander^{3,7,8}, E. J. Kearns⁹, Y. Panda³, and R. P. Signell¹⁰

Key Points

Science stands at the cusp of a new, open science, cloud-enabled era

Advances in data, software, and computing are enabling transformational, interdisciplinary science, **changing the realm of possible questions**

Deliberately designed open science communities can advance science and inclusivity simultaneously







AGU Advances

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Science Storms the Cloud

10.1029/2020AV000354

Key Points

Science stands cloud-enabled (

Advances in dat enabling transf changing the re

Deliberately de advance science



On my kids @Raspberry_Pi running @TeamKano #OpenSource OS I'm analyzing @GCPcloud #cmip6 climate data and @awscloud MUR SST from @podaac. A \$36 computer running processes on both AWS and GCP with over 80 workers and 245GB. #openscience! @NASAEarth

Process massive amounts of

data from a \$36 computer...



...or from your cell phone or on a flight



Julius Busecke @JuliusBusecke · Feb 6 I am analyzing #CMIP6 on the train on MY PHONE!

8 8

Goddamn it, @pangeo_data is amazing! This has literally been the only time I have wanted a bigger phone screen 😂



Replies



Image credits: Chelle Gentemann





The Digital Watering Hole (in the cloud)

An opportunity shaped by:

- Open, FAIR and CARE Data
- Scalable computation next to the data
- Modular tools for exploration/narrative



To tackle challenges that

- go beyond disciplinary silos...
- require analysis of really big data
- integration of disparate data...
- *participation* of disparate, diverse communities...
- to ultimately connect with society and impact critical decision making.



Proofs of concept

Exoplanet analysis: two orders of magnitude faster in the cloud

Retention of an exoplanet's atmosphere as it orbits close to a star

Analysis per planet:

- 5 hours on local computer
- 5-10 min in the cloud

With a few lines of code that gave cloud access to data archives



UCAR

NASA 3rd Eddy

Symposium



Stat 159 by Fernando Pérez (course site)



Exploring the Air Quality of the San Francisco

Authors: Wesley Darling, Gyuhyeon Seo, Ram Kripa, Jae Hee Koh

Project Motivation

←

Exploring the Air Quality of the San Francisco Bay Area using OpenAO

Exploring and Visualizing OpenAQ

Predicting Concentrations of PM

Powered by Jupyter Book

Q. Search this book...

ANALYSIS NOTEBOOKS

Data Los Angeles Exploration & Visualization Analysing the dark day over San Francisco (Sep 9 2020)

2.5

Bay Area using OpenAQ STAT 159/259 Final Project AQ Project Jupyter Book

On September 9th, 2020, in the midst of the COVID-19 pandemic and wildfires up and down the State of California, residents of the San Francisco Bay Area woke up to a shocking sight:

> JupyterBook based site

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STAT 159/259 Final

Project Motivation

Data Exploration Visualization of SF Bay

Wildfire Period

(09/07/2020 to

09/17/2020) Analysis I: Dark Days

prediction

Conclusion Reference

Area Air Quality During

Their occurence and

Analysis II: Predicting

Author Contributions

Concentrations of PM 2 5

Project

Introduction



github.com/UCB-stat-159-s22/hw07-group13

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Analysis II: Predicting Concentrations of PM25

4 C ± E Contents







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Powered by Junuter Book

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In the Data Exploration and Visualization sections above. It is clear that there are multiple senso Station for the period of 09/01/2021 to 03/01/2022. Atmospheric data was queried from the NOAA 4000

Analysis II: Predicting Concentrations of PM25

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arimete: ffer i fa range(1,les(co_list)-1): # plot the line chart wu.aqviz(dataframe=CQ_data, coords=coord_list, date=col_list[i], param

with imageio.get_writer('figures/CAtimelapsepif.gif', mode='1') as writer: for filesame in filesames:

create file name and append it to a list filename = f'figures/animation_frames/CAframe_(1).png

image = imageio.imread(filerame)
writer.append_Eata(image)

plt.savefip(filesame) plt.close()

for filename in set(filenames):

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github.com/UCB-stat-159-s22/hw07-group13

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1	from aqtools import viz_utils as vu
2	import openag
3	import pandas as pd
-4	import geopandas as gpd
5	import os
6	import pytest
7	
8	api = openaq.0penAQ[]
9	pytest.shared = pd.DataFrame()
10	
11	def test_location_filter():
12	<pre>df = vu.location_filter(api.locations(country='US', df=True, limit=10000))</pre>
13	assert df.size == 1173
14	pytest.shared1 = df
15	
16	
17	def test_param_data_per_loc_for_period():
18	<pre>df = vu.param_data_per_loc_for_period(pytest.shared1, start_date= '2020-09-07', end_date</pre>
19	assert df.size == 6348
20	pytest.shared2 = df
21	
22	def test_cities_coords():
23	geodata, list_type = vu.cities_coords(pytest.shared1, pytest.shared2)
24	assert (geodata.shape == (46, 2)) and (len(list_type) == 55)
25	pytest.shared3 = geodata
26	pytest.shared4 = list_type
27	
28	def test_merge_and_save_gdf():

assert bay data, shape == (46, 13) pytest, shared5 = bay data



New spaces and organizational models are needed

Cloud computing and ICESat-2 science

Cloud computing and open science concerns from the May 2022 ICESat-2 Science Team Meeting

- Non-intuitive pricing structures, computing options, infrastructure
- Poor documentation
- Costly to use
- Not obviously more collaborative or faster

This didn't ring true to our experience in the cloud!





2i2c.org

The International Interactive Computing Collaboration

- Non-profit.
- Service provider for interactive computing infrastructure.
- An R&D team that **contributes back** to open source communities.









A cloud-computing platform with bumpers

Goal: Simple and cost effective managed cloud environment for training and transitioning new users to cloud workflows and determining community best practices

Built and developed for cryosphere scientists by software professionals at **2i2c** to make it possible to:

- Process data faster
- Minimize downloading
- Democratize science





A cloud-computing platform with *bumpers*

- Persistent for (at least) three years
- Small servers (32 Gb / 4 CPU) for all users, option to bring own cloud credits to access larger servers
- New tool development
 - Personal cost-monitoring tool
 - Intra- and inter-hub collaboration tools
- Helping 2i2c scale with community surveys, feedback, and guidance





Building transferable community standards and infrastructure

Cryosphere

Communities

Other science Communities (NASA, future hubs)



CryoCloud documentation & community building

All the content! More about us, resources, training, and

tutorials all found here!

- CryoCloud Github: github.com/cryointhecloud
- CryoCloud Slack
- Community office hours
- Training, tutorials, and resources
- Bring in Cryosphere communities and share in infrastructure ideation and construction



Get onto the cloud. Our shared cloud platform for NASA Cryosphere communities.

Advantages to a community platform



CryoCloud community feedback integral to building community best practices



CryoCloud helps accelerate science and makes open science easy

Faster – No manual data handling, faster data read-ins

Easy to use, customizable – same software as on personal computer

Collaboration made easy – co-coding, shared tools

Eliminates technology bottlenecks – shared challenges

No software expertise needed – cloud-computing as a service



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Versatile choice of computer language and server size



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Different kinds of users in one place accelerates feedback and collaboration





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Early careers, underrepresented groups, and non-R1 academic institution researchers benefit the most



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A consistent platform provides a place where individuals and communities can rapidly mobilize when need arises

- ICESat-2 Science Team pre-launch training: Dec 2022
- FOGGS: March 2023
- ICESat-2 Hackweek: Aug 2023
- WAIS: Sept 2023
- ICESat-2 Science Team Meeting: Oct 2023
- AGU Year of Open Science: Dec 2023

Norwegian ML Workshop (Apr), QGreenland Workshop (May), NSIDC User Working Group (Sept), GeoSmart Hackweek (Oct)







Cost to run a workshop in the cloud Case study: QGreenland Workshop

Standing up own hub for 1 month

\$4500 for hub

\$75 in cloud credits

Science experts to advise in constraining hub needs

2-4 work weeks - Build and maintain hub





\$75 in cloud credits

2 hours to 2 work days - Science and/or tech experts to advise on user & infrastructure needs

Shared resource community model – expertise and technology



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Cost to run a workshop in the cloud Case study: QGreenland Workshop

\$4500 for hu \$75 in cloud

Standing

Science expe hub needs

2-4 work wee

Matt Fisher (he) 1:22 PM

Indeed! And not to mention the intangible savings. \$75 dollars is feels like \$0 when I think about what I'm buying -- not having to deal with anyone else's weird computer problems! Some of that was quality-of-life stuff that I hope get shared among other hubs so that time cost should ideally have been a one-time thing

instead of recurring.

QGreenland



s - Science advise on eeds

l<u>oud</u>

h**munity** technology Self-sustaining ecosystem generated once have a critical mass of experts who drank the coolaid

Faster – No manual data handling, faster data read-ins

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Ongoing challenges

Data not in the cloud or cloud-optimized formats

Boundaries of what a community is

Imagining new social and logistical structures

- Models for contributing to sustain the infrastructure and costs
- Interconnection between computing systems





Vision for the future

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Intellectual humility

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open.science.gov

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Driving social and technological innovation forward

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innovation success	innovation success	

Source: Erasmus University: Competition and Innovation monitor (2006)

Interconnected systems

Interconnected researchers





Thank You!



tsnow03.github.io



@TashaMSnow

