



Antibody Characterization Report for Optineurin

YCharOS Antibody Characterization Report

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Target:

Recommended protein name: Optineurin

Alternative protein name: E3-14.7K-interacting protein 1, Huntingtin yeast partner L, Huntingtin-interacting protein 7, Huntingtin-interacting protein L, NEMO-related protein

Gene name: *OPTN*

Uniprot: Q96CV9

We are a third-party organization with the mission to characterize commercial antibodies for all human protein through open science [1]. In this study, we characterized eight Optineurin commercial antibodies for Western blot, immunoprecipitation, and immunofluorescence using a standardized experimental protocol [2] based on comparing read-outs in knockout cell lines and isogenic parental controls. We identified many well-performing antibodies and encourage readers to use this report as a guide to select the most appropriate antibody for their specific needs. U2OS was selected based on evidence of appropriate Optineurin protein expression determined through DepMap [3, 4]. U2OS was modified with CRISPR/Cas9 to knockout the corresponding *OPTN* gene.

The authors do not provide an assessment of the quality of the tested antibodies as their respective performances are limited to our finite experimental conditions. The readers should interpret the present findings based on their own scientific expertise. The authors acknowledge that an antibody that demonstrates specificity in the stated test conditions can be suboptimal in a different experimental format or in cell lines that differ from those directly tested here.

Table 1: Summary of the cell lines used

Institution	Catalog number	RRID (Cellosaurus)	Cell line	Genotype
ATCC	HTB-96	CVCL_0042	U2OS	WT
Montreal Neurological Institute	-	CVCL_A6LN	U2OS	<i>OPTN</i> KO

Table 2: Summary of the Optineurin antibodies tested

Company	Catalog number	Lot number	RRID (Antibody Registry)	Clonality	Clone ID	Host	Concentration ($\mu\text{g}/\mu\text{l}$)	Vendors recommended applications
Abcam	ab213556**	1028905-1	AB_2890221	recombinant-mono	EPR20654	rabbit	0.5	Wb,IP
Abcam	ab242146**	GR108770-5	AB_2890222	recombinant-mono	EPR23059-124	rabbit	0.5	Wb
Bio-Techne	NBP3-19900**	230464	AB_3073768	recombinant-mono	S01-2C5	rabbit	0.3	Wb
Cell Signaling Technology	70928**	1	AB_3073769	recombinant-mono	E4P8C	rabbit	0.2	Wb,IP,IF
Proteintech	60293-1-Ig*	10001751	AB_2881408	monoclonal	6C1H4	mouse	1.7	Wb,IF
Structural Genomics Consortium	Z-OPTN-10**, ^a	YSOPTNA-c001	-	recombinant-mono	YSOPTNA-c001	human	1.0	IP
Thermo Fisher Scientific	702766**	2248017	AB_2723432	recombinant-mono	22H12L20	rabbit	0.5	Wb,IF
Thermo Fisher Scientific	711879**	2226080	AB_2723433	recombinant-poly	-	rabbit	0.5	Wb,IF

Wb=Western blot, IP= immunoprecipitation, IF=immunofluorescence, *=monoclonal antibody, **=recombinant antibody, n/a=not available

^a Z-OPTN-10 was a gift from Susanne Gräslund (Addgene plasmid # 166562 ; <http://n2t.net/addgene:166562> ; RRID:Addgene_166562)

Materials and methods

Antibodies

All the Optineurin antibodies tested are listed in Table 2. Peroxidase-conjugated goat anti-rabbit and anti-mouse are from Thermo Fisher Scientific (cat. number 65-6120 and 62-6520). Or: Peroxidase-conjugated goat anti-rabbit, anti-mouse, and anti-rat antibodies are from Thermo Fisher Scientific (cat. number 65-6120, 62-6520, and 31470, respectively). Peroxidase-conjugated monoclonal anti-Flag M2 is from MilliporeSigma (cat. number A8592). Alexa-555-conjugated goat anti-rabbit and anti-mouse secondary antibodies are from Thermo Fisher Scientific (cat. number A21429 and A21424). Or: Alexa-555-conjugated goat anti-rabbit, anti-mouse and anti-rat secondary antibodies are from Thermo Fisher Scientific (cat. number A21429, A21424 and A-21434, respectively). Cy3-conjugated monoclonal anti-Flag M2 is from MilliporeSigma (cat. number A9594).

CRISPR/Cas9 genome editing

Cell lines used are listed in Table 1. U2OS *OPTN* KO clone was generated with low passage cells using an open-access protocol available on Zenodo.org: <https://zenodo.org/records/3738361#.ZApefD3MJJaQ>. Two guide RNAs were used to introduce a STOP codon in the *OPTN* gene (sequence guide 1: CUAAAUAAUCAAGCCAUGAA, sequence guide 2: GAGAAUUGAAGGAAGAGCU).

Cell culture

Cells were cultured in DMEM high glucose (GE Healthcare cat. number SH30081.01) containing 10% fetal bovine serum (Wisent, cat. number 080450), 2 mM L-glutamine (Wisent cat. number 609-065, 100 IU penicillin and 100 µg/ml streptomycin (Wisent cat. number 450201).

Antibody screening by Western blot

Western blots were performed as described in our standard operating procedure [5]. U2OS WT and *OPTN* KO (listed in Table 1) were collected in RIPA buffer (25mM Tris-HCl pH 7.6, 150mM NaCl, 1% NP-40, 1% sodium deoxycholate, 0.1% SDS) from Thermo Fisher Scientific (cat. number 89901) supplemented with 1x protease inhibitor cocktail mix (MilliporeSigma, cat. number P8340). Lysates were sonicated briefly and incubated 30 min on ice. Lysates were spun at ~110,000xg for 15 min at 4°C and equal protein aliquots of the

supernatants were analyzed by SDS-PAGE and Western blot. BLUelf prestained protein ladder from GeneDireX (cat. number PM008-0500) was used.

Western blots were performed with precast midi 4-20% Tris-Glycine polyacrylamide gels from Thermo Fisher Scientific (cat. number WXP42012BOX) ran with Tris/Glycine/SDS buffer from Bio-Rad (cat. number 1610772), loaded in Laemmli loading sample buffer from Thermo Fisher Scientific (cat. number AAJ61337AD) and transferred on nitrocellulose membranes. Proteins on the blots were visualized with Ponceau S staining (Thermo Fisher Scientific, cat. number BP103-10) which is scanned to show together with individual Western blot. Blots were blocked with 5% milk for 1 hr, and antibodies were incubated O/N at 4°C with 5% milk in TBS with 0,1% Tween 20 (TBST) from Cell Signaling (cat. number 9997). Following three washes with TBST, the peroxidase conjugated secondary antibody was incubated at a dilution of ~0.2 µg/ml in TBST with 5% milk for 1 hr at room temperature followed by three washes with TBST. Membranes were incubated with Pierce ECL from Thermo Fisher Scientific (cat. number 32106) prior to detection with the iBright™ CL1500 Imaging System from Thermo Fisher Scientific (cat. number A44240).

Antibody screening by immunoprecipitation

Immunoprecipitation was performed as described in our standard operating procedure [6]. Antibody-beads conjugates were prepared by adding 2 µg of antibody to 500 µl of Pierce IP Lysis Buffer from Thermo Fisher Scientific (cat. number 87788) in a microcentrifuge tube, together with with 30µl of Dynabeads protein A- (for rabbit antibodies), protein G- (for mouse antibodies) from Thermo Fisher Scientific (cat. number 10002D and 10004D, respectively) or Flag-M2 magnetic beads (for synthetic single chain-Fv antibodies) from MilliporeSigma (cat. number M8823). Tubes were rocked for ~1 hr at 4°C followed by two washes to remove unbound antibodies.

U2OS WT were collected in Pierce IP buffer (25 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA, 1% NP-40 and 5% glycerol) supplemented with protease inhibitor. Lysates were rocked 30 min at 4°C and spun at 110,000xg for 15 min at 4°C. 0.5 ml aliquots at 2.0 mg/ml of lysate were incubated with an antibody-bead conjugate for ~1 hr at 4°C. The unbound fractions were collected, and beads were subsequently washed three times with 1.0 ml of IP lysis buffer and processed for SDS-PAGE and Western blot on precast midi 4-20% Tris-Glycine polyacrylamide gels. Prot-A:HRP (MilliporeSigma, cat. number P8651) was used as a secondary detection system at a concentration of 2.0 µg/ml.

Antibody screening by immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescence was performed as described in our standard operating procedure [7]. U2OS WT and *OPTN* KO were labelled with a green and a far-red fluorescence dye, respectively. The fluorescent dyes used are from Thermo Fisher Scientific (cat. number C2925 and C34565). WT and KO cells were plated in a 96-well plate with optically clear flat-bottom. (Perkin Elmer, cat. number 6055300) as a mosaic and incubated for 24 hrs in a cell culture incubator. Cells were fixed in 4% PFA (in PBS) for 15 min at room temperature and then washed 3 times with PBS. Cells were permeabilized in PBS with 0,1% Triton X-100 for 10 min at room temperature and blocked with PBS with 5% BSA, 5% goat serum and 0.01% Triton X-100 for 30 min at room temperature. Cells were incubated with IF buffer (PBS, 5% BSA, 0,01% Triton X-100) containing the primary Optineurin antibodies O/N at 4°C. Cells were then washed 3 × 10 min with IF buffer and incubated with corresponding Alexa Fluor 555-conjugated secondary antibodies in IF buffer at a dilution of 1.0 µg/ml for 1 hr at room temperature with DAPI. Cells were washed 3 × 10 min with IF buffer and once with PBS.

Images were acquired on an ImageXpress micro confocal high-content microscopy system (Molecular Devices), using a 20x NA 0.95 water immersion objective and scientific CMOS cameras, equipped with 395, 475, 555 and 635 nm solid state LED lights (lumencor Aura III light engine) and bandpass filters to excite DAPI, Cellmask Green, Alexa-555 and Cellmask Red, respectively. Images had pixel sizes of 0.68 x 0.68 microns, and a z-interval of 4 microns. For analysis and visualization, shading correction (shade only) was carried out for all images. Then, maximum intensity projections were generated using 3 z-slices. Segmentation was carried out separately on maximum intensity projections of Cellmask channels using CellPose 1.0, and masks were used to generate outlines and for intensity quantification. Figures were assembled with Adobe Illustrator.

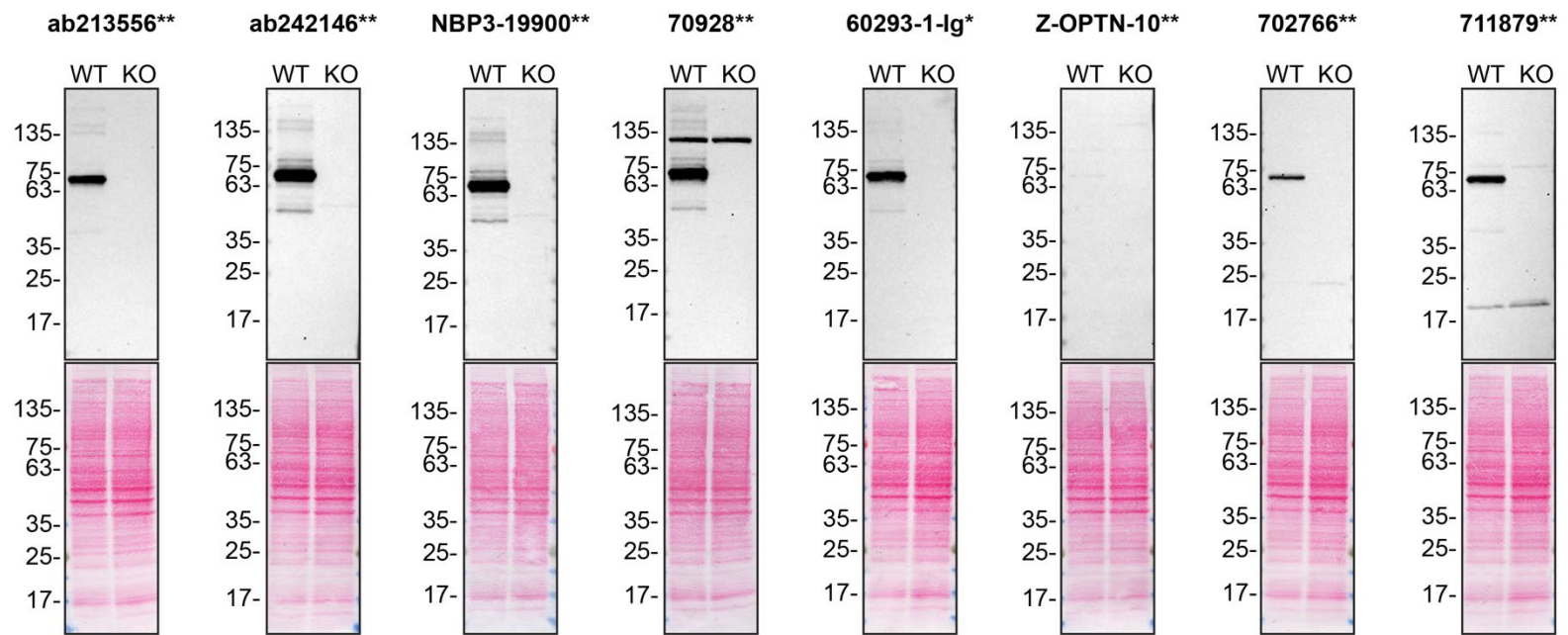


Figure 1: Optineurin antibody screening by Western blot

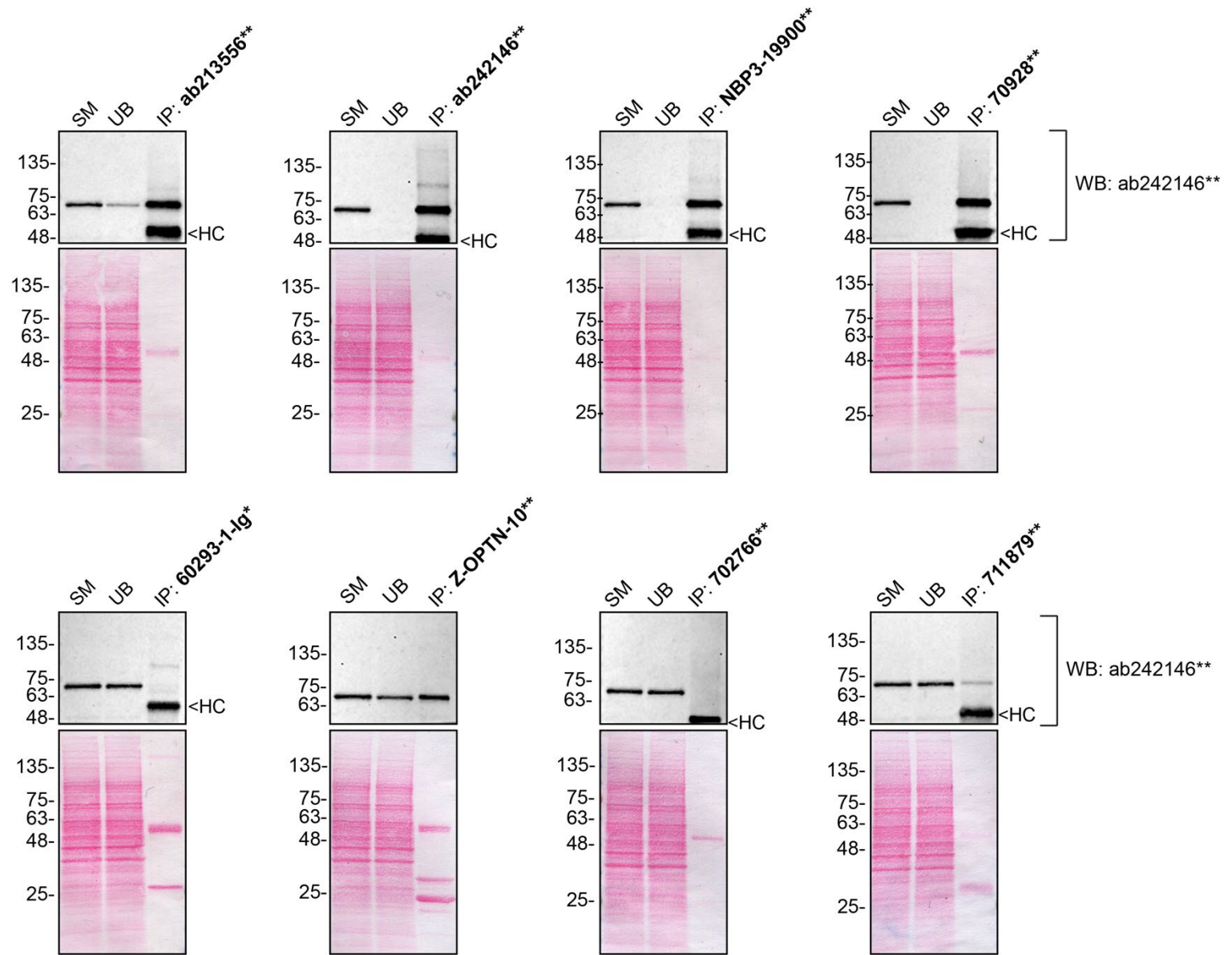


Figure 2: Optineurin antibody screening by immunoprecipitation

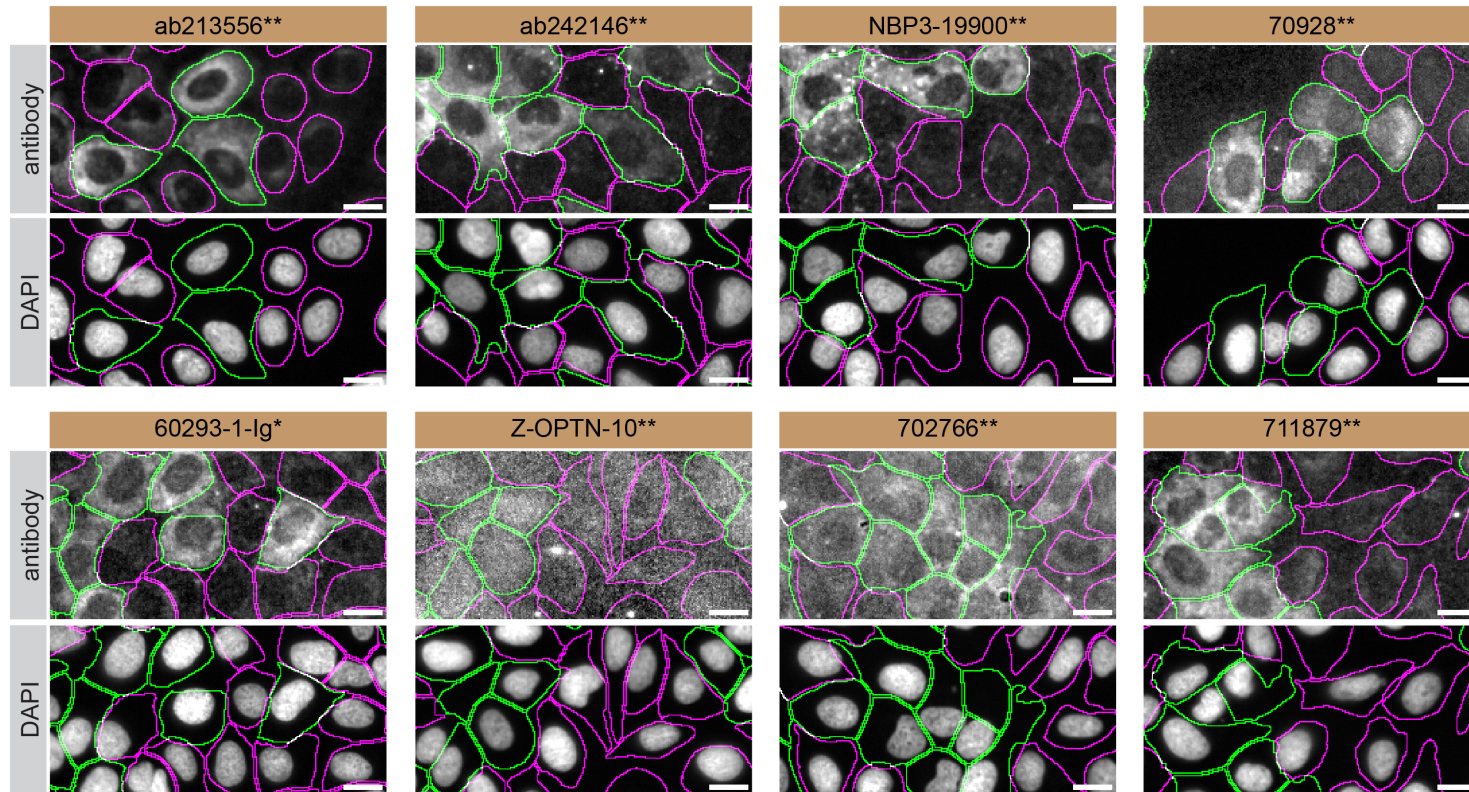


Figure 3: Optineurin antibody screening by immunofluorescence

Figure 1: Optineurin antibody screening by Western blot.

Lysates of U2OS WT and *OPTN* KO were prepared, and 35 µg of protein were processed for Western blot with the indicated Optineurin antibodies. The Ponceau stained transfers of each blot are shown. Antibody dilution used: ab213556** at 1/5000, ab242146** at 1/1000, NBP3-19900** at 1/1000, 70928** at 1/1000, 60293-1-Ig* at 1/5000, Z-OPTN-10** at 1/1000, 702766** at 1/200, 711879** at 1/5000. Predicted band size: 66 kDa. *=monoclonal antibody, **=recombinant antibody

Figure 2: Optineurin antibody screening by immunoprecipitation.

U2OS lysates were prepared, and immunoprecipitation was performed using 2.0 µg of the indicated Optineurin antibodies pre-coupled to Dynabeads protein A, protein G or Flag-M2 magnetic beads. Samples were washed and processed for Western blot with the indicated Optineurin antibody. For Western blot, ab242146** was used at 1/1000. The Ponceau stained transfers of each blot are shown. SM=4% starting material; UB=4% unbound fraction; IP=immunoprecipitate; HC=antibody heavy chain. *=monoclonal antibody, **=recombinant antibody

Figure 3: Optineurin antibody screening by immunofluorescence.

U2OS WT and *OPTN* KO cells were labelled with a green or a far-red fluorescent dye, respectively. WT and KO cells were mixed and plated to a 1:1 ratio in a 96-well plate with optically clear flat-bottom. Cells were stained with the indicated Optineurin antibodies and with the corresponding Alexa-fluor 555 coupled secondary antibody including DAPI. Acquisition of the blue (nucleus-DAPI), green (identification of WT cells), red (antibody staining) and far-red (identification of KO cells) channels was performed. Representative images of the blue and red (grayscale) channels are shown. WT and KO cells are outlined with green and magenta dashed line, respectively. Antibody dilution used: ab213556** at 1/500, ab242146** at 1/1000, NBP3-19900** at 1/300, 70928** at 1/400, 60293-1-Ig* at 1/1500, Z-OPTN-10** at 1/1500, 702766** at 1/500, 711879** at 1/250. Bars = 10 µm. *=monoclonal antibody, **=recombinant antibody

References

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