The use and meanings of affixoids in Uzbek proper names.

Abdurashidova Sayyora Sirojiddin qizi

The teacher of Karshi institute of irrigation and agrotechnologies

ANNOTATION

The article is about affixoids, which are word-building elements that have some of the features of proper names in the Uzbek language. One of the main features that usually belongs to affixes is their ability to produce new semantic and grammar categories and meanings. This is what affixoids do by helping to develop new words and meanings of proper names. Language users' actions, not automated, predictable processes, are what cause morphological change. All affixoids which added to uzbek proper names has own meanings and usage in the semantics.

Additionally, this article demonstrates how language changes of the distinction between Proper names and human names. Most of the examples are from Uzbek, butthere are also a few proper names from other languages that are discussed.

Uzbekistan is a nation in Central Asia that is renowned for its history, culture, architecture, and historic towns. Lexical components of a compound with a meaning exclusive to this application are called affixoids. For instance, the adjectival compound bedroom room-place uses the noun bed, which only has the "very" meaning when it is the place of a compound. Ultracolour is therefore referred to as a prefixoid since in this context it resembles a prefix: a morpheme whose occurrence is restricted to being a component of complicated words. The right-hand constituents exhibit the same phenomena. For instance, the suffix –ache in Headache means pain in the body which is only possible if this word is the head of a compound.

The largest and most complicated entities in the onomastic system are recognized as proper names. In linguistic analysis, their semantic and phonological characteristics — that is, the examination of what they refer to, such as names of people or places are frequently taken into account. However, the root and origin of a proper name, as well as its semantic component, are frequently overlooked. Proper names, however, are not the linguistic components that have fully lost their meaning. In the onomastic fund of the language, proper names differ depending on the reference to the topic or object they indicate. Therefore, while naming objects, consideration is given to the meaning and core components of a proper

SJIFACTOR: 4.27

RESEARCHBIB(I.F): 6.2 U.I.F: 6.8 💍 😭

name; otherwise, any name may have been used to signify. There are several common names that cannot be based on proper names.

In most studies, it is looked at proper names derived from common lexemes, or proper names created from names using affixes and affixoids. The following affixes and affixoids are added to proper names in the Uzbek language:

-jon. This particle has a polysemantic property that is characterized by the possession of an autonomous meaning. It can be attached to words to signify petting, caring, and forming proper names. For example: Begjon, Mullajon, Mansurjon.

-xon. This particle has the meanings of patting, respect, and honor in addition to its standalone application. As well as марон, дуллаон, амираон, etc. Personal names are created by merging appellative names: Oyxon, Onaxon, Xolisxon. In these instances, the particle integrated into the stem and displayed a profound respect and real care.

-oy. In addition to signifying a pet or care, this affixoid also creates antroponims: Shirmonoy, Gulchiroy, Shirinoy. A basis can be derived from the word "oy" itself. There are two situations: it might indicate personal characteristics by adding the female name. For instance: Oysuluv, Oyjamol, Oygul.

Buvi, Bibi- (-bibi). These phrases are employed to describe elderly individuals. Additionally, they can serve as the basis for female proper names: Toshbibi, Xolbibi, Norbibi.

(-gul) Gul. This word is frequently employed to create new words as well as to express grammatical meaning. Its semantic meaning of fragility, attractiveness, and beauty serves as a base when establishing proper names. This affixoid can be added by the end or beginning of the proper names. Examples: Oygul, Bibigul and Gulzira, Gulsara, Gullola.

Besides that we can see more affixoids in proper names:

- -to'ra: Boboto'ra, Is'hoqto'ra, Karimto'ra, Oyto'ra, Qizlarto'ra, Gulto'ra.
 - -pochcha: Durpochcha, Oypochcha, O`g`ilpochcha.
 - -momo yoki mo; Gulmomo, Sarvarmomo, Bozormomo, Ro`zimo.
 - -to'ti: Oyto'ti, Jonto'ti.

188N:2181-216

SJIFACTOR: 4.27

RESEARCHBIB(I.F): 6.2 U.I.F: 6.8 💍

-buvi: Aqidabuvi, Bahorbuvi.

-jon: Mansurjon, Rizojon, Axtamjon (male) Guljon, Norjon, Nazirajon (female)

- -xon: Komilxon, Dadaxon, Rasulxon, Kumushxon, Hikmatxon, Azizaxon.
- -bibish: Gulbibish, Norbibish, Oybibish, To`ybibish.
- -begi: O'g'ilbegi, Qizlarbegi.
- -begim: Sorabegim, To`ybegim, Xolbegim.
- -bonu; Orzubonu, Samarbonu, Asalbonu, Mashrabbonu.
- -bika: Boltabika, Gulbika, Jumabika.
- buvish: -bibish: To'ybibish, Oqbuvish.
- -gul: Oygul, To'xtagul, O'langul.
- -Oy (-oyim): Asaloy, Guloyim, Adashoy, Bahoroy, Begoyim, Guloyim.
- -poshsho: Sultonposhsho, Nurposhsho, Oyposhsho, O`g`ilposhsho.
- -xonim: Durxonim, Oyxonim, Norxonim.

Concluding, Uzbek proper names have affixoids in their structure and these addings can give the beautiful meaning to proper names.

The list of literature used:

- 1. Kilichev E. Onomastics of the Uzbek Language. –Tashkent, Uzbekistan, 2004.
- 2. M. Mustafayeva "Modal. Semantika tipologiyasi". Golden Brain 2023.
- 3. S.S. Abdurashidova "Affixoidation as a productive way of word formation in modern English and uzbek" Golden Brain, 1,2, 222-227
- 4. Suvonova D.K. "Vocabulary is essential for learning foreign languages" Golden Brain, 247-251