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Introduction



SMEs across Europe



- 99.8% of all businesses
- > 20 million SMEs in Europe
- >95% are micro-enterprises (<10 people)</p>
- 67% of all jobs
- 57% of the gross value added

Standardisation: benefits for SMEs and use of standards



- Facilitate market access
- Lower costs
- Compliance with legal requirements and risk management
- Demonstrate quality, performance, safety
- Interoperability and compatibility of products
- Support acceptance of new products/solutions- gain trust in the market



Standardisation: challenges for SMEs

- Lack of awareness
- Lack of resources
- Finding what is going on/the right standard
- Complex standards/unfit for SMEs
- Lack of support for implementation



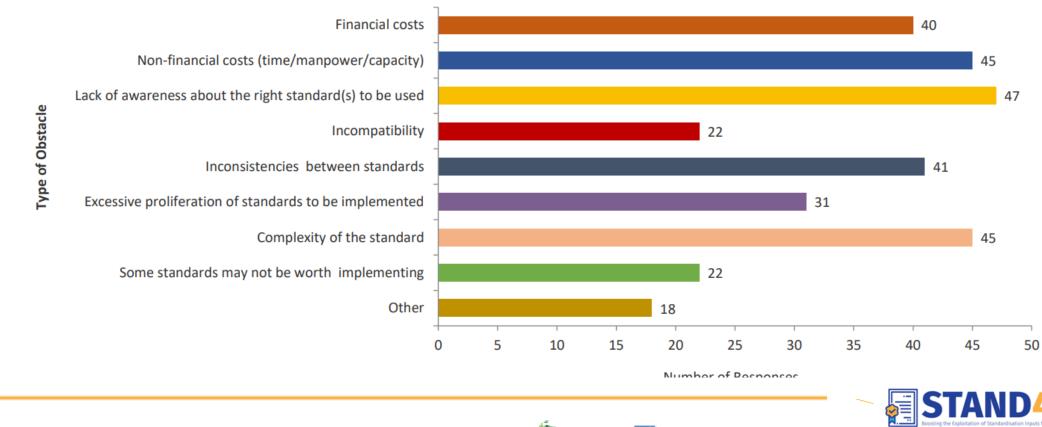
STAND4EU: Obstacles faced when implementing standards



www.stand4eu.eu

Q30. Identify the obstacles that your organisation encountered while implementing or using standards.

Type of Obstacles Organisations Encountered While Implementing or Using Standards.











SBS and its activities

Small Business Standards (SBS)





Created in 2013



Recognised by EC as the association representing SMEs in standardisation (Regulation 1025/2012)



Objectives:

- Increase the awareness of SMEs about standards
- Encourage and support SME involvement in standardisation
- Represent SME interests in European/international standardisation work and related policies/legislation
- Support the uptake of standards.

SBS Membership

- National SME associations
- European SME organisations
- Multi-sectorial & sector specific
- 22 associations representing more than 12 million SMEs



SBS activities



	Funding experts to represent SMEs in Technical Committees	Participation in relevant EC Expert Groups (e.g. HLF Standardisation, Committee on Standards, Machinery EG)
lICAL	Monitoring standardisation developments & support tools to consider SME needs in standardisation	Participation in ESO's policy & governing bodies
TECHNI	Training of experts & support SMEs with any questions related to standardisation	Developing SME positions on policies & legislation related to standardisation
	Support uptake & knowledge about standards (e.g. SME Guides on IIoT, blockchain, security controls)	Establishing relations with ISB's to improve representation & participation conditions for SMEs

AWARENESS RAISING

Events, webinars, publications (e.g., brochures)

SBS sectoral approaches & Working Groups





In addition: Ad-hoc groups created whenever necessary e.g. on services, machinery, DPP...

Brochures & Guides for SMEs

Brochures:

- Why standards matter and how to get involved
- Practical guide for SMEs on Conformity assessment and standards
- Guides for SMEs:
 - SME Guide on Information Security Controls
 - <u>SME Guide on Industrial Internet of Things (IIoT)</u>
 - Guide on blockchain and distributed ledger technology
 - <u>SME Guide Navigating contradictory standards for</u> <u>Construction</u>



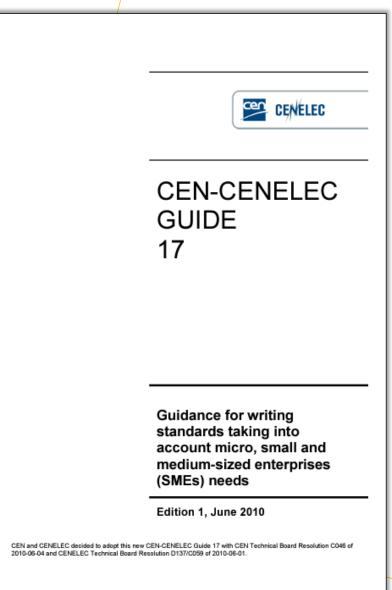


Some useful tools to help consider SME needs

Guidance for writing standards taking into account SME needs



- CEN-CENELEC Guide 17
- Also adopted by ISO and IEC
- Available in different languages: <u>https://bit.ly/3XEXXUj</u>



Content of Guide 17

- Guidance to writers of standars on relevant issues to consider when drafting standards to avoid exclusion of SMEs from the market and distortion of fair competition
- Guidance relevant to all those involved in standardisation activities at all levels (national, European, international, fora...)
- Issues to consider during preparation of a NWI, preparation and development of a standard, structure and presentation of content

	Stand
	CEN/CLC Guide 17:2010
_	
Con	tents
	vord
	uction
1	Scope
2	Normative references
3	Terms and definitions
4	General considerations
5	Issues to consider during the standards development process
5.1	General
5.2 5.2.1	Preparation of a New Work Item
·····	Market relevance
5.2.2 5.3	Stakeholders
5.3.1	Implementation cost-effectiveness of standards for SMEs
5.3.1	Availability of elements
5.4	Developing the content of the standard
5.4.1	Performance approach
5.4.2	Introduction
5.4.3	Scope
5.4.4	Testing
5.4.5	Verification methods
5.5	Structure and presentation of the content
5.5.1	Length
5.5.2	Structure
5.5.3	Presentation and figures
5.5.4	Clear language
5.5.5	References
5.5.6	Revision
5.6	Final review
5.6.1	Transition period
5.6.2	Supportive implementation assistance

Guide 17 Checklist



Guide checklist

Preparation of the New Work Item	Preparation of a standard	Development of the content	Structure and presentation of the content	Final review
 □ (5.2.1) Have you checked the SME relevance of the standard? □ (5.2.2) Have you checked among all the stakeholders if there are special SMEs needs? □ (5.2.2) Did you evaluate if SMEs are among the target groups? 	 □ (5.3.1) Did you evaluate the costs of investment (technology, equipment, testing)? □ (5.3.1) Did you evaluate the cost of training (staff)? □ (5.3.1) Did you evaluate the costs of implementation? □ (5.3.2) Have you verified that all elements are available? 	 □ (5.4.1) If the performance approach is used, is it understandable? □ (5.4.2) Have you used descriptive explanations? □ (5.4.3) Is the standard precise and complete within its scope? □ (5.4.4) Did you avoid strict testing regimes? □ (5.4.4) Did you evaluate the cost of testing? □ (5.4.5) Have you identified simple and cost-effective ways of verifying conformity with the requirements? 	 □ (5.5.1) Is the standard as short as possible? □ (5.5.1) If the standard is long, did you evaluate the possibility of dividing it in shorter standards? □ (5.5.2) Is the structure of the standard easy to follow? □ (5.5.3) Have you included supportive graphs, charts, etc (when possible)? □ (5.5.4) Have you used clear language understandable by all expected standard users? □ (5.5.5) Did you minimise the number of referenced standards? □ (5.5.6) Did you provide clear information on the changes from the previous versions of the standard? 	 □ (5.6.1) Have you suggested a transition period reflecting the implications of changes? □ (5.6.2) Have you made the evaluation on the need for an implementation manual?

SME Compatibility test



Provide an overall perception of the SME compatibility of any given standard



Based on CEN-CENELEC Guide 17



Rank into broad categories (good, average and poor standards)



Starting point for possible improvement of standards



To be updated in line with users' experiences

SME Compatibility Test for Standards

SME Compatibility test- Composition & use



- Intended for people with some experience in standardisation & the subject area
- Can be applied at any stage of development: Enquiry, Formal vote, finalised standards and on any standard (national, EN, International)
- Online form with questions calculating overall score
 - 11 criteria and 21 questions
 - Related to text of standard & impact/implementation
- Scores: 1,3,5, N/A (non-applicable)
- Different weight of different criteria



CRITERION 1: JUSTIFICATION, TARGET GROUP AND RELATION WITH OTHER STANDARDS

This criterion looks at drafting which leads to possible misunderstandings or unclarity regarding the purpose of the standard, target audience or relation to other standards. SMEs are not always aware of which standards apply to their businesses.

For standards users, especially SMEs it is important to get clear and accurate information about the intended use of the standard, changes made to new editions of standards and their relations with other documents.

This is important to judge the relevance of a standard or how changes in a new edition may affect them. This information is often provided in the introduction and foreword of the standard (CEN and CENELEC) or an informative Annex (ETSI). In any case this information should be easily accessible and available to all potential users of the standard.

1.1 Are relations to other standards and main changes to previous editions appropriately indicated?

O Score 1 - There is important information missing. For example the most important changes to the previous edition (in the case of revisions of existing standards) are not listed or relevant information on the relation with other standards is not included i.e. whether the standard replaces another document completely or in part or whether it is intended to be used with another standard.

O Score 3 - There is some information, but the information is incomplete or not clear.

O Score 5 - The information is correct, complete, and clear

O Not applicable

Supporting evidence

SME Compatibility test - Criteria



- Justification, target group and relation with other standards (3 Q.)
 - Scope (1 Q.)
- Normative references (1 Q.)



- Market access (1 Q.)
- Relevance of the content (1 Q.)
 - Cost (requirements) & conformity assessment (4 Q.)



Readability (1 Q.)



Availability of guidance (1 Q.)

Business Standards

- Nec befo stan
- Necessary modifications before applying the standard (3 Q.)



Availability of external elements for implementation (4 Q.)



Appropriate transition period (1 Q.)

SME Compatibility test - Result



0 - 33%

The standard is poor & causes substantial challenges for SMEs. It requires urgent/fundamental improvement.

34 - 66%

The standard is average in relation to compatibility with SME's needs. It should be improved.

67 - 100%

The standard is good & compatible with SMEs' needs in general. It requires little or no change







<u>https://www.sbs-sme.eu/sme-compatibility-</u> test-standards

You can send us feedback: info@sbs-sme.eu





- Small Business Standards objective is to represent European SME interests in European & international standardisation
- Including the user perspective increases likelihood of standards being adopted/implemented
- There are some tools that can help you consider SME needs/perspective when contributing to standardisation (Guide 17, SBS SME Compatibility test)

SMALL BUSINESS STANDARDS

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