

# PRIME: A few primitives can boost robustness to Common Corruptions.

Apostolos Modas\*, Rahul Rade\*, Guillermo Ortiz-Jiménez, Seyed-Mohsen Moosavi-Dezfooli and Pascal Frossard

How to build classifiers that are robust to Common Corruptions?

Usually through very complicated methods.

Is there a simpler and more principled way?

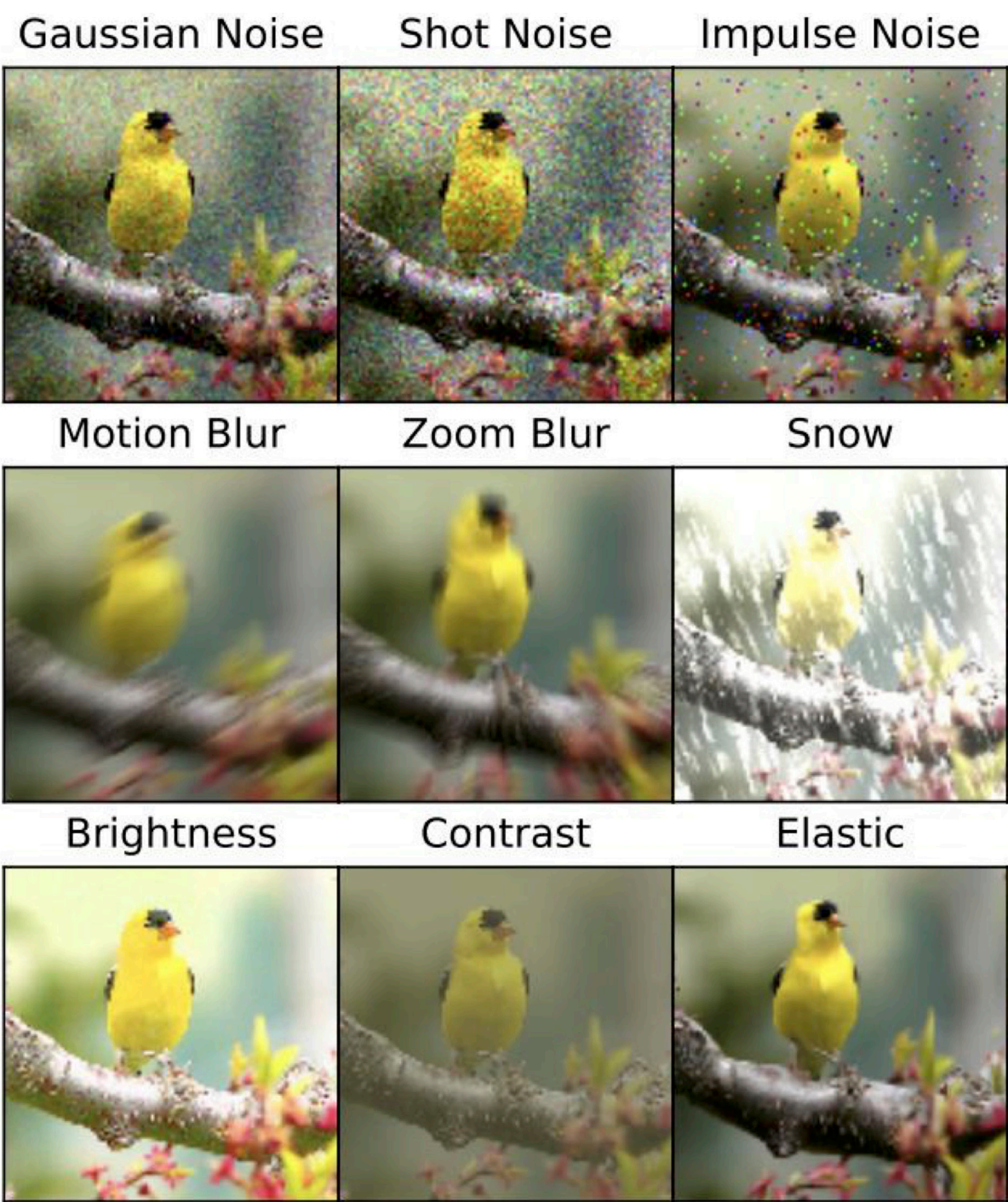
Yes! Data augmentation with max-entropy transformations!

## Common Corruptions (CC).

All possible distortions that can occur during acquisition, storage or processing of an image.

An ill-posed problem: evaluate on standard benchmarks.

Common Corruptions Benchmark by Hendrycks et al. [1]



## Prior Art.

Most common approach: Data Augmentation

### AugMix [2]

- **unintuitive** transformations
- **not good** on ImageNet

### DeepAugment (DA) [3]

- **black-box**: Im2Im DNNs
- **heavy**: only offline

Current SOTA on CC: DA + AugMix

- very **heavy**
- hard to **adapt** to new datasets
- lacks **ablation** studies

## PRIME Augmentations.

General model of visual corruptions

Linear combination of compositions of transformation primitives

$$\mathcal{T}_x = \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i g_1^i \circ \dots \circ g_m^i(x) : g_j^i \in \{\omega, \tau, \gamma\}, \lambda_i \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

Transformation primitives

- $\tau$  : **spatial** (diffeomorphisms)
- $\omega$  : **spectral** (filtering)
- $\gamma$  : **color** (jittering)

Principle of maximum-entropy

$$\max_{\mu} H(\mu) = - \int d\mu(g) \log(\mu(g))$$

with  $g \sim \mu$

### PRimitives of Maximum Entropy



## Robustness to Common Corruptions.

Dataset	Method	Clean Acc (↑)	CC Acc (↑)
CIFAR-10	Standard	95.0	74.0
	AugMix	95.2	88.6
	PRIME	94.2	<b>89.8</b>
CIFAR-100	Standard	76.7	51.9
	AugMix	78.2	64.9
	PRIME	78.4	<b>68.2</b>
ImageNet	Standard	76.1	38.1
	AugMix	77.5	48.3
	DA	76.7	52.6
	PRIME	77.0	<b>55.0</b>
	DA+AugMix	75.8	58.1
	DA+PRIME	75.5	<b>59.9</b>

SOTA Robustness

- **Simpler**
- **Principled**
- **Faster** than DA

## Contribution of Transformations.

Ablation study on ImageNet-100

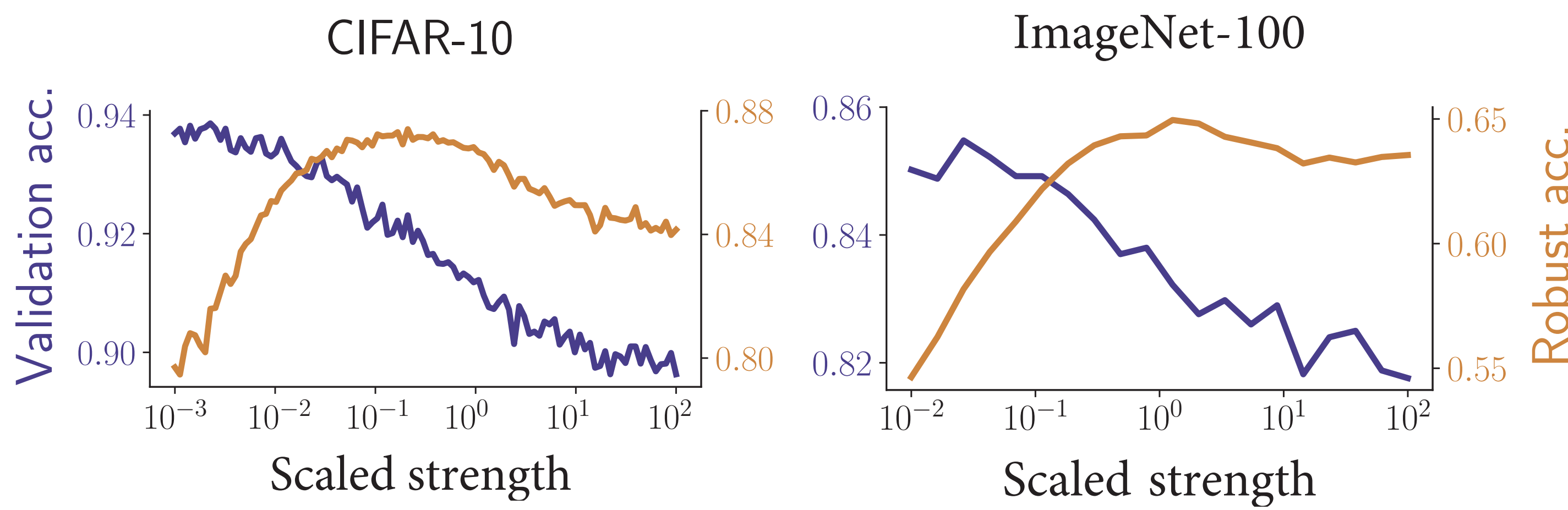
Trans.	CC	Noise	Blur	Weather	Digital
$\omega$	64.1	60.7	55.4	66.6	72.9
$\tau$	53.8	30.1	56.2	57.6	65.4
$\gamma$	59.9	67.4	52.6	54.4	67.1
$\omega+\tau$	64.5	58.5	57.3	<b>66.8</b>	73.9
$\omega+\gamma$	67.5	77.2	55.7	65.3	74.2
$\tau+\gamma$	63.3	74.7	57.4	56.2	67.8
$\omega+\tau+\gamma$	<b>68.8</b>	<b>78.8</b>	<b>58.3</b>	66.0	<b>74.8</b>

Primitives help individually

Best: combined

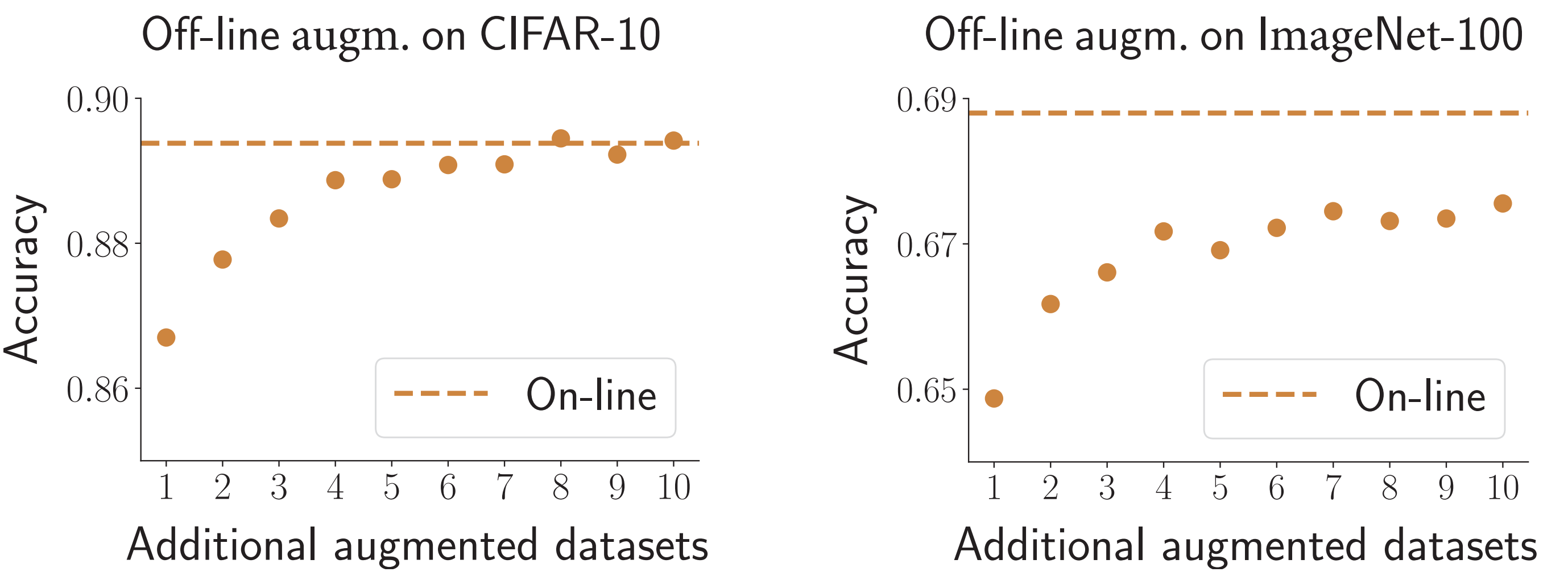
## Robustness/Accuracy trade-off.

Vary strength of transformation → control trade-off



## Sample Complexity.

Off-line: pre-compute augmentations (like DeepAugment)



- +4: similar to on-line PRIME
- **No need** for on-line
- >4: slow improvement
- **Need** on-line: **easy** with PRIME!

[1] D. Hendrycks et al. "Benchmarking neural network robustness to common corruptions and perturbations", ICLR 2019.  
[2] D. Hendrycks et al. "AugMix: A simple method to improve robustness and uncertainty under data shift", ICLR 2020.  
[3] D. Hendrycks et al. "The many faces of robustness: A critical analysis of out-of-distribution generalization", ICCV 2021.