

BUILDING CAPACITIES IN OPEN KNOWLEDGE FOR THE LIS SECTOR

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The problem

Gap between formal and informal capacity building in openness to knowledge (open education, open science, open data and open access) amongst library professionals and other educational actors



Research aim

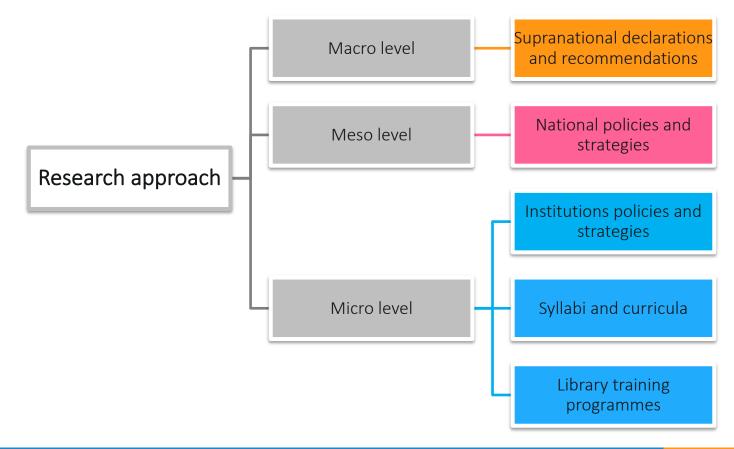
Understanding what is the state of capacity building in Openness / Open Knowledge for LIS professionals, so we can help transferring knowledge to other professionals in the area of training materials and courses.

66

Providing systematic and continuous capacity building on open science concepts and practices, including broad comprehension of the open science guiding principles and core values as well as technical skills and capacities in digital literacy, digital collaboration practices, data science and stewardship and ... Promoting the use of OER as an instrument for open science capacity building.

(UNESCO, 2021)

Research approach

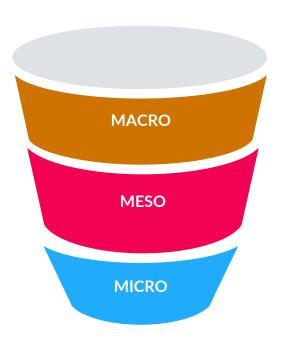


11 Supranational Declarations **10** national policies 30 institutional policies 36 library and information science (LIS) syllabi

6



Results

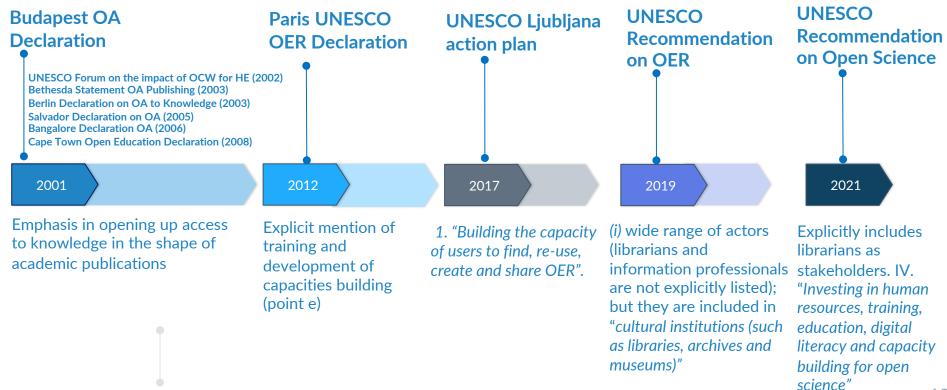


Through a exhaustive three-tiered review across Europe

Show a panorama of the professional development opportunities for the LIS sector, which allow us to indent good practices and gaps in capacity building in openness to knowledge.

1. Macro Level 8 Supranational policies

Supranational declarations





National policies

Out of the 17 EU countries represented in the 36 LIS schools, 10 have a national policy to promote OA, OS or OE.

□ All of them address capacity building in openness.

Most of these ensure open access to Research and Development results in line with European legislation to increase their integration into the European Research Area (European Commission Recommendation 2018/790)

National policies

Three **main patterns** were identified (from less to more involvement):

- I. those offering **some support to capacity building**,
- II. those including a section or **specifically addressing Open skills**
- III. those promoting **some action or training program** or the provision of human resources.



Three tiered review

First	Second	Third
Review of the	Analysis of the syllabi and	Review of the training
institutional policies and	curricula courses about	provided by their university
strategies in OA/ OS	openness to knowledge of	libraries towards building

their undergraduate and

postgraduate programmes

capacities in OA, OS, and OE

LIS curricula

We could not find evidence of pre-service training included in curricula at programme and module level, in undergraduate and postgraduate programmes

Exception: 🖈

Universitat de Barcelona postgraduate's certificate in OS in their LIS school '<u>Open Science: promotion,</u> <u>support and assessment</u>'

Universitat BARCELONA			Informatior	n and Audi	Faculty of ovisual Media
Faculty	Studies	Research	Services	Placements and employment	Mobility
Home > Studies > UB-specific master's o Open Science: Prom Open Science		Assessment	lion		er universitari - Universitat de Barcelona DEERTA: promoció, suport i avaluació
Introduction	change the	nce is a term that encompasses a way research is conducted. It air	ogether, 7 crèdits mation cycle	/ Febrer-octubre de 2022 Descarregar fullet PDF	
Course programme (modules)Pre-enrolment and admission	largely the research, a	funding conditions. As in the LIBER Association's document <i>identifying Open Science Skills</i> for Library Staff & Researchers, the many aspects affected by open science can be analysed in five broad areas: research integrity, FAIR data, open access, transparent			s and intranets
Enrolment	for Library analysed in				UB (students) net (TRS and AdSS)

Institutional Policies

27 / 36 have an institutional OA policy / mandate, while another 3, have an Open strategy

Out of these 30 institutional policies, 9 mention training in openness

There are different approaches and models to implement capacity building

Institutional Policies

Five main patterns were identified:

- I. a general approach to the openness to knowledge
- II. raising awareness and promoting OA
- III. including **responsibility** for the provision of training
- IV. providing concrete actions to support and monitor it
- V. And, fostering training focused on **doctoral schools**

Libraries' training

34 / 36 libraries offer training in different ways:



Three-tiered micro review in numbers

	Yes	No
Education at UG & PG in Openness	1	35
Institutional OA - OSC Policy	30	6
Library training in OA/ OS / OE	34	2

Conclusions

- Existing dichotomy in the academic sector, since some institutional policies assign to libraries the responsibility for raising the awareness, guidance and training of openness to faculty and students, however, their library staff is not 'officially' trained for it nor they have been given the opportunities to gain a qualification in the area.
- LIS professionals' Open knowledge is relaying in their capacity of to self-acquire the skills needed to perform their jobs.
- The current gap in capacity building provides us with a unique opportunity to open a transversal conversation in the sector that includes academics, professional bodies, librarians working in openness and also users.

Recommendations: Macro level

Promote the inclusion of capacity building as core element of openness to knowledge, including elements of budgeting and funding for training activities Include, as part of the Promote the recommendations, **good practices in capacity building** in openness to knowledge curricula in C

Promote the development manifestos that support the development of curricula in Openness to Knowledge for LIS professionals

Recommendations: Meso level

Define a series of competencies and literacies in the different areas of openness to outline appropriate strategies that can be put in place to incorporate them into the existing LIS curricula.

Ensure that open knowledge **policies** and strategies include **budget for capacity building** for librarians Emphasise in the importance of including openness to knowledge as one of the areas of specialised librarianship

Recommendations: Micro level

Co-create curricula and OERs in openness to knowledge for LIS learners and professionals that can be adopted by any library school

Reorienting LIS academic programs and redefining the curriculum towards including openness across every course. Provide **open and flexible CPD** (continuous professional development) that can be **used in formal or informal LIS education** programmes.

About us



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