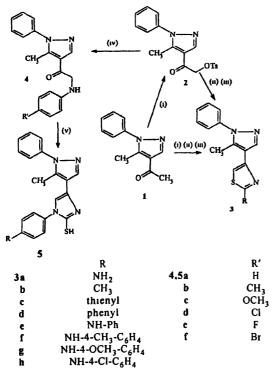
A Facile Synthesis of 4-Pyrazolylthiazoles and 4-Pyrazolylmercaptoimidazoles using [Hydroxy(tosyloxy)iodo]benzene

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Treatment of 4-acylpyrazoles with [hydroxy(tosyloxy)iodo]benzene gives $4-(\alpha-tosyloxyacetyl)$ pyrazole, which has been found to be an excellent intermediate for the synthesis of the title compounds.

Despite the biological significance of 4-acylpyrazoles and their derivatives $^{1-3}$, methods to synthesize these compounds have not received much attention. We report in this communication, a facile synthesis of 4-(pyrazol-4-yl)thiazoles (3) and 2-mercaptoimidazoles (5) starting from the corresponding 4-acetylpyrazole (1) through the newly discovered hypervalent iodine reagent, [hydroxy(tosyloxy)iodo]-benzene (HTIB).



Scheme 1 Reagents (1) HTIB/MeCN, (11) R-CSNH₂/EtOH, (11) aq NH₃, (1v) 4-R'-C₆H₄-NH₂, (v) KSCN/AcOH

Conventional route for preparing compounds 3 and 5 via α -bromination of 1⁴ was not found to be a satisfactory method because of low yields (40–48%), difficulty in purification, and its lachrymatory property. Keeping in mind the growing significance of hypervalent iodine reagents in heterocyclic synthesis⁵, it was thought of interest to pre-

pare α -tosyloxyacetyl derivative (2) of 1 (Scheme 1) It was found that HTIB is an excellent reagent for the preparation of α -tosyloxyacetyl derivative (2) which on treatment with appropriate thioamides and thioureas, and subsequent basification with aqueous ammonia gave compounds 3 in 81-84% yields. We were also successful in one-pot synthesis of 3d in 86% yields by refluxing 2 with HTIB for 1 h followed by the addition of thiobenzamide to the resulting mixture.

Compound 2 was also found to be an intermediate of choice for the synthesis of pyrazolylmercaptoimidazoles whose synthesis, in principle, requires intermediacy of α -halogenoketones. Thus treatment of 2 with appropriate anilines gave 4 which on further reaction with KSCN in AcOH provided 5 in 70–80% yields.

All the compounds (2-5) were characterized by their spectral data and elemental analyses.

Experimental

M.ps. were taken in open capillaries and are uncorrected. Ir spectra were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer 1800 insturment, ¹H nmr spectra on Bruker 300 MHz and Hitachi 60 MHz machines, and mass spectra on a Kratos MS-50 spectrometer.

4-Acetyl-5-methyl-1-phenylpyrazole (1) was prepared by the reported procedure⁶.

4-(α -Tosyloxyacetyl)-5-methyl-1-phenylpyrazole (2). To a solution of 1 (1.1 g, 5.5 mmol) in acetonitrile (30 ml) was added HTIB (5.5 mmol), and the resulting solution was refluxed for 1 h. The solvent was then evaporated under reduced pressure and the solid thus obtained was crystallized from ethanol, (91%), m.p. 130° (Found : C, 61.34; H, 4.62; N, 7.88. C₁₉H₁₈N₂O₄S calcd. for : C, 61.62; H, 4.86; N, 7.57%); ν_{max} (KBr) 1691 (C=O), 1405, 1188 cm⁻¹ (S=O); δ (CDCl₃) 2.45 (3H, s, Ar-CH₃), 2.54 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 4.98 (2H, s, CH₂), 7.26–7.89 (9H, m, ArH), 8.01 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H), m/z 370 (M⁺).

2-Substituted-4-(5-methyl-1-phenylpyrazol-4-yl)thiazoles (3a-h). General procedure : To a solution of 2 (2.8 mmol) in ethanol was added an appropriate thioamide (2.8 mmol) and the reaction mixture was heated to reflux on a water-bath. A solid began to separate after 1-2 h. The reac-

tion mixture was then cooled and filtered, and the solid so obtained was treated with aqueous ammonia, filtered, washed with water, dried and crystallized from ethanol to afford 3a-h (79-84%): 3a (82%), m.p. 160° (Found : C, 60.62; H, 4.28; N, 21.78. C13H12N4S calcd. for : C, 60.94; H, 4.69; N, 21.87%); $v_{\rm max}$ (KBr) 3350 cm⁻¹ (NH); δ (CDCl₃) 2.51 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅- CH_3), 5.17 (2H, br s, NH, exchangeable with D_2O), 6.41 (1H, s, thiazoleC_{5'}-H), 7.26-7.51 (5H, m, ArH), 7.89 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H); **3b** (84%) m.p. 180° (Found : C, 65.52; H, 4.82; N, 16.36. C₁₄H₁₃N₃S calcd. for : C, 65.88; H, 5.10; N, 16.47%); δ (CDCl₃) 2.34 (3H, s, thiazoleC_{2'}-CH₃), 2.48 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 7.15–7.73 (6H, m, ArH and thiazoleC_{5'}-H), 8.10 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H); 3c (81%), m.p. 128° (Found : C, 62.77; H, 3.78; N, 12.79. $C_{17}H_{13}N_3S_2$ calcd. for : C, 63.16; H, 4.02; N, 13.00%); δ (CDCl₃) 2.62 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 7.07-7.55 (9H, m, ArH, thienyl-H and thiazoleC5-H), 7.99 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H); *m/z* 323 (M⁺); 3d (84%), m.p. 101° (Found : C, 71.88; H, 4.27; N, 13.11. C₁₉H₁₅N₃S calcd. for : C, 71.92; H, 4.73; N, 13.25%); δ (CDCl₃) 2.65 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 7.22–8.04 (12H, m, ArH, thiazole $C_{5'}$ -H and pyrazole C_{3} -H); m/ z 317 (M⁺); 3e (79%), m.p. 218° (Found : C, 68 18; H, 4.54; N, $16.61. C_{19}H_{16}N_{4}S$ calcd. for : C, 68.67; H, 4.81; N, 16.87%); δ (CDCl₃) 2.57 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 6.54 (1H, s, thiazoleC_{5'}-H), 7.26-7.52 (11H, m, ArH and NH), 7.95 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-CH); 3f : (82%), m.p. 164° (Found : C, 69.12; H, 5.01; N, 15.92. $C_{20}H_{18}N_4S$ calcd. for : C, 69.36; H, 5.20; N, 16.18%); δ (CDCl₃) +DMSO-d₆) 2.36 (3H, s, Ar-CH₃), 2.49 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 6.55 (1H, s, thiazoleC₅-H), 7.20-7.81 (9H, m, ArH), 8.05 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H), 11.80 (1H, br s, NH); 3g (82%), m.p. 160° (Found : C, 66.32; H, 4.78; N, 15.38. C₂₀H₁₈N₄OS calcd for : C, 66.30; H, 4.97; N, 15.47%); v_{max} (KBr) 3231 cm⁻¹ (NH); δ (CDCl₃) 2.53 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 3.79 (3H, s, OCH₃), 6.45 (1H, s, thiazoleC₅-H), 6.87–7.51 (9H, m, ArH), 7.60 (1H, br s, NH, exchangeable with D_2O), 7.92 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H); *m/z* 362 (M⁺); **3h** (81%), m.p. 140° (Found : C, 62.18; H, 3.92; N, 15.02. C₁₉H₁₅ClN₄S calcd. for : C, 62.21; H, 4.09; N, 15.28%); v_{max} (KBr) 3237 cm⁻¹ (NH); δ (CDCl₃) 2.59 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 6.59 (1H, s, thiazoleC_{5'}-H), 7.22-7.72 (9H, m, ArH), 7.92 (1H, s, pyrazoleC3-H), 9.96 (1H, br s, NH, exchangeable with D_2O ; m/z 368/366 (M⁺).

Anilinomethyl-4-(5-methyl-1-phenyl)pyrazolylketone (4a-f). General procedure : To a solution of 2 (2.8 mmol) in ethanol (30 ml) was added aniline (5.6 mmol) in small portions and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 1 h. On cooling, a crystalline product separated out which was filtered, washed with cold ethanol and dried to afford 4a-f in good yields : 4a (78%), m.p. 150° (Found : C, 73.88; H, 5.72; N, 14.26. $C_{18}H_{17}N_3O$ calcd. for : C, 74.23; H, 5.84; N, 14.43%); δ (CDCl₃), 2.59 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 4.39 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.60– 7.45 (10H, m, ArH), 8.08 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H); 4b (76%), m.p. 155° (Found : C, 74.42; H, 5.92; N, 13.88. $C_{19}H_{19}N_3O$ calcd.

for : C, 74.75; H, 6.23; N, 13.77%); v_{max} (KBr) 3380 (NH), 1659 cm⁻¹ (C=O); δ (CDCl₃) 2.26 (3H, s, Ar-CH₃), 2.62 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 4.42 (2H, s, CH₂), 4.73 (1H, br s, NH, exchangeable with D₂O), 6.61–7.56 (9H, m, ArH), 8.11 (1H, s, pyrazole C₃-H); m/z 305 (M⁺); 4c (74%), m.p. 144° (Found : C, 70.88; H, 5.68; N, 12.74. C₁₉H₁₉N₃O₂ calcd. For : C, 71.03; H, 5.92; N, 13.08%); δ (CDCl₃) 2.59 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 3.74 (3H, s, OCH₃), 4.38 (2H, s, CH₂), 4.67 (1H, br s, NH, exchangeable with D₂O), 6.70-6.74 (4H, dd, ArH), 7.46-7.52 (5H, m, ArH), 8.09 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H); 4d (76%), m.p. 155° (Found : C, 65.91; H, 4.82; N, 12.72. $C_{18}H_{16}CIN_3O$ calcd. for : C, 66.36; H, 4.92; N, 12.90%); v_{max} (KBr) 3390 (NH), 1659 cm⁻¹ (C=O); δ (CDCl₃) 2.62 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 4 40 (2H, s, CH₂), 4.89 (1H, br s, NH, exchangeable with D₂O), 6.59-7.55 (9H, m, ArH), 8.10 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H); 4e (72%), m.p. 181° (Found : C, 69.88; H, 4.98; N, 13.38. C₁₈H₁₆FN₃O calcd. for : C, 69.90; H, 5.18; N, 13.59%); δ(CDCl₃ + DMSOd₆) 2.58 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 4.39 (2H, s, CH₂), 5.45 (1H, br s, NH, exchangeable with D₂O), 6.53-7.86 (9H, m, ArH), 8.23 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H); 4f (74%), m.p. 201° (Found : C, 57.94; H, 4.02; N, 11.16. C₁₈H₁₆BrN₃O calcd. for : C, 58.38; H, 4.32; N, 11.35%); δ (CDCl₃) 2.61 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 4.40 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.50-7.81 (10H, m, ArH and NH), 8.15 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H).

1-Aryl-4-(5-methyl-1-phenylpyrazol-4-yl)-2-mercaptoimidazoles (5a-f). General procedure : Potassium thiocyanate (2.5 mmol) was added to solution of 4 (2.5 mmol) in glacial acetic acid (10 ml) and the reaction mixture was refluxed gently for 20-30 min On cooling, a crystalline solid separated out which was filtered, washed with water and crystallized from acetic acid to yield compounds 5a-f in excellent yields : 5a (79%), m.p. 160° (Found : C, 68.52; H, 4.62; N, 16.51. C₁₉H₁₆N₄S calcd. for : C, 68.67; H, 4.82; N, 16.87%); $v_{\rm max}$ (KBr) 2390 cm⁻¹ (SH); δ (CDCl₃ + DMSO-d₆) 2.47 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 7.00 (1H, s, imidazoleC₅-H), 7.40-7.84 (10H, m, ArH), 8.05 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H), 12.76 (1H, br s, SH, exchangeable with D_2O ; **5b** (80%), m.p. 245° (Found : C, 69.24; H, 4.88; N, 15.87. C₂₀H₁₈N₄S calcd. For : C, 69.36; H, 5.20; N, 16.18%); v_{max} (KBr) 2400 cm⁻¹ (SH); δ (CDCl₃) 2.40 (3H, s, Ar-CH₃), 2.41 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 6.81 (1H, s, imidazoleC_{5'}-H), 7.26-7.53 (9H, m, ArH), 7.89 (1H, s, pyrazole C_3 -H), 12.24 (1H, br s, SH, exchangeable with D_2O); *m*/*z* 346 (M⁺); **5c** (76%), m.p. 268° (Found : C, 65.91; H, 4.56; N, 15.17. C₂₀H₁₈N₄OS calcd. for : C, 66.30; H, 4.97; N, 15.47%); δ (CDCl₃ + DMSO-d₆) 2.42 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 3.85 (3H, s, OCH₃), 6.93 (1H, s, imidazoleC₅-H), 6.99-7.56 (9H, m, ArH), 8.04 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H), 12.71 (1H, br s, SH, exchangeable with D₂O); 5d : (80%), m.p. 260° (Found : C, 62.12; H, 3.98; N, 14.92. C10H15ClN4S calcd. for : C, 62.21; H, 4.09; N, 15.28%); v_{max} (KBr) 2360 cm⁻¹ (SH); δ (CDCl₃ + DMSO-d₆) 2.41 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 6.88 (1H, s, imidazole C₅--H), 7.46–7.67 (9H, m, ArH), 8.05 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H), 12.77 (1H, br s, SH); *m/z* 368/366 (M⁺); 5e (78%), m.p. 285° (Found : C, 64.72; H, 4.12; N, 15.82. C₁₉H₁₅FN₄S calcd. for : C, 65.14; H, 4.28; N, 16.00%); v_{max} (KBr) 2362 cm⁻¹ (SH); δ (CDCl₃ + DMSO-d₆) 2.41 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 6.81 (1H, s, imidazoleC₅--H), 7.19–7.66 (9H, m, ArH), 7.84 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H), 11.26 (1H, br s, SH); **5f** (72%), m.p. 250° (Found : C, 55.21; H, 3.42; N, 13.21. C₁₉H₁₅BrN₄S calcd. for : C, 55.47; H, 3.65; N, 13.62%); v_{max} (KBr) 2390 cm⁻¹ (SH); δ (CDCl₃ + DMSO-d₆) 2.42 (3H, s, pyrazoleC₅-CH₃), 6.97 (1H, s, imidazoleC₅--H), 7.34–7.73 (9H, m, ArH), 8.04 (1H, s, pyrazoleC₃-H), 12.81 (1H, br s, SH); *m/z* 412/410 (M⁺).

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