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Searching rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars using pattern finding techniques

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Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

δ -Sct stars

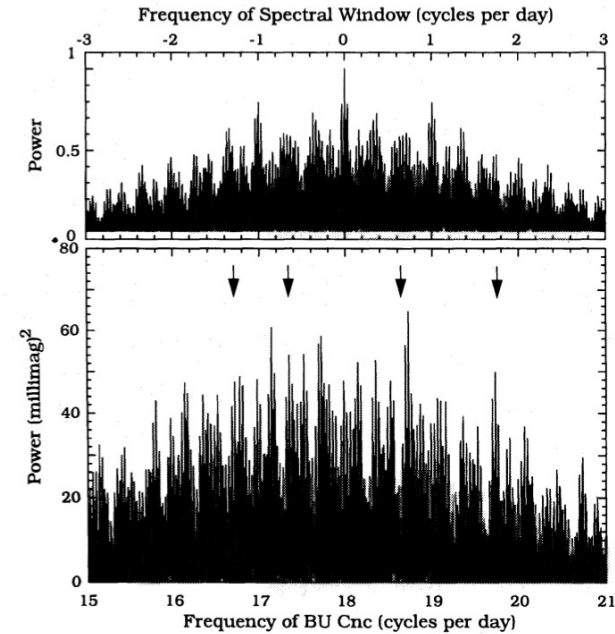
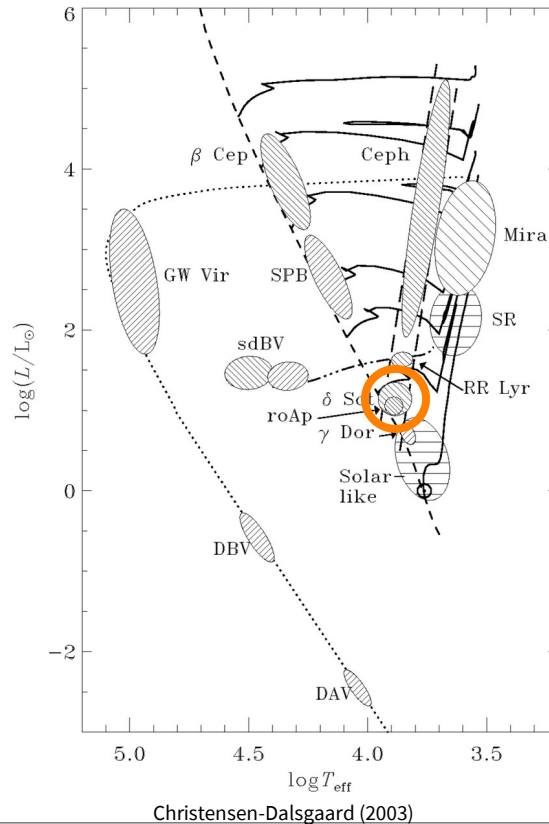


Fig. 3. Power spectrum of BU Cnc for the Bossi et al. 1977 - 1980 measurements in the literature. The four main frequencies found in the present multisite campaign are shown by arrows. The power spectrum already suggests that the 1977 - 1980 data alone would be insufficient to extract the frequencies Breger et al. (1998)

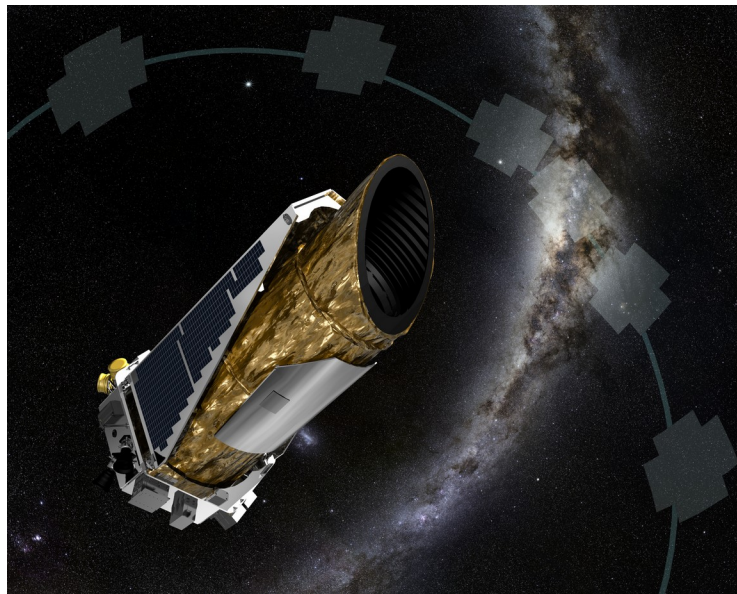
Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

CoRoT (2006-2013)



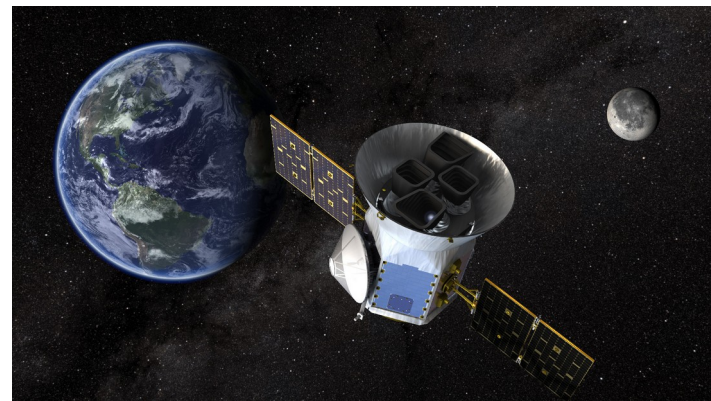
CNES – D. Ducros

Kepler / K2 (2009-2018)



NASA Ames/JPL-Caltech/T Pyle

TESS (2018-2020+)



NASA's Goddard Space Flight Center

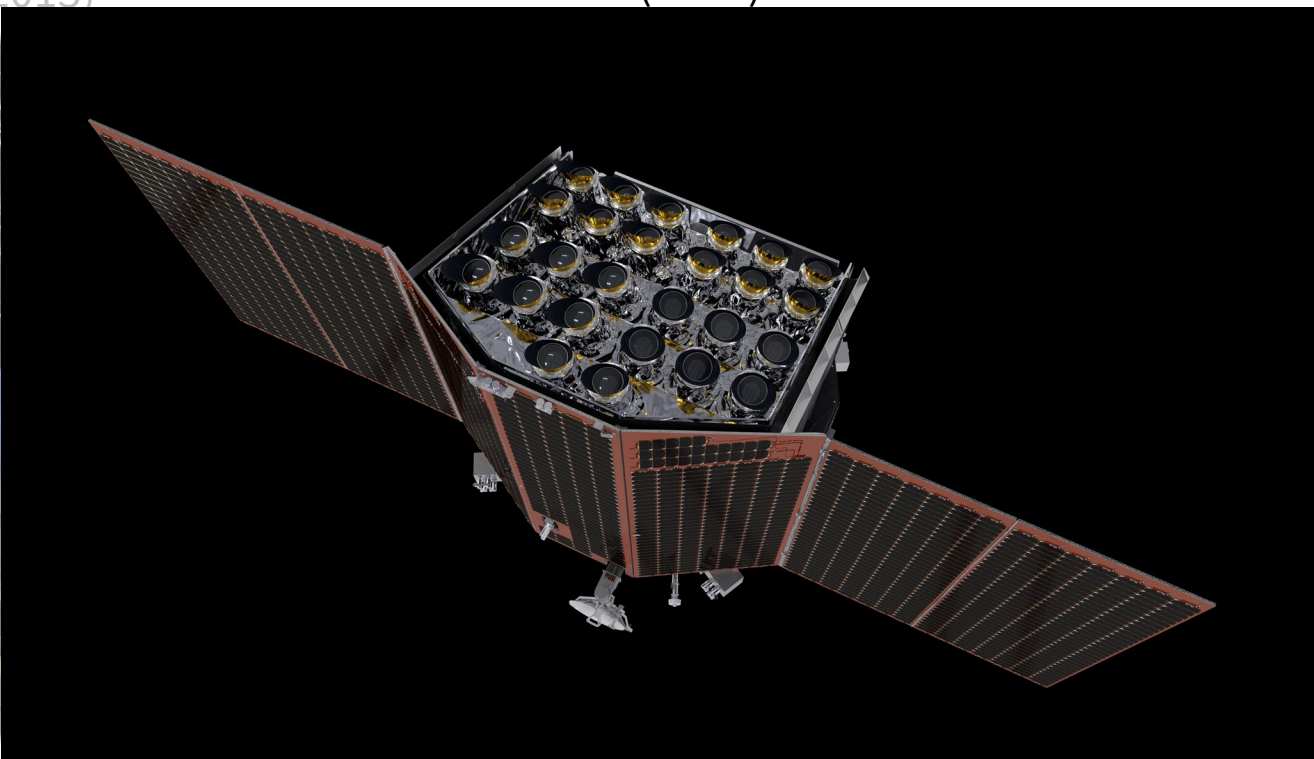
Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

CoRoT (2006-2013)



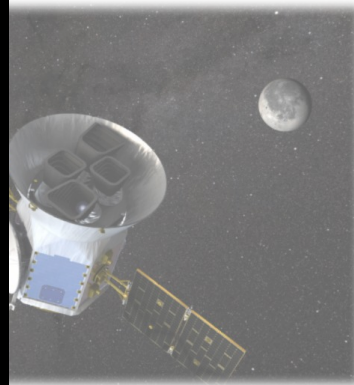
CNES – D. Ducros

PLATO (2026)



ESA/ATG medialab

(2018-2020+)



Space Flight Center

Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

CoRoT (2006-2013)



CNES – D. Ducros

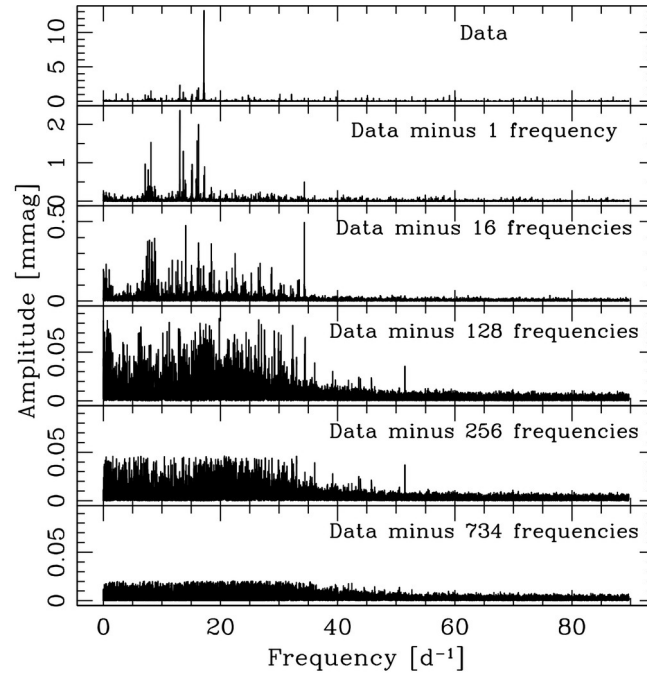
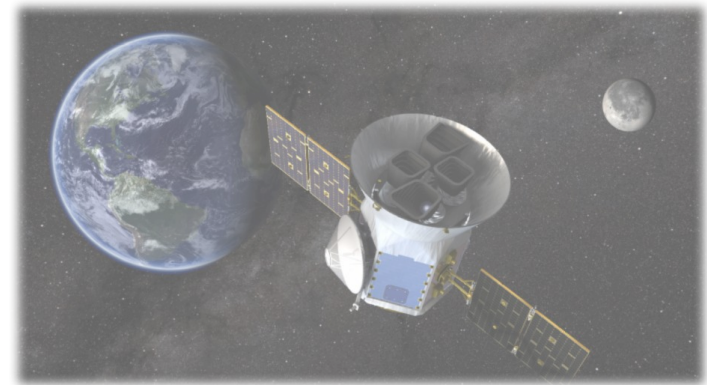


Fig. 5. Fourier amplitude spectra at different stages of the analysis. The flat plateau below about 35 d^{-1} appears after the detection of about 250 frequencies. The highest peak in the third panel from top is the second harmonic of the dominant frequency, while its third harmonic is the peak at the highest frequency in 4th and 5th panel.

Mantegazza et al. (2012)

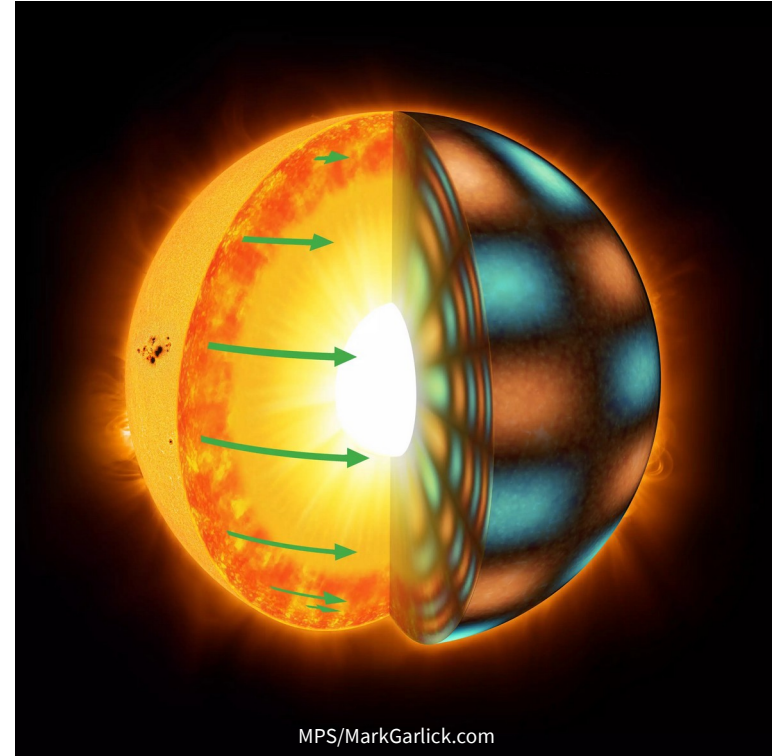
TESS (2018-2020+)



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Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

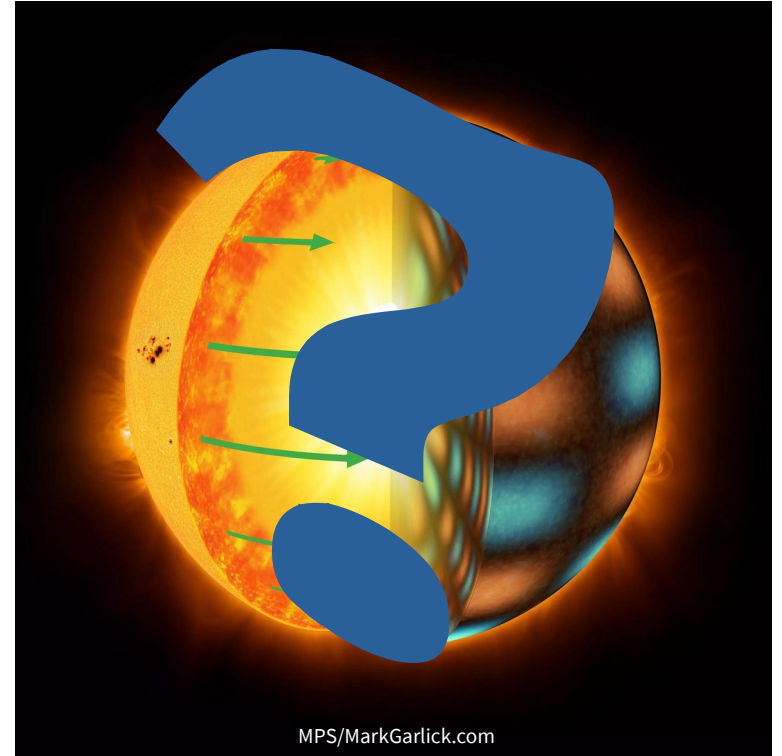
Surface rotation observed in solar-like stars



Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

Surface rotation observed in solar-like stars

But for most δ -Sct stars it remains a mystery...



Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

The Sample

| Star | T_{eff} (K) | $\log g$ | M (M_{\odot}) | R (R_{\odot}) | $\Delta\nu$ (μHz) | $v \sin i$ (km s^{-1}) | i ($^{\circ}$) | δr (μHz) | ν_{orb} (μHz) | $\Delta\nu/\delta r$ | No. of freqs |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| KIC 3858884 ^a | 6606(70) | 3.74(1) | 1.86(4) | 3.05(1) | 29(1) | 25.7(1.5) | 88.176(2) | 1.9(1) | 0.445980(1) | 15.3 | 400 |
| KIC 10080943 ^a | 7480(200) | 4.1(1) | 1.9(1) | 2.1(2) | 52(1) | 14.4(1.4) | 68(3) | 1.7(2) | 0.75468(1) | 30.6 | 321 |
| KIC 4544587 ^b | 7750(180) | 4.33(1) | 1.61(6) | 1.57(3) | 74(1) | 76(15) | 88(3) | 11(2) | 5.28715(1) | 6.7 | 16 |
| KIC 9851944 ^b | 6902(100) | 3.69(3) | 1.79(7) | 3.16(4) | 26(1) | 72.1(9) | 74.52(2) | 5.3(1) | 5.348706(2) | 4.9 | 52 |
| KIC 8262223 ^b | 9128(130) | 4.28(2) | 1.96(6) | 1.67(4) | 77(1) | 50.7(9) | 75.178(2) | 7.2(2) | 7.17542974(4) | 10.7 | 60 |
| HD 172189 ^c | 7750(-) | 3.48(8) | 1.8(2) | 4.0(1) | 19(1) | 78(3) | 73.2(6) | 4.6(2) | 2.02983(1) | 4.1 | 50 |
| CID 105906206 ^c | 6750(150) | 3.53(1) | 2.24(4) | 4.22(2) | 20(2) | 47.8(5) | 81.42(13) | 2.61(3) | 3.13272(1) | 7.7 | 202 |
| KIC 10661783 ^d | 7764(54) | 3.938(4) | 2.10(3) | 2.56(2) | 39(1) | 78(3) | 82.4(2) | 7.0(3) | 9.399407(2) | 5.6 | 12 |
| HD 159561 ^d | 8047(154) | 3.9(2) | 2.4(4) | 2.69(1) | 38(1) | 239(12) | 87.5(6) | 19(1) | 0.0036762(1) | 2.0 | 40 |
| HD 15082 ^d | 7430(100) | 4.3(2) | 1.49(3) | 1.43(4) | 80(2) | 90(10) | 87.7(1.8) | 14(2) | 9.48798(1) | 5.7 | 64 |
| CID 100866999 ^e | 7300(250) | 4.1(1) | 1.8(2) | 1.9(2) | 56(1) | — | 80(2) | — | 4.12069(3) | — | 8 |
| HD 174966 ^e | 7555(50) | 4.22(1) | 1.515(15) | 1.58(3) | 65(1) | 126.1(1.2) | 62.5(+ 7.5-17.5) | 18(-) | — | 3.6 | 172 |
| HD 174936 ^e | 8000(200) | 4.1(2) | 1.65(26) | 1.97(32) | 52(-) | 169.7(-) | — | — | — | — | 422 |

Ramón-Ballesta et al. (2021)

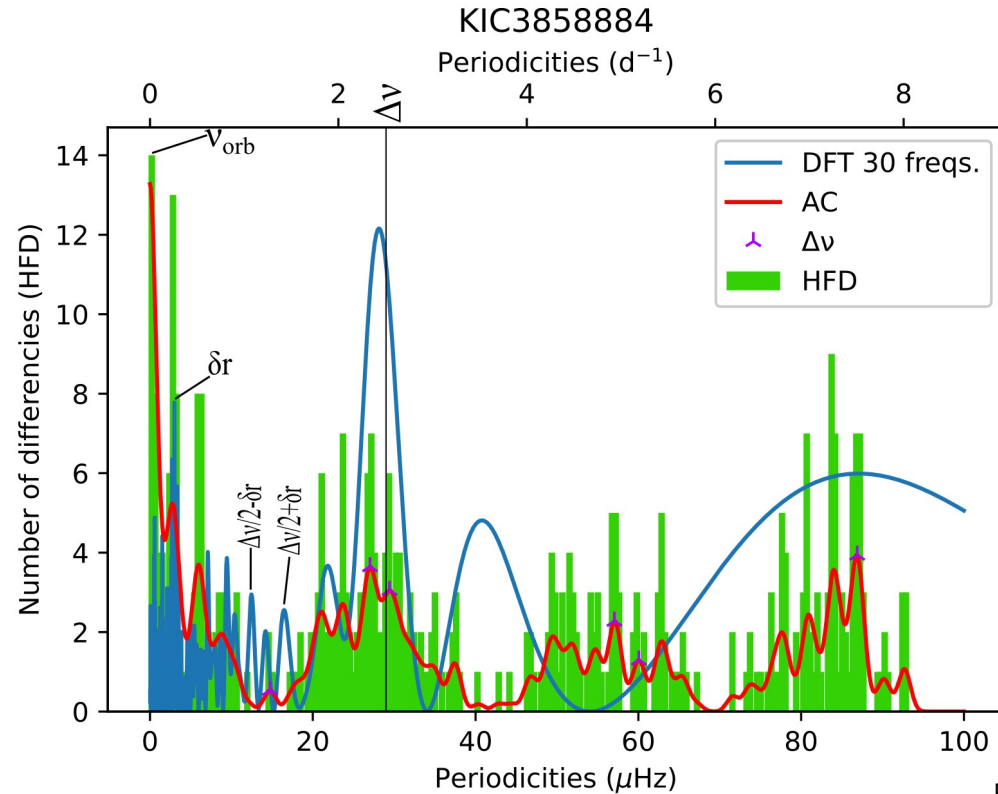
Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

Three well known techniques:

- Discrete Fourier Transform
- Autocorrelation Function
- Histogram of Frequency Differences

Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

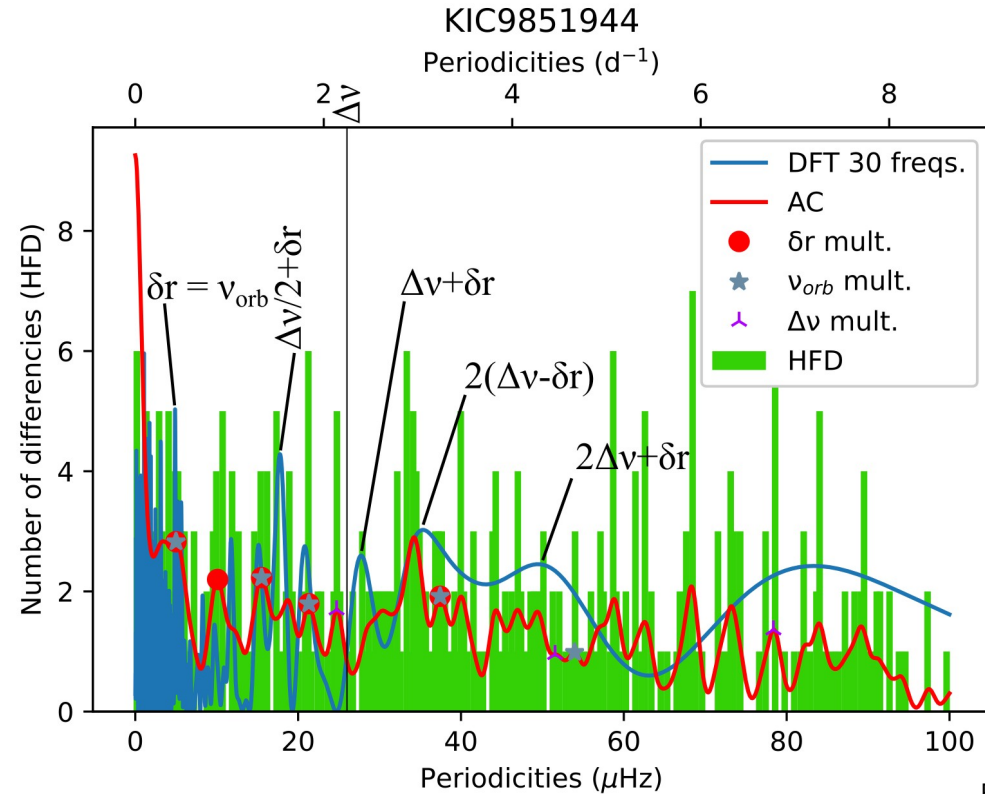
Favourable cases



Ramón-Ballesta et al. (2021)

Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

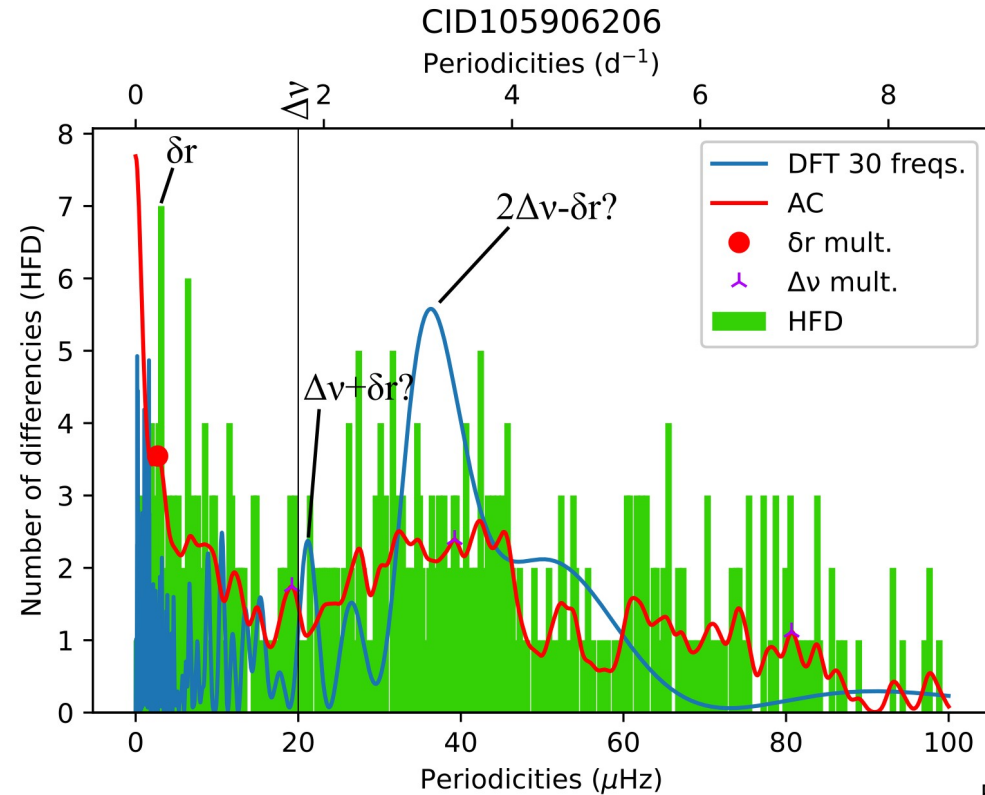
Orbital synchronisation



Ramón-Ballesta et al. (2021)

Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

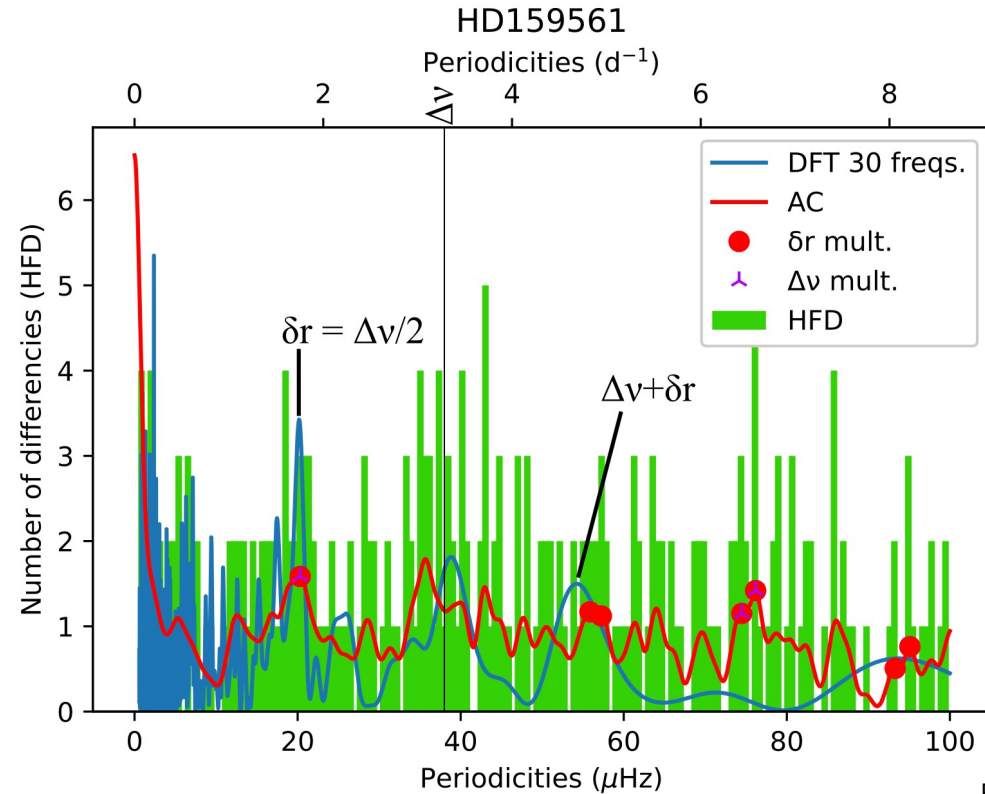
Evolved stars



Ramón-Ballesta et al. (2021)

Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

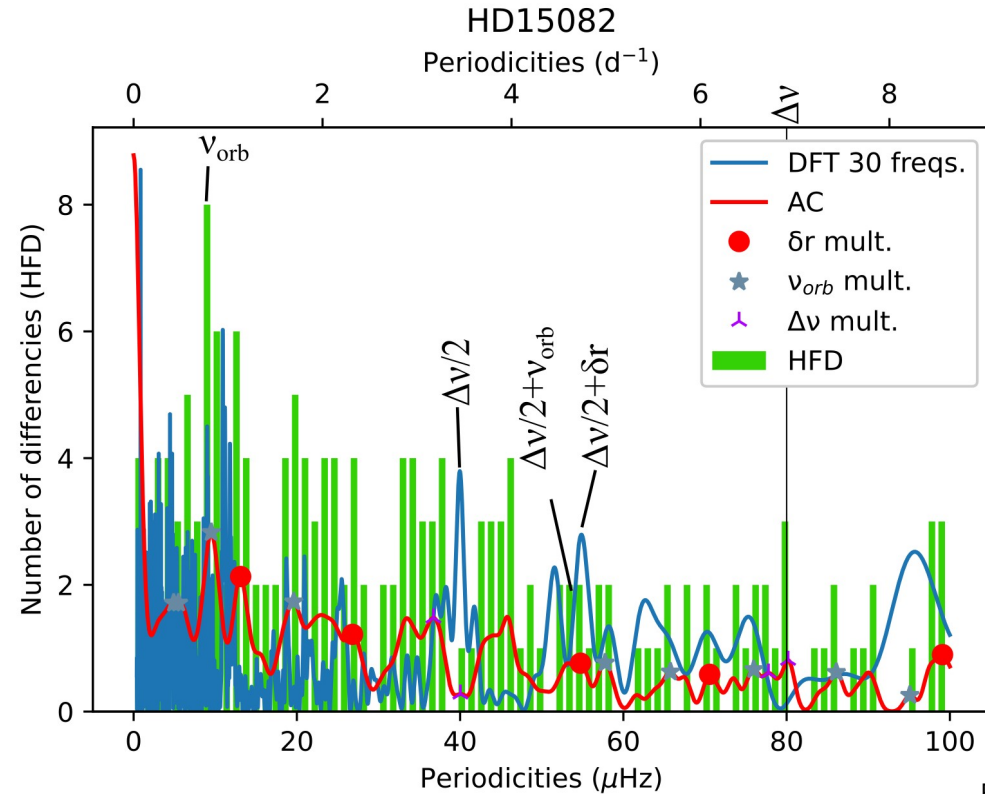
Peculiar stars



Ramón-Ballesta et al. (2021)

Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

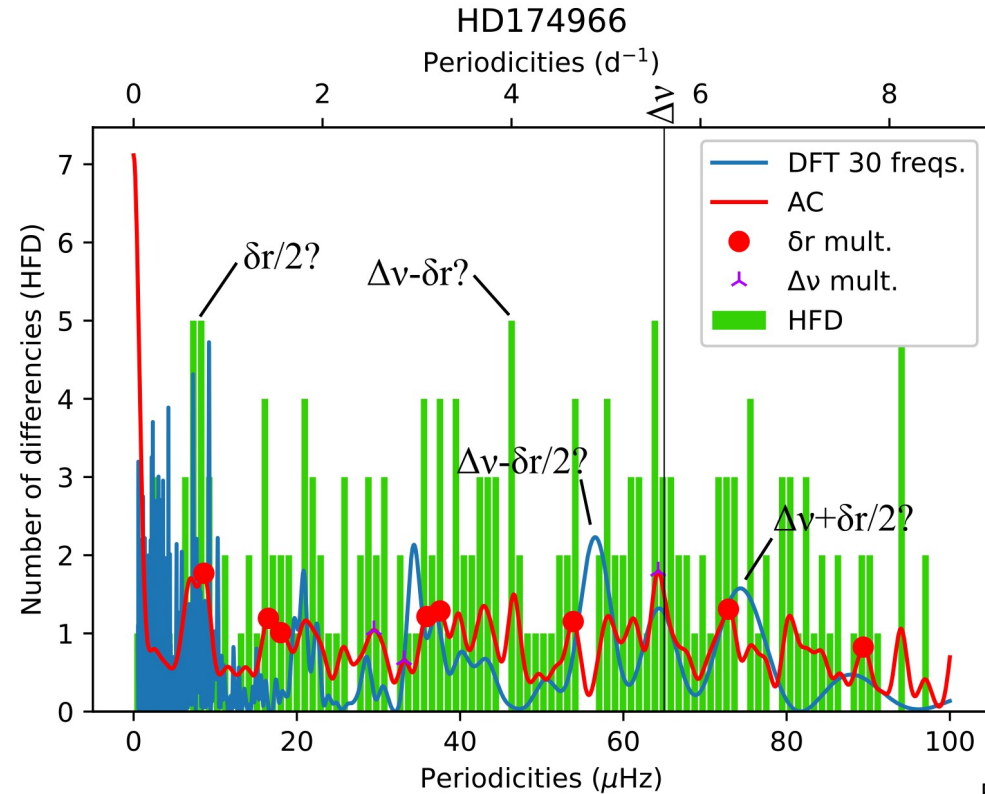
Peculiar stars



Ramón-Ballesta et al. (2021)

Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

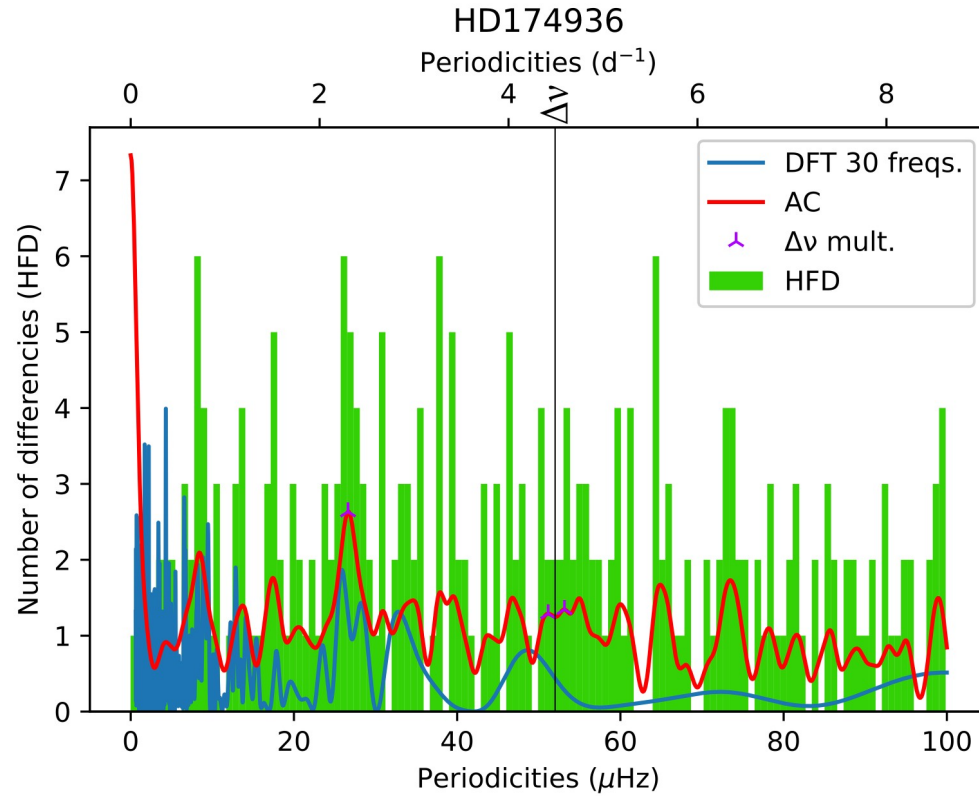
Unknown rotation



Ramón-Ballesta et al. (2021)

Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

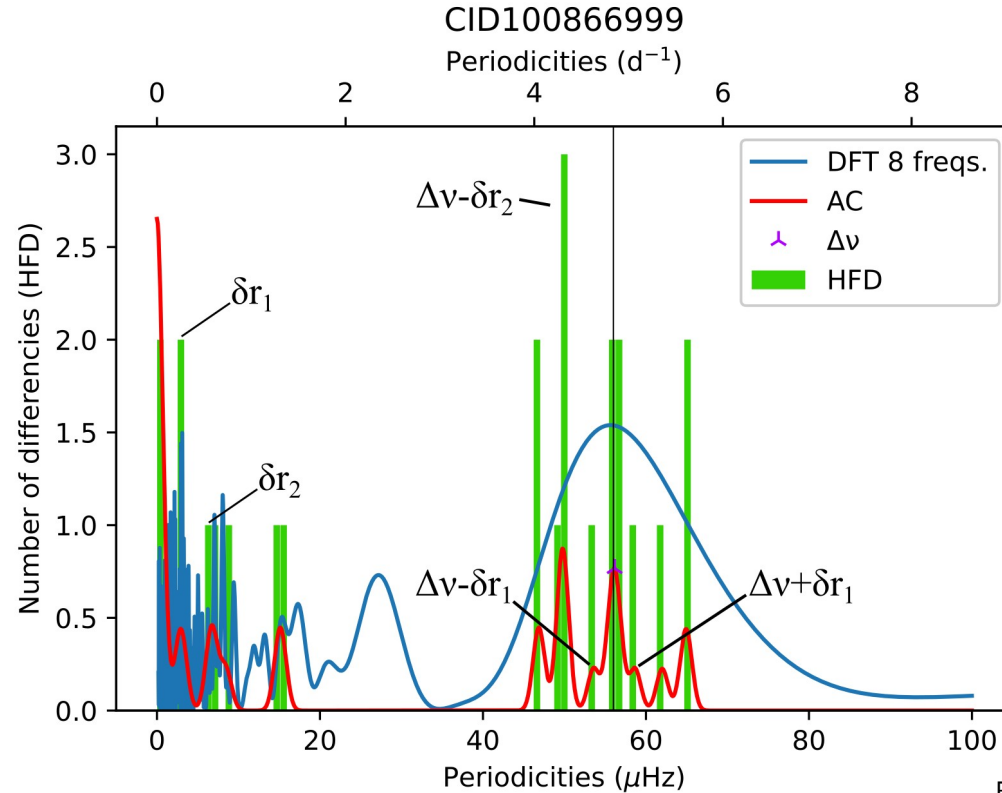
Unknown rotation



Ramón-Ballesta et al. (2021)

Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

Unknown rotation



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Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

Conclusions:

- The signature of δr is present and identifiable using asteroseismological data only.

Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

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Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

Conclusions:

- The signature of δr is present and identifiable using asteroseismological data only.
- Best results using the combined analysis of the Fourier transform and the autocorrelation function.
- The primary identification of Δv is crucial for a successful determination of δr .

Rotational splittings in δ -Scuti stars

The End