cided to adopt further measures. The facial artery was tied ; the inflamed tissues were freely incised ; all the clots were removed, and the wound dressed with boracic ointment. The hæmorrhage ceased from this moment, but the child succumbed after three days.—*Indian Medical Gazette*, July, 1888.

H. PERCY DUNN (London).

ABDOMEN.

I. Laparotomy in a Child One Hour Old. By ALEX. DUNLAP, M.D. (Springfield, Ohio). The child was perfect in every respect, vigorous and healthy, except that the bowels, commencing close to the duodenum, down to the sigmoid of the colon and omentum, with the mesentery, dragged through a small opening in the umbilicus, and had been developed in a sac formed in the umbilical cord. The sac would have contained about a pound and a half. He found that it was impossible to return them through the opening without enlarging it, and then when he commenced to enlarge the opening he found that the abdominal cavity was so contracted from the absence of the bowels being developed in it that it would not contain them without enlarging it. He therefore made an opening, commencing at the umbilicus, running up two inches, and then began stretching the walls of the abdomen with his fingers ; then catching portions of the bowels and forcing them down into the cavity, while assistants, with hooks passed through the cut edges of the walls of the abdomen, held them firmly up. In about twenty minutes he succeeded in forcing them in and closing the wound with five sutures and ligatures to the cord close up to the natural skin. The operation was performed October 2, 1887, without chloroform or an anæsthetic of any kind, and as far as any visible signs were manifested by the child in struggling, crying, shock or pulse, that it was suffering pain, there was none to be seen. There was nothing to indicate that the child was not enjoying the operation hugely, nor was there the least unpleasant symptom afterward. The child sleeps and nurses well, the stitches are out, and the cord is separating nicely.—*Journal Am. Med. Association*.