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***Athenian Political Commissions.* By Frederick D. Smith. Pp. 81. University of Chicago Libraries, 1920.**

G. H. S.

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and ἀποθυμαίνω in their places. Several interesting dialect forms from inscriptions are included (e.g. ἔταλον = vitulus); but ἀρρέντερος (opp. θηλίτερος) and the like are absent. We are glad to note that ὀδών is correctly given as the only early form of the Greek word for 'tooth,' but we might have been told that it occurs in Herodotus and Hippocrates.

The author caters for the junior student, and excludes post-Polybian Greek in general (save for the New Testament, Plutarch, and Lucian) from his purview. Under these circumstances he might well have jettisoned some of the more technical terms from the vocabulary of the papyri. H. S. J.

Papers of the British School at Rome.
Vol. IX.

THIS volume is, as the Director puts it, 'an earnest of the renewed activity which the School hopes to be able to display' under post-war conditions. If it contains somewhat fewer articles of interest to the readers of the *Classical Review* than most of its predecessors, it is noteworthy by reason of a new feature. After the articles sponsored by the Faculty of Archaeology, History, and Letters (which include a further instalment of Mr. R. Gardner's account of the road-system in Central Italy, and a bibliographical study of the engravings of ancient statues in Rome published in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, by Dr. Ashby), there appears, under the aegis of the Faculty of Architecture, a restoration of ancient Praeneste by Mr. H. C. Bradshaw, formerly Rome Scholar in Architecture. This is a remarkable piece of work, not only beautifully drawn, but based on careful study and measurement of the extant remains, and hence of real archaeological value. It amply justifies the institution of the Architectural Faculty with its 'Prix de Rome.' H. S. J.

A Study in the Commerce of Latium from the Early Iron Age through the Sixth Century B.C. By LOUISE E. W. ADAMS, Ph.D.
Pp. 84. Northampton, Mass.: Smith College Classical Studies, 1921.

A QUITE admirable summary of the evidence for the intercourse of Latium with the outside world up to the end of the Regal Period at

Rome, based on a careful study of a vast number of publications. Miss Adams holds that in the Early Iron Age—the period of pit graves—while foreign traders sold their wares in Etruria, Latium remained almost untouched. The Phoenicians did not undertake perilous journeys 'for the sake of goats' milk cheese.' In the seventh century, however, foreign goods reached Latium along the land route from Etruria to Campania, which passed through Praeneste, at this date a more important place than Rome, where nothing has been discovered comparable to the contents of the Bernardini and Barbarini tombs. Later, when Rome was ruled by Etruscan kings, foreign influences increased, and an attempt was made, possibly by the treaty with Gabii, to divert the land route so as to make it pass through the city. But the treaty with Carthage of 509 B.C. shows that even at the end of the sixth century Rome had not developed into a really commercial power. All the same, Greek goods had reached Rome in considerable quantities in the Regal Period; and 'when the Romans rediscover the Greek world in the Hellenistic age, they do not realise that they are returning to their old teachers.' G. H. S.

Athenian Political Commissions. By FREDERICK D. SMITH. Pp. 81. University of Chicago Libraries, 1920.

THIS dissertation consists of a study of the various fifth-century bodies described as συγγραφείς, ἀναγραφείς, and the like. About two-thirds of it is concerned with the constitutional changes of the years 411-410, and 404-403 B.C. Mr. Smith has mastered the voluminous literature of the subject, and shows good judgment in his use of it. It is to be regretted that English students of ancient history are not required to produce a piece of work of this character as part of their degree course. Mr. Smith should avoid such forms as σισώφυλακες, θεωροί, and Nichomachus; and why does he always speak of a συγγραφαί?

G. H. S.

Notes on the Greek Anthology. By T. W. LUMB, M.A. (Oxon.), Assistant-Master at Merchant Taylors' School, E.C.
One volume. Small octavo. Pp. 168.
London: Rivingtons, 34, King Street, Covent Garden, 1920. 7s. 6d.

MR. LUMB'S *Notes on the Greek Anthology* will be welcomed by all lovers, and readers, of the *Anthology*, whose numbers are probably increasing despite Mr. Lumb's apparent doubts. Fresh efforts at translation are constantly being made, and we may fairly hope that some who feel the charm of the epigrams even at second hand will be lured on to a study of the original text. Scholars will find these notes an in-