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apice glandiformibus, circiter 160 μ , aparaphysatis; *sporidiis* filiformibus, asci longitudine, hyalinis, immaturis.

Hab. in corpore formicæ atræ (*Camponotus atriceps*), prope flumen Puruni in Guiana (*C. A. Lloyd*).

A long filament also springs from between the thorax and the abdomen, ending in an acute apex.

XXXIII.—*Description of a new Species of Sphenophorus (Coleoptera, Calandridæ).* By CHARLES O. WATERHOUSE.

Sphenophorus Cumingii, n. sp.

Elliptico-ovalis, convexus, niger, nitidus; maculis sordide albis notatus.
Long. 7 lin.

A little shorter than *S. piceus*, with the elytra decidedly more convex; the thorax and tarsi quite differently formed. Rostrum rather stout, shining, with a deep elongate fovea at the base. The antennæ as in *S. piceus*. Thorax as long as the width at the base, slightly constricted in the middle, widest at the posterior angles, which are a little prominent. The surface is dull, except the front part of the disk; the punctuation fine and moderately close, except in front, where the punctures are larger. There is a yellowish-white spot at the anterior angle, one in the middle in front (placed in a slight depression), one on each side of the disk, and three at the base. Scutellum small and narrow. Elytra broadest just below the shoulders, very slightly constricted about the middle; shining, except a rather broad, dull velvety band across the middle and at the apex; punctate-striate, the punctures in the striæ elongate, very distinct; the interstices flat, very delicately punctured on the disk, strongly punctured at the base and apex. Each elytron has seven small yellowish-white spots—one near the scutellum; another below the shoulder; three rather behind the middle on the third, fifth, and eighth interstices; and two at the apex. Pygidium convex, obtusely rounded at the apex, dull, the punctuation rather fine. Underside with several white spots. The anterior coxæ more separated than in *S. piceus*, with two slight swellings behind them. Tarsi with the first and second joints narrow, the third large, equilaterally triangular, with the angles rounded.

Hab. Philippine Islands (*H. Cuming*).