BONES.

A Case of Multiple Exostoses. By Dr. O. DIGE (Skive, Denmark). A young boy, fourteen years old, who had always been healthy and never had rachitis, presented a remarkable example of multiple exostoses. There was no hereditary predisposition to the development of the affection in the family and they were ascribed to a severe cold. They were first noticed when the child was one year old and at the wrist and finger joints. Their growth had been slow and attended by no pain. As a rule they were half-spherical, and only rarely pointed. There were exostoses at the ends of the clavicles, the sternum, on the ribs, the scapula, on the extremities, at the epiphyseal lines. The left internal condyle of the humerus presented a growth of the size of a walnut, the fingers were full of exostoses, and the lower extremities were the worst implicated. The internal condyle of the femur had one as large as a walnut, the internal condyle of the tibia a slightly smaller one; on the anterior portion of the right tibia another of the same size, and on the internal malleoli was one as large as a hazelnut. The left lower extremity presented at the external condyles one of the size of a hazelnut, and one on the internal condyle. Both malleoli were hypertrophic, uneven and nodular. —*Hospitals Tidende*, No. 40. 1892.

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