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XXI.—Diagnoses of two new East-African mammals

Oldfield Thomas

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just above the lateral line above the origin of the anal, the third on the lateral line in front of the base of the caudal.

Total length 160 millim.

Three specimens from Palawan.

Very closely allied to *B. maculatus*, C. & V., and *B. Montanoi*, Sauv.

10. *Rasbora Everetti*, sp. n.

Depth of body equal to length of head, 4 times in total length. Snout as long as or a little longer than diameter of eye, which is 4 times in length of head; interorbital width 3 times in length of head; no barbels. Dorsal II 7, originating halfway between end of snout and base of caudal and above inner ventral ray. Anal II 5. Pectoral $\frac{4}{5}$ or $\frac{4\frac{1}{2}}{2\frac{1}{2}}$ length of head, not reaching ventral. Scales 27-28 $\frac{4\frac{1}{2}}{2\frac{1}{2}}$; one scale between lateral line and base of ventral. Olive above, silvery white beneath; some of the scales black-edged; a blackish band from the shoulder to the base of the caudal; posterior border of caudal blackish.

Total length 100 millim.

Two specimens from Palawan.

This species is nearest allied to *Rasbora calliura*, Blgr., recently discovered by Mr. Everett in Sarawak. It differs in the form of the caudal fin, the lobes of which are not unusually prolonged, and in the coloration.

11. *Nematabramis Everetti*, Blgr.

This fish was described by me a year ago from specimens obtained in Sarawak and North Borneo by Mr. Everett. I am now able to record its occurrence on Palawan.

12. *Muraena polyuranodon*, Blkr.

Palawan.

Coasts of Borneo, Sumatra, Java, Celebes, and the Moluccas, ascending rivers.

13. *Doryichthys pleurostictus*, Ptrs.

Palawan.

Previously known from the freshwaters of Luzon.

XXI.—*Diagnoses of Two new East-African Mammals*.

By OLDFIELD THOMAS.

Neotragus Haggardi, sp. n.

About the size of *N. hastatus*, Pet., but the skull with the muzzle shorter and much more compressed across the region of the lacrymal vacuities.

Horns longer, much stouter and more prominently ringed

than in any other species of the genus. Rings about eight in number, sharply defined, and very different from the low and little-defined rings of *N. hastatus*, *scoparius*, &c. Postero-external aspect of the horns angular or even developed into a longitudinal keel. Direction of horns more nearly in the line of the nasal bones than in the allied species, their anterior profile slightly curved backwards basally, forwards terminally, but the curvature is so slight as to be hardly worth mentioning.

Dimensions of the typical skull (♂):—

Basal length 142 millim.; greatest breadth 76; muzzle to orbit 86; nasals 57×20 ; palate length 91; gnathion to front of *p.*² (alveolus) 46.

Horns: length in a straight line 130; basal circumference 63; greatest basal diameter 21.

Hab. Lamu, British East Africa.

Type: B.M. 87.3.9.2. Presented and collected by Consul J. G. Haggard.

This species is based on three skulls, which, when they were received in 1887, I very doubtfully referred to *N. hastatus*, Peters, the Zambezi Oribi, a reference which has caused it to be known by the latter name to East-African sportsmen generally*. Now, however, that the Museum has obtained some Oribis from Nyasa, representing Peters's species, I am enabled to see that the Lamu animal is really quite distinct.

Further details, with figures, will be given in the 'Book of Antelopes.'

Mr. Haggard and Mr. Jackson both agree in stating that the Swahili name of this antelope is "Taya."

Anomalurus cinereus, sp. n.

Similar in size, character of fur, and proportions of ears to *A. orientalis*, Pet., to which it is evidently most nearly allied, but the general colour above, instead of being brown, is ashy grey, and below pure white instead of rufous; the extreme bases of the belly-hairs are, however, still pale slaty grey. The pale colour of the chest runs forwards as far as the chin, instead of stopping on the throat, and on each side it extends upwards as a prominent white half-collar to the ears. Hairs at back of bases of ears brown, without the usual ashy tips.

Hind foot 62 millim.

Hab. Upper Rovuma River, towards Lake Nyasa.

Type: B.M. 95.1.17.1. Collected by the Rev. J. Hainsworth, and presented to the National Museum by Canon H. B. Tristram, F.R.S.

* Cf. Jackson, 'Badminton Big-Game Shooting,' ii, pp. 285 and 300 (1894).