the very hardest part of Romans, in truth. Dr. Weber does not dodge the problem of predestination, but he shows the national aspects of the matter also and points out how the actual history of the Jews is in accord with Paul's theodicy. There is a better day, he hopes, for the Jews. The book sketches the history of the various views that have been applied to the exposition of these chapters and is useful from that point of view also. It concerns theology as well as exegesis.

A. T. ROBERTSON.

The Records of the English Bible. The documents relating to the translation and publication of the Bible in English, 1525-1611. Edited, with an introduction, by Alfred W. Pollard, New York, 1911. Oxford University Press. Pages 387. Price \$2.50.

Among the publications called forth by the tercentenary of the King James version of the English Bible this volume will prove to be one of the most useful for those who wish to get an intimate view of the history of our Bible up to that date. The author is intimately acquainted with all the literature of the subject. In the first seventy-six pages he gives an excellent sketch of the translating and publication of the English Bible from Wycliffe to 1611. The remainder of the volume is given up to the reproduction of original documents from the same period, bearing on the origin of the various translations and the way in which they were received. Sixtythree documents are reproduced. The work of editing seems to have been done with care and accuracy, and while some of the documents throw little direct light upon the versions they all have value as giving human interest to what is otherwise a bare story. These documents have nowhere else been brought together and whoever would know the history of our Bible to 1611 will need this volume.

W. J. McGlothlin.

Messianic Interpretation and Other Studies. By the Rev. R. J. Knowling, D.D., Professor of Divinity in the University of Durham. London. 1910. Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge. Pages 181. 3s. net.

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