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Obituary Notice of Thomas Hughes Corry

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<i>Helminthia echioides</i> , <i>Guert.</i>	Roadsides at Lizard.
<i>Hieracium umbellatum</i> , <i>L.</i>	Roadsides near Penzance; between Land's End and St Just; Helston.
<i>Wahlenbergia hederacea</i> , <i>Schrad.</i>	Gurlan, near Land's End.
<i>Erica Tetralix</i> , <i>L.</i>	Land's End.
<i>E. vagans</i> , <i>L.</i>	Several places on Devonian strata by the roadside one mile from Helston.
<i>Cicendia filiformis</i> , <i>Reich.</i>	Gurlan, near Land's End.
<i>Gentiana campestris</i> , <i>L.</i>	Dry grassy ground between Cadgwith and Kennance Dove, beyond the Serpentine works.*
<i>Convolvulus Soldanella</i> , <i>L.</i>	Whitsand Bay, near Land's End.
<i>Cuscuta Epithymum</i> , <i>Murr.</i>	On <i>Ulex nanus</i> , <i>L.</i> , near Sennan; on <i>Thymus Serpyllum</i> , <i>L.</i> , near the Lizard.
<i>Myosotis repens</i> , <i>Don.</i>	Boggy heath, Gurlan.
<i>Verbascum Thapsus</i> , <i>L.</i>	Sennan, near Land's End.
<i>Linaria Elatine</i> , <i>Mill.</i>	Land's End.
<i>Eufrasia viscosa</i> , <i>Benth.</i>	Gurlan, near Land's End.
<i>Thymus Serpyllum</i> , <i>L.</i>	White flowered, near Helston.
<i>Calamintha nepeta</i> , <i>Clairv.</i>	Penzance.
<i>Scutellaria galericulata</i> , <i>L.</i>	Helston.
<i>S. minor</i> , <i>L.</i>	Gurlan, near Land's End.
<i>Ballota foetida</i> , <i>Lam.</i>	Lizard; Sennan.
<i>Verbena officinalis</i> , <i>L.</i>	Sennan, near Land's End.
<i>Narthecium ossifragum</i> , <i>Huds.</i>	Gurlan, near Land's End.
<i>Potamogeton natans</i> , <i>L.</i>	Sennan.
<i>Osmunda regalis</i> , <i>L.</i>	Marshy heath, Gurlan, near Land's End.

Obituary Notice of Thomas Hughes Corry. By

ANDREW TAYLOR.

(Read 10th January 1884.)

During our last session we had to welcome a new author in one of our Non-resident Fellows, whose contributions were rich in promise of those which might have been, specially as he had adopted botany as a profession. But

* In Keys' *Flora* the only record given is "one plant in Budock Bottoms, 1856!" Mr Baker says it is "scattered over the Serpentine Downs at Goonhilly and Predannack," and Rev. C. A. Jones has noted it in "fields west of Kynance Cove." These, so far as is known, are at present its only Cornish stations.

on the 9th August 1883, Thomas Hughes Corry was drowned on Lough Gill, Sligo, whilst prosecuting a botanical survey of the district, at the instance of the Royal Irish Academy. He was born in Belfast on the 19th December 1859, and was eldest son of Robert W. Corry, Benvue, Belfast, and nephew of James P. Corry, M.P. for Belfast. This martyr to science was only in his twenty-third year. He has left a wife and child.

Corry was a most distinguished student, whether as a boy at the Royal Academical Institute or subsequently in the Queen's College of his native town, taking his degree of M.A. with honours, in biological science. From 1875 to 1878 he appears in the College lists as first prizeman in mineralogy and geology, practical chemistry, botany, as well as a prizeman in English literature and modern history. He entered Gomville and Caius College, Cambridge, taking an entrance scholarship. He subsequently obtained a foundation scholarship, which he held for four years. He also obtained the Shuttleworth scholarship in connection with the Cambridge University, which he held at the time of his lamented end. He was assistant curator of the Cambridge University Herbarium, and demonstrator of botany. He was a member of the Royal Irish Academy, and also a Fellow of the Linnean Society. Several of his papers recently appeared in the *Linnean Transactions*. He joined our Society in 1876.

A Type Botanic Garden. By PATRICK GEDDES, F.R.S.E.
(Plate VIII.)

(Read 14th June 1883.)

A brief account of a small Type Botanic Garden, which I had recently occasion to construct at Grange House School, may be interesting and instructive, as illustrating how much may be made of a little space by judicious grouping and choice of types.

The plot of ground at my disposal, originally the rosetum of the garden, was only about 40 feet by 100 in extent, and even this space included much gravel-walk and turf. The roses being cleared, and only a few yews and a central