SOME LITTLE KNOWN SPECIES OF CENEIS.

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On page 224 of CANADIAN ENTOMOLOGIST, Volume XXVI., Mr. Herman Strecker has some remarks on *Chionobas*, in which, I am glad to say, he supports my views, except in two points. First, with regard to the *subhyalina* of Curtis, I cannot conceive on what grounds he supposes that the description of *subhyalina* refers to *Erebia fasciata*, and as W. H. Edwards's suggestion that the example from Guenée's collection sent to me by Oberthur as the type of *subhyalina* is not really so, rests on no evidence whatever; I still maintain that *subhyalina* is the proper name for the insect hitherto called *crambis*, Freyer, found, as far as we know at present, from Newfoundland along the Labrador coast to Hudson's Straits and other parts of Eastern Arctic America. It has no resemblance to *Beanii*, Elwes, first sent out under the name of *subhyalina*, by Mr. Bean, and only taken near Laggan. With regard to *alberta*, Mr. Strecker had probably written his notes before seeing W. H. Edwards's further remarks on this species, on page 192 of the same volume. If he had seen the true *alberta*, I do not think he could have supposed that it is a variety or form of *chryxus*. The one species is found in May only, on the prairie; the other always in the mountains, in pine forest, or above timber line, and does not appear, as far as I know, before about the 20th June. One has a well-marked sexual patch on the forewing in the male, the other has no trace of it. The smallest specimens of *chryxus* are considerably larger than the largest of *alberta*. The colour is also totally different on both surfaces, so I can only suppose that Mr. Strecker has never seen *alberta*. I have now received more specimens, including several females, from Mr. Wolley-Dod, and though the variation in colour and number of ocelli is even greater than W. H. Edwards points out, there is not the slightest difficulty in separating any single specimen from any specimen of my large series of *chryxus* and *varuna*. With regard to the latter, a number of specimens sent by Mr. Wolley-Dod, also taken near Calgary, confirm my opinion that it cannot be separated from *Uhleri*, even as a local variety, for though the majority of the specimens have larger and more abundant ocelli than *Uhleri*, from Colorado, there are several which I could not distinguish without the labels. As a rule, however, the band on the under side of the hind wing is better marked in the northern than in Yellowstone or Colorado specimens.

With regard to the single female from Mount Graham, for which Mr. Strecker suggests the name of *Laura*, I can form no opinion whatever.