Tuberculosis," by Dr. John B. Hawes, and the "Therapeutic Use of Occupation" will be of some interest; and in the general review of medicine for 1917 is found brief reference to the important literature of "Infective Jaundice," a condition that we now know to be of ophthalmologic importance. E. J.

Luckiesh in the development of the daylight unit.

LUTHER C. PETER.
Philadelphia, Pa.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Daylight Screens.

To the Editor: In my article on "Artificial Daylight Illumination," which appeared in the March number of the AMERICAN JOURNAL OF OPHTHALMOLOGY, the statement was made inadvertently, that "all daylight screens are manufactured by the Corning Glass works." In this I was misinformed, as I find that other firms and notably the National Lamp Works of Nela Park, Cleveland, have daylight units on the market. The medical profession gives a cordial welcome to any device which will aid in the conservation of vision, and the writer is deeply indebted to the Nela Research Laboratory for calling his attention to their screen, and to the work of Dr. M.

Technic of Credé Method.
To the Editor: May I suggest that the controversy between Drs. Allport and Shastid over the Ophthalmia Neonatorum Law gives undue prominence to the remedies and not enough to the technic of application? Credé showed many years ago, in an extended tabulation, (see old files of this journal), that the *contact drop* from the glass rod was safe and the medicine dropper unsafe; but it is more than doubtful that this is known to the average accoucheur. Such may be listening (or reading), and he should not be led astray by a discussion on remedies. For many years I have preached the Credé gospel to my colleagues and the nurses in the training school, with emphasis on the technic and a demonstration of it. The law should not name the remedy without proper directions for its application.

H. B. YOUNG.
Burlington, Iowa.

NEWS ITEMS

Personals and items of interest should be sent to Dr. Melville Black, 424 Metropolitan Building, Denver, Colorado. As these columns go to press on the 30th of the month contributors should send in their items by the 25th. The following gentlemen have consented to supply the News Item Editor with the news from their respective sections: Dr. H. A. Beaudoux, St. Paul; Dr. James A. Black, San Francisco; Dr. V. A. Chapman, Milwaukee; Dr. A. E. Davis, New York City; Dr. Robert Fagin, Memphis; Dr. M. Feingold, New Orleans; Dr. Wm. F. Hardy, St. Louis; Dr. George F. Keiper, La Fayette, Indiana; Dr. George H. Kress, Los Angeles; Dr. W. Holbrook Lowell, Boston; Dr. G. Oram Ring, Philadelphia; Dr. Chas. P. Small, Chicago; Dr. George M. Waldeck, Detroit; Dr. Oscar Wilkinson, Washington. It is desirable that this staff shall be enlarged until every city of importance in the United States shall be covered as well as all foreign countries. Volunteers are therefore needed and it is hoped that they will respond promptly to this call.

DEATHS.

Dr. C. von Sicherer, University of Munich, died recently.

Dr. John Chase, aged 62, of Denver, died May 3rd, 1918, after a protracted illness.

Dr. I. S. L. Bermann, of Washington, D. C., died April 6th, from angina pectoris.

Lieut. Hugh Tate Moore, M. R. C., U. S. Army, Wilmington, N. C., aged 31, died at Camp Kearney, San Diego, California, April 8th from mercuric chlorid poisoning, the drug being taken by mistake for calomel.

CORRECTIONS.

In the "Honor List" published in the May issue were included only the names of those in active service in the Army. Those connected with other branches of the service, as the Navy, were not mentioned. Although compiled from official sources it included only those on active duty at a certain date. The names of the following ophthalmologists and probably others were omitted:

Capt. George W. Woodnick, Chicago.
Adj. Sidney Walker, Jr., Chicago.
Lieut. C. P. Small, Chicago.