pain, dependent upon the acuteness or chronicity of the process. The more common condition with which twisted cysts of the ovary may be confused are: twisted pedunculated fibroids; interstitial hemorrhages in fibroid tumors; torsion of a hydrosalpinx; ectopic gestation; and acute appendicitis.

Aimes finds the mortality to be about 7.6 per cent attributable more often to peritonitis than to hemorrhage, these two conditions being the complications of greatest danger. Palliative treatment may be applied but the only curative treatment is the removal of the cystic mass by operation.

THEODORE W. ADAMS.

Downes: Tumors of the Ovary in Children. Journal American Medical Association, 1921, lxxvi, 443.

Eighty-six cases of ovarian tumors in girls 10 years and younger have been reported to date. A large number of these are malignant. Downes thinks they are frequently overlooked. He reports the successful removal of a simple cyst containing 2.5 liters of fluid from an infant 7½ months of age in whom the condition had been mistaken for Hirschsprung's disease.

R. E. WOBUS.

Harley: A Case of Ovarian Cyst of Unique Dimensions. Indian Medical Gazette, 1921, lvi, 18.

Harley reports a case of ovarian cyst in a Hindu coolie, age 40, who gave a history of a small swelling in the lower abdomen gradually increasing in size for fifteen years. Her menstruation was regular up to four months before seen. Slight dyspnea; heart displaced upward; slight edema of legs. Abdomen very large, skin stretched and thin, with veins in it very prominent. No distress on lying down. Circumference of abdomen 73 inches. Urine normal and digestion good. Weight 246 lbs.

She was operated on; an incision was made 30 inches long. The cyst was found adherent to the parietal peritoneum, bowels, diaphragm and liver. The round ligament was the size of a loop of small bowel. The sac was isolated after considerable difficulty with very little bleeding and the patient seemed to stand operation very well. Weight of patient after operation 82 lbs. She died next day of shock due, apparently, to too much handling of peritoneum.

F. J. SOUBA.

J. Mason Hundley and Jack M. Hundley: A Report of Two Ovarian Cysts. Official Publication of the University of Maryland. Bulletin of the School of Medicine, 1921, v, 182.

These cases are especially interesting because of the size of the cysts. In the first patient, a colored woman of 54 years, a cystadenoma of right ovary was found which weighed 102 pounds. During the removal of the cyst one hundred pints of a greenish colored fluid were emptied. The patient convalesced rapidly and left the hospital 14 days after the operation.

The second case was a dermoid cyst weighing seventeen and one-half ounces occurring in a colored child eighteen months of age. The child made an uneventful recovery following operation.

NORMAN F. MILLER.