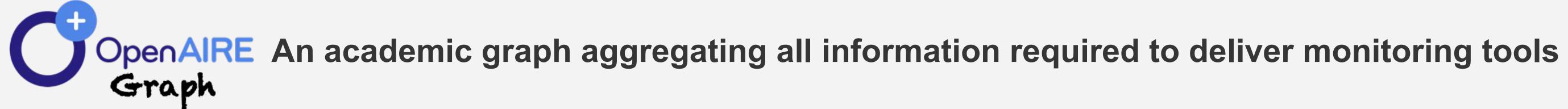
De-duplicating the OpenAIRE Scholarly Communication Big Graph

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The scholarly graph is obtained as continuous aggregation of bibliographic metadata records originating from a variable set of information systems (repositories, publishers, funder databases) with heterogeneous and duplicated content. Main entities of the graph are organizations, results (literature, datasets, software, other products), funders, projects, and data sources.

The graph counts ~26Mi result entities, 2,5Mi projects, with~40Mi links between them.

Title	Authors	Date
OpenAIREplus - OpenAIRE APIs for third party services. D8.6	Manghi et all	2012-06-12
OpenAIREplus - OpenAIRE APIs for third party services. D8.4	Manghi, P.;	2012-12-06
OpenAIREplus - OpenAIRE APIs for third party services. D8.6	Manghi Paolo	NA

Graph de-duplication: challenges & requirements **Experiment-driven Graph orientation** Tooling should support Handling consequences of experiment-driven processing: duplicates identification: repeating and refining results merge and redistribution of relationships. **General-purposeness Ground Truth optimization** Tooling should be customizable and configurable Reuse "certified" deduplication outputs to reduce computational cost. De-duplication Data curators feedback as an Scalability integrated Automation is correct up to a given degree of approximation. system Domain experts might be able Processing large graphs to refine the results. shouldn't be an issue.

Solution proposed: GDup

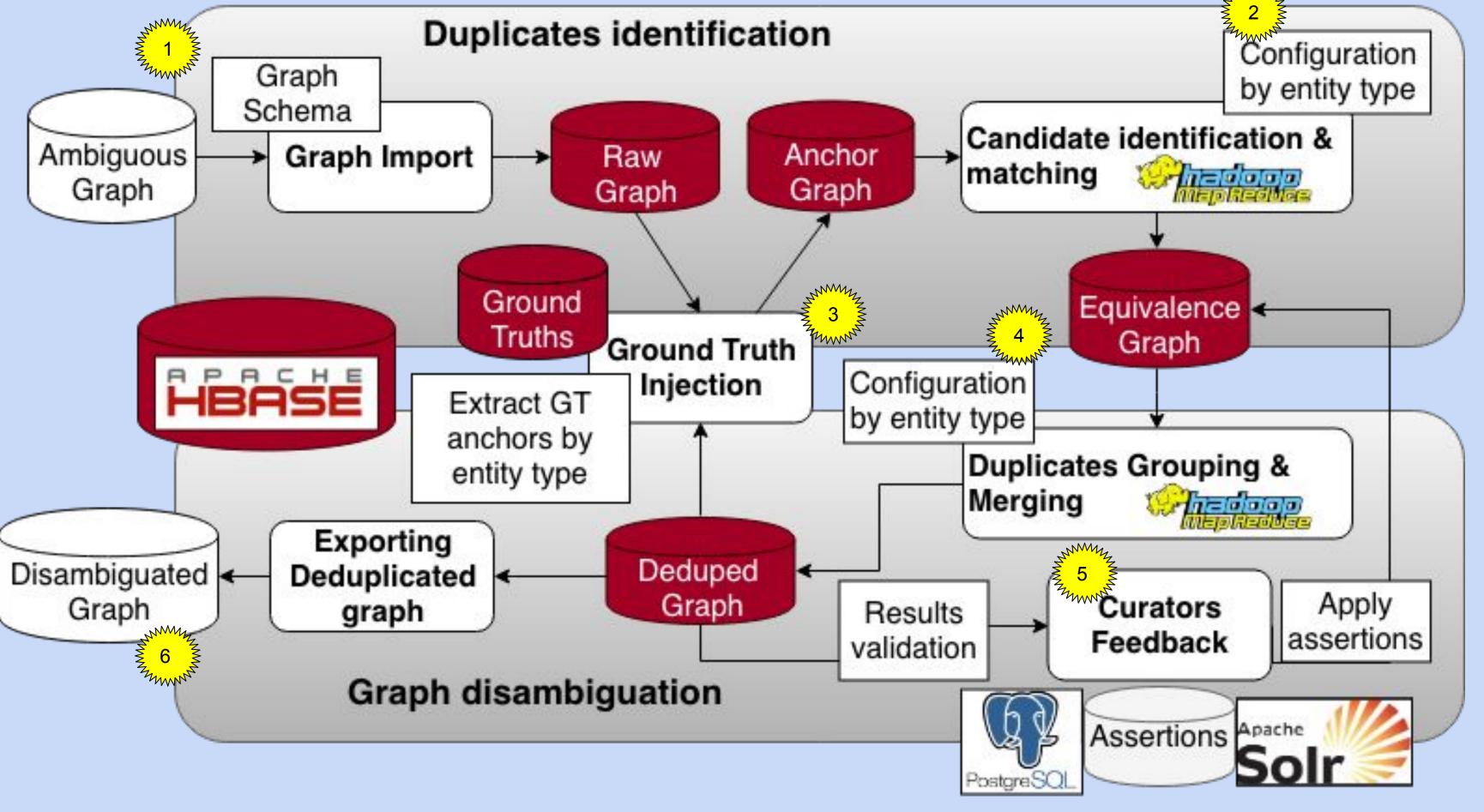
GDup integrated, scalable, an general-purpose entity system de-duplication over big graphs.

GDup supports data curators with out of the box functionalities they require to support an end-to-end entity deduplication workflow over a generic input graph.

GDup is not about better recall/precision for given deduplication problems, but rather about provision of tools enabling data curators to concentrate on modeling and customizing their deduplication solutions without bothering about the extra conceptual and technical challenges that such task implies.

End-to-end workflow enabling data curators at:

- Importing their graph in the system
- 2. Configuring for each entity type the relative duplicate identification "configurations"
- Managing Ground Truth generation and injection
- Configuring graph disambiguation strategies
- Supporting data curators at manually fixing the results of deduplication
- Exporting a disambiguated graph



Results

- GDup Open Source Software: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.292980
- GDup is today a production service (TRL9) of the OpenAIRE infrastructure
- GDup is used to de-duplicate literature, datasets, software and organisation entities to ensure sensible statistics are delivered by the OpenAIRE infrastructure.

Ongoing & Future work

- Make it a fully user-friendly product, i.e. completion of data curators GUI
- Address further functional scenarios, e.g. crowd-sourcing deduplication by delegating to a set of experts the addition of assertions to clean deduplication results and build ground truth
- Apache Spark to implement candidate identification and matching phases
- Apache **GraphX** to implement the graph disambiguation phase

Acknowledgments

This work is partially supported by the European Commission as part of the projects OpenAIRE2020 (H2020-EINFRA-2014-1, Grant Agreement 643410)

> OpenAIRE-Advance (H2O2O-EINFRA-2017-1, Grant Agreement 777541)

