



Research Objects for Everyday Use

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What does it mean to have a scientific “result”

- Others have to “know” about it
- Others have to be able to validate it
 - Reproduce the method and achieve the same result
 - Achieve the same result via a different method
 - Reuse the result in a new method

“Non-reproducible single occurrences are of no significance to science.”

– Karl Popper, 1959. *The logic of scientific discovery*. Hutchinson, London, United Kingdom.

Science must be reproducible..



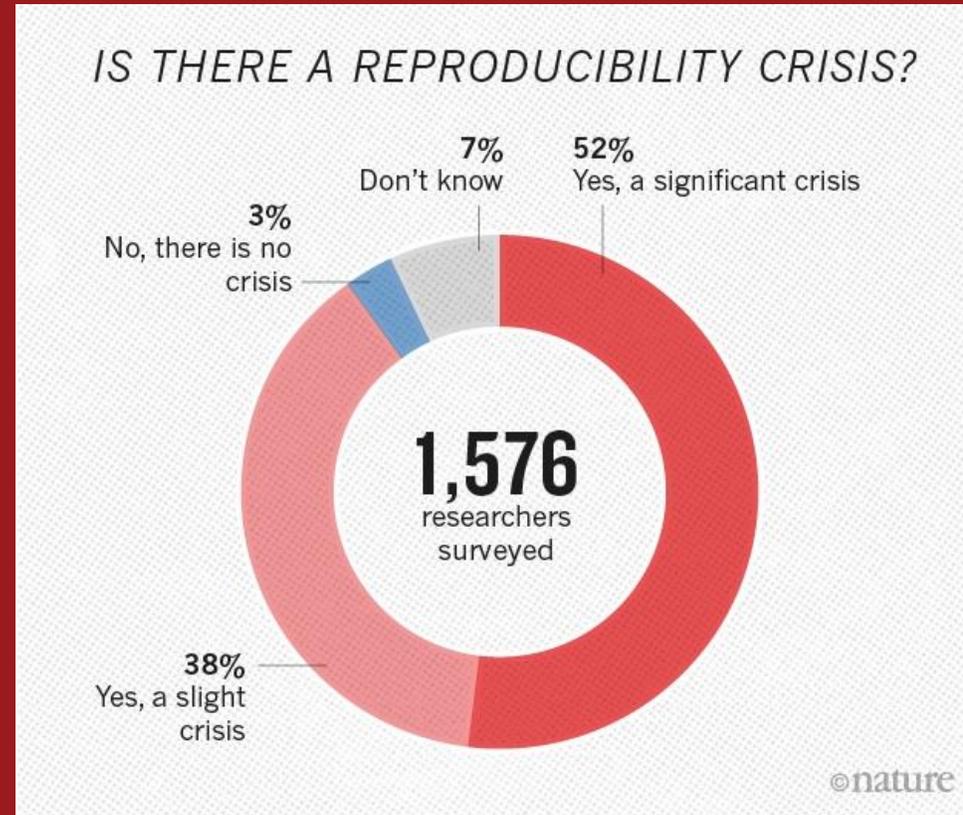
Nature May 25, 2016

- “More than 70% of researchers have tried and failed to reproduce another scientist's experiments, and more than half have failed to reproduce their own experiments. Those are some of the telling figures that emerged from *Nature's* survey of 1,576 researchers who took a brief online questionnaire on reproducibility in research.”



Where are we now?

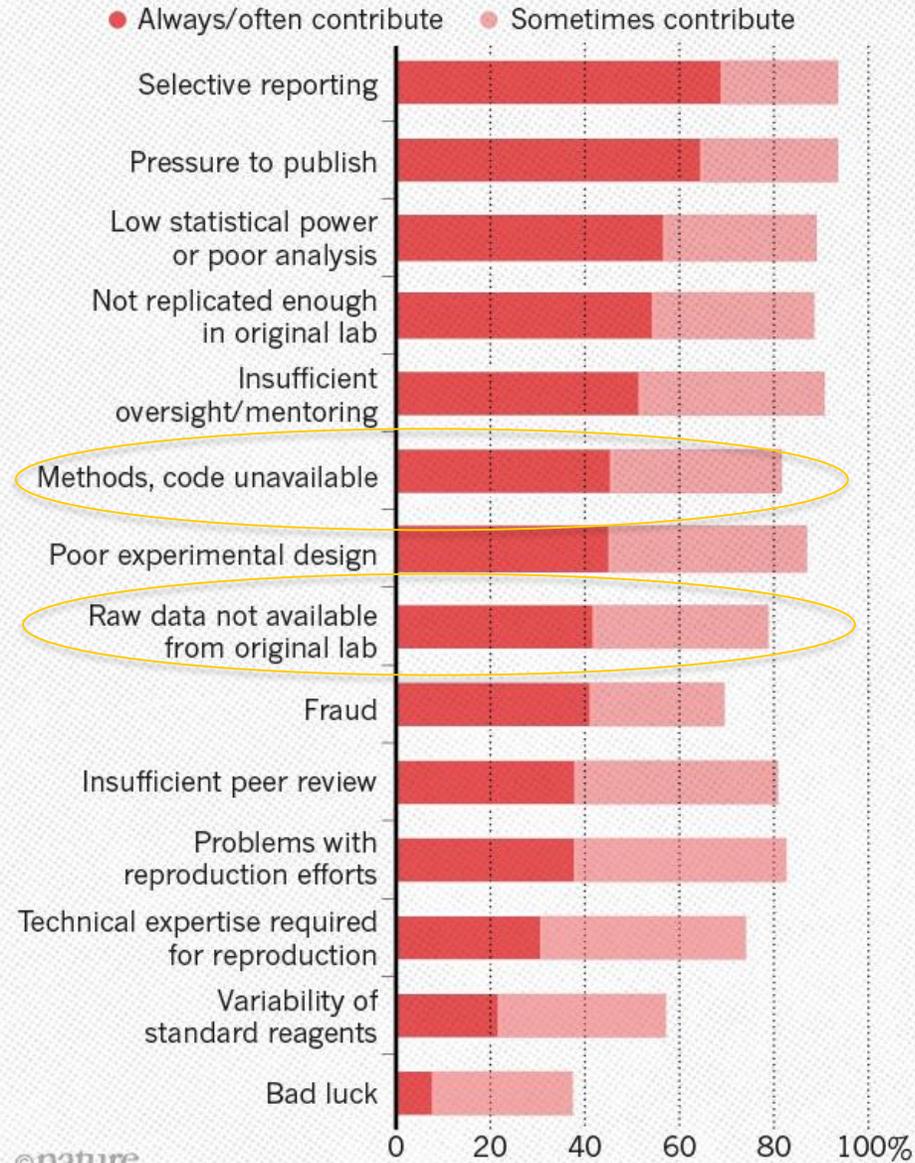
Only 10% of published results are reproducible





WHAT FACTORS CONTRIBUTE TO IRREPRODUCIBLE RESEARCH?

Many top-rated factors relate to intense competition and time pressure.





Lets focus on the data...

Reproducibility of data

- **Data is only useful if we can figure out:**
 - Where it is
 - What it is
 - How it was created
- **Process and product: the data lifecycle**
 - Initial data acquisition (perhaps from experiment)
 - Computing, and analysis
 - Publication

Reproducible Data is FAIR



- **Findable**
 - identified by a unique identifier, characterized by rich metadata
- **Accessible**
 - standard protocol with access control, metadata accessible even when the data is not,
- **Interoperable**
 - by standardized terms to describe it
- **Reusable**
 - Accurate and relevant attributes.



GOAL: FAIR Collaboration

- Lets make all data produced in an investigation FAIR
 - Not just final “published” result, but all results
 - Need to scale application of FAIRness principals down to level of daily practice
- Requires accurate descriptions of data
 - Characteristics of data element
 - Relationships between data elements
- Requires robust naming of the data products

Knowledge Turns and Publication



- **Publication**

- Slow turn around, polished content and presentation
- Human processes and audience

- **μPublication**

- Rapid turn around, incremental raw data exchange
- Human and machine processes and audience

What does it mean to have research objects in daily use



Get users thinking about lots of publication events

- Prepare information for sharing
- Package it up so that its accessible
- Name the package so that it can be identified.

What can we do to make these things easier?



Identifiers are important, but too hard!!

Lets consider a range of identifier user cases

- **We need to separate out issues of naming from persistence**
- **Digital Object Identifiers (DOIs) are designed for archival objects**
 - You don't mind a DOI unless you really “mean it”
- **What about identifying intermediate and temporary data**
 - Can also benefit from unambiguous naming
- **Two options:**
 - Local identifiers, e.g. assession numbers (often not actionable)
 - Alternative identifier systems such as ARK



Minimal Identifiers (Minids)

Lightweight identifiers that support simple creation and use

- **Unique identifier (ARK)**
 - E.g., `/ark:/57799/b9040f`
 - Or compact identifier (`minid:b9040f`)
- **Minimal metadata (creator, date, name)**
- **Checksum ensures data is verifiable**
- **Service to provide the landing page**
- **Easy to use: CLI, Python SDK, R SDK, JSON-based REST API**

Why and When use Minids?

Naming intermediate data

- Quickly associate a lightweight identifier
- Validate data integrity
- Lookup identifiers based on checksum
- CLI or Python/R client

minid

Minimal Viable Identifiers (minids) provide a lightweight way of uniquely and unambiguously identifying research data products. Find out more at <https://fair-research.org/tools/minid>.

admins	['urn:globus:auth:identity:3b843349-4d4d-4ef3-916d-2a465f9740a9', 'urn:globus:auth:identity:94f0c387-9528-4bed-b373-4ad840f32661', 'urn:globus:auth:identity:4846deda-625e-4456-9c84-1647e53d71e1', 'urn:globus:groups:id:23acce4c-733f-11e8-a40d-0e847f194132', 'urn:globus:auth:identity:b5614711-228d-414f-8092-b518a25b072f']
checksums	[{'function': 'sha256', 'value': 'fc56ef4c8d1af6acf24e958e0e2f2796bc8f40184c6e42afc5eb6b67a73d6c90'}]
identifier	ark:/99999/fk4U4TyRAKafWMB
landing_page	https://identifiers.globus.org/ark:/99999/fk4U4TyRAKafWMB/landingpage
location	[https://s3.amazonaws.com/portal-sc17-nick-globuscs-info/b03f15ca-ffcd-4638-9032-e0817e8bcfa2.zip]
metadata	{'Title': 'Downsample CRAM/CRAI ID Number: NWD176325, NA19238'}
visible_to	['public']

```
kyle@ubuntu: ~/lymphoblast
kyle@ubuntu:~/lymphoblast$ ll
total 47880
drwxrwxr-x  2 kyle kyle    4096 Oct  2 11:41 ..
drwxr-xr-x 44 kyle kyle    4096 Oct  2 11:41 .
-rw-r--r--  1 kyle kyle 49020928 Oct  2 11:44 bdds_trena_lymphoblast_bag.zip
kyle@ubuntu:~/lymphoblast$
kyle@ubuntu:~/lymphoblast$ minid bdds_trena_lymphoblast_bag.zip --test --register --title "Lympho Bag" --location
s "globus://galaxy#bdds/scratch/madduri/bdds_trena_lymphoblast_bag.zip"
2016-10-02 11:45:19,025 - INFO - Computing checksum for bdds_trena_lymphoblast_bag.zip using <sha256 HASH object
@ 0x7f4f8bee5940>
2016-10-02 11:45:19,229 - INFO - Checking if the TEST entity 3dea066ca2c1d38a57ec85d149b5d844128787b69ea873e1c636
54d33980b2aa already exists on the server: http://minid.bd2k.org/minid
2016-10-02 11:45:19,243 - INFO - Starting new HTTP connection (1): minid.bd2k.org
2016-10-02 11:45:19,426 - INFO - Creating new identifier
2016-10-02 11:45:19,434 - INFO - Starting new HTTP connection (1): minid.bd2k.org
2016-10-02 11:45:21,662 - INFO - Created/updated minid: ark:/99999/fk45m6gp8t
kyle@ubuntu:~/lymphoblast$
```



Large Multi-File Datasets: Big Data Bags

- **Profile on the BagIt specification**
 - **Payload: arbitrary content**
 - **Tags: metadata describing payload**
 - **Checksums: to verify content**
- **Content may be “missing”**
 - **Missing content must be listed in “fetch.txt”**
 - **Fetch entries list local name in data directory, and URL of where to fetch data**
- **Enhancements to support big data**
 - **Different data access protocols (Globus, HTTP, iRODS, S3)**
 - **Research Object metadata**



```
Bio_data_bag/  
|-- data  
| \-- genomic  
|   \-- 2a673.fastq  
|   \-- 2a673.fastq  
|-- manifest-md5.txt  
|   afbfa231324812378123bfa data/genomic/2a673.fasta  
|-- bagit.txt  
    Contact-Name: John Smith
```



Research Objects: rich metadata for bags

```
{
  "@context": {
    "@vocab": "http://purl.org/dc/terms/",
    "dcmi": "http://purl.org/dc/dcmitype/Dataset"
  },
  "@id": "../..../data/numbers.csv",
  "@type": "dcmi:Dataset",
  "title": "CSV files of beverage consumption",
  "description": "A CSV file listing the number of cups consumed per person."
}
```

Why and When use Minids?

Large, multi-file datasets

- Integration with BDBag allows for content independent verification (i.e., holey bags)
- Streamline download and references to complex multi-file datasets
- Example: Encode2Bag

The screenshot shows the ENCODE project search interface. On the left, there are filter categories with horizontal bars indicating the number of results for each category. The main area displays a list of 25 experiments, each with details such as assay type, target, lab, and project.

Assay category	Count
DNA binding	561

Assay	Count
ChIP-seq	561
siRNA RNA-seq	272
eCLIP	178
siRNA RNA-seq	50
genetic modification DNase-seq	40

Project	Count
ENCODE	561

Experiment status	Count
released	545
revoked	14
archived	2

Genome assembly (visualization)	Count
hg19	322
GRCh38	312

Organism	Count
Homo sapiens	560

Target of assay	Count
transcription factor	411
control	120
recombinant protein	72
RNA binding protein	57
chromatin remodeler	46

Biosample type	Count
immortalized cell line	560

Life stage	Count
adult	560

Biosample treatment	Count
interferon alpha	14
interferon gamma	12

Available data	Count
fastq	545
bam	537
bigWig	429
bed narrowPeak	397
bigBed narrowPeak	397

Showing 25 of 561 results

Assay	Target	Lab	Project	Experiment ID	Status	
ChIP-seq of K562	Homo sapiens K562	Target: BCLAF1	Lab: Michael Snyder, Stanford	Project: ENCODE	ENCSR492L1S	released
ChIP-seq of K562	Homo sapiens K562	Target: NONO	Lab: Michael Snyder, Stanford	Project: ENCODE	ENCSR685RYH	released
ChIP-seq of K562	Homo sapiens K562	Target: SINGB	Lab: Michael Snyder, Stanford	Project: ENCODE	ENCSR657LJK	released
ChIP-seq of K562	Homo sapiens K562	Target: Control	Lab: Xiang-Dong Fu, UCSD	Project: ENCODE	ENCSR965DOU	released
ChIP-seq of K562	Homo sapiens K562	Target: Control	Lab: Xiang-Dong Fu, UCSD	Project: ENCODE	ENCSR653DYH	released
ChIP-seq of K562	Homo sapiens K562	Target: Control	Lab: Xiang-Dong Fu, UCSD	Project: ENCODE	ENCSR436OZQ	released
ChIP-seq of K562	Homo sapiens K562	Target: Control	Lab: Michael Snyder, Stanford	Project: ENCODE	ENCSR176LH8	released
ChIP-seq of K562	Homo sapiens K562	Target: MNT	Lab: Michael Snyder, Stanford	Project: ENCODE	ENCSR390VGH	released

The screenshot shows the BDBS BIG DATA interface. It features a header with the BDBS logo and the text "BIG DATA". Below the header, there is a section titled "Create a BDBag from an ENCODE search." with instructions on how to use the search query or paste an ENCODE metadata file. There are two buttons: "Encode Search Query" and "Encode Metadata File". Below these buttons is a text input field with the placeholder "Enter your search for encode data ...". At the bottom, there is a "Create BDBag" button.

Create a BDBag from an ENCODE search.

For example enter the following search:
`https://www.encodeproject.org/search/?type=Experiment&assay_title=RNA-seq&replicates.library.biosample.biosample_type=stem+cell`

Or paste in an ENCODE metadata file.

Encode Search Query Encode Metadata File

Enter your search for encode data ...

Create BDBag

Scientific Digital Asset Management



Discovery Environment for Relational Information and Versioned Assets (DERIVA)

- Discovery as process of creating and updating contextualized digital assets.
- Adaptive and extensible



Scientific Asset Management System

Discovery Environment for Relational Information and Versioned Assets (DERIVA)

- DERIVA promotes FAIR data production by:
 - **F**: providing rich metadata using an Entity-Relationship model to express relationships between diverse data elements;
 - **A**: offering rich access control and access to metadata via standard HTTP web service interfaces;
 - **I**: integrating with standardized terms defined by collaborators, consortium or communities; and
 - **R**: supporting dynamic model evolution so that the data presented accurately represents the current structure and state of knowledge within an investigation.



NEW RESEARCH IN

Physical Sciences

Social Sciences

Biological Sciences

In vivo replacement of damaged bladder urothelium by Wolffian duct epithelial cells



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Mendeley

Diya B. Joseph, Anoop S. Chandrashekar, Lisa L. Abler, Li-Fang Chu, James A. Thomson, Cathy Mendelsohn, and Chad M. Vezina

PNAS August 14, 2018 115 (33) 8394-8399; published ahead of print July 30, 2018
<https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1802966115>

Edited by Marianne Bronner, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA, and approved July 2, 2018 (received for review February 19, 2018)

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Article

Figures & SI

Info & Metrics

PDF

Significance

When the bladder's specialized epithelial lining is damaged by infection or injury, its own basal and intermediate cell progenitors are called upon to restore a functional barrier. Here we show that when these progenitor cells are depleted in conditional *Dnmt1* mutant mice,

More Articles of This Classification

Biological Sciences

Single-molecule force spectroscopy reveals folding steps associated with hormone binding and activation of the glucocorticoid receptor

Specific recognition of two MAX effectors by integrated HMA domains in plant immune receptors involves distinct binding surfaces

Phospholipid flippases enable precursor B cells to flee engulfment by macrophages



Methods

Data Dissemination.

To increase rigor, reproducibility, and transparency, raw image files and other data generated as part of this study were deposited into the GUDMAP consortium database and are fully accessible at: <https://doi.org/10.25548/W-QXXC> (25).

Conditional *Dnmt1* Mutants.

Mice were housed as previously described (26). All procedures performed on mice were approved by the University of Wisconsin–Madison Animal Care and Use Committee and were carried out in accordance with the Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals. *Shh*^{cre} alleles (B6.Cg*Shh*^{tm1(EGFP/cre)Cjt/J}) (11) were used to conditionally inactivate *Dnmt1* using *Dnmt1**flox* alleles (B6.129S4-*Dnmt1*^{tm2Jae/Mmucd}) in *Shh* lineage cells marked

In vivo replacement of damaged bladder urothelium by Wolffian duct epithelial cells

COLLECTION

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RID

W-QXXC

Title

In vivo replacement of damaged bladder urothelium by Wolffian duct epithelial cells

Description

Figures and data relating to the PNAS 2018 paper titled “In vivo replacement of damaged bladder urothelium by Wolffian duct epithelial cells” by Joseph et al.

Details

The following table shows the mapping of figures and image record IDs (RID) presented in the paper.

Figure	Reference	Additional Images
1A	W-QXXW	W-QXZ4 , W-QY2C
1B	W-QY34	W-QY38 , W-QY3C
1C	W-QY66	W-QY6T , W-QY86
1D	W-QY8Y	W-QY9A , W-QYA6
1E	W-QYB6	W-QYBP , W-QZ6T
1F	W-QYC2	W-QYCE , W-QYCT
1G	W-QYDP	W-QYDY , W-QYEA
1H	W-QYEP	W-QYF2 , W-QYFE
1I	W-QYGP	W-QYH2 , W-QYHE
1J	W-QYHT	W-QYJ6 , W-QYJJ
1K	W-QYKP	W-QYM2 , W-QYME

In vivo replacement of damaged bladder urothelium by Wolffian duct epithelial cells

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COLLECTION

Require DOI?	Yes
Persistent ID	https://doi.org/10.25548/W-QXXC
Principal Investigator	Chad Vezina
Data Provider	University of Wisconsin
Consortium	GUDMAP
Creation Time	2018-05-17 21:19:14
Last Modified Time	2018-07-09 22:13:01

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▼ He Slide Collection (showing all 13 results)

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View	RID ↓↑	Thumbnail ↓↑	Name ↓↑	Species ↓↑	Tissue ↓↑	Age Stage ↓↑	Gender ↓↑	Image File ↓↑
	W-R01Y		Urogenital sinus from Control embryo (Shhcre/+; Dnmt1flox/+) (1 of 3)	Mus musculus	urogenital sinus	18.5 embryonic days	Male	20160826ShhcreDnmt1LOFME18.5U
	W-R02A		Urogenital sinus from Control embryo (Shhcre/+; Dnmt1flox/+) (2 of 3)	Mus musculus	urogenital sinus	18.5 embryonic days	Male	20160826ShhcreDnmt1LOFME18.5U
	W-R02P		Urogenital sinus from Control embryo (Shhcre/+; Dnmt1flox/+) (3 of 3)	Mus musculus	urogenital sinus	18.5 embryonic days	Male	20160826ShhcreDnmt1LOFME18.5U
	W-R02Y		Urogenital sinus from Conditional Dnmt1 embryo (Shhcre/+; Dnmt1flox/flox) (1 of 3)	Mus musculus	urogenital sinus	18.5 embryonic days	Male	20160826ShhcreDnmt1LOFME18.5U
	W-R036		Urogenital sinus from Conditional Dnmt1 embryo (Shhcre/+; Dnmt1flox/flox) (2 of 3)	Mus musculus	urogenital sinus	18.5 embryonic	Male	20160826ShhcreDnmt1LOFM

In vivo replacement of damaged bladder urothelium by Wolffian duct epithelial cells

COLLECTION

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	W-R056	Bladder from Dnmt1 conditional knockout embryo (Shhcre/+; Dnmt1flox/flox) (4 of 4)	Mus musculus	bladder	18.5 embryonic days	Male	20160928H&EShcreDnmt1LOFBIM
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▼ Specimen Collection (showing first 25 results)

[View More](#)

View	RID ↓↑	Images ↓↑	Genes ↓↑	Species ↓↑	Stage ↓↑	Anatomical Sources	Assay Type ↓↑
	W-R6QP	Image 1 of 1 		Mus musculus	TS20	• urogenital sinus	IHC
	W-R6R2	Image 1 of 1 		Mus musculus	TS20	• urogenital sinus	IHC
	W-QYDP	Image 1 of 1 		Mus musculus	TS21	• urogenital sinus	IHC

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GUDMAP:W-R6QP

SPECIMEN

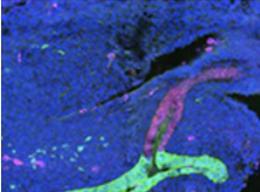
[↗ Show All Related Records](#) [📄 Export ▾](#) [🔄 Share](#)

RID	W-R6QP
Species	Mus musculus
Stage	TS20
Chronological Age	E12.5
Assay Type	IHC
Preparation	section
Anatomical Source	urogenital sinus
Fixation	4% Paraformaldehyde
Embedding	Paraffin
Strain	Mixed
Genotype	Shhcre/+; Dnmt1flox/+ (Control)
Principal Investigator	Chad Vezina
Consortium	GUDMAP
Creation Time	2018-05-25 16:58:58
Last Modified Time	2018-10-11 00:57:59

Table Display | [View More](#)**Contents**[▶ Main](#)[Images \(1\)](#)[Specimen Collection \(1\)](#)

▼ Images (showing all 1 results)

[View More](#)

View	Thumbnail URL ↓↑	Original File URL ↓↑	Notes ↓↑
		20171009aShhcreDnmt1LOFE12.5MalePAX2EYFPHET.tif	Blue-DAPI, Green-Shh lineage label (EYFP), Red-PAX2

GUDMAP:W-R6QP

SPECIMEN

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RID	W-R6QP
Gene	None Table Display View More
Protein	None Edit View More
Species	Mus musculus
Stage	TS20
Chronological Age	E12.5
Assay Type	IHC
Preparation	section
Anatomical Source	urogenital sinus Edit Add View More
Specimen Cell Type	None Edit Add View More
Fixation	4% Paraformaldehyde
Embedding	Paraffin
Strain	Mixed
Genotype	Shhcre/+; Dnmt1flox/+ (Control)
Experiment Note	None Edit Add View More
Record Status Detail	Complete
Curation Status	Release
Principal Investigator	Chad Vezina
Consortium	GUDMAP

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- Specimen Result (0)**
- Specimen Allele (0)**
- Specimen Probe Association (0)**
- Probes (0)**
- Genes (0)**
- Specimen Antibody (0)**
- Anchor Gene Specimen (0)**
- Marker Gene Specimen (0)**
- Mouse Strain Characterized by this Specimen (0)**
- Mouse Strains Contributing to this Specimen (0)**

Whole-mount 3D views of the hum... COLLECTION

RID	Q-3K5A
Title	Whole-mount 3D views of the
Description	A collection of human embry... Related to JASN https://doi.org/10.25548/BURB-6P44
Require DOI?	Yes
Persistent ID	https://doi.org/10.25548/BURB-6P44

Record Status Detail Complete

Duration Status Release

Principal Investigator Andrew McMahon, USC

Data Provider University of Southern California

Consortium GUDMAP

Creation Time 2017-09-23 02:18:02

Last Modified Time 2018-05-23 03:39:13

He Slide Collection (no results found)

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Actions	RID ↑↓	Thumbnail ↑↓	Name ↑↓	Species ↑↓	Tissue ↑↓	Age Stage ↑↓	Gender ↑↓	Image File ↑↓	Record Stat
---------	--------	--------------	---------	------------	-----------	--------------	-----------	---------------	-------------

No Results Found

Specimen Collection (no results found)

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Share X

Share Link
<https://dev.gudmap.org/chaise/record/#2/Common:Collection/RID=Q-3K5A>

Citation
 Andrew McMahon *GUDMAP Consortium* <https://doi.org/10.25548/BURB-6P44> (2017).

Download Citation:
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- Sequencing Study Collection (0)**

In vivo replacement of damaged bladder urothelium by Wolffian duct epithelial cells

COLLECTION

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RID	W-QXXC
Title	In vivo replacement of damaged bladder urothelium by Wolffian duct epithelial cells
Description	Figures and data relating to the PNAS 2018 paper titled "In vivo replacement of damaged bladder urothelium by Wolffian duct epithelial cells" by Joseph et al.
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Figure	Reference	Additional Images
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1B	W-QY34	W-QY38 , W-QY3C
1C	W-QY66	W-QY6T , W-QY86
1D	W-QY8Y	W-QY9A , W-QYA6
1E	W-QYB6	W-QYBP , W-QZ6T
1F	W-QYC2	W-QYCE , W-QYCT
1G	W-QYDP	W-QYDY , W-QYEA
1H	W-QYEP	W-QYF2 , W-QYFE
1I	W-QYGP	W-QYH2 , W-QYHE
1J	W-QYHT	W-QYJ6 , W-QYJJ

Con

CSV

BAG

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[Sequencing Study
Collection \(0\)](#)



Name	Size	Kind	Date Added
▼ Collection	--	Folder	Today at 12:35 AM
▶ metadata	--	Folder	Today at 12:35 AM
▼ data	--	Folder	Today at 12:35 AM
Sequenci...llection.csv	324 bytes	Comm...et (.csv)	Today at 12:35 AM
IF Video C...ection.csv	291 bytes	Comm...et (.csv)	Today at 12:35 AM
IF Slide Collection.csv	706 bytes	Comm...et (.csv)	Today at 12:35 AM
Specimen...ection.csv	176 KB	Comm...et (.csv)	Today at 12:35 AM
He Slide...llection.csv	9 KB	Comm...et (.csv)	Today at 12:35 AM
Collection.csv	9 KB	Comm...et (.csv)	Today at 12:35 AM
fetch.txt	3 KB	Plain Text	Today at 12:35 AM
manifest-md5.txt	2 KB	Plain Text	Today at 12:35 AM
tagmanifest-md5.txt	238 bytes	Plain Text	Today at 12:35 AM
bag-info.txt	299 bytes	Plain Text	Today at 12:35 AM
bagit.txt	55 bytes	Plain Text	Today at 12:35 AM





Summary

- derivacloud.org
- <https://fair-research.org>
- Carl@isi.edu